

REACTIONS AND OTHER CONDITIONS THAT CAN RELEASE BISPHENOL A INTO THE FOOD OR BEVERAGES WITHIN THE CONTAINERS.

BISPHENOL A IS UBIQUITOUS. ACCORDING TO THE U.S. CENTERS FOR DISEASE CONTROL, NINETY-FIVE PERCENT OF AMERICANS HAVE DETECTABLE LEVELS OF BISPHENOL A IN THEIR BODIES, AND MOST ARE AT OR ABOVE THE CONCENTRATIONS KNOWN TO CAUSE ADVERSE EFFECTS IN LABORATORY STUDIES. RESEARCH STUDIES HAVE FOUND THAT BABIES HAVE UP TO ELEVEN TIMES HIGHER LEVELS OF BISPHENOL A IN THEIR BODIES THAN DO ADULTS BECAUSE OF GREATER EXPOSURE AND REDUCED CAPACITY TO METABOLIZE BISPHENOL A.

BISPHENOL A IS A KNOWN ESTROGEN-MIMICKING ENDOCRINE DISRUPTOR CHEMICALLY. ENDOCRINE DISRUPTION HAS BEEN LINKED TO A GREATER NUMBER OF COMMON AILMENTS, INCLUDING HEART DISEASE, IMMUNE SYSTEM DISRUPTION, BRAIN DETErioration, TYPE-2 DIABETES, CANCER AND OBESITY. RESEARCH HAS SHOWN THAT BISPHENOL A CAN ALTER THE EXPRESSION OF SEVERAL HUNDRED GENES, WITH EFFECTS VARYING AMONG SPECIFIC TISSUES AND TIMING OF EXPOSURE. PRE-NATAL AND NEONATAL EXPOSURE TO BISPHENOL A HAS BEEN LINKED TO ALTERED DNA FUNCTION AND GENETIC EXPRESSION, MALE REPRODUCTIVE DISORDERS AND LOWERED SPERM COUNTS, INSULIN RESISTANCE, EARLY PUBERTY, AND CHANGES IN PROSTATE AND MAMMARY GLAND DEVELOPMENT, LEADING TO POTENTIAL GREATER SUSCEPTIBILITY TO BREAST CANCER AND OTHER CANCER LATER IN LIFE.

IN 2008, THIRTY-EIGHT OF THE WORLD'S LEADING SCIENTIFIC EXPERTS ON BISPHENOL A, WHO REVIEWED OVER 700 PUBLISHED STUDIES, RELEASED A CONSENSUS STATEMENT WARNING OF THE ADVERSE HEALTH EFFECTS OF BISPHENOL A EXPOSURE, CONCLUDING THAT THE AVERAGE LEVELS OF BISPHENOL A IN PEOPLE ARE ABOVE THOSE THAT CAUSE HARM IN ANIMALS IN LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS.

THE STATE OF NEW YORK MUST ACT TO SIGNIFICANTLY REDUCE THE HARM FROM BISPHENOL A, PARTICULARLY FOR INFANTS AND CHILDREN, THE MOST VULNERABLE WITHIN OUR POPULATION.

S 37-0503. DEFINITIONS.

AS USED IN THIS TITLE:

1. "CHILD CARE PRODUCT" MEANS ALL PRODUCTS DESIGNED OR INTENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER FOR CHILD CARE, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THOSE TO HELP WITH SUCKING OR TEETHING, TO FACILITATE SLEEP OR RELAXATION, OR THE FEEDING OF CHILDREN.

2. "TOY" MEANS ALL PRODUCTS DESIGNED OR INTENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER TO BE USED BY CHILDREN WHEN THEY PLAY.

S 37-0505. TOYS AND CHILD CARE PRODUCTS.

1. NO PERSON, FIRM, PARTNERSHIP, ASSOCIATION, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OR CORPORATION SHALL MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, SELL OR OFFER FOR SALE ANY TOY OR CHILD CARE PRODUCT INTENDED FOR USE BY A CHILD THREE YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER CONTAINING BISPHENOL A.

2. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE SALE OR DISTRIBUTION OF TOYS OR CHILD CARE PRODUCTS RESOLD OR OFFERED FOR RESALE, OR DISTRIBUTED BY CONSUMERS FOR CONSUMER USE.

S 37-0507. FOOD AND BEVERAGE CONTAINERS.

NO PERSON, FIRM, PARTNERSHIP, ASSOCIATION, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY OR CORPORATION SHALL MANUFACTURE, DISTRIBUTE, SELL OR OFFER FOR SALE:

1. ANY BOTTLE, CUP OR OTHER CONTAINER THAT CONTAINS BISPHENOL A, IF SUCH CONTAINER IS DESIGNED OR INTENDED TO BE FILLED WITH ANY LIQUID, FOOD OR BEVERAGE PRIMARILY FOR CONSUMPTION FROM THAT CONTAINER BY CHILDREN FOURTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER;

2. ANY JAR, CAN, BOX OR OTHER CONTAINER THAT CONTAINS BISPHENOL A, IF SUCH CONTAINER IS FILLED WITH ANY LIQUID, FOOD OR BEVERAGE PRIMARILY FOR CONSUMPTION BY CHILDREN FOURTEEN YEARS OF AGE OR YOUNGER; OR

3. ANY SPORTS WATER BOTTLE THAT CONTAINS BISPHENOL A.

S 37-0509. APPROVAL OF BISPHENOL A ALTERNATIVES.

1 1. EVERY MANUFACTURER OF A CHILD CARE PRODUCT OR TOY PROHIBITED BY
2 THIS TITLE SHALL USE THE LEAST TOXIC ALTERNATIVE TO THE BISPHENOL A IN
3 THE TOY OR CHILD CARE PRODUCT. SUCH ALTERNATIVE SHALL NOT BE (A) A
4 CARCINOGEN RATED BY THE UNITED STATE ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY AS
5 A, B OR C CARCINOGENS, OR SUBSTANCES LISTED AS KNOWN OR LIKELY CARCINO-
6 GENS, KNOWN TO BE HUMAN CARCINOGENS, LIKELY TO BE HUMAN CARCINOGENS OR
7 SUGGESTIVE OF BEING HUMAN CARCINOGENS, AS DESCRIBED IN THE "LIST OF
8 CHEMICALS EVALUATED FOR CARCINOGEN POTENTIAL"; OR (B) REPRODUCTIVE TOXI-
9 CANTS THAT CAUSE BIRTH DEFECTS, REPRODUCTIVE HARM OR DEVELOPMENTAL HARM
10 AS IDENTIFIED BY THE UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY.

11 2. THE MANUFACTURER SHALL APPLY TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR APPROVAL OF AN
12 ALTERNATIVE TO BISPHENOL A. THE DEPARTMENT, IN CONSULTATION WITH THE
13 POLLUTION PREVENTION INSTITUTE AND THE INTERSTATE CHEMICALS CLEARING-
14 HOUSE, SHALL REVIEW AVAILABLE SCIENTIFIC EVIDENCE ON THE ALTERNATIVE,
15 AND APPROVE OR DISAPPROVE THE ALTERNATIVE. THE ALTERNATIVE SHALL BE
16 APPROVED IF IT MEETS THE CONDITIONS ESTABLISHED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OF
17 THIS SECTION.

18 S 37-0511. WAIVERS.

19 1. WITHIN THREE MONTHS OF THE EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS TITLE, A MANUFAC-
20 Turer OF CHILD CARE PRODUCTS OR TOYS, REGULATED BY THIS TITLE, MAY APPLY
21 TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR A WAIVER FROM THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS TITLE IF
22 THE MANUFACTURER CAN DEMONSTRATE THAT THERE ARE NO AVAILABLE ALTERNA-
23 TIVES TO BISPHENOL A, AS SPECIFIED IN SUBDIVISION ONE OR DETERMINED IN
24 SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION 37-0509 OF THIS TITLE, FOR THEIR PRODUCT. THE
25 WAIVER SHALL BE IN FORCE FOR NO MORE THAN A YEAR, DURING WHICH TIME THE
26 MANUFACTURER MUST PROMINENTLY LABEL THE PRODUCT OR TOY AS CONTAINING
27 BISPHENOL A, AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 37-0515 OF THIS TITLE. AFTER THE
28 ONE-YEAR WAIVER PERIOD, THE MANUFACTURER SHALL AGAIN APPLY FOR A WAIVER.

29 2. IF AN ALTERNATIVE BECOMES AVAILABLE AT ANY TIME DURING THE PERIOD
30 OF THE WAIVER, THE MANUFACTURER HAS A PERIOD OF SIX MONTHS IN WHICH TO
31 REPLACE BISPHENOL A WITH SUCH ALTERNATIVE IN THE MANUFACTURE OF THEIR
32 CHILD CARE PRODUCTS AND TOYS AND TO CHANGE THE PRODUCT LABELING PURSUANT
33 TO SECTION 37-0515 OF THIS TITLE. DURING THIS PERIOD OF TIME, ALL
34 PRODUCTS CONTAINING BISPHENOL A SHALL EITHER BE SOLD OR REMOVED FROM
35 COMMERCE BY THE MANUFACTURER.

36 S 37-0513. FEES.

37 1. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL:

38 (A) ESTABLISH A FEE FOR ADMINISTRATION OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION
39 37-0509 OF THIS TITLE FOR A REQUEST BY A MANUFACTURER TO APPROVE ALTER-
40 NATIVES TO BISPHENOL A; AND

41 (B) ESTABLISH A FEE FOR ADMINISTRATION OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION
42 37-0511 OF THIS TITLE FOR A REQUEST BY A MANUFACTURER FOR A WAIVER FROM
43 THE REQUIREMENT TO REPLACE BISPHENOL A WITH AN ALTERNATIVE.

44 2. ALL REVENUE DERIVED FROM THE FEES IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION
45 SHALL BE EXPENDED BY THE DEPARTMENT TO IMPLEMENT AND ENFORCE THE
46 PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE.

47 S 37-0515. PRODUCT LABELING.

48 1. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REQUIRE PRODUCT LABELING OF PRODUCTS THAT
49 HAVE BEEN DETERMINED TO NOT CONTAIN BISPHENOL A, PURSUANT TO SECTION
50 37-0509 OF THIS TITLE. THE LABEL ON SUCH PRODUCTS WILL PROMINENTLY STATE
51 "BISPHENOL A FREE" OR "BPA-FREE" TO INFORM CONSUMERS THAT THE PRODUCT
52 DOES NOT CONTAIN BISPHENOL A.

53 2. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL REQUIRE PRODUCT LABELING OF PRODUCTS THAT
54 HAVE BEEN GRANTED A WAIVER BECAUSE THEY CONTAIN BISPHENOL A PURSUANT TO
55 SECTION 37-0511 OF THIS TITLE. THE LABEL ON SUCH PRODUCTS WILL PROMI-
56 NENTLY STATE "WARNING - CONTAINS BISPHENOL A".

1 S 37-0517. PUBLIC EDUCATION AND MANUFACTURER RECOGNITION.

2 1. THE COMMISSIONER MAY ESTABLISH PARTNERSHIPS WITH PRODUCT MANUFAC-
3 TURERS TO ENHANCE THE MARKET FOR PRODUCTS THAT DO NOT CONTAIN BISPHE-
4 NOL A AND REDUCE THE USE OF BISPHE-
5 NOL A IN PRODUCTS.

6 2. THE COMMISSIONER MAY DEVELOP AN AWARDS PROGRAM TO RECOGNIZE THE
7 ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF MANUFACTURERS WHICH EXCEED THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS
8 TITLE AND WHICH EXCEL AT REDUCING OR ELIMINATING BISPHE-
9 NOL A IN PRODUCTS
10 AND THE ENVIRONMENT.

11 S 37-0519. ENFORCEMENT.

12 1. WHENEVER THERE SHALL BE A VIOLATION OF THIS TITLE, AN APPLICATION
13 MAY BE MADE BY THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IN THE NAME OF THE PEOPLE OF THE
14 STATE OF NEW YORK TO A COURT OR JUSTICE HAVING JURISDICTION BY A SPECIAL
15 PROCEEDING TO ISSUE AN INJUNCTION TO ENJOIN AND RESTRAIN THE CONTINUANCE
16 OF SUCH VIOLATION; AND IF IT SHALL APPEAR TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE
17 COURT OR JUSTICE THAT THE DEFENDANT HAS, IN FACT, VIOLATED THIS TITLE,
18 AN INJUNCTION MAY BE ISSUED BY SUCH COURT OR JUSTICE ENJOINING OR
19 RESTRAINING ANY FURTHER VIOLATION, WITHOUT REQUIRING PROOF THAT ANY
20 PERSON HAS, IN FACT, BEEN INJURED OR DAMAGED THEREBY. IN ANY SUCH
21 PROCEEDING, THE COURT MAY MAKE ALLOWANCES TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL AS
22 PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH SIX OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION EIGHTY-THREE
23 HUNDRED THREE OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES, AND DIRECT RESTITU-
24 TION. WHENEVER THE COURT OR JUSTICE SHALL DETERMINE THAT A VIOLATION OF
25 THIS TITLE HAS OCCURRED, THE COURT OR JUSTICE MAY IMPOSE A CIVIL PENALTY
26 OF NOT MORE THAN ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR EACH VIOLATION, EXCEPT THAT
27 THE COURT OR JUSTICE MAY IMPOSE A PENALTY OF NOT MORE THAN FIVE THOUSAND
28 DOLLARS IF THE VIOLATION IS KNOWING AND WILLFUL. IN CONNECTION WITH ANY
29 SUCH PROPOSED APPLICATION, THE ATTORNEY GENERAL IS AUTHORIZED TO TAKE
30 PROOF AND MAKE A DETERMINATION OF THE RELEVANT FACTS AND TO ISSUE
31 SUBPOENAS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES.

32 2. BEFORE ANY VIOLATION OF THIS TITLE IS SOUGHT TO BE ENJOINED, THE
33 ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL BE REQUIRED TO GIVE THE PERSON AGAINST WHOM SUCH
34 PROCEEDING IS CONTEMPLATED NOTICE BY CERTIFIED MAIL AND AN OPPORTUNITY
35 TO SHOW IN WRITING WITHIN FIVE BUSINESS DAYS AFTER RECEIPT OF NOTICE WHY
36 PROCEEDINGS SHOULD NOT BE INSTITUTED AGAINST HIM OR HER, UNLESS THE
37 ATTORNEY GENERAL SHALL FIND, IN ANY CASE IN WHICH HE OR SHE SEEKS
38 PRELIMINARY RELIEF, THAT TO GIVE SUCH NOTICE AND OPPORTUNITY IS NOT IN
39 THE PUBLIC INTEREST.

40 S 3. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeed-
41 ing the date on which it shall have become a law, provided that subdivi-
42 sion 2 of section 37-0507 of the environmental conservation law, as
43 added by section two of this act, shall take effect two years after the
44 effective date of this act.