

502

2009-2010 Regular Sessions

I N A S S E M B L Y

(PREFILED)

January 7, 2009

Introduced by M. of A. JEFFRIES -- read once and referred to the Committee on Children and Families

AN ACT to amend the social services law, in relation to providing drug rehabilitative services to parents of a newborn who tests positive for alcohol and/or controlled substances; to amend the public health law, in relation to providing for testing of newborns for alcohol or controlled substances and establishing guidelines for sample testing; and to amend the family court act, in relation to the admissibility of laboratory tests showing usage of a controlled substance and referring certain alcohol and substance abusers to drug treatment court

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 2 of section 422 of the social services law is
2 amended by adding a new paragraph (e) to read as follows:
3 (E) WHENEVER A REPORT HAS BEEN TRANSMITTED TO THE STATE CENTRAL REGIS-
4 TER FOR ABUSE AND MALTREATMENT BY AN ATTENDING PHYSICIAN THAT A NEWBORN
5 HAS TESTED POSITIVE FOR ALCOHOL AND/OR FOR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS
6 DEFINED IN SECTION THIRTY-THREE HUNDRED SIX OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW AND
7 THAT SUCH POSITIVE TOXICOLOGY WAS CONFIRMED BY A GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY WITH
8 MASS SPECTROMETRY TEST, THE LOCAL DISTRICT SHALL CONDUCT AN INVESTI-
9 GATION OF THE SUBJECT OF THE REPORT AND SHALL INVESTIGATE THE HOME IN
10 WHICH THE NEWBORN IS TO RESIDE WITH THE CUSTODIAL PARENT IN ORDER TO
11 ASSESS WHETHER SUCH LIVING ARRANGEMENTS WILL IMPAIR THE CHILD OR PLACE
12 THE CHILD AT IMMINENT RISK OF IMPAIRMENT PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF
13 PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWELVE OF THIS
14 TITLE AND SUBDIVISION (F) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND TWELVE OF THE FAMILY
15 COURT ACT. THE LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES COMMISSIONER SHALL IN WRITING
16 INFORM THE SUBJECT OF A REPORT TO THE CENTRAL REGISTER PURSUANT TO THIS
17 SUBDIVISION OF THE AVAILABILITY OF DRUG AND/OR ALCOHOL SUBSTANCE ABUSE
18 TREATMENT PROGRAMS, INCLUDING INTENSIVE CAREGIVER REHABILITATION

EXPLANATION--Matter in *ITALICS* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

LBD00068-01-9

SERVICES, IN WHICH THE SUBJECT OF THE REPORT MAY PARTICIPATE. THE LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT OR THE HOSPITAL SHALL, IF APPROPRIATE, MAKE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE ADMISSION OF THE CARETAKER PARENT AND CHILD OR CHILDREN INTO A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROGRAM OR INTO AN OUT-PATIENT TREATMENT PROGRAM PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED NINE-A OF THIS ARTICLE. THE SUBJECT OF A REPORT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE INFORMED IN WRITING BY THE LOCAL COMMISSIONER OF SOCIAL SERVICES OF THE POSSIBLE CIVIL CONSEQUENCES OF FAILING TO PARTICIPATE AND COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF A SUBSTANCE-ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAM.

S 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 409-a of the social services law, as added by chapter 610 of the laws of 1979 and as designated by chapter 731 of the laws of 1989, such subdivision as renumbered by chapter 465 of the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

(a) Regulations of the department, promulgated pursuant to and not inconsistent with this section, shall contain program standards including, but not limited to: specification of services to be classified as preventive services, WHICH SHALL INCLUDE SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT SERVICES PROVIDED TO A PREGNANT WOMAN OR A CARETAKER PERSON; appropriate circumstances and conditions for the provision of particular services; appropriate providers and recipients of such services; and time limits, as may be appropriate, for the provision of particular services. The department shall, subject to the approval of the director of the budget, establish reimbursement or charge limitations for particular services or groups of services to be provided. The department shall also promulgate regulations to prevent social services districts from overutilizing particular forms or types of preventive services and to encourage districts to provide balanced preventive services programs based on the identified needs of children and families residing in such districts.

S 3. Section 423 of the social services law is amended by adding a new subdivision 7 to read as follows:

7. (A) SUBJECT TO THE AMOUNTS ANNUALLY APPROPRIATED SPECIFICALLY THEREFOR, THE COMMISSIONER OF THE OFFICE OF CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES IS AUTHORIZED TO ISSUE GRANTS TO NOT-FOR-PROFIT ORGANIZATIONS WHICH SHALL, TO THE EXTENT PRACTICABLE, BE COMMUNITY-BASED AND/OR CONSORTIA OF ORGANIZATIONS WITH COMMUNITY ADVISORY BOARDS, TO CREATE AND ENHANCE CAREGIVER REHABILITATION SERVICES WHICH WILL PROVIDE A SUBSTANCE ABUSING PREGNANT WOMAN OR A CARETAKER PERSON WITH RESIDENTIAL AND/OR OUT-PATIENT TREATMENT SERVICES, INCLUDING COUNSELING, PARENTING SKILLS AND INTENSIVE CASE MONITORING. CAREGIVER REHABILITATION SERVICES SHALL PROVIDE SUCH ELIGIBLE PERSONS WITH AN OPPORTUNITY TO RECEIVE INTENSIVE REHABILITATION TREATMENT AND INTENSIVE CASE MANAGEMENT SPECIALLY TAILORED TO ACCOMMODATE THE NEEDS OF EXPECTANT MOTHERS AND CAREGIVERS WITH CHILDREN.

(B) LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICTS SHALL MAKE THE PROVISION OF SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT SERVICES TO A PREGNANT WOMAN OR A CARETAKER PERSON A PRIORITY WHENEVER SUCH PERSON IS THE SUBJECT OF A REPORT TO THE CENTRAL REGISTER PURSUANT TO SECTION FOUR HUNDRED TWENTY-TWO OF THIS TITLE OR WHENEVER SUCH PERSON REQUESTS SUCH ASSISTANCE FROM THE LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT IN WHICH SUCH PERSON RESIDES. SUCH SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT PROGRAMS SHALL BE CALLED INTENSIVE CAREGIVER REHABILITATION SERVICES. THE INTENSIVE CAREGIVER REHABILITATION SERVICES PROGRAM SHALL BE PROVIDED TO ELIGIBLE PERSONS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IN ORDER TO PERMIT A CHILD TO BE PLACED WITH THE CHILD'S PARENT IN A RESIDENTIAL PROGRAM THAT PROVIDES TREATMENT AND OTHER NECESSARY SERVICES FOR PARENTS AND CHILDREN, INCLUDING COUNSELING, PARENTING SERVICES AND INTENSIVE CASE MONITORING WHEN:

(I) THE PARENT OR CAREGIVER IS ATTEMPTING TO OVERCOME A SUBSTANCE ABUSE PROBLEM AND IS COMPLYING WITH AN APPROVED TREATMENT PLAN;

(II) THE SAFETY OF THE CHILD CAN BE ASSURED;

(III) THE RANGE OF SERVICES PROVIDED BY THE PROGRAM IS DESIGNED TO APPROPRIATELY ADDRESS THE NEEDS OF THE PARENT AND CHILD; AND

(IV) THE GOAL OF THE CASE PLAN FOR THE CHILD IS EITHER TO PREVENT AN OUT OF HOME PLACEMENT OR TO TRY TO REUNIFY THE CHILD WITH THE FAMILY. OUT-PATIENT SERVICES SHALL ALSO BE MADE AVAILABLE BY THE LOCAL SOCIAL SERVICES DISTRICT TO THOSE PREGNANT WOMEN AND CAREGIVERS WHOSE CIRCUMSTANCES PREVENT THEM FROM ENROLLING IN A RESIDENTIAL TREATMENT PROGRAM BUT WHO ARE SEEKING INTENSIVE CAREGIVER REHABILITATION SERVICES IN AN EFFORT TO ELIMINATE THEIR ADDICTION WHILE PRESERVING THEIR FAMILIES.

(C) THE INTENSIVE CAREGIVER REHABILITATION SERVICES PROGRAM SHALL HAVE A CASEWORKER TO CLIENT RATIO WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE TO EIGHT. INTENSIVE TREATMENT SERVICES SHALL BE PROVIDED TO ELIGIBLE FAMILIES FOR NOT LESS THAN NINETY DAYS ON EITHER A RESIDENTIAL OR AN OUT-PATIENT BASIS; AND, WEEKLY FOLLOW-UP SERVICES SHALL BE PROVIDED FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LESS THAN THREE MONTHS AS DETERMINED ON A CASE-BY-CASE BASIS.

(D) THE COMMISSIONER OF THE OFFICE OF CHILDREN AND FAMILY SERVICES SHALL ISSUE A REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS TO SOLICIT APPLICATIONS FROM APPLICANTS FROM COMMUNITIES IDENTIFIED AS HIGH NEED FROM AMONG SUCH FACTORS AS RATES OF CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT, FEMALE INCARCERATION FOR DRUG RELATED NON-VIOLENT CRIMES, FOSTER CARE PLACEMENT RATES, POVERTY RATES AND PERCENTAGES OF HOUSEHOLDS ON PUBLIC ASSISTANCE.

(E) FUNDING PRIORITY SHALL BE GIVEN TO PROJECTS WHICH DEVELOP AND IMPLEMENT A PERFORMANCE PLAN WITH SPECIFIC VERIFIABLE GOALS WHICH SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO: REDUCTION OR ELIMINATION OF DRUG DEPENDENCY AT PROGRAM'S COMPLETION, FOSTER CARE PREVENTION, PREVENTION OF SUBSEQUENT INVOLVEMENT OF CAREGIVER WITH THE LOCAL CHILD PROTECTIVE SERVICES AGENCY, APPROPRIATE PARENT/CAREGIVER CHILD INTERACTION, MAINTENANCE OF A HEALTHY HOME ENVIRONMENT AND PARTICIPATION OF CHILD AND FAMILY IN COUNSELING AND/OR SUPPORT SERVICES.

S 4. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 2500-k to read as follows:

S 2500-K. ALCOHOL AND SUBSTANCE ABUSE; SCREENING AND/OR TESTING OF NEWBORNS. 1. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ESTABLISH A COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM FOR THE SCREENING AND/OR TESTING OF NEWBORNS FOR EXPOSURE TO ALCOHOL AND/OR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE, INCLUDING EXPOSURE WHICH RESULTS FROM THE ABUSE OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS.

2. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL, NO LATER THAN NOVEMBER THIRTIETH, TWO THOUSAND TEN DEVELOP DEPARTMENTAL RULES AND REGULATIONS FOR USE BY ADMINISTRATORS OF PRIVATE AND PUBLIC HOSPITALS IN NEW YORK STATE WHICH ESTABLISH A UNIFORM HOSPITAL PROTOCOL IMPLEMENTING THE PROGRAM REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION. SUCH PROTOCOL SHALL INCLUDE THE ADMINISTRATION OF SCREENING, TESTING, REVIEW PROCESSES, COUNSELING AND REFERRALS FOR SUBSTANCE ABUSE TREATMENT, WHERE APPROPRIATE. SUCH PROTOCOLS SHALL DETAIL THE PRESENTING MEDICAL SYMPTOMS WHICH SHALL REQUIRE THE RESPONSIBLE PHYSICIAN OR BIRTH ATTENDANT TO SCREEN, TEST AND INITIATE A REVIEW PROCESS FOR EXPOSURE TO ALCOHOL AND/OR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE AS DEFINED IN SECTION THIRTY-THREE HUNDRED SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. SUCH PROTOCOLS SHALL EXPLICITLY STATE THAT THE EXPECTANT MOTHER'S AGE, RACE, MARITAL STATUS, SOURCE OF INCOME, RESIDENCE, INSURANCE PROVIDER, EDUCATIONAL LEVEL, OCCUPATION, PLACE OF EMPLOYMENT OR PROFESSION SHALL NOT BE A CONSIDERATION IN DETERMINING WHETHER OR NOT TO TEST A NEWBORN FOR EXPOSURE TO ALCOHOL AND/OR A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE. SUCH PROTOCOL SHALL REQUIRE THAT: (A) EACH SCREENING FOR ALCOHOL AND/OR DRUGS

1 BE SUBJECTED TO A SECOND CONFIRMATORY TEST WHICH SHALL BE THE GAS CHRO-
2 MATOGRAPHY WITH MASS SPECTROMETRY TEST; (B) THAT A MEDICAL REVIEW OFFI-
3 CER INTERVIEW THE EXPECTANT OR POST-PARTUM WOMAN RELATIVE TO A POSITIVE
4 TOXICOLOGY REPORT ON HER NEWBORN; AND (C) EACH HOSPITAL COLLECT BLIND
5 DATA ON THE SCREENING, TESTING AND TREATMENT REFERRALS, WHEN APPROPRI-
6 ATE, TO FAMILIES OF NEWBORNS.

7 3. COMMENCING ON THE FIRST OF JANUARY NEXT SUCCEEDING THE DATE ON
8 WHICH THIS SECTION SHALL HAVE BECOME A LAW, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ANNU-
9 ALLY MAKE AND PUBLISH A REPORT NO LATER THAN THE FIFTEENTH OF DECEMBER
10 OF EACH YEAR. SUCH REPORT SHALL EVALUATE THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE ALCO-
11 HOL AND DRUG SCREENING AND TESTING POLICY AND PROTOCOL ESTABLISHED BY
12 THIS SUBDIVISION. SUCH REPORT SHALL INCLUDE, BUT NOT BE LIMITED TO THE
13 FOLLOWING: THE NUMBER OF NEWBORNS SCREENED FOR EXPOSURE TO ALCOHOL OR A
14 CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE BY AGE, RACE, COLOR, ETHNICITY, SOCIO-ECONOMIC
15 STATUS, TYPE OF MEDICAL INSURANCE, AND ZIP CODE; THE NUMBER OF SCREENS
16 WHICH RESULTED IN A POSITIVE TOXICOLOGY; THE NUMBER OF SCREENS WHICH
17 WERE THEN SUBJECTED TO A SECOND CONFIRMATORY TEST; THE NUMBER OF FALSE
18 POSITIVE TOXICOLOGY REPORTS; THE NUMBER OF REVIEWS CONDUCTED BY A
19 MEDICAL REVIEW OFFICER WHICH DETERMINED THERE WAS A LOW PROBABILITY OF
20 ALCOHOL OR SUBSTANCE ABUSE BY RACE, COLOR, ETHNICITY, SOCIO-ECONOMIC
21 STATUS, TYPE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE, AND ZIP CODE; THE NUMBER OF PHYSI-
22 CIAN REPORTS TO THE STATE CENTRAL REGISTER FOR CHILD ABUSE AND MALTREAT-
23 MENT OF A POSITIVE TOXICOLOGY WHICH HAS BEEN CONFIRMED AND REVIEWED; THE
24 NUMBER OF WOMEN ADMITTED TO AN INTENSIVE CAREGIVER REHABILITATIVE
25 SERVICES PROGRAM AS A RESULT OF HOSPITAL INTERVENTION; THE NUMBER OF
26 ALCOHOL AND DRUG SCREENS PERFORMED BY PRIVATE HOSPITALS; AND, THE NUMBER
27 OF ALCOHOL AND DRUG SCREENS PERFORMED BY PUBLIC HOSPITALS.

28 4. ANY ALLEGED DISCRIMINATORY PRACTICE BY A PHYSICIAN AND/OR HOSPITAL
29 IN ITS APPLICATION OF SCREENING, TESTING AND REVIEW PROTOCOLS ESTAB-
30 LISHED BY THIS SECTION SHALL BE ACTIONABLE BY A PRIVATE CAUSE OF ACTION
31 UNDER THE CIVIL RIGHTS LAW.

32 S 5. Section 206 of the public health law is amended by adding a new
33 subdivision 26 to read as follows:

34 26. (A) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS WHICH
35 MAY REQUIRE ANY PARTY PERFORMING ANALYSIS ON SAMPLES, PURSUANT TO THE
36 PURPOSES OF THIS CHAPTER, TO BE SUBJECT TO AN INSPECTION AND VERIFICA-
37 TION CRITERIA PRESCRIBED BY THE DEPARTMENT. SUCH CRITERIA SHALL BE A
38 NECESSARY COMPONENT OF ALL AGREEMENTS FOR SERVICES, AND REQUEST FOR
39 PROPOSALS ENTERED INTO FOR THE PURPOSE OF SATISFYING THE PROVISIONS OF
40 THIS CHAPTER. SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL APPLY TO ALL ENTITIES
41 PERFORMING DUTIES TO SATISFY THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS CHAPTER.

42 (B) SUCH CRITERIA SHALL CONSIST OF AT LEAST THE FOLLOWING:

43 (1) A DETERMINATION OF CUTOFF LIMITS FOR EACH TESTED COMPONENT;

44 (2) A PRESCRIBED CHAIN OF CUSTODY GUIDELINES;

45 (3) A REPORTING, REVIEW, AND RETEST PROTOCOL;

46 (4) A DETERMINATION OF ACCEPTABLE LEVELS OF THE ACCURACY FOR THE LABO-
47 RATORY, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:

48 (I) THE RATE OF FALSE NEGATIVES;

49 (II) THE RATE OF FALSE POSITIVES;

50 (III) THE NUMBER OF POSITIVE SAMPLES TESTED;

51 (IV) THE NUMBER OF NEGATIVE SAMPLES TESTED;

52 (V) THE SENSITIVITY OF THE TESTING PROCEDURE;

53 (VI) THE SPECIFICITY OF THE TESTING PROCEDURE;

54 (VII) THE TYPE OF TESTING EQUIPMENT; AND

55 (VIII) THE LEVEL OF TRAINING OF STAFF PARTICIPATING IN THE TESTING
56 PROCEDURE;

(5) A SCHEDULE FOR REVIEW AND INSPECTION OF THESE FACILITIES WITH THE PERIOD BETWEEN SUCH REVIEWS NOT TO EXCEED ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAYS;

(6) A PROCEDURE FOR RE-EVALUATION OF SAMPLES DIAGNOSED BY A FACILITY OUT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CRITERIA ESTABLISHED BY THIS SUBDIVISION, ALL SAMPLES DEEMED TO HAVE BEEN DIAGNOSED BY AN OUT OF COMPLIANCE FACILITY SHALL BE ELIGIBLE FOR RE-EVALUATION, THOSE SAMPLES SUBJECTED TO A VIOLATION OF CHAIN OF CUSTODY STANDARDS SHALL BE DEEMED UNUSEABLE AND ADDITIONAL SAMPLES MUST BE OBTAINED FOR A VALID TEST TO BE PERFORMED;

(7) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL COMPILE THE INFORMATION GATHERED IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SUBDIVISION, INTO A REPORT TO BE PUBLISHED ANNUALLY, AND SUCH REPORT SHALL BE DELIVERED TO THE GOVERNOR, TEMPORARY PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE, AND THE SPEAKER OF THE ASSEMBLY. INDIVIDUAL RESULTS OF PARTICULAR SAMPLES SHALL NOT BE DISCLOSED IN SUCH REPORT.

S 6. Paragraphs (vii) and (viii) of subdivision (a) of section 1046 of the family court act, paragraph (vii) as amended by chapter 432 of the laws of 1993 and paragraph (viii) as added by chapter 1015 of the laws of 1972, are amended and a new paragraph (ix) is added to read as follows:

(vii) neither the privilege attaching to confidential communications between husband and wife, as set forth in section forty-five hundred two of the civil practice law and rules, nor the physician-patient and related privileges, as set forth in section forty-five hundred four of the civil practice law and rules, nor the psychologist-client privilege, as set forth in section forty-five hundred seven of the civil practice law and rules, nor the social worker-client privilege, as set forth in section forty-five hundred eight of the civil practice law and rules, nor the rape crisis counselor-client privilege, as set forth in section forty-five hundred ten of the civil practice law and rules, shall be a ground for excluding evidence which otherwise would be admissible[.]; AND

(viii) proof of the "impairment of emotional health" or "impairment of mental or emotional condition" as a result of the unwillingness or inability of the respondent to exercise a minimum degree of care toward a child may include competent opinion or expert testimony and may include proof that such impairment lessened during a period when the child was in the care, custody or supervision of a person or agency other than the respondent[.]; AND

(IX) THE RESULTS OF ANY LABORATORY TEST SHOWING THE USAGE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE BY, OR THE PRESENCE OF A CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IN, A PARENT, CHILD OR OTHER PERSON SHALL BE ADMISSIBLE ONLY IF:

(A) SUCH TEST WAS CONDUCTED BY A LABORATORY THAT HAS MET THE REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY SECTION FIVE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW AND HAS BEEN LICENSED BY THE STATE PURSUANT TO SUCH SECTION; AND

(B) THE LABORATORY AND THE PERSON OR INSTITUTION COLLECTING THE SAMPLE HAS ESTABLISHED A CHAIN OF CUSTODY PROCEDURE FOR SAMPLE COLLECTING AND TESTING THAT WILL VERIFY THE IDENTITY OF EACH SAMPLE AND TEST RESULT; AND

(C) THE COLLECTING ENTITY DIVIDES THE SAMPLE COLLECTED, IF SUFFICIENT INTO TWO SEPARATE CONTAINERS AND PRESERVES ONE SAMPLE IN A SECURE FREEZER IN SUCH A WAY THAT IT CAN BE LATER TESTED FOR THE PRESENCE OF ALCOHOL OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCES; AND

(D) THE SAMPLE IS RETESTED, BY GAS CHROMATOGRAPHY WITH MASS SPECTROMETRY WHICH PROVIDES QUANTITATIVE DATA ABOUT THE DETECTED DRUG OR DRUG METABOLITES; AND

1 (E) THE RESULTS INCLUDE THE TYPE OF TESTS CONDUCTED, THE RESULTS OF
2 EACH TEST, AND THE DETECTION LEVEL, MEANING THE CUTOFF OR MEASURE USED
3 TO DISTINGUISH POSITIVE FROM NEGATIVE SAMPLES.

4 S 7. Section 1051 of the family court act is amended by adding a new
5 subdivision (g) to read as follows:

6 (G) WHERE THE COURT MAKES A FINDING OF NEGLECT OR ABUSE AND FINDS THAT
7 THE PARENT OR OTHER PERSON LEGALLY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CHILD MISUSES A
8 DRUG OR DRUGS OR ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES, THE COURT MAY REFER THE CASE TO A
9 PART OF THE COURT KNOWN AS THE "DRUG TREATMENT COURT". THE DRUG TREAT-
10 MENT COURT MAY REQUIRE THAT THE RESPONDENT MEET WITH A CASE MANAGER,
11 COMPLY WITH A TREATMENT PLAN, AND SUBMIT TO OVERSIGHT BY THE COURT,
12 INCLUDING REGULAR DRUG TESTING. THE DRUG TREATMENT COURT SHALL PROVIDE
13 FOR SPEEDY ENROLLMENT OF RESPONDENTS INTO APPROPRIATE TREATMENT
14 PROGRAMS, FREQUENT AND CONSISTENT MONITORING OF RESPONDENTS INCLUDING
15 REWARDING OF GOOD BEHAVIOR AND PENALIZING OF POOR BEHAVIOR, AND EXPE-
16 DITED DECISION MAKING.

17 S 8. This act shall take effect immediately.