7668

IN SENATE

April 29, 2010

- Introduced by Sens. FUSCHILLO, ALESI, DeFRANCISCO, C. JOHNSON, O. JOHN-SON, LARKIN, MAZIARZ, ONORATO, PADAVAN, VOLKER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes
- AN ACT to amend the penal law and the executive law, in relation to endangering the welfare of a child

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Section 260.10 of the penal law, subdivision 1 as amended 2 by chapter 476 of the laws of 1990, subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 3 920 of the laws of 1982, is amended to read as follows:

4 S 260.10 Endangering the welfare of a child IN THE SECOND DEGREE.

5 A person is guilty of endangering the welfare of a child IN THE SECOND 6 DEGREE when:

7 1. He OR SHE knowingly acts in a manner likely to be injurious to the 8 physical, mental or moral welfare of a child less than seventeen years 9 old or directs or authorizes such child to engage in an occupation 10 involving a substantial risk of danger to his life or health; or

11 2. Being a parent, guardian or other person legally charged with the 12 care or custody of a child less than eighteen years old, he OR SHE fails 13 or refuses to exercise reasonable diligence in the control of such child 14 to prevent him from becoming an "abused child," a "neglected child," a 15 "juvenile delinquent" or a "person in need of supervision," as those 16 terms are defined in articles ten, three and seven of the family court 17 act.

18 Endangering the welfare of a child IN THE SECOND DEGREE is a class A 19 misdemeanor.

S 2. Section 260.11 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 89 of the laws of 1984, is renumbered section 260.12 and amended to read as follows:

23 S 260.12 Endangering the welfare of a child; corroboration.

A person shall not be convicted of endangering the welfare of a child IN THE FIRST OR SECOND DEGREE, or of an attempt to commit the same, upon the testimony of a victim who is incapable of consent because of mental

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

LBD16943-01-0

defect or mental incapacity as to conduct that constitutes an offense or 1 2 an attempt to commit an offense referred to in section 130.16, without 3 additional evidence sufficient pursuant to section 130.16 to sustain a 4 conviction of an offense referred to in section 130.16, or of an attempt 5 to commit the same. 6 The penal law is amended by adding a new section 260.11 to read S 3. 7 as follows: S 260.11 ENDANGERING THE WELFARE OF A CHILD IN THE FIRST DEGREE. 8 9 A PERSON IS GUILTY OF ENDANGERING THE WELFARE OF A CHILD IN THE FIRST 10 DEGREE WHEN: SHE KNOWINGLY ACTS IN A MANNER LIKELY TO BE INJURIOUS TO A 11 ΗE OR 1. 12 CHILD LESS THAN SEVENTEEN YEARS OLD OR DIRECTS OR AUTHORIZES SUCH CHILD TO ENGAGE IN AN OCCUPATION INVOLVING A SUBSTANTIAL RISK OF DANGER TO HIS 13 14 HER LIFE OR HEALTH AND AS A RESULT SUCH CHILD SUSTAINS SERIOUS PHYS-OR 15 ICAL INJURY; OR 16 2. HE OR SHE HAS BEEN PREVIOUSLY CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF THIS 17 SECTION 260.10 OF THIS ARTICLE AND COMMITS THE CRIME OF SECTION OR OF ENDANGERING THE WELFARE OF A CHILD IN THE SECOND DEGREE. 18 ENDANGERING THE WELFARE OF A CHILD IN THE FIRST DEGREE IS 19 А CLASS Ε 20 FELONY. 21 S 4. Section 260.15 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 156 of the 22 laws of 2000, is amended to read as follows: 23 S 260.15 Endangering the welfare of a child; defense. 24 In any prosecution for endangering the welfare of a child, pursuant to 25 section 260.10 OR 260.11: 26 1. based upon an alleged failure or refusal to provide proper medical 27 care or treatment to an ill child, it is an affirmative defense that the 28 defendant (a) is a parent, guardian or other person legally charged with 29 the care or custody of such child; and (b) is a member or adherent of an organized church or religious group the tenets of which prescribe prayer 30 as the principal treatment for illness; and (c) treated or caused such 31 32 ill child to be treated in accordance with such tenets; or 33 2. based upon an alleged desertion of a child not more than five days 34 old, it is an affirmative defense that, with the intent that the child be safe from physical injury and cared for in an appropriate manner, the 35 36 defendant left the child with an appropriate person or in a suitable 37 location and promptly notified an appropriate person of the child's 38 location. 39 S 5. Subdivision 7 of section 995 of the executive law, as amended by 40 chapter 2 of the laws of 2006, paragraph (a) as separately amended by chapter 320 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows: 41 7. "Designated offender" means a person convicted of and sentenced for 42 43 one or more of the following provisions of the penal law (a) any 44 sections 120.05, 120.10, and 120.11, relating to assault; sections 45 through 125.27 relating to homicide; sections 130.25, 130.30, 125.15 130.35, 130.40, 130.45, 130.50, 130.65, 130.67 and 130.70, relating to 46 47 offenses; sections 205.10, 205.15, 205.17 and 205.19, relating to sex 48 escape and other offenses, where the offender has been convicted within 49 previous five years of one of the other felonies specified in this the 50 subdivision; or sections 255.25, 255.26 and 255.27, relating to incest, violent felony offense as defined in subdivision one of section 70.02 51 а of the penal law, attempted murder in the first degree, as defined 52 in 53 section 110.00 and section 125.27 of the penal law, kidnapping in the 54 first degree, as defined in section 135.25 of the penal law, arson in 55 the first degree, as defined in section 150.20 of the penal law, 56 burglary in the third degree, as defined in section 140.20 of the penal

law, attempted burglary in the third degree, as defined in section 1 110.00 and section 140.20 of the penal law, a felony defined in article 2 3 four hundred ninety of the penal law relating to terrorism or any 4 attempt to commit an offense defined in such article relating to terror-5 ism which is a felony; or (b) criminal possession of a controlled substance in the first degree, as defined in section 220.21 of the penal 6 7 law; criminal possession of a controlled substance in the second degree, as defined in section 220.18 of the penal law; criminal sale of a controlled substance, as defined in article 220 of the penal law; or 8 9 10 grand larceny in the fourth degree, as defined in subdivision five of 11 section 155.30 of the penal law; or (c) any misdemeanor or felony defined as a sex offense or sexually violent offense pursuant to para-12 graph (a), (b) or (c) of subdivision two or paragraph (a) of subdivision 13 14 three of section one hundred sixty-eight-a of the correction law; or (d) 15 any of the following felonies, or an attempt thereof where such attempt 16 is a felony offense:

17 aggravated assault upon a person less than eleven years old, as 18 defined in section 120.12 of the penal law; menacing in the first 19 degree, as defined in section 120.13 of the penal law; reckless endangerment in the first degree, as defined in section 120.25 of the penal 20 21 law; stalking in the second degree, as defined in section 120.55 of the 22 penal law; criminally negligent homicide, as defined in section 125.10 of the penal law; vehicular manslaughter in the second degree, as defined in section 125.12 of the penal law; vehicular manslaughter in 23 24 25 the first degree, as defined in section 125.13 of the penal law; 26 persistent sexual abuse, as defined in section 130.53 of the penal law; aggravated sexual abuse in the fourth degree, as defined in section 130.65-a of the penal law; female genital mutilation, as defined in 27 28 29 section 130.85 of the penal law; facilitating a sex offense with a 30 controlled substance, as defined in section 130.90 of the penal law; unlawful imprisonment in the first degree, as defined in section 135.10 31 32 of the penal law; custodial interference in the first degree, as defined 33 section 135.50 of the penal law; criminal trespass in the first in degree, as defined in section 140.17 of the penal law; criminal tamper-34 35 ing in the first degree, as defined in section 145.20 of the penal law; tampering with a consumer product in the first degree, as defined in 36 37 section 145.45 of the penal law; robbery in the third degree as defined 38 in section 160.05 of the penal law; identity theft in the second degree, as defined in section 190.79 of the penal law; identity theft 39 in the 40 first degree, as defined in section 190.80 of the penal law; promoting prison contraband in the first degree, as defined in section 205.25 of 41 the penal law; tampering with a witness in the third degree, as defined 42 43 in section 215.11 of the penal law; tampering with a witness the in second degree, as defined in section 215.12 of the penal law; tampering 44 45 with a witness in the first degree, as defined in section 215.13 of the penal law; criminal contempt in the first degree, as defined in subdivi-46 47 sions (b), (c) and (d) of section 215.51 of the penal law; aggravated criminal contempt, as defined in section 215.52 of the penal law; 48 bail jumping in the second degree, as defined in section 215.56 of the penal law; bail jumping in the first degree, as defined in section 215.57 of 49 50 51 the penal law; patronizing a prostitute in the second degree, as defined 52 in section 230.05 of the penal law; patronizing a prostitute in the first degree, as defined in section 230.06 of the penal law; promoting 53 54 prostitution in the second degree, as defined in section 230.30 of the 55 penal law; promoting prostitution in the first degree, as defined in section 230.32 of the penal law; compelling prostitution, as defined in 56

section 230.33 of the penal law; disseminating indecent materials to 1 2 minors in the second degree, as defined in section 235.21 of the penal 3 law; disseminating indecent materials to minors in the first degree, as 4 defined in section 235.22 of the penal law; riot in the first degree, as defined in section 240.06 of the penal law; criminal anarchy, as defined 5 6 in section 240.15 of the penal law; aggravated harassment of an employee an inmate, as defined in section 240.32 of the penal law; unlawful 7 by 8 surveillance in the second degree, as defined in section 250.45 of the penal law; unlawful surveillance in the first degree, as defined in 9 10 section 250.50 of the penal law; endangering the welfare of a vulnerable 11 elderly person in the second degree, as defined in section 260.32 of the penal law; endangering the welfare of a vulnerable elderly person in the 12 first degree, as defined in section 260.34 of the penal law; use of a 13 14 child in a sexual performance, as defined in section 263.05 of the penal 15 law; promoting an obscene sexual performance by a child, as defined in 16 section 263.10 of the penal law; possessing an obscene sexual performance by a child, as defined in section 263.11 of the penal law; promot-17 18 ing a sexual performance by a child, as defined in section 263.15 of the penal law; possessing a sexual performance by a child, as defined in section 263.16 of the penal law; criminal possession of a weapon in the 19 20 21 third degree, as defined in section 265.02 of the penal law; criminal 22 sale of a firearm in the third degree, as defined in section 265.11 of the penal law; criminal sale of a firearm to a minor, as defined in section 265.16 of the penal law; unlawful wearing of a body vest, as 23 24 25 defined in section 270.20 of the penal law; hate crimes as defined in 26 section 485.05 of the penal law; and crime of terrorism, as defined in 27 section 490.25 of the penal law; or (e) a felony defined in the penal or an attempt thereof where such attempt is a felony; or (f) any of 28 law 29 the following misdemeanors: assault in the third degree as defined in 30 section 120.00 of the penal law; attempted aggravated assault upon a person less than eleven years old, as defined in section 110.00 and 31 32 section 120.12 of the penal law; attempted menacing in the first degree, 33 as defined in section 110.00 and section 120.13 of the penal law; menacing in the second degree as defined in section 120.14 of the penal law; 34 35 menacing in the third degree as defined in section 120.15 of the penal 36 reckless endangerment in the second degree as defined in section law; 37 120.20 of the penal law; stalking in the fourth degree as defined in 38 section 120.45 of the penal law; stalking in the third degree as defined section 120.50 of the penal law; attempted stalking in the second 39 in 40 degree, as defined in section 110.00 and section 120.55 of the penal forcible touching as defined in section 130.52 of the penal law 41 law; regardless of the age of the victim; sexual abuse in the third degree as 42 43 defined in section 130.55 of the penal law regardless of the age of the 44 victim; unlawful imprisonment in the second degree as defined in section 45 135.05 of the penal law regardless of the age of the victim; attempted unlawful imprisonment in the first degree, as defined in section 110.00 46 47 and section 135.10 of the penal law regardless of the age of the victim; 48 criminal trespass in the second degree as defined in section 140.15 of the penal law; possession of burglar's tools as defined in section 140.35 of the penal law; petit larceny as defined in section 155.25 of 49 50 51 the penal law; endangering the welfare of a child IN THE SECOND DEGREE 52 defined in section 260.10 of the penal law; ENDANGERING THE WELFARE as OF A CHILD IN THE FIRST DEGREE AS DEFINED IN SECTION 260.11 OF THE PENAL 53 54 LAW; endangering the welfare of an incompetent or physically disabled 55 person as defined in section 260.25 OF THE PENAL LAW.

1 S 6. Paragraph c of subdivision 5 of section 120.40 of the penal law, 2 as added by chapter 635 of the laws of 1999, is amended to read as 3 follows:

4 c. assault in the third degree, as defined in section 120.00; menacing 5 in the first degree, as defined in section 120.13; menacing in the second degree, as defined in section 120.14; coercion in the first 6 7 degree, as defined in section 135.65; coercion in the second degree, as 8 defined in section 135.60; aggravated harassment in the second degree, as defined in section 240.30; harassment in the first degree, as defined 9 10 section 240.25; menacing in the third degree, as defined in section in 120.15; criminal mischief in the third degree, as defined in section 11 145.05; criminal mischief in the second degree, as defined in section 145.10, criminal mischief in the first degree, as defined in section 12 13 14 145.12; criminal tampering in the first degree, as defined in section 145.20; arson in the fourth degree, as defined in section 150.05; arson 15 in the third degree, as defined in section 150.10; criminal contempt in 16 the first degree, as defined in section 215.51; endangering the 17 welfare of a child IN THE SECOND DEGREE, as defined in section 260.10; ENDANGER-18 ING THE WELFARE OF A CHILD IN THE FIRST DEGREE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 19 260.11; or 20

S 7. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law.