

11347

I N A S S E M B L Y

June 3, 2010

Introduced by COMMITTEE ON RULES -- (at request of M. of A. Sweeney) --
read once and referred to the Committee on Environmental Conservation

AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to
natural gas development using hydraulic fracturing and to repeal
certain provisions of such law relating thereto

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEM-
BLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- 1 Section 1. Legislative declarations and purpose. 1. The legislature
2 recognizes that the expansion of natural gas development in the state of
3 New York using hydraulic fracturing poses unique threats to human health
4 and to the environment. The legislature further recognizes that New
5 York's current laws are inadequate to protect against these threats.
6 2. As natural gas development expands, it is the highest priority of
7 this state to protect human health as well as to ensure the safety of
8 irreplaceable natural assets such as safe drinking water, clean air,
9 wildlife, and the aesthetic beauty of the state.
10 3. Hydraulic fracturing utilizes components that are often toxic, that
11 are non-biodegradable, and that are virtually impossible to remove once
12 they enter the natural environment. Many of these hazardous chemicals
13 are known carcinogens and others can cause other life threatening
14 illnesses. Drinking water contamination from hydraulic fracturing can
15 lead to exposure to endocrine disrupting agents and to other chemicals
16 that can cause kidney, liver, heart, blood, brain damage and other
17 hazardous health effects.
18 4. Hydraulic fracturing operations withdraw millions of gallons of
19 water from the ground and surface waters of the state, which are a
20 precious, finite and invaluable resource, upon which there is likely to
21 be an ever-increasing demand for present, new and competing uses. The
22 withdrawal of ground and surface waters of the state should be regulated
23 in a manner that benefits the people of the state and is compatible with
24 long-range water resource planning and with managing such waters in the
25 public trust for the benefit of all New Yorkers.
26 5. Hydraulic fracturing operations result in wastewater that returns
27 to the surface laden with salt, heavy metals, other chemicals and radio-

EXPLANATION--Matter in *ITALICS* (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[] is old law to be omitted.

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1 active elements. In other states, this wastewater is often stored in
2 open pits until transported for ultimate disposal. Chemicals evaporate
3 from these open pits, contributing to air pollution. Leaks and spills of
4 chemicals from the trucks and waste pits may cause contamination of
5 surface waters. Fracturing fluid left underground could migrate or seep
6 through fractures in underground formations, cracks in well-bore
7 casings, through abandoned wells, or otherwise to pollute groundwater.
8 Given the increased prevalence of natural gas drilling in the state,
9 these negative effects may increase if the process of natural gas
10 extraction is not carefully and thoughtfully regulated.

11 6. One of the chief environmental and infrastructure assets of the
12 state of New York is its drinking water systems, which play a fundamen-
13 tal role in the economic productivity and public health of the state.
14 The policy of the state with respect to the management of shale gas
15 extraction must be one of zero drinking water risk.

16 7. Furthermore, natural gas exploration must be carried out in a
17 manner that is sensitive to the ecological richness and aesthetic beauty
18 of the state. Widespread, uncontrolled natural gas development using
19 hydraulic fracturing will diminish or destroy the natural beauty of the
20 land and disrupt the natural habitat of wildlife. The legislature finds
21 that natural gas development must be carried out to minimize these
22 effects to the maximum extent possible.

23 8. Natural gas extraction can impose both monetary and non-monetary
24 costs on municipalities and cause property damage or otherwise reduce
25 the property value of private land owners. It is the intention of the
26 legislature that all persons who undertake natural gas development in
27 the state of New York take full responsibility for their actions, and
28 act consistent with local concerns.

29 9. Although natural gas development provides the promise of economic
30 benefit for the state of New York, the state must ensure that the bene-
31 fits outweigh the costs. It is the policy of the state that natural gas
32 development practices will be sustainable, respectful, and safe. This
33 act is intended to ensure that goal is met.

34 S 2. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
35 section 17-0709 to read as follows:

36 S 17-0709. WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITIES.

37 NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE CONTRARY CONTAINED IN SUBDIVISION
38 TWENTY-ONE OF SECTION 17-0105 OF THIS ARTICLE, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL,
39 AFTER HOLDING A PUBLIC HEARING WITH DUE NOTICE, PROMULGATE REGULATIONS
40 ESTABLISHING A STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE FOR THE CONTROL OF THE DISCHARGE
41 OF POLLUTANTS FROM FACILITIES WHICH TREAT WASTEWATER FROM HYDRAULIC
42 FRACTURING OPERATIONS. THIS STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE SHALL REFLECT THE
43 GREATEST DEGREE OF EFFLUENT REDUCTION WHICH THE COMMISSIONER DETERMINES
44 TO BE ACHIEVABLE THROUGH APPLICATION OF THE BEST AVAILABLE DEMONSTRATED
45 CONTROL TECHNOLOGY, PROCESSES, OPERATING METHODS, OR OTHER ALTERNATIVES,
46 INCLUDING, WHERE PRACTICABLE, A STANDARD PERMITTING NO DISCHARGE OF
47 POLLUTANTS. THIS STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT UNTIL
48 SUCH TIME THAT THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT DETERMINES THAT A GREATER DEGREE
49 OF EFFLUENT LIMITATION IS ACHIEVABLE BY THIS CATEGORY OF FACILITIES, AT
50 WHICH TIME THIS STANDARD OF PERFORMANCE SHALL BE SUPERSEDED BY SUCH
51 FEDERAL STANDARD.

52 S 3. Section 23-0101 of the environmental conservation law, as amended
53 by chapter 846 of the laws of 1981 and subdivision 1 as amended by chap-
54 ter 891 of the laws of 1984, is amended to read as follows:

55 S 23-0101. Definitions.

56 As used in this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

1 1. "AIR POLLUTANT" MEANS VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOCs) AS DEFINED
2 AT 40 CFR 51.100(S), HAZARDOUS AIR POLLUTANTS (HAPS) AS DEFINED AT 42
3 USC S 7412(B) AND 40 CFR 63, NITROGEN OXIDES (NOX), CARBON MONOXIDE
4 (CO), METHANE (CH₄), ETHANE (C₂H₆), PARTICULATE MATTER (PM₁₀ AND PM_{2.5}),
5 OZONE (O₃), LEAD (Pb), SULFUR DIOXIDE (SO₂) AND OTHER AIR CONTAMINANTS
6 AS MAY BE IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT.

7 2. "BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (BMPS)" ARE PRACTICES THAT ARE DESIGNED
8 TO PREVENT OR REDUCE IMPACTS CAUSED BY OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS TO AIR,
9 WATER, SOIL, OR BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES, AND TO MINIMIZE ADVERSE IMPACTS TO
10 PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE, INCLUDING THE ENVIRONMENT AND WILD-
11 LIFE RESOURCES.

12 3. "Buffer zone" means all that area outside and surrounding the
13 underground gas storage reservoir which the department approves as
14 appropriate to protect the integrity of the reservoir, no part of which
15 shall be more than thirty-five hundred linear feet from the boundary
16 thereof.

17 [2.] 4. "Cavity" means an open or partially open space left after a
18 salt has been solution mined.

19 5. "CLOSED-LOOP SYSTEM" MEANS A SYSTEM FOR HANDLING OIL OR GAS EXPLO-
20 RATION, STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION WASTES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
21 DRILLING FLUIDS AND CUTTINGS, HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLOWBACK, PRODUCED
22 WATER, AND RESIDUAL SLUDGES OR BRINES, WITHOUT THE NEED FOR PITS.

23 [3.] 6. "Commissioner" means the commissioner of environmental conser-
24 vation.

25 7. "CONSEQUENCES OF ANY HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE" AS USED IN THIS SECTION
26 MEANS ANY DETRIMENTAL EFFECT TO THE HEALTH, SAFETY, WELFARE, OR AESTHET-
27 IC ENJOYMENT OF ANY CITIZEN, RESIDENT, OR VISITOR IN THE STATE BY A
28 HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE.

29 [4.] 8. "Department" means the department of environmental conserva-
30 tion.

31 9. "ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE" AS USED IN THIS SECTION MEANS DAMAGE TO:

32 A. ANY WATERS OF THE STATE;

33 B. ANY LAND SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE STRATA OF THE STATE;

34 C. ANY AMBIENT AIR WITHIN THE STATE; OR,

35 D. THE WILDLIFE OR ECOLOGICAL SYSTEMS IN THE LAND, AIR, OR WATERS OF
36 THE STATE.

37 [5.] 10. "Fund" means the oil and gas [fund as established in section
38 eighty-three-a of the state finance law] ACCOUNT ESTABLISHED UNDER CHAP-
39 TER FIFTY-EIGHT OF THE LAWS OF NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO.

40 [6.] 11. "Field" means the general area underlaid by one or more
41 pools.

42 [7.] 12. "Gas" means all natural, manufactured, mixed, and byproduct
43 gas, and all other hydrocarbons not defined as oil in this section.

44 13. "GROUNDWATER" MEANS WATER IN A SATURATED ZONE OR STRATUM BENEATH
45 THE SURFACE OF LAND OR WATER.

46 14. "GROUNDWATER WELL" MEANS ANY WELL DESIGNED OR USED FOR THE SOLE
47 PURPOSE OF OBTAINING GROUNDWATER.

48 15. "HAZARDOUS RELEASE" AS USED IN THIS SECTION MEANS THE RELEASE OF A
49 HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE.

50 16. "HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE" MEANS SUBSTANCES WHICH MEET THE FOLLOWING
51 CRITERIA, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THOSE LISTED IN N.Y.C.R.R. S
52 597.2:

53 A. BECAUSE OF THEIR QUANTITY, CONCENTRATION, OR PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL OR
54 INFECTIOUS CHARACTERISTICS CAUSE PHYSICAL INJURY OR ILLNESS WHEN IMPROP-
55 ERLY TREATED, STORED, TRANSPORTED, DISPOSED OF, OR OTHERWISE MANAGED;

1 B. POSE A PRESENT OR POTENTIAL HAZARD TO THE ENVIRONMENT WHEN IMPROPERLY
2 TREATED, STORED, TRANSPORTED, DISPOSED OF, OR OTHERWISE MANAGED;

3 C. BECAUSE OF THEIR TOXICITY OR CONCENTRATION WITHIN BIOLOGICAL
4 CHAINS, PRESENT A DEMONSTRATED THREAT TO BIOLOGICAL LIFE CYCLES WHEN
5 RELEASED INTO THE ENVIRONMENT;

6 D. HAVE AN ORAL LD (RAT) TOXICITY OF LESS THAN FIFTY MILLIGRAMS PER
7 KILOGRAM; OR HAVE AN INHALATION LC (RAT) TOXICITY OF LESS THAN TWO
8 MILLIGRAMS PER LITER; OR HAVE A DERMAL LD (RABBIT) TOXICITY OF LESS THAN
9 TWO HUNDRED MILLIGRAMS PER KILOGRAM; OR

10 E. CAUSE OR ARE CAPABLE OF CAUSING DEATH, SERIOUS ILLNESS OR SERIOUS
11 PHYSICAL INJURY TO ANY PERSON OR PERSONS AS A CONSEQUENCE OF RELEASE
12 INTO THE ENVIRONMENT.

13 [8.] 17. "Local agency" means any local agency, board, authority,
14 school district, commission or governing body, including any county,
15 city, town, village or other political subdivision of the state.

16 [9.] 18. "Metered" means the physical measurement of gas by means
17 acceptable to the department.

18 [10.] 19. "Oil" means crude petroleum oil and all other hydrocarbons,
19 regardless of gravity, that are produced at the wellhead in liquid form
20 by ordinary production methods and that are not the result of condensation
21 of gas.

22 20. "OIL AND GAS FACILITY" MEANS EQUIPMENT, IMPROVEMENTS, OR PHYSICAL
23 STRUCTURES, INCLUDING ANY OIL OR GAS WELLS, USED OR INSTALLED AT AN OIL
24 AND GAS LOCATION FOR THE EXPLORATION, PRODUCTION, WITHDRAWAL, GATHERING,
25 TREATMENT, OR PROCESSING OF OIL OR NATURAL GAS.

26 21. "OIL AND GAS LOCATION" MEANS A DEFINABLE AREA WHERE AN OPERATOR
27 HAS DISTURBED OR INTENDS TO DISTURB THE LAND SURFACE IN ORDER TO LOCATE
28 AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY.

29 22. "OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS" MEANS EXPLORATION FOR OIL AND GAS,
30 INCLUDING THE CONDUCT OF SEISMIC OPERATIONS AND THE DRILLING OF TEST
31 BORES; THE SITING, DRILLING, DEEPENING, RECOMPLETION, REWORKING, OR
32 ABANDONMENT OF AN OIL AND GAS WELL, UNDERGROUND INJECTION WELL, OR GAS
33 STORAGE WELL; PRODUCTION OPERATIONS RELATED TO ANY SUCH WELL INCLUDING
34 THE INSTALLATION OF FLOWLINES AND GATHERING SYSTEMS; THE GENERATION,
35 TRANSPORTATION, STORAGE, TREATMENT, OR DISPOSAL OF EXPLORATION AND
36 PRODUCTION WASTES; AND ANY CONSTRUCTION, SITE PREPARATION, OR RECLAMATION
37 ACTIVITIES ASSOCIATED WITH SUCH OPERATIONS.

38 23. "OPERATOR" MEANS ANY PERSON WHO EXERCISES THE RIGHT TO CONTROL THE
39 CONDUCT OF, OR WHO CONDUCTS, OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS.

40 [11.] 24. "Owner" means the person who has the right to drill into and
41 produce from a pool or a salt deposit and to appropriate the oil, gas or
42 salt he produces either for himself or others, or for himself and
43 others.

44 25. "PIT" MEANS ANY NATURAL OR MAN-MADE DEPRESSION IN THE GROUND USED
45 FOR THE PURPOSE OF RETAINING OR STORING SUBSTANCES ASSOCIATED WITH OIL
46 AND GAS OPERATIONS.

47 [12.] 26. "Person" means and includes any natural person, corporation,
48 association, partnership, receiver, trustee, executor, administrator,
49 guardian, fiduciary, or other representative of any kind, and includes
50 any department, agency or instrumentality of the state or any of its
51 governmental subdivisions.

52 [13.] 27. "Plug and abandon" means the plugging, replugging if necessary,
53 and abandonment of a well bore including the placing of all bridges,
54 plugs, and fluids therein and the restoration and reclamation of the
55 surface in the immediate vicinity to a reasonable condition consistent
56 with the adjacent terrain.

1 [14.] 28. "Pool" means an underground reservoir containing a common
2 accumulation of oil or gas or both; each zone of a structure which is
3 completely separated from any other zone in the same structure is a
4 pool.

5 29. "POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AREA" MEANS A MINORITY OR
6 LOW-INCOME COMMUNITY THAT MAY BEAR A DISPROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NEGA-
7 TIVE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSEQUENCES RESULTING FROM INDUSTRIAL, MUNICIPAL,
8 AND COMMERCIAL OPERATIONS OR THE EXECUTION OF FEDERAL, STATE, LOCAL, AND
9 TRIBAL PROGRAMS AND POLICIES.

10 [15.] 30. "Producer" means the owner of a well or wells capable of
11 producing oil, gas, or salt; or any salt or hydrocarbon mixture.

12 [16.] 31. "Product" means any commodity made from oil or gas and
13 includes refined crude oil, crude tops, topped crude, processed crude,
14 processed crude petroleum, residue from crude petroleum, cracking stock,
15 uncracked fuel oil, fuel oil, treated crude oil, residuum, gas oil,
16 casinghead gasoline, natural-gas gasoline, kerosene, benzine, wash oil,
17 waste oil, blended gasoline, lubricating oil, blends or mixtures of oil
18 with one or more liquid products or by-products derived from oil or gas,
19 and blends or mixtures of two or more liquid products or by-products
20 derived from oil or gas, whether herein enumerated or not.

21 32. "RELEASE" MEANS ANY SPILLING, LEAKING, PUMPING, POURING, EMIT-
22 TING, EMPTYING, DISCHARGING, ESCAPING, LEACHING, DUMPING OR DISCHARGING
23 INTO THE ENVIRONMENT (INCLUDING THE ABANDONMENT OR DISCARDING OF
24 BARRELS, CONTAINERS, AND OTHER CLOSED RECEPTACLES).

25 [17.] 33. "Reservoir" means any underground reservoir, natural or
26 artificial cavern or geologic dome, sand or stratigraphic trap, whether
27 or not previously occupied by or containing oil or gas.

28 [18.] 34. "Salt" means sodium chloride, evaporite or other water solu-
29 ble minerals, either in solution or as a solid or crystalline material
30 in a pure state or as a mixture.

31 35. "SITE" MEANS THE LOCATION OF ANY OIL AND GAS OPERATION, INCLUD-
32 ING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WELLS AND WELL PADS, STORAGE FACILITIES, NATURAL
33 GAS COMPRESSOR STATIONS, AND CENTRALIZED IMPOUNDMENTS.

34 [19.] 36. "Solution mining" means the dissolving of an underground
35 salt by water to produce a brine for transport to another underground or
36 surface location for sale, processing or storage.

37 37. "SURFACE WATER" MEANS ANY WATER OCCURRING ON THE EARTH'S SURFACE
38 IN THE FORM OF A STREAM, RIVER, POND, LAKE, WETLAND, OCEAN, ARTIFICIAL
39 CHANNEL OR RESERVOIR, OR OTHER SURFACE WATER BODY.

40 [20.] 38. "Waste" means

41 a. Physical waste, as that term is generally understood in the oil and
42 gas industry;

43 b. The inefficient, excessive or improper use of, or the unnecessary
44 dissipation of reservoir energy;

45 c. The locating, spacing, drilling, equipping, operating, or producing
46 of any oil or gas well or wells in a manner which causes or tends to
47 cause reduction in the quantity of oil or gas ultimately recoverable
48 from a pool under prudent and proper operations, or which causes or
49 tends to cause unnecessary or excessive surface loss or destruction of
50 oil or gas;

51 d. The inefficient storing of oil or gas; and

52 e. The flaring of gas produced from an oil or condensate well after
53 the department has found that the use of the gas, on terms that are just
54 and reasonable, is, or will be economically feasible within a reasonable
55 time.

1 S 4. Section 23-0303 of the environmental conservation law, as amended
2 by chapter 846 of the laws of 1981, is amended to read as follows:

3 S 23-0303. Administration of article.

4 1. Except to the extent that the administration of this article is
5 specifically entrusted to other agencies or officers of the state by its
6 provisions, such administration shall be by the department. Geological
7 services for the department in connection with the administration of
8 this article shall be provided by or in cooperation with the state geol-
9 ogist. Within appropriations therefor the department is authorized to
10 employ such personnel as may be necessary for the administration of this
11 article and may also employ or secure the services of such engineering,
12 technical and other consultants as it may require from time to time.

13 2. The provisions of this article shall supersede all local laws or
14 ordinances relating to the regulation of the oil, gas and solution
15 mining industries; [but shall not supersede local government jurisdic-
16 tion over local roads or the rights of local governments under the real
17 property tax law] PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NOTHING IN THIS ARTICLE SHALL
18 BE CONSTRUED TO PREVENT ANY LOCAL GOVERNMENT FROM:

19 A. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LOCAL LAWS OR ORDINANCES OF GENERAL APPLICA-
20 BILITY, EXCEPT THAT SUCH LOCAL LAWS OR ORDINANCES SHALL NOT REGULATE OIL
21 AND GAS OPERATIONS REGULATED BY STATE STATUTE OR REGULATION; OR

22 B. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LOCAL LAWS OR ORDINANCES RELATED TO THE REGU-
23 LATION AND MANAGEMENT OF LOCAL ROADS, SUCH AS INGRESS AND EGRESS TO
24 PUBLIC THOROUGHFARES CONTROLLED BY THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT; OR

25 C. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LAWS PURSUANT TO THE RIGHTS OF LOCAL GOVERN-
26 MENTS UNDER THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW; OR

27 D. ENFORCING ANY REQUIREMENT CONTAINED IN ANY OIL OR GAS PERMIT ISSUED
28 BY THE STATE; OR

29 E. ENACTING OR ENFORCING LOCAL ZONING ORDINANCES OR LAWS THAT DETER-
30 MINE PERMISSIBLE USES IN ZONING DISTRICTS, INCLUDING WHETHER OIL AND GAS
31 FACILITIES ARE PERMISSIBLE WITHIN A PARTICULAR ZONING DISTRICT. WHERE AN
32 OIL AND GAS FACILITY IS DESIGNATED A PERMISSIBLE USE IN A ZONING
33 DISTRICT AND ALLOWED BY SPECIAL USE PERMIT, CONDITIONS PLACED ON SUCH
34 SPECIAL USE PERMITS SHALL BE LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING:

35 I. REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS CONCERNING SETBACK FROM PROPERTY BOUND-
36 ARIES, SURFACE WATERS, GROUNDWATER WELLS, HOMES OR PRIVATE RESIDENCES,
37 CHURCHES, SCHOOLS, AND OTHER PUBLIC FACILITIES, AND PUBLIC THOROUGHFARE
38 RIGHTS-OF-WAY;

39 II. REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS CONCERNING NATURAL OR MAN-MADE BARRI-
40 ERS TO RESTRICT ACCESS FROM OIL AND GAS FACILITIES, IF REQUIRED; AND

41 III. DUST, NOISE, VIBRATION, OR LIGHT LIMITATIONS, AND REGULATION OF
42 HOURS OF OPERATION;

43 3. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION TO THE CONTRARY, LOCAL LAWS AND ORDI-
44 NANCES REGULATING ZONING, INCLUDING CONDITIONS IN SPECIAL USE PERMITS
45 THAT IMPOSE SETBACKS, THE REQUIREMENT OF NATURAL OR MANMADE BARRIERS, OR
46 LIMITATIONS ON DUST, NOISE, VIBRATION, LIGHT, OR HOURS OF OPERATION, DO
47 NOT CONSTITUTE THE REGULATION OF OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS REGULATED BY
48 STATE STATUTE OR REGULATION.

49 4. IN ORDER TO FACILITATE A MUNICIPALITY'S ABILITY TO EXERCISE ITS
50 AUTHORITY UNDER PARAGRAPH D OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, THE
51 DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE EVERY MUNICIPALITY WITH A COPY OF THE PERMIT OF
52 EACH WELL LOCATED OR PERMITTED TO BE LOCATED WITHIN ITS BOUNDARIES.

53 [3.] 5. a. The commissioner shall accept from municipalities requests
54 for funds from the oil and gas fund to reimburse the municipality for
55 costs incurred in repairing damages to municipal land or property. Such

1 requests shall include such explanatory material and documentation as
2 the commissioner may require.

3 b. The commissioner and director of the budget, may recommend payment
4 to the municipality to satisfy the request for reimbursement upon find-
5 ing that:

6 (1) The municipality has made a bona fide effort to seek relief and
7 recover its costs from those deemed to be responsible and any other
8 appropriate avenues, but has been unsuccessful;

9 (2) The damage was a direct result of activities regulated under this
10 article and that the amount of funds requested is reasonable in view of
11 such damages; and

12 (3) The costs were incurred after the effective date of this subdivi-
13 sion.

14 S 5. Paragraph d of subdivision 8 of section 23-0305 of the environ-
15 mental conservation law, as amended by chapter 846 of the laws of 1981,
16 is amended to read as follows:

17 d. Require the drilling, casing, operation, plugging and replugging of
18 wells and reclamation of surrounding land in accordance with rules and
19 regulations of the department in such manner as to prevent or remedy
20 [the following] ANY ACT RESULTING IN ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE, including but
21 not limited to: the escape of oil, gas, brine or water out of one stra-
22 tum into another; the intrusion of water into oil or gas strata other
23 than during enhanced recovery operations; the pollution of fresh water
24 supplies by oil, gas, salt water, DRILLING FLUIDS, HYDRAULIC FRACTURING
25 FLUIDS or other contaminants; and blowouts, cavings, seepages and fires.
26 SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS SHALL REGULATE THE TYPE, VOLUME, AND CONCEN-
27 TRATION OF ADDITIVES FOR THE PROTECTION OF HUMAN HEALTH AND THE ENVIRON-
28 MENT; AND SUCH REGULATIONS SHALL PROHIBIT THE USE OF DRILLING FLUIDS OR
29 HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLUIDS CONTAINING ANY CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE THAT UPON
30 EXPOSURE, INGESTION, INHALATION OR ASSIMILATION INTO ANY ORGANISM,
31 EITHER DIRECTLY FROM THE ENVIRONMENT, INCLUDING FROM DRINKING WATER, OR
32 INDIRECTLY THROUGH FOOD CHAINS, WILL, ON THE BASIS OF INFORMATION AVAIL-
33 ABLE TO THE DEPARTMENT, CAUSE DEATH, DISEASE, BEHAVIORAL ABNORMALITIES,
34 CANCER, GENETIC MUTATIONS, ENDOCRINE DISRUPTION, PHYSIOLOGICAL MALFUNC-
35 TIONS, INCLUDING MALFUNCTIONS IN REPRODUCTION, OR PHYSICAL DEFORMATIONS,
36 IN SUCH ORGANISMS OR THEIR OFFSPRING, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:
37 BENZENE AND ANY CHEMICAL SUBSTANCE THAT HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED PURSUANT TO
38 THE FEDERAL TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT AS PERSISTENT, BIOACCUMULATIVE
39 AND TOXIC.

40 S 6. Section 23-0305 of the environmental conservation law is amended
41 by adding a new subdivision 15 to read as follows:

42 15. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS REQUIRING DISCLOSURE
43 OF CHEMICALS USED IN OIL AND GAS WELL DRILLING AND HYDRAULIC FRACTURING,
44 INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS:

45 A. NO PERMIT TO DRILL, DEEPEN, PLUG BACK, OR CONVERT A WELL SHALL BE
46 ISSUED UNDER THIS ARTICLE UNTIL THE DEPARTMENT OBTAINS FROM THE PERMIT
47 APPLICANT A COMPLETE LIST OF THE CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS OF EACH ADDITIVE
48 THAT MAY BE USED IN DRILLING OR FRACTURING THE WELL SPECIFIED IN THE
49 APPLICATION;

50 B. WHENEVER THE DEPARTMENT OR A TREATING PHYSICIAN OR NURSE, DETER-
51 MINES THAT A MEDICAL EMERGENCY EXISTS AS A RESULT OF OIL OR GAS EXPLORA-
52 TION, STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION ACTIVITIES CONDUCTED BY A WELL DRILLING
53 PERMIT HOLDER OR ITS SUBCONTRACTORS AND THAT THE DISCLOSURE OF PROPRIE-
54 TARY CHEMICAL INFORMATION, INCLUDING THE IDENTITY OF ANY CHEMICAL OR THE
55 FORMULA OF ANY ADDITIVE USED IN DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC FRACTURING OF A
56 PERMITTED OIL OR GAS WELL, MAY BE NECESSARY FOR EMERGENCY OR FIRST-AID

1 TREATMENT, THE WELL DRILLING PERMIT HOLDER OR ANY SUBCONTRACTOR IN
2 POSSESSION OR CONTROL OF THE PROPRIETARY INFORMATION SHALL IMMEDIATELY
3 DISCLOSE THE PROPRIETARY INFORMATION REQUESTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OR THAT
4 TREATING PHYSICIAN OR NURSE, REGARDLESS OF THE EXISTENCE OF A WRITTEN
5 STATEMENT OF NEED OR A CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT. THE PERMIT HOLDER OR
6 SUBCONTRACTOR MAY REQUEST A WRITTEN STATEMENT OF NEED AND A CONFIDEN-
7 TIALITY AGREEMENT AS SOON THEREAFTER AS CIRCUMSTANCES PERMIT. IN THE
8 EVENT THE PERMIT HOLDER OR SUBCONTRACTOR FAILS TO IMMEDIATELY DISCLOSE
9 SUCH PROPRIETARY INFORMATION, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE AVAILABLE TO A
10 TREATING PHYSICIAN OR NURSE ALL INFORMATION WITHIN ITS POSSESSION RELAT-
11 ING TO THE INGREDIENTS OF ANY CHEMICAL OR THE FORMULA OF ANY ADDITIVE
12 USED IN DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC FRACTURING UTILIZED IN A PERMITTED OIL OR
13 GAS WELL SUSPECTED OF CAUSING SUCH EMERGENCY;

14 C. EACH PERMIT HOLDER SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF ANY CHANGES TO
15 THE CHEMICAL CONSTITUENTS USED IN DRILLING OR FRACTURING PRIOR TO THE
16 FLUID'S USE IN THE DRILLING OR FRACTURING PROCESS.

17 D. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE ANY DISCLOSURES FILED UNDER PARAGRAPH A
18 OR C OF THIS SUBDIVISION AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC AND SHALL POST SUCH
19 INFORMATION ON THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE.

20 S 7. Section 23-0313 of the environmental conservation law is amended
21 by adding four new subdivisions 3, 4, 5 and 6 to read as follows:

22 3. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS REQUIRING:

23 A. OIL AND GAS WELL OWNERS OR OPERATORS TO GIVE NOTICE TO THE DEPART-
24 MENT, LOCAL HEALTH DEPARTMENT AND RESPONDING EMERGENCY AGENCIES, IN
25 PERSON OR BY SUCH MEANS AS THE DEPARTMENT SHALL SPECIFY, IMMEDIATELY
26 AFTER THE RELEASE OF ANY FUEL, HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL OR WASTE STORED AT OR
27 GENERATED BY AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY OR USED IN WELL DRILLING OR HYDRAU-
28 LIC FRACTURING OPERATIONS.

29 B. NOTICE REQUIRED UNDER PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL INCLUDE
30 EACH OF THE FOLLOWING (TO THE EXTENT KNOWN AT THE TIME OF THE NOTICE AND
31 SO LONG AS NO DELAY IN RESPONDING TO THE RELEASE RESULTS):

32 I. THE CHEMICAL NAME OR IDENTITY OF ANY SUBSTANCE INVOLVED IN THE
33 RELEASE; AND

34 II. AN ESTIMATE OF THE QUANTITY OF ANY SUCH SUBSTANCE THAT WAS
35 RELEASED INTO THE ENVIRONMENT; AND

36 III. THE TIME AND DURATION OF THE RELEASE; AND

37 IV. THE MEDIUM OR MEDIA INTO WHICH THE RELEASE OCCURRED; AND

38 V. ANY KNOWN OR ANTICIPATED ACUTE OR CHRONIC HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED
39 WITH THE RELEASE AND, WHERE APPROPRIATE, ADVICE REGARDING MEDICAL ATTEN-
40 TION NECESSARY FOR EXPOSED INDIVIDUALS; AND

41 VI. PROPER PRECAUTIONS AND REMEDIAL ACTIONS TO TAKE AS A RESULT OF THE
42 RELEASE; AND

43 VII. THE NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF THE PERSON OR PERSONS TO BE
44 CONTACTED FOR FURTHER INFORMATION.

45 C. AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE AFTER A RELEASE THAT REQUIRES NOTICE UNDER
46 PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION, SUCH OWNER OR OPERATOR SHALL PROVIDE A
47 WRITTEN FOLLOW-UP EMERGENCY NOTICE (OR NOTICES, AS MORE INFORMATION
48 BECOMES AVAILABLE) SETTING FORTH AND UPDATING THE INFORMATION REQUIRED
49 UNDER PARAGRAPH B OF THIS SUBDIVISION, AND INCLUDING:

50 I. ACTIONS TAKEN TO RESPOND TO AND CONTAIN THE RELEASE;

51 II. ANY KNOWN OR ANTICIPATED ACUTE OR CHRONIC HEALTH RISKS ASSOCIATED
52 WITH THE RELEASE; AND

53 III. ADVICE REGARDING MEDICAL ATTENTION NECESSARY FOR EXPOSED INDIVID-
54 UALS.

1 D. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL POST ALL CHEMICAL SPILL REPORT INFORMATION
2 REFERENCED IN PARAGRAPHS A, B AND C OF THIS SUBDIVISION ON THE DEPART-
3 MENT'S WEBSITE.

4 4. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE RULES AND REGULATIONS REQUIRING
5 THAT OWNERS OR OPERATORS OF WELLS GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE TO ALL PERSONS
6 RESIDING WITHIN ONE HALF MILE OF ANY PROPOSED WELL SITE TWO WEEKS BEFORE
7 DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC FRACTURING OPERATIONS BEGIN. OWNERS OR OPERATORS
8 OF WELLS SHALL PUBLISH A NOTICE IN A LOCAL NEWSPAPER CIRCULATING IN THE
9 AREA OF THE PROPOSED WELL SITE TWO WEEKS BEFORE DRILLING OR HYDRAULIC
10 FRACTURING OPERATIONS BEGIN. WITHIN TWO BUSINESS DAYS OF GIVING NOTICE
11 UNDER THIS SECTION, A LIST OF RECIPIENTS AND A COPY OF ALL NOTICES, WITH
12 PROOF OF DELIVERY IN COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION, SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO
13 THE DEPARTMENT FOR INCLUSION IN THE DRILLING PERMIT FILE. COPIES OF ALL
14 NOTICES SHALL BE PUBLICLY AVAILABLE.

15 5. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEVELOP MAPS OF ALL KNOWN OIL AND GAS WELLS,
16 INCLUDING ACTIVE AND ABANDONED WELLS, IN NEW YORK USING A GEOGRAPHIC
17 INFORMATION SYSTEM AND MAKE THOSE MAPS SYSTEM PUBLICLY AVAILABLE ON THE
18 DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE.

19 6. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL CREATE AND OPERATE AN EMERGENCY 1-800 TELE-
20 PHONE NUMBER FOR PUBLIC USE IN IDENTIFYING AND REPORTING ANY OIL OR
21 NATURAL GAS-RELATED INCIDENTS TO THE DEPARTMENT.

22 S 8. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
23 section 23-0315 to read as follows:

24 S 23-0315. BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.

25 1. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL NOT PERMIT ANY OWNER OR OPERATOR TO COMMENCE
26 OPERATIONS TO DRILL, DEEPEN, PLUG BACK OR CONVERT A WELL FOR EXPLORA-
27 TION, PRODUCTION, STORAGE OR DISPOSAL UNLESS SUCH OPERATIONS IMPLEMENT
28 BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES.

29 2. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL INCLUDE ALL APPLICABLE BEST MANAGEMENT PRAC-
30 TICES AS CONDITIONS OF EACH PERMIT TO DRILL, DEEPEN, PLUG BACK OR
31 CONVERT A WELL.

32 3. EVERY THREE YEARS, AFTER HOLDING A PUBLIC HEARING WITH DUE NOTICE,
33 THE COMMISSIONER SHALL PUBLISH AN INVENTORY OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES
34 THAT MAY BE INCLUDED AS SPECIAL CONDITIONS OF PERMITS FOR NATURAL GAS
35 DRILLING, DEPENDING UPON SITE-SPECIFIC ANALYSIS OF A PROPOSED WELL SITE
36 AND AVAILABLE CONTROL TECHNOLOGIES. ANY BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT
37 MAY BE APPLIED TO ALL DRILLING PERMITS SHALL BE PROMULGATED AS REGU-
38 LATIONS IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE ADMINISTRATIVE
39 PROCEDURE ACT.

40 S 9. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
41 section 23-0317 to read as follows:

42 S 23-0317. LIABILITY.

43 1. LIABLE PARTIES. THE FOLLOWING PERSONS SHALL BE LIABLE UNDER SUBDI-
44 VISION TWO OF THIS SECTION:

45 A. THE OWNER OF AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY OR PIPELINE;

46 B. THE OPERATOR OF AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY OR PIPELINE;

47 C. ANY PERSON WHO BY CONTRACT, AGREEMENT, OR OTHERWISE ARRANGED FOR
48 THE TRANSPORT OF OIL OR GAS, OR FOR THE TRANSPORT, DISPOSAL, OR TREAT-
49 MENT OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS, INCLUDING
50 HAZARDOUS HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLUID OR ANY HAZARDOUS COMPONENTS THERE-
51 OF; AND,

52 D. ANY PERSON WHO ACCEPTS ANY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL AND GAS
53 OPERATIONS FOR RECYCLING, DISPOSAL, OR TREATMENT.

54 2. LIABILITY. ANY LIABLE PARTY MENTIONED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS
55 SECTION SHALL BE LIABLE FOR ANY ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE FROM, OR THE CONSE-
56 QUENCES OF ANY HAZARDOUS RELEASE FROM, AN OIL AND GAS FACILITY,

WELL-BORE, PIPELINE, OR FROM ANY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREA FOR OIL, GAS, OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS INCLUDING:

A. ALL COSTS OF REMOVAL OR REMEDIAL ACTION INCURRED BY THE STATE OR ANY SUBDIVISION THEREOF;

B. ANY OTHER NECESSARY COSTS OF RESPONSE OR MITIGATION INCURRED BY ANY OTHER PERSON AUTHORIZED BY THE STATE TO RESPOND TO THE CONTAMINATION OR MITIGATE THE EFFECTS THEREOF;

C. DAMAGES FOR INJURY TO, DESTRUCTION OF, OR LOSS OF NATURAL RESOURCES, INCLUDING THE REASONABLE COSTS OF ASSESSING SUCH INJURY, DESTRUCTION, OR LOSS RESULTING FROM SUCH A RELEASE; AND,

D. ALL DIRECT COSTS PROXIMATELY CAUSED BY THE ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR THE CONSEQUENCES OF ANY HAZARDOUS RELEASE TO PRIVATE PARTIES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO DAMAGE TO PROPERTY OWNED BY SUCH PARTIES OR INJURY TO PERSONAL HEALTH OR WELFARE.

3. LIMITATION OF LIABILITY. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHOULD BE CONSTRUED AS LIMITING THE LIABILITY OF ANY LIABLE PARTY IDENTIFIED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION AS AGAINST ANY PRIVATE PARTY IN A CIVIL ACTION.

4. NATURAL RESOURCES LIABILITY. A. IN THE EVENT OF AN INJURY TO, DESTRUCTION OF, OR LOSS OF NATURAL RESOURCES UNDER PARAGRAPH C OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, LIABILITY SHALL BE TO THE STATE OF NEW YORK; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO LIABILITY TO THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL BE IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH C OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, WHERE THE PARTY SOUGHT TO BE CHARGED HAS DEMONSTRATED THAT THE DAMAGES TO NATURAL RESOURCES COMPLAINED OF WERE SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFIED AS AN IRREVERSIBLE OR IRRETRIEVABLE COMMITMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES IN AN ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT STATEMENT, OR OTHER COMPARABLE ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS, AND THE DECISION TO GRANT A PERMIT OR LICENSE AUTHORIZES SUCH COMMITMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES, AND THE FACILITY OR PROJECT WAS OTHERWISE OPERATING WITHIN THE TERMS OF ITS PERMIT OR LICENSE.

B. THE COMMISSIONER, OR ANOTHER REPRESENTATIVE AUTHORIZED BY THE GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK, SHALL ACT ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC AS TRUSTEE OF SUCH NATURAL RESOURCES TO RECOVER FOR SUCH DAMAGES. SUMS RECOVERED BY THE COMMISSIONER AS TRUSTEE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE RETAINED BY THE TRUSTEE, WITHOUT FURTHER APPROPRIATION, FOR USE ONLY TO RESTORE, REPLACE, OR ACQUIRE THE EQUIVALENT OF SUCH NATURAL RESOURCES. THE MEASURE OF DAMAGES IN ANY ACTION UNDER PARAGRAPH C OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT BE LIMITED BY THE SUMS WHICH CAN BE USED TO RESTORE OR REPLACE SUCH RESOURCES.

5. FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY. A. ANY OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A WELL OR WELLS MUST, BEFORE COMMENCEMENT OF OPERATIONS, POST A LIABILITY BOND OR HOLD LIABILITY INSURANCE COVERAGE FOR EACH WELL OWNED OR OPERATED.

B. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE IN SUCH FORM AS THE DEPARTMENT BY REGULATION SHALL REQUIRE AND IN SUCH AMOUNT AS THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEEM TO BE REASONABLY SUFFICIENT TO CORRECT, REPAIR OR REMEDY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE DEPARTMENT ANY ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE RESULTING FROM OIL OR GAS EXPLORATION OR PRODUCTION. HOWEVER, FOR WELLS LESS THAN TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FEET IN DEPTH OR LENGTH, A MINIMUM OF FIVE THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER WELL WILL BE REQUIRED TO SATISFY THIS SECTION AND FOR WELLS BETWEEN TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED FEET AND SIX THOUSAND FEET IN DEPTH OR LENGTH, TEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS PER WELL WILL BE REQUIRED. WELLS GREATER THAN SIX THOUSAND FEET IN DEPTH OR LENGTH AND FOR WHICH HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLUID SHALL BE USED, WILL REQUIRE THAT THE OPERATOR PROVIDE ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL SECURITY OF TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, PROVIDED HOWEVER THE DEPARTMENT MAY

1 REQUIRE AN ADDITIONAL BOND OR FINANCIAL SECURITY IN AN AMOUNT SUFFICIENT
2 TO COVER POTENTIAL REMEDIATION COSTS ASSOCIATED WITH CONTAMINATION OF
3 THE ENVIRONMENT.

4 C. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH A OF THIS
5 SUBDIVISION SHALL BE HELD FOR THE DURATION OF OPERATIONS.

6 D. AFTER OPERATIONS HAVE CEASED, ANY OWNER OR OPERATOR OF A WELL OR
7 WELLS SHALL POST A LIABILITY BOND OR HOLD LIABILITY INSURANCE FOR EACH
8 WELL OWNED OR OPERATED.

9 E. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH D OF THIS
10 SUBDIVISION SHALL BE IN SUCH FORM AS THE DEPARTMENT BY REGULATION SHALL
11 REQUIRE AND IN SUCH AMOUNT AS THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEEM SUFFICIENT TO
12 CORRECT, REPAIR, OR REMEDY TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE DEPARTMENT ANY
13 ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE OR HAZARDOUS DISCHARGE RESULTING FROM MOVEMENT OF
14 ANY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE FROM THE PLUGGED OR PERMANENTLY ABANDONED WELL.

15 F. THE LIABILITY BOND OR INSURANCE REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH D OF THIS
16 SUBDIVISION SHALL BE HELD FOR ONE HUNDRED YEARS AFTER THE WELL HAS BEEN
17 PLUGGED OR PERMANENTLY ABANDONED.

18 G. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL AFFECT THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH
19 E OF SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 23-1101 OF THIS ARTICLE.

20 6. DEFINITION OF NATURAL RESOURCES. "NATURAL RESOURCES" AS USED IN
21 THIS SECTION MEANS LAND, FISH, WILDLIFE, BIOTA, AIR, WATER, GROUND
22 WATER, DRINKING WATER SUPPLIES, AND OTHER SUCH RESOURCES BELONGING TO,
23 MANAGED BY, HELD IN TRUST BY, APPERTAINING TO, OR OTHERWISE CONTROLLED
24 BY THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

25 S 10. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
26 section 23-0505 to read as follows:

27 S 23-0505. OIL AND GAS FACILITY LOCATION REQUIREMENTS.

28 1. MINIMUM SETBACKS. NO OIL AND GAS FACILITY, WELL-BORE, PIPELINE, OR
29 STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREA FOR OIL, GAS, OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN
30 OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS SHALL BE LOCATED WITHIN TWO THOUSAND FEET OF ANY
31 SURFACE WATERS, GROUNDWATER WELL, HOME OR PRIVATE RESIDENCE (INCLUDING A
32 NURSING HOME), SCHOOL, CHURCH, DAY CARE FACILITY, OR HEALTH CARE FACILI-
33 TY.

34 2. SUBSURFACE LANDS. FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS
35 SECTION, THE SETBACKS APPLICABLE TO ANY SURFACE WATERS, GROUNDWATER
36 WELL, HOME OR PRIVATE RESIDENCE (INCLUDING A NURSING HOME), SCHOOL,
37 CHURCH, DAY CARE FACILITY, OR HEALTH CARE FACILITY SHALL ALSO APPLY TO
38 THE LAND DIRECTLY BELOW THOSE AREAS, INCLUDING ANY SUBSURFACE STRATA.

39 3. CONTAMINATION PREVENTION. A. SPILLS, WELL LEAKS, AND CONTAMINANT
40 FLOW FROM TARGETED FORMATION.

41 (1) THE WELL PAD OF ANY OIL OR GAS WELL LOCATED WITHIN ONE-HALF MILE
42 OF ANY SURFACE WATERS MUST BE SURROUNDED BY A PROTECTIVE BERM WITH A
43 WATER DETENTION CAPACITY OF AT LEAST TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND GALLONS. THE
44 DEPARTMENT MAY REQUIRE A PROTECTIVE BERM TO HAVE A DETENTION CAPACITY
45 GREATER THAN TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND GALLONS IF THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES
46 IT IS NECESSARY TO PROTECT SURFACE WATERS FROM CONTAMINATION.

47 (2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUIRE A SITE-SPECIFIC ANALYSIS OF THE
48 TOPOGRAPHY, GEOLOGY, AND HYDROGEOLOGY OF ALL PROPOSED OIL AND GAS FACIL-
49 ITIES OR PIPELINES. THIS ANALYSIS SHOULD INCLUDE IDENTIFICATION OF ALL
50 POTENTIAL PATHWAYS AND RECEIVING WATERS FOR SPILLS FROM THE SITE TO
51 REACH SURFACE WATERS.

52 (3) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUIRE THE DEVELOPMENT OF GROUNDWATER
53 CONTOUR AND VERTICAL GRADIENT MAPS OF THE GEOLOGICAL FORMATION FROM THE
54 TARGET FORMATION TO THE GROUND SURFACE PRIOR TO APPROVAL OF ANY GAS
55 DRILLING PERMIT.

(4) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS IDENTIFYING TOPOGRAPHICAL AND GEOLOGIC AND HYDROGEOLOGIC CONDITIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO STEEP SLOPES BETWEEN THE WELL PAD AND SURFACE WATERS; PROXIMITY TO IMPAIRED WATERWAYS IDENTIFIED BY THE STATE OF NEW YORK PURSUANT TO SECTION 303(D) OF THE FEDERAL CLEAN WATER ACT; CONDITIONS THAT WOULD PERMIT SUDDEN SPILLS TO REACH SURFACE WATERS BEFORE CONTAINMENT IS POSSIBLE; OR ANY OTHER CONDITIONS THAT WOULD INCREASE THE RISK OF SURFACE OR GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION OR FURTHER DEGRADATION THAT REQUIRE SETBACKS LARGER THAN THOSE SPECIFIED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION OR DENIAL OF A WELL DRILLING PERMIT.

(5) AS A CONDITION OF ANY PERMIT GRANTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE FOR ANY WELL SUBJECT TO SETBACK REQUIREMENTS, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ESTABLISH SETBACKS SUFFICIENT TO PROTECT HUMAN HEALTH AND THE WATERS OF THE STATE.

B. MONITORING REQUIREMENTS. (1) ALL OIL OR GAS WELLS MUST BE EQUIPPED WITH A MONITORING DEVICE OR DEVICES INSTALLED TO DETECT ANY CONTAMINANT MOVEMENT FROM THE OIL OR GAS WELL IN THE DIRECTION OF ANY GROUNDWATER OR GROUNDWATER WELL.

(2) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS ESTABLISHING A MONITORING PROGRAM TO DETECT ANY CONTAMINANT MOVEMENT FROM AN OIL OR GAS FACILITY. THE REGULATIONS SHALL PROVIDE, AT A MINIMUM, THAT:

(I) MONITORING SHALL OCCUR NO LESS OFTEN THAN QUARTERLY;

(II) GROUNDWATER MONITORING SHALL COMMENCE AT OR NEAR THE PROPOSED WELL SITE AT LEAST THREE HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE DAYS BEFORE DRILLING BEGINS TO PROVIDE A WATER QUALITY BASELINE THAT ACCOUNTS FOR SEASONAL CHANGES IN WATER QUALITY;

(III) MONITORING SHALL CONTINUE FOR THE DURATION OF OPERATIONS UNTIL FIFTY YEARS AFTER OPERATIONS HAVE CEASED OR THE OIL AND GAS WELL HAS BEEN PLUGGED OR PERMANENTLY ABANDONED;

(IV) THE MONITORING DEVICE OR DEVICES USED TO DETECT CONTAMINANT MOVEMENT SHALL REFLECT THE BEST TECHNOLOGY AVAILABLE FOR SUCH MONITORING;

(V) MONITORING SHALL BE CONDUCTED FOR ONE OR MORE ACTUAL CONSTITUENTS OF DRILLING AND FRACTURING FLUIDS USED AT EACH PROXIMATE SITE; AND

(VI) SCREEN LENGTHS, MONITORING WELL DENSITY AND MONITORED AQUIFERS SHALL BE BASED UPON A CONCEPTUAL FLOW MODEL, DEVELOPED ON THE BASIS OF ALL AVAILABLE OR NEW DATA, AS APPROPRIATE, TO DETECT A LEAK OR MIGRATION OF ANY CONTAMINATION SO AS TO MAXIMIZE THE POSSIBILITY OF DETECTION PRIOR TO CONTAMINATION OF ANY DRINKING WATER SOURCE.

S 11. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new section 23-0507 to read as follows:

S 23-0507. EXCLUSION AREAS.

1. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL IDENTIFY SPECIFIC AREAS WITH DETERMINABLE BOUNDARIES IN WHICH ANY OIL AND GAS FACILITIES, WELL-BORES, PIPELINES, OR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREAS FOR OIL, GAS, OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS WILL BE PROHIBITED. THESE AREAS SHALL INCLUDE:

A. THE AREA AROUND AND INCLUDING THE NEW YORK CITY WATERSHED;

B. THE AREA AROUND AND INCLUDING ANY WATER SYSTEM THAT HAS RECEIVED, AT ANY POINT IN TIME, A FILTRATION AVOIDANCE DETERMINATION FROM THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY;

C. ANY AREA OVERLYING A SOLE SOURCE AQUIFER;

D. ANY OTHER AREA IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS NECESSARY FOR THE PROTECTION OF DRINKING WATER RESOURCES;

E. ANY AREA IDENTIFIED AS A CRITICAL HABITAT FOR A THREATENED OR ENDANGERED SPECIES UNDER SECTION FOUR OF THE FEDERAL ENDANGERED SPECIES ACT (42 U.S.C. S 1533) OR ANY AREA IDENTIFIED AS A "NATURAL HERITAGE AREA" UNDER SECTION 11-0539 OF THIS CHAPTER;

1 F. ANY AREA IDENTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT AS A BIRD CONSERVATION AREA
2 OR ANY OTHER CRITICAL BIRD HABITAT FOR THE PROTECTION OF MIGRATORY OR
3 NON-MIGRATORY BIRDS;

4 G. ALL FLOODPLAINS; AND,

5 H. ALL AREAS WITHIN ANY NEW YORK STATE PARK, FOREST PRESERVE, STATE
6 FOREST, WILDLIFE REFUGE, WILDLIFE MANAGEMENT AREA, OR WILDERNESS AREA.

7 2. FOR ANY AREAS IDENTIFIED IN PARAGRAPH A OR B OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
8 THIS SECTION THE DEPARTMENT SHALL IDENTIFY AN ADDITIONAL AREA AROUND THE
9 PRIMARY DRINKING WATER RESOURCE IN WHICH OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS SHALL BE
10 PROHIBITED IN ORDER TO ENSURE ADEQUATE PROTECTION OF SUCH RESOURCE.

11 3. FOR ANY AREAS IDENTIFIED IN PARAGRAPHS A, B, C, OR E OF SUBDIVISION
12 ONE OF THIS SECTION THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADD AN ADDITIONAL EXCLUSION
13 BUFFER OF NO LESS THAN ONE-HALF MILE IN WHICH ANY OIL AND GAS FACILI-
14 TIES, WELL-BORES, PIPELINES, OR STORAGE OR DISPOSAL AREAS FOR OIL, GAS,
15 OR A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE USED IN OIL OR GAS OPERATIONS WILL BE PROHIBIT-
16 ED.

17 4. ALL AREAS IDENTIFIED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION AND THE
18 EXCLUSION BUFFER AREAS IDENTIFIED IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION
19 SHALL INCLUDE ALL THE LAND LOCATED DIRECTLY BELOW THOSE AREAS, INCLUDING
20 ALL LEVELS OF SUBSURFACE STRATA.

21 5. THE DEPARTMENT MAY ALSO IDENTIFY ANY OTHER EXCLUSION AREA FOR THE
22 PROTECTION OF ANY NATURAL RESOURCE AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION SIX OF
23 SECTION 23-0317 OF THIS ARTICLE OR FOR THE HEALTH, SAFETY, OR GENERAL
24 WELFARE OF ANY CITIZEN, RESIDENT, OR VISITOR IN THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

25 S 12. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
26 section 23-0509 to read as follows:

27 S 23-0509. PROHIBITION ON WASTE STORAGE PITS OR IMPOUNDMENTS.

28 PITS AND OTHER IMPOUNDMENTS, WHETHER OR NOT LINED, SHALL NOT BE USED
29 FOR ON-SITE OR OFF-SITE COLLECTION OR STORAGE OF ANY OIL OR GAS EXPLORA-
30 TION, STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION WASTES, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO
31 DRILLING FLUIDS AND CUTTINGS, HYDRAULIC FRACTURING FLOWBACK, PRODUCED
32 WATER, AND RESIDUAL SLUDGES OR BRINES REMAINING AFTER ON-SITE TREATMENT
33 OF OIL OR GAS WASTES FOR REUSE OR RECYCLING. ALL OIL OR GAS EXPLORATION,
34 STIMULATION, OR PRODUCTION WASTES SHALL BE COLLECTED AND STORED AND
35 RETRIEVABLE AT ALL TIMES IN CLOSED-LOOP SYSTEMS. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
36 PROMULGATE MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR CLOSED-LOOP SYSTEMS FOR OIL AND GAS
37 WASTE COLLECTION, STORAGE, AND RETRIEVAL.

38 S 13. Section 23-1903 of the environmental conservation law, as
39 amended by section 1 of part R-1 of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is
40 amended to read as follows:

41 S 23-1903. Imposition of oil, gas and solution mining regulation and
42 reclamation fees.

43 1. When a permit is granted to a person by the department pursuant to
44 section 23-0305 of this article to drill a well or when a person
45 converts a well to one subject to the oil, gas and solution mining law,
46 such person shall pay to the department:

47 a. A one hundred dollar fee to be credited to the oil and gas account
48 established under chapter fifty-eight of the laws of nineteen hundred
49 eighty-two; and

50 b. A fee in accordance with the depth AND LENGTH drilled or expected
51 to be drilled as set forth below:

52 0- 500ft. - [\$ 190] \$ 250

53 501- 1000ft. - [\$ 380] \$ 500

54 1001- 1500ft. - [\$ 570] \$ 750

55 1501- 2000ft. - [\$ 760] \$1000

56 2001- 2500ft. - [\$ 950] \$1250

1	2501-	3000ft.	-	[\$1,140]	\$1500
2	3001-	3500ft.	-	[\$1,330]	\$1750
3	3501-	4000ft.	-	[\$1,520]	\$2000
4	4001-	4500ft.	-	[\$1,710]	\$2250
5	4501-	5000ft.	-	[\$1,900]	\$2500
6	5001-	5500ft.	-	[\$2,090]	\$2750
7	5501-	6000ft.	-	[\$2,280]	\$3000
8	6001-	6500ft.	-	[\$2,470]	\$3250
9	6501-	7000ft.	-	[\$2,660]	\$3500
10	7001-	7500ft.	-	[\$2,850]	\$3750
11	7501-	8000ft.	-	[\$3,040]	\$4000
12	8001-	8500ft.	-	[\$3,230]	\$4250
13	8501-	9000ft.	-	[\$3,420]	\$4500
14	9001-	9500ft.	-	[\$3,610]	\$4750
15	9501-	10,000ft.	-	[\$3,800]	\$5000
16	over 10,000ft.- [\$3,800] \$5000 plus [\$190] \$250 for each incremental				
17	500 feet of depth OR LENGTH over 10,000 feet.				

18 A person who has paid the fees described shall not be required to pay
 19 any additional fee for a well conversion. The fee for well deepening
 20 permits pertaining to wells for which a well drilling permit was issued
 21 after August twenty-fifth, nineteen hundred eighty-one, shall be calcu-
 22 lated on the basis of the additional depth OR LENGTH drilled.

23 In the event the actual depth drilled exceeds the depth expected to be
 24 drilled, an additional amount shall be paid such that the total fee paid
 25 shall be in accordance with the schedule set forth in this paragraph.

26 2. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REVIEW THE FEE SCHEDULES SET FORTH IN THIS
 27 SECTION PRIOR TO SEPTEMBER FIRST OF EACH YEAR. THE FIGURES WILL BE
 28 ADJUSTED UP OR DOWN ANNUALLY BY THE PREVIOUS TWELVE MONTH INFLATION
 29 FACTOR. THE INFLATION FACTOR IS BASED UPON THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT
 30 OF LABOR, BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS DATA PUBLISHED IN THE MONTHLY CPI
 31 DETAILED REPORT. THE DATA WILL BE TAKEN FROM THE MOST RECENT REPORT
 32 AVAILABLE ON JULY FIRST OF EACH YEAR AND THE ACTUAL PERCENTAGE USED WILL
 33 BE THE PAST YEAR PERCENT CHANGE FOR THE U.S. CITY AVERAGE, ALL ITEMS,
 34 ALL URBAN CONSUMERS.

35 3. Upon requesting from the department any determination under the
 36 Natural Gas Policy Act, such person shall pay a [fifty] ONE HUNDRED
 37 dollar fee per well for each such determination.

38 S 14. Article 23 of the environmental conservation law is amended by
 39 adding a new title 29 to read as follows:

TITLE 29

CITIZEN SUITS

42 SECTION 23-2901. ACTIONS TO ENFORCE LAWS ON POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR
 43 DESTRUCTION OF ENVIRONMENT, OR TO PROTECT ENVIRON-
 44 MENT; DISMISSAL OF FRIVOLOUS ACTIONS.

45 S 23-2901. ACTIONS TO ENFORCE LAWS ON POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR
 46 DESTRUCTION OF ENVIRONMENT, OR TO PROTECT ENVIRONMENT;
 47 DISMISSAL OF FRIVOLOUS ACTIONS.

48 1. ANY PERSON MAY COMMENCE A CIVIL ACTION IN A COURT OF COMPETENT
 49 JURISDICTION AGAINST ANY OTHER PERSON ALLEGED TO BE IN VIOLATION OF ANY
 50 STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE WHICH IS DESIGNED TO PREVENT, MINIMIZE
 51 OR CONTROL POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR DESTRUCTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT. THE
 52 ACTION MAY BE FOR INJUNCTIVE OR OTHER EQUITABLE RELIEF TO COMPEL COMPLI-
 53 ANCE WITH A STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE, OR TO ASSESS CIVIL PENAL-
 54 TIES FOR THE VIOLATION AS PROVIDED BY LAW. THE ACTION MAY BE COMMENCED
 55 UPON AN ALLEGATION THAT A PERSON IS IN VIOLATION, EITHER CONTINUOUSLY OR

INTERMITTENTLY, OF A STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE, AND THAT THERE IS A LIKELIHOOD THAT THE VIOLATION WILL RECUR IN THE FUTURE.

2. EXCEPT IN THOSE INSTANCES WHERE THE CONDUCT COMPLAINED OF CONSTITUTES A VIOLATION OF A STATUTE, REGULATION OR ORDINANCE WHICH ESTABLISHES A MORE SPECIFIC STANDARD FOR THE CONTROL OF POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR DESTRUCTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT, ANY PERSON MAY COMMENCE A CIVIL ACTION IN ANY COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION FOR DECLARATORY AND EQUITABLE RELIEF AGAINST ANY OTHER PERSON FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE ENVIRONMENT, OR THE INTEREST OF THE PUBLIC THEREIN, FROM POLLUTION, IMPAIRMENT OR DESTRUCTION OCCURRING IN VIOLATION, EITHER CONTINUOUSLY OR INTERMITTENTLY, OF THIS ARTICLE.

3. THE COURT MAY, ON THE MOTION OF ANY PARTY, OR ON ITS OWN MOTION, DISMISS ANY ACTION BROUGHT PURSUANT TO THIS ACT WHICH ON ITS FACE APPEARS TO BE PATENTLY FRIVOLOUS, HARASSING OR WHOLLY LACKING IN MERIT.

S 15. Article 23 of the environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new title 31 to read as follows:

TITLE 31

HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT

SECTION 23-3101. PREPARATION OF HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT.

S 23-3101. PREPARATION OF HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT.

1. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE UNTIL THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH HAS COMPLETED THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION AND THE DEPARTMENT HAS ADOPTED REGULATIONS AND IMPLEMENTED ANY MITIGATION MEASURES RECOMMENDED IN THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT. THE PURPOSE OF A HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT IS TO PROVIDE DETAILED INFORMATION ABOUT THE EFFECT OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS ARE LIKELY TO HAVE ON PUBLIC HEALTH, TO IDENTIFY MEASURES THAT COULD BE IMPLEMENTED TO MINIMIZE ANY ADVERSE EFFECTS OF SUCH OPERATIONS, AND TO SUGGEST ALTERNATIVES TO SUCH AN ACTION SO AS TO FORM THE BASIS FOR A DECISION WHETHER OR NOT TO UNDERTAKE OR APPROVE SUCH ACTIVITIES.

2. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL PREPARE, OR CAUSE TO BE PREPARED BY CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE, A COMPREHENSIVE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT OF OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS INVOLVING ANY SHALE FORMATION, INCLUDING ALL OPERATIONS RELATED AND INCIDENT THERETO, WHICH MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON PUBLIC HEALTH.

A. SUCH AN ASSESSMENT SHALL INCLUDE A DETAILED STATEMENT SETTING FORTH THE FOLLOWING:

I. A DESCRIPTION OF THE OPERATIONS;

II. THE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT OF THE OPERATIONS, INCLUDING SHORT-TERM AND LONG-TERM EFFECTS;

III. WHETHER AN OPERATION OCCURS IN, OR DISPROPORTIONATELY WILL IMPOSE NEGATIVE HEALTH IMPACTS UPON A POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AREA, AND IF SO, THE IDENTITY OF SUCH AREA;

IV. ANY ADVERSE PUBLIC HEALTH EFFECTS THAT CANNOT BE AVOIDED;

V. ALTERNATIVES TO THE OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS GENERALLY OR ALTERNATIVES TO ANY ASPECT RELATED OR INCIDENT THERETO WHICH MAY HAVE AN ADVERSE IMPACT ON PUBLIC HEALTH;

VI. MITIGATION MEASURES PROPOSED TO MINIMIZE THE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT;

VII. ANY SUCH OTHER INFORMATION CONSISTENT WITH THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE AS MAY BE PRESCRIBED IN GUIDELINES ISSUED BY THE COMMISSIONER.

B. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL FIRST ISSUE A DRAFT HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT THAT SATISFIES THE REQUIREMENTS OF PARAGRAPH A OF THIS SUBDIVISION. THE DRAFT SHOULD RESEMBLE IN FORM AND CONTENT THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT TO BE PREPARED AFTER COMMENTS HAVE BEEN RECEIVED AND CONSIDERED.

3. THE DRAFT ASSESSMENT SHALL BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT.

A. THE DEPARTMENT AND THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL SOLICIT COMMENTS FROM THE PUBLIC AND FEDERAL, STATE, REGIONAL AND LOCAL AGENCIES HAVING AN INTEREST IN THE ASSESSMENT. THE COMMENT PERIOD SHALL LAST NO SHORTER THAN NINETY DAYS.

B. THE DRAFT ASSESSMENT SHALL BE POSTED ON THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH'S AND THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITES.

4. AFTER THE FILING OF A DRAFT HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT EITHER THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OR THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DETERMINE WHETHER OR NOT TO CONDUCT A PUBLIC HEARING ON THE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACT OF THE OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS. IF EITHER AGENCY DETERMINES TO HOLD SUCH HEARING, IT SHALL COMMENCE THE HEARING WITHIN SIXTY DAYS OF THE FILING UNLESS THE PROPOSED ACTION IS WITHDRAWN FROM CONSIDERATION.

5. IF NO HEARING IS HELD, THE AGENCY SHALL PREPARE AND MAKE AVAILABLE THE FINAL HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT. THE FINAL ASSESSMENT SHALL INCLUDE COPIES OR A SUMMARY OF THE SUBSTANTIVE COMMENTS RECEIVED BY THE AGENCY PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR OF THIS SECTION, AND THE AGENCY RESPONSE TO SUCH COMMENTS.

6. THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT TOGETHER WITH ALL COMMENTS, SHALL BE FILED WITH THE COMMISSIONER, MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC, AND POSTED ON A PUBLICLY-AVAILABLE INTERNET WEBSITE UPON ISSUANCE.

7. WHEN AN AGENCY DECIDES TO CARRY OUT OR APPROVE AN ACTION WHICH HAS BEEN THE SUBJECT OF THIS HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT, IT SHALL MAKE AN EXPLICIT FINDING THAT THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION HAVE BEEN MET AND THAT TO THE MAXIMUM EXTENT PRACTICABLE, ADVERSE PUBLIC HEALTH IMPACTS REVEALED IN THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT PROCESS WILL BE MINIMIZED OR AVOIDED.

8. WHERE THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH CONCLUDES OR THE HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT INDICATES THAT THE OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS, OR OPERATIONS RELATED OR INCIDENT THERETO, OCCUR IN, OR DISPROPORTIONATELY WILL IMPOSE NEGATIVE HEALTH IMPACTS UPON A POTENTIAL ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTICE AREA, THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL REQUIRE A SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT. THAT ASSESSMENT SHALL CONFORM TO THE REQUIREMENTS SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION, AND THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SHALL MAKE REGULATIONS SPECIFYING ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS WHICH SHALL APPLY TO SITE SPECIFIC ASSESSMENTS. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE IN ANY AREA SUBJECT TO A SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT UNTIL THE SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENT HAS BEEN COMPLETED AND THE MITIGATION MEASURES SUGGESTED THEREIN HAVE BEEN ADOPTED. THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH MAY REQUIRE A SITE SPECIFIC HEALTH IMPACT ASSESSMENTS IN ANY OTHER CIRCUMSTANCES IT DEEMS ADVISABLE.

S 16. Article 23 of the environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new title 33 to read as follows:

TITLE 33

AIR QUALITY MONITORING

SECTION 23-3301. AIR QUALITY MONITORING.

S 23-3301. AIR QUALITY MONITORING.

WITHIN SIX MONTHS OF THE ENACTMENT OF THIS SECTION THE DEPARTMENT SHALL:

1. PREPARE A DRAFT AIR QUALITY TESTING AND MONITORING PLAN FOR ALL AREAS OF CURRENT OR POTENTIAL OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS IN NEW YORK STATE. THE DRAFT PLAN SHALL BE SUBJECT TO PUBLIC REVIEW, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO NOTICE AND A COMMENT PERIOD OF AT LEAST THIRTY DAYS. THE DRAFT AND FINAL PLAN SHALL INCORPORATE THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM PROVISIONS:

A. MANDATORY BASELINE TESTING OF AIR QUALITY AND AIR POLLUTANT EMISSIONS THROUGHOUT THE OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT REGION OF NEW YORK STATE,

1 INCLUDING EMISSIONS FROM BOTH MOBILE AND STATIONARY AIR CONTAMINATION
2 SOURCES INVOLVED IN OIL AND GAS OPERATIONS, AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION
3 FIVE OF SECTION 19-0107 OF THIS CHAPTER;

4 B. DEPLOYMENT OF A SUFFICIENT NUMBER OF AIR QUALITY MONITORING DEVICES
5 WITHIN THE OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT REGION TO ENSURE PROMPT DETECTION OF
6 ANY VIOLATIONS OF AIR QUALITY STANDARDS;

7 C. DELINEATION OF OIL AND GAS DEVELOPMENT SUBREGIONS WITHIN NEW YORK
8 STATE, BASED ON THE AIRSHEDS FOR EACH REGULATED POLLUTANT EMITTED BY OIL
9 AND GAS FACILITIES; PREPARATION OF CUMULATIVE IMPACT ANALYSES OF AIR
10 EMISSIONS IN EACH SUBREGION, INCLUDING EMISSIONS FROM ALL NATURAL GAS
11 COMPRESSOR STATIONS; AND DEVELOPMENT OF STANDARDS AND REGULATORY PROCE-
12 DURES FOR CONTROL OF COMPRESSOR STATION EMISSIONS;

13 D. DEVELOPMENT OF PROCEDURES AND A SCHEDULE FOR THE REGULAR MONITORING
14 AND REPORTING OF AIR QUALITY AND AIR POLLUTANT DENSITY WITHIN EACH OF
15 THE SUBREGIONS;

16 E. MANDATORY POSTING OF SUCH REPORTS ON THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE;

17 F. ESTABLISHMENT OF PROCEDURES FOR APPROPRIATE RESPONSES, INCLUDING
18 EMERGENCY RESPONSES, TO VIOLATIONS OF AIR QUALITY STANDARDS.

19 2. IN THE FINAL AIR QUALITY TESTING AND MONITORING PLAN, THE DEPART-
20 MENT SHALL RESPOND TO ALL SUBSTANTIVE COMMENTS TIMELY SUBMITTED ON THE
21 DRAFT PLAN.

22 3. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE
23 UNTIL THIRTY DAYS AFTER NOTICE OF THE FINAL PLAN IS PUBLISHED IN THE
24 ENVIRONMENTAL NOTICE BULLETIN.

25 4. NO PERMIT SHALL BE ISSUED UNDER SECTION 23-0501 OF THIS ARTICLE, IF
26 AIR EMISSIONS FROM THE PERMITTED OPERATION WOULD CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO
27 A VIOLATION OF ANY AIR QUALITY STANDARD.

28 S 17. Section 27-0903 of the environmental conservation law is amended
29 by adding a new subdivision 4 to read as follows:

30 4. UNIFORM TREATMENT OF WASTE. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER LAW OR REGU-
31 LATION TO THE CONTRARY, ALL WASTE RESULTING FROM THE EXPLORATION, DEVEL-
32 OPMENT, EXTRACTION OR PRODUCTION OF CRUDE OIL OR NATURAL GAS, INCLUDING
33 BUT NOT LIMITED TO DRILLING FLUIDS AND PRODUCED WATERS, SHALL BE CONSID-
34 ERED HAZARDOUS WASTE UNDER THE LAW OF THIS STATE AND SUBJECT TO ALL
35 PERTINENT GENERATION, TRANSPORTATION, TREATMENT, STORAGE, AND DISPOSAL
36 LAWS AND REGULATIONS, IF SUCH WASTE MEETS THE DEFINITION OF HAZARDOUS
37 WASTE SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION 27-0901 OF THIS CHAPTER.
38 WITHIN SIX MONTHS FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE
39 DEPARTMENT SHALL MAKE ALL NECESSARY CHANGES TO BRING ITS REGULATIONS
40 INTO COMPLIANCE WITH THIS SECTION.

41 S 18. Section 15-1501 of the environmental conservation law, as
42 amended by chapter 233 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as
43 follows:

44 S 15-1501. [New or additional sources of water supply] WATER WITHDRAWAL;
45 permit.

46 1. Except as otherwise provided in this title, no person [or public
47 corporation] who is authorized and engaged in, or proposing to engage
48 in, the [acquisition, conservation, development, use and distribution of
49 water for potable purposes, for the irrigation of agricultural lands,
50 for projects taken pursuant to Article 5-D of the County Law, or for
51 multi-purpose projects authorized by a general plan adopted and approved
52 pursuant to title 11 of this article,] OPERATION OF A WATER WITHDRAWAL
53 SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO THE THRESHOLD VOLUME,
54 shall have any power to do the following until such person [or public
55 corporation] has first obtained a permit OR PERMIT MODIFICATION from the
56 department pursuant to this title:

1 a. To [acquire or take] MAKE a water [supply] WITHDRAWAL FROM A NEW
2 SOURCE or an [additional] INCREASED water [supply] WITHDRAWAL from an
3 existing [approved] source; [or]
4 b. To take or condemn lands for THE PROTECTION OF ANY EXISTING SOURCES
5 OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY; OR FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OR PROTECTION OF any new
6 or additional sources of PUBLIC water supply [or for the utilization of
7 such supplies]; [or]
8 c. To commence or undertake the construction of any works or projects
9 in connection with the proposed [plans] WITHDRAWAL; or
10 d. [To exercise any franchise hereafter granted to supply water to any
11 inhabitants of the state; or
12 e. To extend its supply or distribution mains into a municipality,
13 water district, water supply district, or other civil division of the
14 state wherein it has not heretofore legally supplied water; or
15 f. To construct any extension of its supply mains except within a
16 service area approved by the department after public hearing; or
17 g. To extend the boundaries of a water district; or
18 h. To supply water in or for use in any other municipality or civil
19 division of the state which owns and operates a water supply system
20 therein, or in any duly organized water supply or fire district supplied
21 with water by another person or public corporation] TO MAKE A SIGNIF-
22 ICANT CHANGE IN THE PRINCIPAL USE OF THE WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM FROM
23 THAT SPECIFIED IN THE PERMIT, OR PERMIT APPLICATION.

24 2. [A permit shall not be necessary for the extension of supply or
25 distributing mains or pipes of a municipal water supply plant into and
26 for the purpose of supplying water in any territory within the limits of
27 the municipality owning such plant, including territory which has not
28 been heretofore supplied with water by such plant, nor for the recon-
29 struction or replacement of existing facilities in connection with an
30 existing plant wherein the capacity of the plant is in no way increased,
31 nor for the construction of filtration or other treatment facilities
32 which will not in any way increase the amount of water which can be made
33 available from the present sources of supply. A permit shall not be
34 necessary for the extension of supply or distributing mains or pipes of
35 a county water authority into and for the purpose of supplying water in
36 any territory assigned to such county water authority within the limits
37 of the county but excluding territory specifically assigned to private
38 or other municipal water companies by the department which has not been
39 heretofore supplied with water by such county water authority, nor for
40 the reconstruction or replacement of existing facilities in connection
41 with an existing plant wherein the capacity of the plant is in no way
42 increased, nor for the construction of filtration or other treatment
43 facilities which will not in any way increase the amount of water which
44 can be made available from the present sources of supply, provided,
45 however, that nothing herein contained shall be held to authorize such
46 county water authority to enter into competition with, for the purpose
47 of service in the area served by the mains, the transmission or distrib-
48 ution mains of any other water works system, either publicly or private-
49 ly owned, already legally established in said county for the sale of
50 water at wholesale or retail, or which hereafter may legally be estab-
51 lished for said purpose; or to sell water to any other water works
52 system, either publicly or privately owned, and not now served by said
53 county authority] ALL PERSONS REQUIRED TO OBTAIN A PERMIT UNDER THIS
54 SECTION SHALL SUBMIT ANNUALLY TO THE DEPARTMENT A FEE IN AN AMOUNT
55 PRESCRIBED IN TITLE EIGHT OF ARTICLE SEVENTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER;
56 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO PERSON SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PAY SUCH FEE

UNTIL THE DEPARTMENT PROMULGATES REGULATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION.

3. UNTIL THE DEPARTMENT PROMULGATES REGULATIONS PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION, NOTHING CONTAINED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION CONCERNING PERMITS FROM THE DEPARTMENT SHALL BE APPLICABLE TO WATER WITHDRAWALS OTHER THAN FOR A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM. UNTIL AND UNLESS OTHERWISE PROVIDED BY SUCH REGULATIONS, ALL VALID PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PERMITS ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OR ITS PREDECESSORS SHALL REMAIN IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT AND SHALL BE DEEMED TO SATISFY THE PERMIT REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION FOR EXISTING WATER WITHDRAWALS FROM A SOURCE AND IN AN AMOUNT AUTHORIZED BY THE PERMIT.

4. Nothing CONTAINED in this [section provided] TITLE CONCERNING PERMITS FROM THE DEPARTMENT FOR WATER WITHDRAWALS shall be deemed to nullify the requirements of [Regulation 2, Chapter V] SECTION 5-1.22 of the State Sanitary Code, as in effect on [January 1, 1960, that plans for a new water treatment plant for the treatment of an existing public water supply or for any addition to or modification of an existing water treatment plant, or for any addition to or modification of a public water supply system which will or may affect the quality of the public water supply, shall be submitted to and approved by the Commissioner of Health, which regulation has no application to a new or additional source or sources of public water supply of a permanent character which require a permit from the Department of Environmental Conservation under the provisions of this article] APRIL 25, 2001, AS AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME. NO SUPPLIER OF WATER SHALL MAKE, INSTALL OR CONSTRUCT, OR ALLOW TO BE MADE, INSTALLED OR CONSTRUCTED, A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM OR ANY ADDITION OR DELETION TO OR MODIFICATION OF A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM UNTIL THE PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS THEREFOR HAVE BEEN SUBMITTED TO AND APPROVED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF HEALTH OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE.

5. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROMULGATE REGULATIONS TO IMPLEMENT A PERMITTING PROGRAM FOR WATER WITHDRAWALS EQUAL TO OR GREATER THAN THE THRESHOLD VOLUME CONSISTENT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION. SUCH REGULATIONS WILL INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO: (A) MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR CONSTRUCTION AND OPERATION OF WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEMS, (B) REPORTING AND RECORDKEEPING REQUIREMENTS, (C) REQUIREMENTS FOR PERSONS WHO OWN OR OPERATE PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS TO ENSURE SAFE AND RELIABLE SERVICE TO USERS AND POTENTIAL USERS OF SUCH SYSTEMS, (D) PROTECTIONS FOR PRESENT AND FUTURE NEEDS FOR SOURCES OF POTABLE WATER SUPPLY, AND (E) ANY OTHER CONDITIONS, LIMITATIONS AND RESTRICTIONS THAT THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES ARE NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT AND THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE AND TO ENSURE THE PROPER MANAGEMENT OF THE WATERS OF THE STATE.

6. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ESTABLISH A WATER CONSERVATION AND EFFICIENCY PROGRAM WITH THE GOALS OF (A) ENSURING IMPROVEMENT OF THE WATERS AND WATER DEPENDENT NATURAL RESOURCES, (B) PROTECTING AND RESTORING THE HYDROLOGIC AND ECOSYSTEM INTEGRITY OF WATERSHEDS THROUGHOUT THE STATE, (C) RETAINING THE QUANTITY OF SURFACE WATER AND GROUNDWATER IN THE STATE, (D) ENSURING SUSTAINABLE USE OF STATE WATERS, AND (E) PROMOTING THE EFFICIENCY OF USE AND REDUCING LOSSES AND WASTE OF WATER.

7. THE DEPARTMENT IS AUTHORIZED TO CONSOLIDATE EXISTING WATER SUPPLY PERMITS FOR A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM INTO ONE PERMIT, AND MAY REQUIRE SUBMISSION OF AN APPLICATION FOR SUCH PERMIT WHERE THE DEPARTMENT DETERMINES THAT SUCH ACTIONS ARE NECESSARY TO PROTECT THE ENVIRONMENT AND THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE AND TO ENSURE THE PROPER MANAGEMENT OF THE WATERS OF THE STATE.

8. EACH PERSON WHO IS REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION TO HOLD A PERMIT SHALL ANNUALLY, ON A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE DEPARTMENT, REPORT ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO WATER CONSERVATION PRACTICES AND MEASURES UNDERTAKEN DURING THE REPORTING PERIOD. SUCH INFORMATION SHALL BE POSTED TO THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE.

9. THE FOLLOWING WATER WITHDRAWALS ARE EXEMPT FROM THE PERMIT REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY THIS SECTION: (A) WITHDRAWALS USED FOR FIRE SUPPRESSION OR PUBLIC EMERGENCY PURPOSES, (B) WITHDRAWALS SUBJECT TO THE PERMITTING REQUIREMENTS OF A COMPACT BASIN COMMISSION WHICH ADMINISTERS A PERMITTING PROGRAM GOVERNING SUCH WATER WITHDRAWALS, (C) CLOSED LOOP, STANDING COLUMN, OR SIMILAR NON-EXTRACTIVE GEOTHERMAL HEAT PUMPS; AND (D) WITHDRAWALS FOR WHICH A PERMIT HAS BEEN ISSUED PURSUANT TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 15-1527 OF THIS TITLE.

10. NOTHING IN THIS CHAPTER SHALL RELIEVE AN APPLICANT FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL PERMIT FROM FULL COMPLIANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE 8 OF THIS CHAPTER, RELATING TO ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY REVIEW.

S 19. Section 15-1502 of the environmental conservation law is amended by adding nine new subdivisions 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 and 15 to read as follows:

7. "COMPACT BASIN COMMISSION" SHALL MEAN AN INTERSTATE COMMISSION HAVING JURISDICTION WITH RESPECT TO THE REGULATION OF WATER RESOURCES WITHIN A BASIN IN THE STATE, CREATED BY INTERSTATE COMPACT OR FEDERAL INTERSTATE COMPACT, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE SUSQUEHANNA RIVER BASIN COMMISSION AND THE DELAWARE RIVER BASIN COMMISSION.

8. "INTERBASIN DIVERSION" SHALL MEAN THE WITHDRAWAL, DIVERSION, OR PUMPING OF SURFACE WATER FROM ONE SUBREGIONAL DRAINAGE BASIN OR THE WITHDRAWAL OF GROUNDWATER FROM A POINT LOCATED WITHIN OR BENEATH ONE SUBREGIONAL DRAINAGE BASIN AND RELEASE OF ALL OR ANY PART OF THE WATER IN ANOTHER SUBREGIONAL DRAINAGE BASIN. A SUBREGIONAL DRAINAGE BASIN IS DEFINED BY THE FOUR DIGIT HYDROLOGIC UNIT CODE OF THE UNITED STATES GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.

9. "PERSON" SHALL MEAN ANY INDIVIDUAL, PUBLIC OR PRIVATE CORPORATION, POLITICAL SUBDIVISION, GOVERNMENT AGENCY, DEPARTMENT OR BUREAU OF THE STATE, MUNICIPALITY, INDUSTRY, CO-PARTNERSHIP, ASSOCIATION, FIRM, TRUST, ESTATE OR ANY OTHER LEGAL ENTITY WHATSOEVER.

10. "POTABLE" SHALL MEAN WATER INTENDED FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION THAT MEETS THE REQUIREMENTS ESTABLISHED BY 10 NYCRR 5-1.

11. "PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM" SHALL MEAN A PERMANENTLY INSTALLED WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM INCLUDING ITS SOURCE, COLLECTION, PUMPING, TREATMENT, TRANSMISSION, STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES USED IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH SYSTEM, WHICH PROVIDES PIPED WATER TO THE PUBLIC FOR POTABLE PURPOSES, IF SUCH SYSTEM HAS AT LEAST FIVE SERVICE CONNECTIONS USED BY YEAR-ROUND RESIDENTS.

12. "THRESHOLD VOLUME" SHALL MEAN THE WITHDRAWAL OF WATER OF A VOLUME OF FIFTY THOUSAND GALLONS OR MORE PER DAY, DETERMINED BY THE LIMITING MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF THE WATER WITHDRAWAL, TREATMENT, OR CONVEYANCE SYSTEM.

13. "ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND AND ECONOMICALLY FEASIBLE WATER CONSERVATION MEASURES" SHALL MEAN THOSE MEASURES, METHODS, TECHNOLOGIES OR PRACTICES FOR EFFICIENT WATER USE AND FOR REDUCTION OF WATER LOSS AND WASTE OR FOR REDUCING A WITHDRAWAL OR DIVERSION THAT: (A) ARE ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND, (B) REFLECT BEST PRACTICES APPLICABLE TO THE WATER USE SECTOR, (C) CONSIDER THE PARTICULAR FACILITIES AND PROCESSES INVOLVED, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT, AGE OF EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES INVOLVED, THE PROCESSES EMPLOYED, ENERGY IMPACTS AND OTHER APPROPRIATE

FACTORS, (D) ARE DESIGNED TO REDUCE THE DEMAND FOR WATER; (E) ARE DESIGNED TO IMPROVE EFFICIENCY IN WATER USE; (F) ARE DESIGNED TO REDUCE LEAKAGE, LOSSES AND WASTE OF WATER; (G) ARE DESIGNED TO IMPROVE REUSE AND RECYCLING OF WATER; AND (H) IMPROVE LAND MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO CONSERVE WATER OR TO PRESERVE OR INCREASE GROUNDWATER RECHARGE.

14. "WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM" SHALL MEAN A PHYSICAL INTERCONNECTED INFRASTRUCTURE OPERATED AND MAINTAINED FOR THE PROVISION OF WATER INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, COLLECTION, PUMPING, TREATMENT, TRANSMISSION, STORAGE AND DISTRIBUTION FACILITIES USED IN CONNECTION WITH THE WITHDRAWAL OF WATER.

15. "WITHDRAWAL" OR "WITHDRAWAL OF WATER" SHALL MEAN THE REMOVAL OR TAKING OF WATER FOR ANY PURPOSE FROM THE WATERS OF THE STATE.

S 20. Section 15-1503 of the environmental conservation law, as amended by chapter 364 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as follows:

S 15-1503. Permits.

1. A permit application or request for a permit renewal or modification shall be made on [forms provided] A FORM PRESCRIBED by the department and shall [be accompanied by] CONTAIN ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE DEPARTMENT RELATIVE TO THE WATER WITHDRAWAL, USE AND DISCHARGE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO:

A. WITH RESPECT TO A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM, proof of adequate authorization for the proposed project[,];

B. such exhibits as may be necessary clearly to indicate the scope of the proposed project[,];

C. a map of any lands to be acquired [and];

D. project plans[. The application shall also indicate];

E. A STATEMENT OF the need for and the reasons why the proposed source or sources of supply were selected among the alternative sources which are or may become available[, AND the adequacy of the supply selected [and the method proposed to determine and provide for the proper compensation for any direct and indirect legal damages to persons or property that will result from the acquisition of any lands in connection with the proposed project or from the execution of the proposed project. The application shall also contain, in accordance with local water resource needs and conditions,]; AND

F. a description of the applicant's PROPOSED near term and long range water conservation program THAT COMPLIES WITH ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND AND ECONOMICALLY FEASIBLE WATER CONSERVATION MEASURES AS DEFINED IN THIS SECTION, including implementation [and enforcement] procedures, effectiveness to date and any planned modifications for the future. [Such] FOR A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM, THE WATER CONSERVATION program may include but [shall] NEED not be limited to:

[a.] I. the identification of and cost effectiveness of distribution system rehabilitation to correct sources of lost water;

[b.] II. measures which encourage proper maintenance and water conservation;

[c.] III. a public information program to promote water conservation, including industrial and commercial recycling and reuse;

[d.] IV. household conservation measures; and

[e.] V. contingency measures for limiting water use during seasonal or drought shortages. If the proposed project provides for the use of water for potable purposes, the application shall also include adequate proof of the character and purity of the water supply to be acquired or used and the proposed method of treatment.

1 G. ANY POTENTIAL INDIVIDUAL OR CUMULATIVE ADVERSE IMPACTS THAT MAY
2 RESULT FROM THE PROPOSED WATER WITHDRAWAL.

3 2. [In making its decision to grant or deny a permit or to grant a
4 permit with conditions, the department shall determine whether the
5 proposed project is justified by the public necessity, whether it takes
6 proper consideration of other sources of supply that are or may become
7 available, whether all work connected with the project will be proper
8 and construction safe, whether the supply will be adequate, whether
9 there will be proper protection of the supply and watershed or whether
10 there will be proper treatment of any additional supply, whether the
11 project is just and equitable to all affected municipalities and their
12 inhabitants and in particular with regard to their present and future
13 needs for sources of water supply, whether there is provision for fair
14 and equitable determinations of and payments of any direct and indirect
15 legal damages to persons or property that will result from the acquisi-
16 tion of any lands in connection with the proposed project or from the
17 execution of the proposed project, and whether the applicant has devel-
18 oped and implemented a water conservation program in accordance with
19 local water resource needs and conditions. If the proposed project is a
20 multi-purpose project, in whole or in part authorized by a general plan
21 adopted and approved pursuant to title 11 of this article, the depart-
22 ment in addition shall determine if the proposed project is in conformi-
23 ty with the general plan.] IN MAKING ITS DECISION TO GRANT OR DENY A
24 PERMIT OR TO GRANT A PERMIT WITH CONDITIONS, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ONLY
25 ISSUE A PERMIT IF THE PROPOSED WITHDRAWAL MEETS THE FOLLOWING CRITERIA:

26 A. THE WITHDRAWAL WILL BE IMPLEMENTED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT THE
27 PROPOSAL WILL RESULT IN NO SIGNIFICANT INDIVIDUAL OR CUMULATIVE ADVERSE
28 IMPACTS TO THE QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF THE WATERS AND WATER DEPENDENT
29 NATURAL RESOURCES AS DEFINED IN SECTION 1.2 OF ARTICLE 1 OF SECTION
30 21-1001 OF THIS CHAPTER;

31 B. THE WITHDRAWAL WILL IMPLEMENT ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND AND ECONOM-
32 ICALLY FEASIBLE WATER CONSERVATION MEASURES;

33 C. THE WITHDRAWAL, WILL BE IMPLEMENTED SO AS TO ENSURE THAT IT IS IN
34 COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AS WELL
35 AS REGIONAL INTERSTATE AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS;

36 D. THE PROPOSED USE IS REASONABLE, BASED UPON CONSIDERATION OF THE
37 FOLLOWING FACTORS:

38 I. WHETHER THE PROPOSED WITHDRAWAL IS PLANNED IN A FASHION THAT
39 PROVIDES FOR EFFICIENT USE OF THE WATER, AND WILL AVOID OR MINIMIZE THE
40 WASTE OF WATER;

41 II. IF THE PROPOSAL IS FOR AN INCREASED WITHDRAWAL, WHETHER EFFICIENT
42 USE IS MADE OF EXISTING WATER SUPPLIES AND WHETHER THE NEED FOR ALL OR
43 PART OF THE PROPOSED WITHDRAWAL COULD BE REASONABLY AVOIDED THROUGH THE
44 EFFICIENT USE AND CONSERVATION OF EXISTING WATER SUPPLIES;

45 III. THE PROBABLE DEGREE AND DURATION OF ANY ADVERSE IMPACTS CAUSED OR
46 EXPECTED TO BE CAUSED BY THE PROPOSED WITHDRAWAL UNDER FORESEEABLE
47 CONDITIONS, TO OTHER LAWFUL CONSUMPTIVE OR NON-CONSUMPTIVE USES OF WATER
48 OR TO THE QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF THE WATERS AND WATER DEPENDENT
49 RESOURCES, AND THE PROPOSED PLANS AND ARRANGEMENTS FOR AVOIDANCE OR
50 MITIGATION OF SUCH IMPACTS;

51 E. THE PROPOSED WATER WITHDRAWAL TAKES PROPER CONSIDERATION OF OTHER
52 SOURCES OF SUPPLY THAT ARE OR MAY BECOME AVAILABLE;

53 F. THE QUANTITY OF SUPPLY WILL BE ADEQUATE FOR THE PROPOSED USE;

54 G. THE PROPOSED WITHDRAWAL WILL NOT ADVERSELY IMPACT EXISTING GROUND
55 OR SURFACE WATER USERS, WILL NOT ADVERSELY IMPACT THE NATURAL REPLENISH-
56 MENT OF THE WATER RESOURCES, WILL NOT CAUSE OR CONTRIBUTE TO A VIOLATION

1 OF STATE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS, AND WILL NOT ADVERSELY IMPACT THE
2 RELIABILITY AND SAFE YIELD OF HYDROLOGICALLY INTERCONNECTED WATER SOURC-
3 ES;

4 H. THE PROPOSED WITHDRAWAL MAY RESULT IN SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACTS
5 TO PROXIMATE MUNICIPALITIES AND THEIR INHABITANTS WITH REGARD TO THEIR
6 PRESENT AND FUTURE NEEDS FOR SOURCES OF POTABLE WATER SUPPLY;

7 I. THE NEED FOR ALL OR PART OF THE PROPOSED WATER WITHDRAWAL CANNOT BE
8 REASONABLY AVOIDED THROUGH THE EFFICIENT USE AND CONSERVATION OF EXIST-
9 ING WATER SUPPLIES;

10 J. THE PROPOSED WATER WITHDRAWAL IS LIMITED TO QUANTITIES THAT ARE
11 CONSIDERED REASONABLE FOR THE PURPOSES FOR WHICH THE WATER USE IS
12 PROPOSED;

13 K. THE PROPOSED WATER WITHDRAWAL WILL BE IMPLEMENTED IN A MANNER THAT
14 INCORPORATES ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND AND ECONOMICALLY FEASIBLE WATER
15 CONSERVATION MEASURES AS DEFINED IN THIS SECTION;

16 L. THE PROPOSED WATER WITHDRAWAL WILL BE IMPLEMENTED IN A MANNER THAT
17 IS CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL, STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AS WELL
18 AS REGIONAL INTERSTATE AND INTERNATIONAL AGREEMENTS;

19 M. THE WITHDRAWAL IS CONSISTENT WITH THE STATE'S WATER CONSERVATION
20 GOALS INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:

21 I. APPLICATION OF BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO DETECT AND REPAIR WATER
22 LEAKS;

23 II. IDENTIFICATION AND INSTALLATION OF STATE-OF-THE-ART WATER-CONSERV-
24 ING FIXTURES;

25 III. EMPLOYEE TRAINING REGARDING APPROPRIATE WATER CONSERVATION TECH-
26 Niques;

27 IV. PUBLIC EDUCATION REGARDING WATER CONSERVATION IN CONNECTION WITH
28 THE USE OF WATER FOR WHICH THE APPLICANT'S PERMIT IS GRANTED; AND

29 V. OTHER WATER CONSERVATION MEASURES AND GOALS INCLUDING PRICING,
30 CONSERVATION MEASURES, DROUGHT PROTECTION MEASURES, AND LIMITING UNAC-
31 COUNTED-FOR WATER;

32 N. IF ANY OF THE ABOVE TERMS ARE NOT MET, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL REQUIRE
33 THE APPLICANT TO ADJUST THE WATER WITHDRAWAL APPLICATION TO COMPLY WITH
34 THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBSECTION. IF THE APPLICANT CHOOSES NOT TO
35 ADJUST THE APPLICATION ACCORDINGLY, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DENY THE APPLI-
36 CATION;

37 O. FOR WATER WITHDRAWAL PROPOSALS WITHIN THE GREAT LAKES BASIN, ALL
38 WATER WITHDRAWN WITHIN THE GREAT LAKES BASIN SHALL BE RETURNED, EITHER
39 NATURALLY OR AFTER USE, TO THE SOURCE WATERSHED LESS AN ALLOWANCE FOR
40 CONSUMPTIVE USE.

41 3. BEFORE DECIDING TO GRANT OR DENY AN APPLICATION FOR A WATER WITH-
42 DRAWAL PERMIT, AS SET FORTH UNDER THIS CHAPTER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL
43 PROVIDE A PUBLIC COMMENT PERIOD ON THE DRAFT AND ASSOCIATED DOCUMENTS
44 (INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO THE PERMIT APPLICATION) OF NO LESS THAN
45 THIRTY DAYS. FURTHER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE THE OPPORTUNITY FOR A
46 PUBLIC HEARING, UPON THIRTY DAYS NOTICE, WHENEVER IT DETERMINES THAT
47 THERE MAY BE SIGNIFICANT PUBLIC INTEREST IN THE PROPOSED WATER WITH-
48 DRAWAL PERMIT.

49 [3.] 4. In order to assist the development of local water conservation
50 plans FOR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEMS, the department shall[, by the
51 effective date of this subdivision,] CONTINUE TO publish and distribute
52 a [model local water conservation plan] WATER CONSERVATION MANUAL that
53 includes beneficial near term and long range water conservation proce-
54 dures which reflect local water resource needs and conditions. Such
55 plan shall include examples of:

1 a. methods of identifying and determining the cost effectiveness of
2 distribution system rehabilitation to correct sources of lost water;
3 b. measures which encourage proper maintenance and water conservation;
4 c. a public information program to promote water conservation, includ-
5 ing industrial and commercial recycling and reuse;
6 d. household conservation measures; and
7 e. contingency measures for limiting water use during seasonal or
8 drought shortages.

9 [4.] 5. The department may grant or deny a permit or grant a permit
10 with such conditions as may be necessary to provide satisfactory compli-
11 ance by the applicant with the matters subject to department determi-
12 nation pursuant to subdivision 2 of this section, or to bring into coop-
13 eration all persons or public corporations that may be affected by the
14 project, but it shall make a reasonable effort to meet the needs of the
15 applicant, with due regard to the actual or prospective needs, interests
16 and rights of others that may be affected by the project.

17 [5.] 6. The rules and regulations adopted by the department to imple-
18 ment this title and the provisions of article 70 of this chapter and
19 rules and regulations adopted thereunder shall govern permit applica-
20 tions, renewals, modifications, suspensions and revocations under this
21 title.

22 7. A NEW PERMIT FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM SHALL BE VALID FOR A
23 PERIOD OF TIME NOT TO EXCEED FIVE YEARS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUANCE, UPON
24 WHICH TIME A REQUEST FOR A RENEWAL MUST BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT. A
25 RENEWAL SHALL BE VALID FOR A PERIOD OF TIME SPECIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT
26 NOT TO EXCEED FIVE YEARS. A PERMIT APPLICATION MUST BE FILED WITH THE
27 DEPARTMENT UPON ANY TRANSFER OR CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP OF A WATER WITH-
28 DRAWAL SYSTEM.

29 8. ALL HOLDERS OF WATER WITHDRAWAL PERMITS ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT
30 UNDER THIS LAW SHALL BE REQUIRED TO CONDUCT CONTINUOUS ON-SITE MONITOR-
31 ING OF WATER WITHDRAWAL VOLUMES USING MONITORING SYSTEMS APPROVED BY THE
32 DEPARTMENT. SUCH RECORDS SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE DEPARTMENT OR
33 THE PUBLIC UPON REQUEST.

34 S 21. Section 15-1505 of the environmental conservation law, as
35 amended by chapter 233 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as
36 follows:

37 S 15-1505. [Water] INTERBASIN DIVERSIONS AND WATER supply to other
38 states.

39 1. No person or public corporation shall transport or carry through
40 pipes, conduits, ditches or canals the waters of any fresh water lake,
41 pond, brook, river, stream, or creek in this state or any well, subsur-
42 face or percolating waters of this state into any other state for use
43 therein without first obtaining a permit from the department pursuant to
44 this title.

45 2. NO PERSON MAY MAKE A NEW OR INCREASED INTERBASIN DIVERSION OF WATER
46 WHICH RESULTS IN A DIVERSION IN EXCESS OF ONE MILLION GALLONS PER DAY AS
47 DETERMINED BY THE LIMITING MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF THE TREATMENT OR CONVEY-
48 ANCE SYSTEM, OR CONSTRUCT FACILITIES OR EQUIPMENT THEREFOR, UNTIL SUCH
49 PERSON HAS REGISTERED SUCH DIVERSION WITH THE DEPARTMENT. NO LATER THAN
50 ONE YEAR FROM THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS SUBDIVISION, ALL EXISTING
51 INTERBASIN DIVERSIONS OF WATER IN EXCESS OF ONE MILLION GALLONS PER DAY
52 SHALL BE REGISTERED WITH THE DEPARTMENT.

53 3. THE DEPARTMENT IS AUTHORIZED TO ASSESS AN ANNUAL REGISTRATION FEE
54 OF TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR ALL PERSONS REQUIRED TO REGISTER AN INTERBA-
55 SIN DIVERSION. SUCH FEE SHALL BE PAID AT THE TIME OF REGISTRATION OR
56 REGISTRATION RENEWAL. ALL FEES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL

1 BE PAID INTO THE ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TO THE
2 CREDIT OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY ACCOUNT. THE REGISTRATION FEE
3 SHALL NOT BE APPLICABLE TO AN INTERBASIN DIVERSION WHICH IS PART OF A
4 WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM FOR WHICH THE DEPARTMENT HAS ISSUED A PERMIT
5 UNDER THIS TITLE. REGISTRATION SHALL BE RENEWED EVERY YEAR OR WHENEVER
6 TITLE TO THE FACILITIES WHICH CREATE AN INTERBASIN DIVERSION IS TRANS-
7 FERRED, WHICHEVER OCCURS FIRST. REGISTRATION SHALL BE MADE ON FORMS
8 PRESCRIBED BY THE DEPARTMENT AND SHALL CONTAIN ALL INFORMATION REQUESTED
9 BY THE DEPARTMENT RELATIVE TO THE WATER WITHDRAWAL, USE AND DISCHARGE.
10 EACH PERSON WHO IS REQUIRED UNDER THIS SECTION TO HOLD A REGISTRATION
11 SHALL ANNUALLY, ON A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE DEPARTMENT, REPORT ALL
12 INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE DEPARTMENT, INCLUDING THE AMOUNT OF WATER
13 DIVERTED. SUCH INFORMATION SHALL BE POSTED ON THE DEPARTMENT'S WEBSITE.

14 4. NO PERSON SHALL BE AUTHORIZED TO MAKE A NEW OR INCREASED INTERBASIN
15 DIVERSION WHICH RESULTS IN A SIGNIFICANT ADVERSE IMPACT ON THE WATER
16 QUANTITY OF THE SOURCE SUBREGIONAL DRAINAGE BASIN.

17 5. AN INTERBASIN DIVERSION WILL ONLY BE PERMITTED AND IMPLEMENTED SO
18 AS TO ENSURE THAT IT IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE MUNICIPAL,
19 STATE, AND FEDERAL LAWS AS WELL AS REGIONAL INTERSTATE AND INTERNATIONAL
20 AGREEMENTS. IN THE GREAT LAKES BASIN ALL INTERBASIN DIVERSIONS WILL
21 COMPLY WITH THE GREAT LAKES - ST. LAWRENCE RIVER BASIN WATER RESOURCES
22 COMPACT.

23 S 22. Section 15-1521 of the environmental conservation law, as
24 amended by chapter 233 of the laws of 1979, is amended to read as
25 follows:

26 S 15-1521. Supply of water to other public water supply systems.

27 On any application for a new or additional WITHDRAWAL OF WATER FOR A
28 PUBLIC water supply [or source of water supply], the department may
29 require or authorize [any] THE applicant to make provisions for the
30 supply and to supply PUBLIC water to any area of the state which as
31 determined by the department in its decision on that application proper-
32 ly should be supplied with PUBLIC water from the source or sources of
33 water supply sought by the applicant. The owner or operator of any
34 existing or proposed [water works] PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY system within
35 such area may apply to the department for a permit to take water from
36 that source of water supply or from any part of the PUBLIC water supply
37 system of the applicant supplied in whole or in part from that source.
38 If the department so requires, or if it grants a permit, it shall be the
39 duty of the applicant so to supply water, subject to such requirements
40 as the department may impose. The amount of water so to be taken and the
41 price to be paid therefor may be agreed upon between the applicant and
42 the taker of the water, or if they cannot agree, fair and reasonable
43 amounts and rates shall be, after due hearings thereon, fixed by the
44 department, provided however, that such department shall have no power
45 to fix rates in any case where the Public Service Commission has such
46 power, and provided further, that nothing in this section contained
47 shall be construed as diminishing the powers of said Public Service
48 Commission in respect to rates of water works companies subject to its
49 jurisdiction. Any such agreement or determination of the department may
50 from time to time be modified by further agreement between the parties
51 affected thereby or by the further order of the department.

52 S 23. Section 15-1529 of the environmental conservation law is amended
53 to read as follows:

54 S 15-1529. [Final approval of work] APPROVAL OF COMPLETED WATER WITH-
55 DRAWAL SYSTEMS.

1 [Before any project authorized to be developed or carried out under
2 this title 15 shall be operated, it must, as completed, have been
3 approved by the department] THE CONSTRUCTION OF ANY NEW OR MODIFIED
4 WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM AUTHORIZED UNDER THIS TITLE SHALL BE UNDER THE
5 GENERAL SUPERVISION OF A PERSON OR FIRM LICENSED TO PRACTICE PROFES-
6 SIONAL ENGINEERING IN THE STATE. UPON COMPLETION OF CONSTRUCTION, SUCH
7 PERSON OR FIRM SHALL CERTIFY TO THE DEPARTMENT AND THE OWNER THAT THE
8 WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM HAS BEEN FULLY COMPLETED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE
9 APPROVED ENGINEERING REPORT, PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS, AND THE PERMIT
10 ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO THIS TITLE. THE OWNER SHALL NOT
11 COMMENCE OPERATION OF THE NEW OR MODIFIED WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM PRIOR
12 TO THE DEPARTMENT RECEIVING SUCH CERTIFICATE AND BEFORE APPROVAL, IF
13 NECESSARY, BY THE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH OR ITS DESIGNEE.

14 S 24. The environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new
15 section 15-1531 to read as follows:

16 S 15-1531. REPORTING.

17 THE COMMISSIONER SHALL, WITHIN TWO YEARS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS
18 SECTION, AND THEREAFTER AS OFTEN AS THE COMMISSIONER DEEMS APPROPRIATE,
19 REPORT TO THE GOVERNOR AND THE LEGISLATURE ON THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THIS
20 TITLE. THE REPORT MAY INCLUDE BUT NEED NOT BE LIMITED TO RECOMMENDATIONS
21 FOR MODIFICATIONS TO THIS TITLE, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO MODIFICA-
22 TIONS TO THE THRESHOLD VOLUME PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE FOR PARTICULAR
23 WATER SOURCES, WATERSHEDS, WATER BODIES OR REGIONS, WHERE THE DEPARTMENT
24 HAS DETERMINED THAT SUCH WATER SOURCES, WATERSHEDS, WATER BODIES OR
25 REGIONS ARE IN NEED OF SPECIAL PROTECTION BECAUSE OF THE NATURE OR
26 VOLUME OF DEMANDS MADE UPON THEM AND A MODIFICATION IS NECESSARY TO
27 PROTECT THE PUBLIC HEALTH, SAFETY AND WELFARE.

28 S 25. Title 33 of article 15 of the environmental conservation law is
29 REPEALED and a new title 33 is added to read as follows:

30 TITLE 33

31 WATER USE STANDARDS

32 SECTION 15-3301. WATER USE STANDARDS.

33 S 15-3301. WATER USE STANDARDS.

34 THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADOPT RULES ESTABLISHING WATER USE STANDARDS FOR
35 MAINTAINING IN-STREAM FLOWS THAT ARE PROTECTIVE OF AQUATIC LIFE AND
36 OTHER USES AND THAT ESTABLISH CRITERIA FOR DESIGNATING WATERSHEDS MOST
37 AT RISK FROM CUMULATIVE WATER USE. STANDARDS ADOPTED UNDER THIS SECTION
38 MUST BE BASED ON THE NATURAL VARIATION OF FLOWS AND WATER LEVELS, ALLOW-
39 ING FOR VARIANCES IF USE WILL STILL BE PROTECTIVE OF WATER QUALITY WITH-
40 IN THAT CLASSIFICATION.

41 S 26. Intentionally omitted.

42 S 27. Subdivision 1 of section 71-1127 of the environmental conserva-
43 tion law, as amended by chapter 640 of the laws of 1977, is amended to
44 read as follows:

45 1. Any person who violates any of the provisions of, or who fails to
46 perform any duty imposed by article 15 except section 15-1713, or who
47 violates or who fails to comply with any rule, regulation, determination
48 or order of the department heretofore or hereafter promulgated pursuant
49 to article 15 except section 15-1713, or any condition of a permit
50 issued pursuant to article 15 of this chapter, or any determination or
51 order of the former water resources commission or the [Department of
52 Environmental Conservation] DEPARTMENT heretofore promulgated pursuant
53 to former article 5 of the Conservation Law, shall be liable for a civil
54 penalty of not more than TWO THOUSAND five hundred dollars for such
55 violation and an additional civil penalty of not more than [one] FIVE
56 hundred dollars for each day during which such violation continues, and,

in addition thereto, such person may be enjoined from continuing such violation as otherwise provided in article 15 except section 15-1713.

S 28. Article 72 of the environmental conservation law is amended by adding a new title 8 to read as follows:

TITLE 8

WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM FEES

SECTION 72-0801. DEFINITIONS.

72-0802. WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM FEES.

S 72-0801. DEFINITIONS.

WHEN USED IN THIS TITLE:

1. "AGRICULTURAL PURPOSE" SHALL MEAN THE PRACTICE OF FARMING FOR CROPS, PLANTS, VINES AND TREES; AND THE KEEPING, GRAZING, OR FEEDING OF LIVESTOCK FOR SALE OF LIVESTOCK OR LIVESTOCK PRODUCTS.

2. "PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSE" SHALL MEAN WATER USE BY A PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM.

3. "WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM" MEANS THOSE ACTIVITIES OF THE DEPARTMENT AS SPECIFIED IN TITLE FIFTEEN OF ARTICLE FIFTEEN OF THIS CHAPTER RELATED TO THE WITHDRAWAL OF WATERS OF THE STATE AND ANY RELATED ENFORCEMENT ACTIVITIES.

S 72-0802. WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM FEES.

1. EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS TITLE, ALL PERSONS, EXCEPT A POLITICAL SUBDIVISION OF THE STATE, OR AN AGENCY, DEPARTMENT, BUREAU, PUBLIC AUTHORITY OF THE STATE, OR PERSONS MAKING WITHDRAWALS FOR AN AGRICULTURAL PURPOSE WHO ARE TO OBTAIN A PERMIT PURSUANT TO THE WATER SUPPLY PERMIT PROGRAM SHALL SUBMIT ANNUALLY TO THE DEPARTMENT A FEE, FOR EACH WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM, IN AN AMOUNT TO BE DETERMINED AS FOLLOWS:

A. FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF LESS THAN ONE MILLION GALLONS PER DAY, USED PRIMARILY FOR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

B. ONE HUNDRED TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN ONE MILLION AND NINE MILLION NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, USED PRIMARILY FOR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

C. TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF TEN MILLION GALLONS PER DAY OR MORE, USED PRIMARILY FOR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

D. TWO HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN FIFTY THOUSAND AND NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

E. FIVE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND AND ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

F. ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND GALLONS AND FOUR HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

G. TWO THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND GALLONS AND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED AND NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

H. FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN ONE MILLION AND NINE MILLION NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOU-

1 SAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY, FOR ANY AND ALL USES
2 WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY
3 PURPOSES;

4 I. SEVEN THOUSAND FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM
5 WITH A CAPACITY OF BETWEEN TEN MILLION AND FORTY-NINE MILLION NINE
6 HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE GALLONS PER DAY,
7 FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC
8 WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES;

9 J. TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR A WATER WITHDRAWAL SYSTEM WITH A CAPACITY
10 OF FIFTY MILLION GALLONS PER DAY OR MORE, FOR ANY AND ALL USES WHICH ARE
11 NOT PRIMARILY FOR AGRICULTURAL OR PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY PURPOSES.

12 2. FOR THE PURPOSE OF DETERMINING THE APPROPRIATE FEE REQUIRED BY
13 SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION, THE AMOUNT OF RECLAIMED WASTEWATER,
14 WHICH A PERSON WITHDRAWS FOR REUSE, SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN THE TOTAL
15 CAPACITY OF THE WATER WITHDRAWAL.

16 3. ALL FEES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE SHALL BE PAID INTO THE
17 ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND TO THE CREDIT OF THE
18 ENVIRONMENTAL REGULATORY ACCOUNT.

19 S 29. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however that
20 section twenty-five of this act shall take effect upon the completion of
21 rule-making required in subdivision three of section 15-1501 of the
22 environmental conservation law and provided that the commissioner of the
23 department of environmental conservation shall notify the legislative
24 bill drafting commission upon the occurrence of the enactment of the
25 rules required under subdivision three of section 15-1501 of the envi-
26 ronmental conservation law in order that the commission may maintain an
27 accurate and timely effective data base of the official text of the laws
28 of the state of New York in furtherance of effectuating the provisions
29 of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public
30 officers law.