8946

2009-2010 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

June 16, 2009

Introduced by M. of A. GIBSON -- read once and referred to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to the lupus education and outreach program; and making an appropriation therefor

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Legislative intent. The legislature hereby finds the 2 following:

3 (a) Lupus is a serious, complex, debilitating autoimmune disease that 4 can cause inflammation and tissue damage to virtually any organ system 5 in the body, including the skin, joints, other connective tissue, blood 6 and blood vessels, heart, lungs, kidney, and brain.

7 (b) Lupus research estimates that approximately one and a half to two 8 million Americans live with some form of lupus; lupus affects women nine 9 times more often than men and eighty percent of newly diagnosed cases of 10 lupus develop among women of childbearing age.

11 (c) Lupus disproportionately affects women of color -- it is two to 12 three times more common among African-Americans, Hispanics, Asians and 13 Native Americans and is generally more prevalent in minority populations 14 -- a health disparity that remains unexplained. According to the Centers 15 for Disease Control and Prevention the rate of lupus mortality has 16 increased since the late 1970s and is higher among older African-Ameri-17 can women.

(d) No new drugs have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration specifically for lupus in nearly forty years and while current treatments for the disease can be effective, they can lead to damaging side effects.

(e) The pain and fatigue associated with lupus can threaten people's ability to live independently, make it difficult to maintain employment and lead normal lives, and one in five people with lupus is disabled by the disease, and consequently receives support from government programs,

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 including Medicare, Medicaid, social security disability, and social 2 security supplemental income.

3 (f) The estimated average annual cost of medical treatment for an 4 individual with lupus can range between ten thousand dollars and thirty 5 thousand dollars; for people who have the most serious form of lupus, 6 medical costs can greatly exceed this amount, causing a significant 7 economic, emotional and social burden to the entire family and society.

8 (g) More than half of the people with lupus suffer four or more years 9 and visit three or more physicians before obtaining a diagnosis of 10 lupus; early diagnosis of and commencement of treatment for lupus can 11 prevent or reduce serious organ damage, disability, and death.

12 (h) Despite the magnitude of lupus and its impact on individuals and 13 families, health professional and public understanding of lupus remains 14 low; only one of five Americans can provide even basic information about 15 lupus, and awareness of lupus is lowest among adults ages eighteen to 16 thirty-four -- the age group most likely to develop symptoms of lupus.

17 (i) Lupus is a significant national health issue that deserves a 18 comprehensive and coordinated response by state and federal governments 19 with involvement of the health care provider, patient, and public health 20 communities.

21 S 2. Subdivision 1 of section 207 of the public health law is amended 22 by adding a new paragraph (g) to read as follows:

23 (G) LUPUS, A DEBILITATING AUTOIMMUNE DISEASE THAT CAN CAUSE INFLAMMA-24 TION AND TISSUE DAMAGE TO VIRTUALLY ANY ORGAN SYSTEM IN THE BODY, 25 INCLUDING THE SKIN, JOINTS, OTHER CONNECTIVE TISSUE, BLOOD BLOOD AND 26 VESSELS, HEART, LUNG, KIDNEY AND BRAIN, AND WHICH AFFECTS WOMEN, PARTIC-ULARLY WOMEN OF COLOR, IN A DISPROPORTIONATE MANNER; PROVIDED THAT THE 27 PROGRAM SHALL INCLUDE AN ADVISORY COUNCIL UNDER THIS SECTION THAT 28 SHALL 29 INCLUDE REPRESENTATIVES OF PEOPLE WITH LUPUS AND THEIR FAMILIES AND 30 HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS WHO SPECIALIZE IN TREATING LUPUS, AMONG OTHERS.

31 S 3. Subdivision 7 of section 207 of the public health law, as added 32 by chapter 414 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

33 7. In addition to state funds appropriated for programs under this 34 section, the commissioner may accept grants from public or private 35 sources for these programs. The commissioner, in administering this section, shall seek to coordinate the department's programs with other 36 37 public and private programs, and may undertake joint or cooperative 38 programs with other public or private entities, INCLUDING MAKING GRANTS 39 (WITHIN AMOUNTS APPROPRIATED THEREFOR AND CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE 40 LAW) TO PUBLIC OR NOT-FOR-PROFIT ENTITIES.

S 4. The sum of two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00), or 41 42 as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated to the so much thereof 43 department of health out of any moneys in the state treasury in the 44 general fund to the credit of the state purposes account, not otherwise 45 appropriated, and made immediately available, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act. Such moneys shall be payable on the 46 47 audit and warrant of the comptroller on vouchers certified or approved 48 by the commissioner of health in the manner prescribed by law. 49 S 5. This act shall take effect immediately.