1465

2009-2010 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

February 2, 2009

Introduced by Sen. ROBACH -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law and the executive law, in relation to appearance of a victim at parole hearings

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 440.50 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 186 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

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board and the inmate.

1. Upon the request of a victim of a crime, or in any event in all cases in which the final disposition includes a conviction of a violent felony offense as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law or a felony defined in article one hundred twenty-five of such law, the district attorney shall, within sixty days of the final disposition of the case, inform the victim by letter of such final disposition. If such final disposition results in the commitment of the defendant to the custody of the department of correctional services for an indeterminate the notice provided to the crime victim shall also inform the victim of his or her right to (I) submit a written, audiotaped, or videotaped victim impact statement to the state division of parole or to meet personally with a member of the state board of parole at a time place separate from the personal interview between a member or members of the board and the inmate and make such a statement, subject to procedures and limitations contained in rules of the board, [both] APPEAR AND BE HEARD AT THE PAROLE HEARING pursuant to subdivision two of section two hundred fifty-nine-i of the executive law. The right of the victim under this subdivision to submit a written victim impact statement or to meet personally with a member of the state board of parole applies to each personal interview between a member or members of the

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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S 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 259-i of the executive law, as separately amended by section 11 of part E and section 9 of part F of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

- (a) (i) Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, at least one month prior to the date on which an inmate may be paroled pursuant to subdivision one of section 70.40 of the penal law, a member or members as determined by the rules of the board shall personally interview such inmate and determine whether he should be paroled in accordance with the guidelines adopted pursuant to subdivision four of section two hundred fifty-nine-c of this article. AT THE SAME TIME, THE TO THE CRIME VICTIM OR THE VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE, GRANT WHERE THE CRIME VICTIM IS DECEASED OR IS MENTALLY OR PHYSICALLY INCAPAC-ITATED, AN OPPORTUNITY TO APPEAR AND BE HEARD. A CRIME VICTIM'S REPRE-SENTATIVE SHALL MEAN THE CRIME VICTIM'S CLOSEST SURVIVING RELATIVE, THE 15 COMMITTEE OR GUARDIAN OF SUCH PERSON, OR THE LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY SUCH PERSON. If parole is not granted upon such review, the inmate shall be informed in writing within two weeks of such appearance of the factors and reasons for such denial of parole. Such reasons shall be given in detail and not in conclusory terms. The board shall specify a date not more than twenty-four months from such determination for reconsideration, and the procedures to be followed upon reconsideration shall 22 the same. If the inmate is released, he OR SHE shall be given a copy of the conditions of parole. Such conditions shall where appropriate, include a requirement that the parolee comply with any restitution 24 order, mandatory surcharge, sex offender registration fee and DNA databank fee previously imposed by a court of competent jurisdiction that applies to the parolee. The board of parole shall indicate which restitution collection agency established under subdivision eight of section 29 420.10 of the criminal procedure law, shall be responsible collection of restitution, mandatory surcharge, sex offender registra-30 tion fees and DNA databank fees as provided for in section 60.35 of the law and section eighteen hundred nine of the vehicle and traffic penal
 - (ii) Any inmate who is scheduled for presumptive release pursuant to section eight hundred six of the correction law shall not appear before the parole board as provided in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph such inmate's scheduled presumptive release is forfeited, canceled, or rescinded subsequently as provided in such law. event, the inmate shall appear before the parole board for release consideration as provided in subparagraph (i) of this paragraph as thereafter as is practicable.
 - 3. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 259-i of the executive law, as amended by chapter 396 of the laws of 1987, is amended to as follows:
 - (a) At least one month prior to the expiration of the minimum period or periods of imprisonment fixed by the court or board, a member or members as determined by the rules of the board shall personally interview an inmate serving an indeterminate sentence and determine whether should be paroled at the expiration of the minimum period or periods in accordance with the guidelines adopted pursuant to subdivision four section two hundred fifty-nine-c. AT THE SAME TIME, THE BOARD SHALL GRANT TO THE CRIME VICTIM OR THE VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE, VICTIM IS DECEASED OR IS MENTALLY OR PHYSICALLY INCAPACITATED, AN OPPORTUNITY TO APPEAR AND BE HEARD. A CRIME VICTIM'S REPRESENTATIVE SHALL MEAN THE CRIME VICTIM'S CLOSEST SURVIVING RELATIVE, THE COMMITTEE OR GUARDIAN OF SUCH PERSON, OR THE LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE OF ANY

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PERSON. If parole is not granted upon such review, the inmate shall be informed in writing within two weeks of such appearance of the factors and reasons for such denial of parole. Such reasons shall be given in detail and not in conclusory terms. The board shall specify a date not more than twenty-four months from such determination for reconsideration, and the procedures to be followed upon reconsideration shall be 5 6 7 the same. If the inmate is released, he OR SHE shall be given a copy of 8 the conditions of parole. Such conditions shall where appropriate, 9 include a requirement that the parolee comply with any restitution order 10 and mandatory surcharge previously imposed by a court of competent jurisdiction that applies to the parolee. The board of parole shall 11 indicate which restitution collection agency established under 12 sion eight of section 420.10 of the criminal procedure law, shall be 13 14 responsible for collection of restitution and mandatory surcharge 15 provided for in section 60.35 of the penal law and section eighteen hundred nine of the vehicle and traffic law. 16 17

S 4. This act shall take effect on the first of November next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a law, provided that the amendments to paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 259-i of the executive law made by section two of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such paragraph pursuant to subdivision d of section 74 of chapter 3 of the laws of 1995, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section three of this act shall take effect.