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## IN ASSEMBLY

(PREFILED)

January 6, 2010

Introduced by M. of A. PAULIN, DINOWITZ, MARKEY, FIELDS, KOON, GALEF, JAFFEE, BENEDETTO, GABRYSZAK, LATIMER, CASTRO, CYMBROWITZ, GUNTHER, CHRISTENSEN, SPANO, DenDEKKER, COLTON, SCARBOROUGH, ZEBROWSKI, TITONE -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. ABBATE, BOYLAND, CAHILL, DelMONTE, HIKIND, JOHN, LIFTON, LUPARDO, MAISEL, ORTIZ, PHEFFER, REILLY, SCHIMEL, SKARTADOS, WEISENBERG -- read once and referred to the Committee on Consumer Affairs and Protection

AN ACT to amend the general business law and the civil practice law and rules, in relation to prohibiting individuals from transmitting misleading or inaccurate caller identification information with the intent to defraud, harass, mislead, or cause harm to any person

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section 1. The general business law is amended by adding a new section 2 399-ppp to read as follows:
  - S 399-PPP. PROHIBITION ON PROVISION OF DECEPTIVE CALLER IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION. 1. IT SHALL BE UNLAWFUL FOR ANY PERSON WITHIN THE STATE, IN CONNECTION WITH ANY TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE OR VOIP SERVICE, TO CAUSE ANY CALLER IDENTIFICATION SERVICE TO TRANSMIT MISLEADING OR INACCURATE CALLER IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION, WITH THE INTENT TO DEFRAUD, HARASS, MISLEAD, OR CAUSE HARM TO ANY PERSON WHEN MAKING A CALL TO ANOTHER PERSON WITHIN THE STATE.
- 2. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSTRUED TO PREVENT OR RESTRICT ANY PERSON FROM BLOCKING THE CAPABILITY OF ANY CALLER IDENTIFICATION SERVICE TO TRANSMIT CALLER IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION.
  - 3. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:

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- (A) "CALLER IDENTIFICATION INFORMATION" MEANS INFORMATION PROVIDED TO AN END USER BY A CALLER IDENTIFICATION SERVICE REGARDING THE TELEPHONE NUMBER OF, OR OTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ORIGINATION OF, A CALL MADE USING A TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE OR VOIP SERVICE.
- 18 (B) "CALLER IDENTIFICATION SERVICE" MEANS ANY SERVICE OR DEVICE 19 DESIGNED TO PROVIDE THE USER OF THE SERVICE OR DEVICE WITH THE TELEPHONE 20 NUMBER OF, OR OTHER INFORMATION REGARDING THE ORIGINATION OF, A CALL

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

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MADE USING A TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICE OR VOIP SERVICE. SUCH TERM INCLUDES AUTOMATIC NUMBER IDENTIFICATION SERVICES.

- (C) "VOIP SERVICE" MEANS A SERVICE THAT:
- PROVIDES REAL-TIME VOICE COMMUNICATIONS TRANSMITTED THROUGH END USER EQUIPMENT USING TCP/IP PROTOCOL, OR A SUCCESSOR PROTOCOL, FOR A FEE OR WITHOUT A FEE; AND
- (II) IS OFFERED TO THE PUBLIC, OR SUCH CLASSES OF USERS AS EFFECTIVELY AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC (WHETHER PART OF A BUNDLE OF SERVICES OR SEPARATELY); AND
- (III) HAS THE CAPABILITY TO ORIGINATE TRAFFIC TO, OR TERMINATE TRAFFIC FROM, THE PUBLIC SWITCHED TELEPHONE NETWORK.
- 4. WHENEVER THERE SHALL BE A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION, AN APPLICATION 12 MAY BE MADE BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE 13 14 STATE OF NEW YORK TO A COURT OR JUSTICE HAVING JURISDICTION TO ISSUE AN INJUNCTION, AND UPON NOTICE TO THE DEFENDANT, TO IMMEDIATELY ENJOIN RESTRAIN THE CONTINUANCE OF SUCH VIOLATIONS; AND IF IT SHALL APPEAR TO 16 17 THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT OR JUSTICE, BY A PREPONDERANCE OF EVIDENCE, THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS, IN FACT, VIOLATED THIS SECTION AN 18 INJUNCTION MAY BE ISSUED BY SUCH COURT OR JUSTICE ENJOINING 19 20 RESTRAINING ANY FURTHER VIOLATION, WITHOUT REQUIRING PROOF THAT ANY 21 PERSON HAS, IN FACT, BEEN INJURED OR DAMAGED THEREBY. THE COURT MAY MAKE ALLOWANCES TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION EIGHTY-THREE HUNDRED THREE OF THE CIVIL PRAC-23 24 TICE LAW AND RULES. IN ADDITION TO ANY SUCH ALLOWANCES, THE COURT MAY 25 DIRECT RESTITUTION TO ANY VICTIM UPON A SHOWING OF DAMAGES BY A PREPON-26 OF THE EVIDENCE. IN ADDITION TO ANY SUCH RESTITUTION, WHENEVER THE COURT SHALL DETERMINE THAT A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION HAS OCCURRED, 27 28 THE COURT MAY IMPOSE A CIVIL PENALTY OF NOT MORE THAN TWO 29 DOLLARS PER CALL, UP TO A TOTAL AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF NOT MORE THAN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, FOR ALL CALLS PLACED IN VIOLATION OF 30 SECTION WITHIN A CONTINUOUS SEVENTY-TWO HOUR PERIOD. IN CONNECTION WITH 31 32 ANY SUCH PROPOSED APPLICATION, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IS AUTHORIZED TO 33 AND MAKE A DETERMINATION OF THE RELEVANT FACTS AND TO ISSUE 34 SUBPOENAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES.
  - 5. IN ADDITION TO THE RIGHT OF ACTION GRANTED TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO THIS SECTION, ANY PERSON WHOSE CALLER IDENTIFICATION INFOR-PURSUANT MATION WAS USED IN CONNECTION WITH A VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION OR WHO HAS RECEIVED A TELEPHONE CALL IN VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION MAY BRING AN ACTION IN HIS OR HER OWN NAME TO ENJOIN SUCH UNLAWFUL ACT OR PRACTICE, AN ACTION TO RECOVER THE GREATER OF (A) HIS OR HER ACTUAL DAMAGES, OR (B) AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO NOT MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER A TOTAL AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF NOT MORE THAN TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ALL CALLS PLACED IN VIOLATION OF THIS SECTION WITHIN A CONTINUOUS SEVENTY-TWO HOUR PERIOD; OR BOTH SUCH ACTIONS. SHALL AWARD REASONABLE ATTORNEY'S FEES TO A PREVAILING PLAINTIFF.
  - S 2. Paragraph 6 of subdivision (a) of section 8303 of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 530 of the laws of 2002, amended to read as follows:
- 6. to the plaintiffs in an action or proceeding brought by the [attorney-general] ATTORNEY GENERAL under [articles] ARTICLE twenty-two, twenty-two-A, twenty-three-A or thirty-three or section three hundred ninety-one-b, THREE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE-PPP, or five hundred twenty-a of the general business law, or under subdivision twelve of section sixty-three 53 54 of the executive law, or under article twenty-three of the arts and 55 cultural affairs law, or in an action or proceeding brought by the [attorney-general] ATTORNEY GENERAL under applicable statutes

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dissolve a corporation or for usurpation of public office, or unlawful exercise of franchise or of corporate right, a sum not exceeding two thousand dollars against each defendant.

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- S 3. This act shall take effect on the sixtieth day after it shall have become a law. 5