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Introduced by M. of A. JEFFRIES, JAFFEE, COLTON, CAMARA, ROSENTHAL, REILLY, O'DONNELL, COOK, LANCMAN, BARRON, PERRY, PRETLOW, BOYLAND, RAMOS, N. RIVERA, SCHIMEL, HOOPER -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABBATE, FARRELL, GLICK, HEASTIE, MENG, MILLMAN, PEOPLES-STOKES, PHEFFER, THIELE, WEISENBERG, WRIGHT -- read once and referred to the Committee on Banks

AN ACT enacting the "foreclosure diversion act of 2011"; to amend the real property actions and proceedings law, in relation to giving notice to mortgagors of the availability of foreclosure prevention counseling; to amend the banking law and the civil practice law and rules, in relation to settlement conferences; to amend the real property actions and proceedings law, in relation to availability of a settlement conference in pending foreclosure actions; to amend the real property actions and proceedings law, in relation to providing a one-year postponement on foreclosures; to amend the judiciary law, in relation to the assignment of foreclosure actions; to repeal certain provisions of the civil practice law and rules relating thereto; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon expiration thereof

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Short title. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "foreclosure diversion act of 2011".

S 2. Statement of legislative purpose and findings. The legislature finds and declares that there is a public emergency; that the extension of unaffordable mortgage loans, unaffordable second mortgages and unaffordable home equity loans have resulted in thousands of homeowners losing their homes. The problems associated with these loans adversely affect the availability of capital, the demand for housing, the value of real estate, and more importantly, the ability of homeowners to keep their homes and communities viable. The pending reset of interest rates in many home mortgages, second mortgages and home equity loans will only

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

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exacerbate this situation for many homeowners. The expectation that many such variable rate mortgages will fall into foreclosure upon the reset of the interest rate compels the state to take action. State assistance to homeowners through a counseling program is necessary in order to stem this crisis.

S 3. Definitions. As used in this section and section four of this act, the following words and phrases shall have the following meanings:

1. "Commissioner" shall mean the commissioner of the state division of housing and community renewal.

2. "Department" shall mean the banking department.

3. "Division" shall mean the state division of housing and community renewal.

4. "Eligible homeowners" shall mean any resident of this state currently residing in a home located in this state subject to a home loan who the commissioner determines, pursuant to the eligibility restrictions set forth in this act, is in need of foreclosure diversion assistance.

5. "Home loan" shall mean a residential home mortgage loan, including an open-end credit plan, other than a reverse mortgage transaction, in which:

(a) the borrower is a natural person;

(b) the debt is incurred by the borrower primarily for personal, family or household purposes;

(c) the loan is secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on real estate upon which there is located a structure or structures intended principally for occupancy of 1 to 4 families which is occupied by the borrower as the borrower's principal dwelling; and

(d) the property is located in this state.

6. "Lender" shall mean (a) a mortgage banker as defined in paragraph (f) of subdivision 1 of section 590 of the banking law, or (b) an exempt organization as defined in paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 of section 590 of the banking law, or (c) a mortgage loan servicer as defined in paragraph (h) of subdivision 1 of section 590 of the banking law.

7. "Non-profit assistance provider" shall mean a corporation or group of corporations organized under the provisions of the not-for-profit corporation law, including but not limited to neighborhood preservation companies as defined in section 902 of the private housing finance law, entities that perform housing preservation and community renewal activities pursuant to article 17 of the private housing finance law, commonly referred to as rural preservation companies, and legal service providers, and municipalities.

8. "Service area" shall mean the established or stated boundaries of a non-profit assistance provider or, if an assistance provider does not have established boundaries for the geographic area in which it provides services, the geographic area defined in its proposal to the division to be a service provider.

9. "Superintendent" shall mean the superintendent of banks.

S 4. Education and outreach to homeowners. In coordination with the division and the consumer protection board, the department shall undertake outreach activities directed at any homeowners whose homes are subject to foreclosure. Such outreach activities shall include, but not be limited to:

1. the production and broadcast of public service announcements using electronic media to inform the general public of the availability of counseling through the New York state foreclosure diversion program established by this act. Such public service announcements shall inform

the homeowner of the nature and purpose of the counseling and provide a website and phone number for the homeowner to utilize; and

2. the inclusion of a description on the internet websites maintained by the division, the department and the consumer protection board of the New York state foreclosure diversion program and a listing of those entities that provide counseling with respect to the program. Such listing shall include the address and phone number of each entity.

S 5. Subdivisions 1 and 3 of section 1303 of the real property actions and proceedings law, as amended by chapter 507 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

1. The foreclosing party in a mortgage foreclosure action, involving residential real property shall provide notice to:

(a) any mortgagor if the action relates to an owner-occupied one-to-four family dwelling; and

(b) any tenant of a dwelling unit in accordance with the provisions of this section. SUCH NOTICE SHALL INCLUDE INFORMATION ABOUT THE AVAILABILITY OF THE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION PROGRAM AND ITS ABILITY TO ASSIST HOMEOWNERS IN AVOIDING FORECLOSURE AND THE MANDATORY COUNSELING REQUIRED FOR PARTICIPATION IN THE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION PROGRAM. SUCH NOTICE SHALL INCLUDE THE HOTLINE ESTABLISHED BY THE BANKING DEPARTMENT AND PROVIDED BY THE DIVISION OF HOUSING AND COMMUNITY RENEWAL PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR OF THE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION ACT OF 2011 AND THE NAMES AND CONTACT INFORMATION FOR ALL NOT-FOR-PROFIT ASSISTANCE PROVIDERS AUTHORIZED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO PROVIDE HOUSING COUNSELING SERVICES TO HOMEOWNERS.

3. The notice to any mortgagor required by paragraph (a) of subdivision one of this section shall appear as follows:

Help for Homeowners in Foreclosure

New York State Law requires that we send you this notice about the foreclosure process. Please read it carefully.

BEFORE YOU ATTEND A SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE, YOU ARE STRONGLY URGED TO SCHEDULE AND ATTEND A COUNSELING SESSION BY CALLING THE BANKING DEPARTMENT AT THE FOLLOWING HOTLINE NUMBER: _____

Summons and Complaint

You are in danger of losing your home. If you fail to respond to the summons and complaint in this foreclosure action, you may lose your home. Please read the summons and complaint carefully. You should immediately contact an attorney or your local legal aid office to obtain advice on how to protect yourself. YOU SHOULD IMMEDIATELY SEEK OUT AN APPROVED LOAN COUNSELOR. A LIST OF APPROVED COUNSELORS CAN BE OBTAINED BY CALLING THE HOTLINE. IF YOU DO NOT ATTEND A COUNSELING SESSION, YOU WILL NOT BE ELIGIBLE TO PARTICIPATE IN THE RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION PROGRAM. THIS WILL NOT AFFECT YOUR RIGHT TO A SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE, BUT WILL AFFECT YOUR ELIGIBILITY FOR A POSTPONEMENT OF FORECLOSURE UNDER THE RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION PROGRAM.

Sources of Information and Assistance

The State encourages you to become informed about your options in foreclosure. In addition to seeking assistance from an attorney or legal aid office, there are government agencies and non-profit organizations that you may contact for information about possible options, including trying to work with your lender during this process.

To locate an entity near you, you may call the toll-free helpline maintained by the New York State Banking Department at (enter number) or visit the Department's website at (enter web address).

Foreclosure rescue scams

Be careful of people who approach you with offers to "save" your home. There are individuals who watch for notices of foreclosure actions in

order to unfairly profit from a homeowner's distress. You should be extremely careful about any such promises and any suggestions that you pay them a fee or sign over your deed. State law requires anyone offering such services for profit to enter into a contract which fully describes the services they will perform and fees they will charge, and which prohibits them from taking any money from you until they have completed all such promised services.

S 6. The banking law is amended by adding a new section 6-n to read as follows:

S 6-N. COUNSELING OF MORTGAGEES. 1. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ESTABLISH A PROCEDURE TO COUNSEL HOMEOWNERS WHOSE PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO OR ABOUT TO BECOME SUBJECT TO FORECLOSURE.

2. A COUNSELOR FROM A NOT-FOR-PROFIT ASSISTANCE PROVIDER APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MEET WITH ALL HOMEOWNERS PRIOR TO THEIR SCHEDULED SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE. THE COUNSELOR SHALL ALSO CONSULT WITH THE FORECLOSING PARTY OR SUCH PARTY'S REPRESENTATIVE AND ATTEMPT TO FORMULATE A REPAYMENT SCHEDULE THAT IS ACCEPTABLE TO BOTH THE HOMEOWNER AND THE FORECLOSING PARTY. IF THE PARTIES AGREE, THEY SHALL FILE A CERTIFICATE OF RESOLUTION WITH THE COURT OF JURISDICTION.

3. IF THE COUNSELOR IS UNABLE TO NEGOTIATE AN ACCEPTABLE RESOLUTION, THE PARTIES SHALL FILE A CERTIFICATE OF PARTICIPATION WITH THE COURT OF JURISDICTION AND THE SCHEDULED SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE SHALL PROCEED.

S 7. Rule 3408 of the civil practice law and rules is REPEALED and a new rule 3408 is added to read as follows:

RULE 3408. MANDATORY SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE IN RESIDENTIAL FORECLOSURE ACTIONS. 1. IN ANY RESIDENTIAL FORECLOSURE ACTION IN WHICH THE DEFENDANT IS A RESIDENT OF THE PROPERTY SUBJECT TO FORECLOSURE, THE COURT SHALL HOLD A MANDATORY CONFERENCE WITHIN NINETY DAYS AFTER THE DATE WHEN PROOF OF SERVICE IS FILED WITH THE COUNTY CLERK, OR ON SUCH ADJOURNED DATE AS HAS BEEN AGREED TO BY THE PARTIES, FOR THE PURPOSE OF HOLDING SETTLEMENT DISCUSSIONS PERTAINING TO THE RELATIVE RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES UNDER THE MORTGAGE LOAN DOCUMENTS, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO DETERMINING WHETHER THE PARTIES CAN REACH A MUTUALLY AGREEABLE RESOLUTION TO HELP THE DEFENDANT AVOID LOSING HIS OR HER HOME, AND EVALUATING THE POTENTIAL FOR A RESOLUTION IN WHICH PAYMENT SCHEDULES OR AMOUNTS MAY BE MODIFIED OR OTHER WORKOUT OPTIONS MAY BE AGREED TO, AND FOR WHATEVER OTHER PURPOSES THE COURT DEEMS APPROPRIATE.

2. THE COURT SHALL CAUSE A NOTICE TO BE SENT TO THE PARTIES BY CERTIFIED MAIL INFORMING THEM OF THE DATE, TIME, AND LOCATION OF THE CONFERENCE, AND INFORMING THE HOMEOWNER OF HIS OR HER OPTION OF PARTICIPATION IN THE RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION PROGRAM ESTABLISHED PURSUANT TO THE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION ACT OF 2011. THE NOTICE SHALL INCLUDE THE HOTLINE ESTABLISHED BY THE BANKING DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO THE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION ACT OF 2011 AND A STATEMENT THAT THE HOMEOWNER MUST COMPLETE A COUNSELING SESSION PRIOR TO HIS OR HER SCHEDULED SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE IN ORDER TO PARTICIPATE IN THE RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION PROGRAM.

3. IF THE HOMEOWNER COMPLETES A COUNSELING SESSION WITH A COUNSELOR FROM A NOT-FOR-PROFIT ASSISTANCE PROVIDER APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT, SUCH COUNSELOR SHALL SEND A LOAN MODIFICATION PROPOSAL TO THE FORECLOSING PARTY AT LEAST TEN DAYS PRIOR TO THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE. THE FORECLOSING PARTY SHALL, PRIOR TO THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE, REVIEW THE MODIFICATION PROPOSAL AND MAKE A GOOD FAITH EFFORT TO REACH A RESOLUTION WITH THE HOMEOWNER.

4. AT THE INITIAL CONFERENCE HELD PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, ANY DEFENDANT CURRENTLY APPEARING PRO SE, SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE MADE A

MOTION TO PROCEED AS A POOR PERSON UNDER SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED ONE OF THIS CHAPTER. THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER SUCH PERMISSION SHALL BE GRANTED PURSUANT TO STANDARDS SET FORTH IN SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED ONE OF THIS CHAPTER. IF THE COURT APPOINTS DEFENDANT COUNSEL PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED TWO OF THIS CHAPTER, IT SHALL ADJOURN THE CONFERENCE TO A DATE CERTAIN FOR APPEARANCE OF COUNSEL AND SETTLEMENT DISCUSSIONS PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, AND OTHERWISE SHALL PROCEED WITH THE CONFERENCE.

5. AT ANY CONFERENCE HELD PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE PLAINTIFF SHALL APPEAR IN PERSON OR BY COUNSEL. ANY PERSON REPRESENTING THE PLAINTIFF SHALL HAVE FULL SETTLEMENT AUTHORITY, INCLUDING THE AUTHORITY TO DISPOSE OF THE CASE AND TO ENTER INTO OR APPROVE A LOAN MODIFICATION OR WORKOUT AGREEMENT. THE DEFENDANT-MORTGAGOR SHALL APPEAR IN PERSON OR BY COUNSEL. SUCH APPEARANCE AND PARTICIPATION BY THE DEFENDANT-MORTGAGOR SHALL NOT CONSTITUTE AN APPEARANCE IN THE ACTION NOR SHALL IT BE DEEMED TO BE A WAIVER, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, OF ANY DEFENSES, JURISDICTIONAL OR OTHERWISE, THAT THE DEFENDANT-MORTGAGOR MAY HAVE TO THE ACTION. ANY AND ALL STATEMENTS MADE, WHETHER ORAL OR WRITTEN, AND ANY OR ALL INFORMATION EXCHANGED AT THE CONFERENCE, SHALL BE SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSES OF RESOLUTION AND SETTLEMENT AND SHALL NOT BE DEEMED TO BE THE ADMISSIONS OF ANY PARTY WITH RESPECT TO THE UNDERLYING ACTION. IF THE DEFENDANT IS APPEARING PRO SE, THE COURT SHALL ADVISE THE DEFENDANT OF THE NATURE OF THE ACTION AND HIS OR HER RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES AS A DEFENDANT. WHERE APPROPRIATE, THE COURT MAY PERMIT A PLAINTIFF OR THE PLAINTIFF'S REPRESENTATIVE TO ATTEND THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE TELEPHONICALLY OR BY VIDEO-CONFERENCE. UNTIL ALL THE PROVISIONS AND PROCEDURES OF THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE ARE CONCLUDED, THE MORTGAGEE SHALL BE PRECLUDED FROM FILING A MOTION FOR SUMMARY JUDGMENT OR ORDER OF REFERENCE OR OTHERWISE PROCEEDING WITH THE FORECLOSURE CASE. THE FAILURE OF THE PLAINTIFF TO APPEAR AT A SCHEDULED CONFERENCE WITHOUT GOOD CAUSE OR APPEARANCE BY A REPRESENTATIVE WITHOUT FULL AUTHORITY TO ENTER INTO A SETTLEMENT, MODIFICATION OR WORKOUT AGREEMENT SHALL SUBJECT THE PLAINTIFF AND/OR COUNSEL TO APPROPRIATE REMEDIAL ACTION INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO DEFAULT, NON-SUIT OR DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE.

6. BOTH PARTIES MUST HAVE ANY SUPPORTING DOCUMENTATION WITH THEM AT THE TIME OF THE CONFERENCE. IF THE HOMEOWNER ATTENDED A COUNSELING SESSION WITH AN APPROVED COUNSELOR, SUCH COUNSELOR MUST HAVE GIVEN A LOAN MODIFICATION PROPOSAL TO THE FORECLOSING PARTY AT LEAST TEN DAYS PRIOR TO THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE.

7. THE COURT SHALL PRESIDE OVER THE CONFERENCE IN AN EFFORT TO ESTABLISH A REPAYMENT PLAN THAT IS ACCEPTABLE TO THE LENDER THAT ALLOWS THE HOMEOWNER TO REMAIN IN THE HOME.

8. AFTER THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE, THE COURT SHALL PRODUCE A REPORT FINALIZING AND DETAILING ANY TERMS AND CONDITIONS THAT HAVE BEEN AGREED UPON BY THE PARTIES. SUCH REPORT SHALL BE MADE PART OF THE RECORD FOR THE ACTION.

S 8. The real property actions and proceedings law is amended by adding a new section 1316 to read as follows:

S 1316. THE COURT SHALL NOTIFY THE DEFENDANT OF ANY FORECLOSURE ACTION ON A RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN, IN WHICH THE ACTION WAS INITIATED BUT WHERE THE FINAL ORDER OF JUDGMENT WAS NOT ISSUED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE FORECLOSURE DIVERSION ACT OF 2011, THAT SUCH DEFENDANT MAY REQUEST A SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH RULE THIRTY-FOUR HUNDRED EIGHT OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES.

S 9. The real property actions and proceedings law is amended by adding a new section 1309 to read as follows:

S 1309. FORECLOSURES; COURT RELIEF. 1. VENUE. IN ANY ACTION TO FORECLOSE A RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE UNDER THIS ARTICLE A MORTGAGOR NAMED IN SUCH ACTION MAY APPLY FOR RELIEF IN STATE SUPREME COURT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.

2. TIMING OF POSTPONEMENT. IF A MORTGAGEE HAS OTHERWISE ESTABLISHED ITS LEGAL RIGHT TO JUDGMENT ON AN ACTION TO FORECLOSE A RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER, THEN SUCH ACTION SHALL BE HELD IN ABEYANCE BY THE COURT BEFORE WHICH SUCH ACTION IS PENDING FOR A PERIOD OF NINETY DAYS. IF THE MORTGAGOR RECEIVES COUNSELING FROM A NOT-FOR-PROFIT ASSISTANCE PROVIDER APPROVED BY THE DIVISION AND SUBSEQUENTLY PARTICIPATES IN A SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE, THEN THE COURT BEFORE WHICH SUCH ACTION IS PENDING SHALL HOLD SUCH ACTION IN ABEYANCE FOR AN ADDITIONAL NINE MONTHS. SUCH ADDITIONAL PERIOD OF TIME IS INTENDED TO PERMIT THE PARTIES TO SETTLE THE ACTION OUTSIDE OF COURT AND TO FORESTALL FORECLOSURE WHEREVER POSSIBLE.

3. PROCESS AND FEES. IF AN ACTION TO FORECLOSE A RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE HAS BEEN COMMENCED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION, A MORTGAGOR MAY ASK THE COURT BEFORE WHICH SUCH ACTION IS COMMENCED TO HOLD SUCH ACTION IN ABEYANCE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION. MOTIONS ON NOTICE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES MADE BY THE MORTGAGOR SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN FILED BY A POOR PERSON PURSUANT TO ARTICLE ELEVEN OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES AND ALL COURT FEES OTHERWISE APPLICABLE TO SUCH ACTIONS AND PAYABLE BY A MORTGAGOR SHALL BE WAIVED. IF A FORECLOSURE ACTION HAS NOT BEEN COMMENCED PRIOR TO THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SECTION, A MORTGAGOR MUST COMMENCE AN ACTION IN STATE SUPREME COURT BY FILING AND SERVING A SUMMONS PURSUANT TO ARTICLE THREE OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES WITH A REQUEST FOR RELIEF PURSUANT TO THE TERMS OF THIS SECTION. IN SUCH CASE, SUCH FILING SHALL BE DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN FILED BY A POOR PERSON PURSUANT TO ARTICLE ELEVEN OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES AND ALL FILING AND COURT FEES OTHERWISE APPLICABLE TO SUCH ACTIONS AND PAYABLE BY A MORTGAGOR IN THE FORM OF INDEX AND MOTION FEES SHALL BE WAIVED.

4. PRIMA FACIE CASE. A MORTGAGOR MUST ESTABLISH A PRIMA FACIE CASE IN THE MOTION OR PLEADING. AMENDMENTS TO SUCH MOTION OR PLEADING SHALL BE LIBERALLY GRANTED. SUCH PLEADING MUST ESTABLISH THAT:

A. THE MORTGAGOR IS A NATURAL PERSON; AND

B. THE DEBT IS INCURRED BY THE MORTGAGOR PRIMARILY FOR PERSONAL, FAMILY OR HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES; AND

C. THE LOAN IS SECURED BY A MORTGAGE, SECOND MORTGAGE OR HOME EQUITY LOAN ON REAL PROPERTY WHICH IS IMPROVED WITH A RESIDENTIAL BUILDING CONTAINING ONE TO FOUR DWELLING UNITS; AND

D. THE REAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO FORECLOSURE IS THE PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE OF THE MORTGAGOR; AND

E. THE MORTGAGOR OWNS NO OTHER REAL PROPERTY; AND

F. THE REAL PROPERTY IS LOCATED IN THIS STATE.

5. MONTHLY PAYMENT SCHEDULE. IF A PRIMA FACIE CASE HAS BEEN ESTABLISHED, THE COURT OFFICER OR MEDIATOR PRESIDING OVER THE SETTLEMENT CONFERENCE SET FORTH IN RULE THIRTY-FOUR HUNDRED EIGHT OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES SHALL WORK WITH THE PARTIES TO ESTABLISH THE TERMS OF A MONTHLY PAYMENT SCHEDULE WHICH WILL PRESERVE THE RELATIVE FINANCIAL INTERESTS OF BOTH PARTIES UNDER TERMS WHICH ARE EQUITABLE AND JUST. TOWARDS THAT END, THE COURT OFFICER OR MEDIATOR SHALL INQUIRE INTO THE FINANCES OF BOTH THE MORTGAGEE AND THE MORTGAGOR. THE PURPOSE OF SUCH INQUIRY SHALL BE TO DETERMINE THE MINIMUM AMOUNT NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE MORTGAGEE'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND TO DETERMINE THE AMOUNT WHICH THE MORTGAGOR WILL BE ABLE TO AFFORD. SUCH MONTHLY PAYMENTS SHALL

BE APPLIED TO THE PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST UPON THE INDEBTEDNESS. IF THE FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE MORTGAGOR EXCEEDS THE MINIMUM AMOUNT NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE FINANCIAL POSITION OF THE MORTGAGEE, SUCH MONTHLY AMOUNT MAY BE INCREASED BEYOND THE MINIMUM AMOUNT AS DETERMINED WITHIN THE DISCRETION OF THE COURT OFFICER OR MEDIATOR. IT IS WITHIN THE COURT OFFICER'S OR MEDIATOR'S DISCRETION TO DETERMINE WHETHER THE ESTABLISHMENT OF SUCH PAYMENT SCHEDULE IS POSSIBLE UNDER TERMS WHICH ARE EQUITABLE AND JUST. THE PURPOSE OF SUCH MONTHLY PAYMENTS IS TO PRESERVE THE RELATIVE FINANCIAL INTERESTS OF BOTH PARTIES UNTIL A SETTLEMENT CAN BE REACHED BUT IN NO EVENT SHALL SUCH ORDER GOVERN FOR MORE THAN ONE YEAR. FAILURE TO ADHERE TO THE TERMS OF SUCH SCHEDULE MAY ALSO RESULT IN FORECLOSURE OR LIFTING OF THE ABEYANCE.

6. POSTPONEMENT ORDER. ONCE THE COURT DETERMINES THAT AN EQUITABLE AND JUST PAYMENT SCHEDULE CAN BE ESTABLISHED, IT SHALL ISSUE AN ORDER WHICH SETS FORTH THE TERMS OF SUCH PAYMENT SCHEDULE AND SERVE IT UPON ALL PARTIES TO THE PROCEEDING. SUCH ORDER SHALL SET FORTH A RETURN DATE FOR THE RE-EXAMINATION OF SUCH MATTER AFTER PASSAGE OF THE POSTPONEMENT TIME PERIOD AT A FORMAL HEARING ON NOTICE TO THE PARTIES. THE COURT MAY TAILOR RELIEF AS REQUIRED BY THE FACTS OF EACH CASE THAT FALLS WITHIN THE PURVIEW OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER, IN NO EVENT SHALL SUCH ORDER POSTPONE FINAL ACTION BEYOND ONE YEAR WITHOUT A RE-EXAMINATION OF THE PARTIES' FINANCIAL CIRCUMSTANCES AFTER FORMAL HEARING ON NOTICE TO THE PARTIES. THE TIME PERIOD OF SUCH ORDER SHALL RUN FROM THE DATE OF THE ENTRY OF SUCH ORDER. SUCH ABEYANCE SHALL NOT BEGIN UNTIL THE FORECLOSURE PROCESS HAS REACHED THE POINT WHERE A FINAL DETERMINATION IS POSSIBLE BUT SHALL BE WITHHELD UNTIL THE POSTPONEMENT PERIOD HAS ELAPSED. ENTITLEMENT TO SUCH ABEYANCE MAY BE ESTABLISHED AT ANY TIME REGARDLESS OF WHETHER FORECLOSURE IS BEING SOUGHT BY THE MORTGAGEE. MULTIPLE POSTPONEMENTS MAY BE GRANTED IN THE DISCRETION OF THE COURT IF WARRANTED BY THE FACTS OF A GIVEN CASE AND THE ECONOMIC CONDITIONS ACROSS THE STATE.

7. CONTINUING JURISDICTION. THE COURT SHALL MAINTAIN CONTINUING JURISDICTION OF THE MATTER UNTIL IT REACHES FINAL RESOLUTION. UPON THE APPLICATION OF EITHER PARTY, PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION OF THE POSTPONEMENT PERIOD, UPON PRESENTATION OF EVIDENCE THAT THE TERMS FIXED BY THE COURT ARE NO LONGER JUST AND EQUITABLE, THE COURT MAY REVISE AND ALTER SUCH TERMS IN SUCH MANNER AS THE CHANGED CIRCUMSTANCES AND CONDITIONS MAY REQUIRE.

S 10. The judiciary law is amended by adding a new section 2-c to read as follows:

S 2-C. INDIVIDUAL ASSIGNMENTS. THE UNIFIED COURT SYSTEM, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THEIR INDIVIDUAL ASSIGNMENT SYSTEM, SHALL ENSURE THAT ALL CAUSES OF ACTION TO FORECLOSE ON REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE ASSIGNED TO THE SAME JUDGE OR JUDGES, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE.

S 11. Notwithstanding the ninety day provision in subdivision 1 of rule 3408 of the civil practice law and rules, a judge shall schedule settlement conferences pursuant to such section for any foreclosure proceeding currently on their calendar.

S 12. This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall have become a law and shall expire 3 years after such effective date when upon such date the provisions of this act shall be deemed repealed. Effective immediately, the superintendent of banks may promulgate any rule or regulation necessary for the timely implementation of this act on its effective date.