1480

2009-2010 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

February 2, 2009

- Introduced by Sens. SKELOS, ALESI, BONACIC, FARLEY, GOLDEN, LANZA, LEIBELL, LITTLE, MAZIARZ, MORAHAN, VOLKER, WINNER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes
- AN ACT to amend the penal law, in relation to sentencing of persistent violent felony offenders; and to repeal subdivision 3 of section 70.08 of such law relating to minimum periods of imprisonment for persistent violent felony offenders

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 5 of section 70.00 of the penal law, as amended 2 by chapter 765 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

5. Life imprisonment without parole. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a defendant sentenced to life imprisonment without 3 4 5 parole shall not be or become eligible for parole or conditional 6 release. For purposes of commitment and custody, other than parole and conditional release, such sentence shall be deemed to be an indetermi-7 8 nate sentence. A defendant may be sentenced to life imprisonment with-9 out parole, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROCEDURES PROVIDED BY LAW FOR IMPOS-10 ING SUCH A SENTENCE, EITHER: (A) upon conviction for the crime of murder in the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of this chapter 11 [and in accordance with the procedures provided by law for 12 imposing a 13 sentence for such crime]; (B) UPON CONVICTION OF A VIOLENT FELONY 14 OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 70.02 OF THIS ARTICLE 15 WHEN SUCH DEFENDANT HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN SUBJECTED TO TWO OR MORE PREDI-CATE VIOLENT FELONY CONVICTIONS AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF 16 SUBDIVI-SION ONE OF SECTION 70.04 OF THIS ARTICLE. A defendant must be sentenced 17 imprisonment without parole upon conviction for the crime of 18 life to 19 terrorism as defined in section 490.25 of this chapter, where the speci-20 fied offense the defendant committed is a class A-I felony; the crime of 21 criminal possession of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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first degree as defined in section 490.45 of this chapter; or the crime 1 2 of criminal use of a chemical weapon or biological weapon in the first 3 defined in section 490.55 of this degree as chapter; OR IS ALSO 4 CONVICTED OF A VIOLENT FELONY OFFENSE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF 5 SECTION 70.02 OF THIS ARTICLE WHEN SUCH DEFENDANT HAS PREVIOUSLY BEEN SUBJECTED TO TWO OR MORE PREDICATE VIOLENT FELONY CONVICTIONS AS DEFINED 6 7 PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION 70.04 OF THIS ARTICLE; IΝ 8 provided, however, that nothing in this subdivision shall preclude or prevent a sentence of death when the defendant is also convicted of the 9 10 crime of murder in the first degree as defined in section 125.27 of this chapter. A defendant must be sentenced to life imprisonment without 11 parole upon conviction for the crime of murder in the second degree as defined in subdivision five of section 125.25 of this chapter or for the 12 13 crime of aggravated murder as defined in section 125.26 of this chapter. 14 15 S 2. Subdivision 2 of section 70.08 of the penal law, as added by chapter 481 of the laws of 1978, is amended to read as follows: 16 17 2. Authorized sentence. When the court has found, pursuant to the

provisions of the criminal procedure law, that a person is a persistent 18 19 violent felony offender the court must impose [an indeterminate sentence imprisonment, the maximum term of which shall be life imprisonment. 20 of 21 The minimum period of imprisonment under such sentence must be in 22 accordance with subdivision three of this section] A SENTENCE OF LIFE IMPRISONMENT WITHOUT PAROLE PURSUANT TO SECTION 70.00 OF THIS ARTICLE. 23 S 3. Subdivision 3 of section 70.08 of the penal law is REPEALED. 24

25 S 4. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeed-26

ing the date on which it shall have become a law.