

S T A T E O F N E W Y O R K

7908--A

2009-2010 Regular Sessions

I N A S S E M B L Y

April 28, 2009

Introduced by M. of A. BING -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to an investment tax credit

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 12 of
2 section 210 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 637 of the laws of
3 2008, is amended to read as follows:
4 (i) A credit shall be allowed under this subdivision with respect to
5 tangible personal property and other tangible property, including build-
6 ings and structural components of buildings, which are: depreciable
7 pursuant to section one hundred sixty-seven of the [internal revenue
8 code] INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, have a useful life of four years or more,
9 are acquired by purchase as defined in section one hundred seventy-nine
10 (d) of the [internal revenue code] INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, have a situs
11 in this state and are (A) principally used by the taxpayer in the
12 production of goods by manufacturing, processing, assembling, refining,
13 mining, extracting, farming, agriculture, horticulture, floriculture,
14 viticulture or commercial fishing, (B) industrial waste treatment facil-
15 ities or air pollution control facilities, used in the taxpayer's trade
16 or business, (C) research and development property, (D) principally used
17 in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business as a broker
18 or dealer in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include
19 but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset,
20 assignment, termination, or transfer) of stocks, bonds or other securi-
21 ties as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the
22 Internal Revenue Code, or of commodities as defined in section four
23 hundred seventy-five (e) of the Internal Revenue Code, (E) principally
24 used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's trade or business of
25 providing investment advisory services for a regulated investment compa-

EXPLANATION--Matter in *ITALICS* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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ny as defined in section eight hundred fifty-one of the Internal Revenue Code, or lending, loan arrangement or loan origination services to customers in connection with the purchase or sale (which shall include but not be limited to the issuance, entering into, assumption, offset, assignment, termination, or transfer) of securities as defined in section four hundred seventy-five (c)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, (E-1) PRINCIPALLY USED IN THE ORDINARY COURSE OF THE TAXPAYER'S TRADE OR BUSINESS OF PROVIDING INVESTMENT ADVISORY SERVICES, OR THE SERVICE OF MANAGING INVESTMENT PORTFOLIOS TO ACHIEVE SPECIFIC INVESTMENT OBJECTIVES FOR ACCOUNTS OVER ONE MILLION DOLLARS OF ACCREDITED INVESTORS (AS THAT TERM IS DEFINED IN RULE 501 OF REGULATION D OF THE SECURITIES ACT OF 1933), IF THE TAXPAYER SATISFIES THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA: (I) THE TAXPAYER IS A REGULATED BROKER OR DEALER OR AN AFFILIATE OF A REGULATED BROKER OR DEALER, (II) THE TAXPAYER IS REGISTERED AS AN INVESTMENT ADVISER UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED THREE OF THE INVESTMENT ADVISER ACT OF 1940, AS AMENDED, AND (III) AT LEAST ONE CLIENT OF THE TAXPAYER IS A REGULATED INVESTMENT COMPANY AS DEFINED IN SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-ONE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE THAT HAS ASSETS IN EXCESS OF ONE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS, (F) principally used in the ordinary course of the taxpayer's business as an exchange registered as a national securities exchange within the meaning of sections 3(a)(1) and 6(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 or a board of trade as defined in section 1410(a)(1) of the New York Not-for-Profit Corporation Law or as an entity that is wholly owned by one or more such national securities exchanges or boards of trade and that provides automation or technical services thereto, or (G) principally used as a qualified film production facility including qualified film production facilities having a situs in an empire zone designated as such pursuant to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law, where the taxpayer is providing three or more services to any qualified film production company using the facility, including such services as a studio lighting grid, lighting and grip equipment, multi-line phone service, broadband information technology access, industrial scale electrical capacity, food services, security services, and heating, ventilation and air conditioning. For purposes of clauses (D), (E), (E-1) and (F) of this subparagraph, property purchased by a taxpayer affiliated with a regulated broker, dealer, registered investment adviser, national securities exchange or board of trade, is allowed a credit under this subdivision if the property is used by its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, registered investment adviser, national securities exchange or board of trade in accordance with this subdivision. For purposes of determining if the property is principally used in qualifying uses, the uses by the taxpayer described in clauses (D) [and], (E), AND (E-1) of this subparagraph may be aggregated. In addition, the uses by the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated broker, dealer, and registered investment adviser under [either or both] ANY of those clauses may be aggregated. Provided, however, a taxpayer shall not be allowed the credit provided by clauses (D), (E), (E-1) and (F) of this subparagraph unless (I) eighty percent or more of the employees performing the administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment are located in this state or (II) the average number of employees that perform the administrative and support functions resulting from or related to the qualifying uses of such equipment and are located in this state during the taxable year for which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater than ninety-five percent of the average number of employees that perform these functions and are located in this state during the thirty-six

1 months immediately preceding the year for which the credit is claimed,
2 or (III) the number of employees located in this state during the taxa-
3 ble year for which the credit is claimed is equal to or greater than
4 ninety percent of the number of employees located in this state on
5 December thirty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight or, if the taxpayer
6 was not a calendar year taxpayer in nineteen hundred ninety-eight, the
7 last day of its first taxable year ending after December thirty-first,
8 nineteen hundred ninety-eight. If the taxpayer becomes subject to tax in
9 this state after the taxable year beginning in nineteen hundred ninety-
10 eight, then the taxpayer is not required to satisfy the employment test
11 provided in the preceding sentence of this subparagraph for its first
12 taxable year. For purposes of clause (III) of this subparagraph the
13 employment test will be based on the number of employees located in this
14 state on the last day of the first taxable year the taxpayer is subject
15 to tax in this state. If the uses of the property must be aggregated to
16 determine whether the property is principally used in qualifying uses,
17 then either each affiliate using the property must satisfy this employ-
18 ment test or this employment test must be satisfied through the aggre-
19 gation of the employees of the taxpayer, its affiliated regulated
20 broker, dealer, and registered investment adviser using the property.
21 For purposes of this subdivision, the term "goods" shall not include
22 electricity.

23 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.