

STATE OF NEW YORK

10349

IN SENATE

May 14, 2026

Introduced by Sen. MAYER -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Crime Victims, Crime and Correction

AN ACT to amend the executive law and the correction law, in relation to prohibiting the use of artificial intelligence in parole determinations and the development transitional accountability plans

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Subdivision 4 of section 259-c of the executive law, as
2 amended by chapter 322 of the laws of 2021, is amended to read as
3 follows:

4 4. establish written procedures for its use in making parole decisions
5 as required by law. Such written procedures shall incorporate risk and
6 needs principles to measure the rehabilitation of persons appearing
7 before the board, the likelihood of success of such persons upon
8 release, and assist members of the state board of parole in determining
9 which incarcerated individuals may be released to parole supervision;
10 provided, however, that the department may not use "artificial intelli-
11 gence" as defined by section seventeen hundred of the general business
12 law, an "artificial intelligence model" as defined by section fourteen
13 hundred twenty of the general business law, or an "artificial intelli-
14 gence system" as defined by section one hundred three-e of the state
15 technology law in evaluating the risk and needs principles used to meas-
16 ure the rehabilitation of persons appearing before the board, in deter-
17 mining which incarcerated individuals may be released to parole super-
18 vision, or in determining the level of supervision for persons who are
19 released on parole; provided further, however, that each person approved
20 for release and the level of supervision assigned to such person shall
21 be approved in writing by the board of parole or its designee;

22 § 2. Section 71-a of the correction law, as amended by chapter 322 of
23 the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

24 § 71-a. Transitional accountability plan. Upon admission of an incar-
25 cerated individual committed to the custody of the department under an
26 indeterminate or determinate sentence of imprisonment, the department

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 shall develop a transitional accountability plan. Such plan shall be a
2 comprehensive, dynamic and individualized case management plan based on
3 the programming and treatment needs of the incarcerated individual. The
4 purpose of such plan shall be to promote the rehabilitation of the
5 incarcerated individual and their successful and productive reentry and
6 reintegration into society upon release. To that end, such plan shall be
7 used to prioritize programming and treatment services for the incarcer-
8 ated individual during incarceration and any period of community super-
9 vision. The commissioner may consult with the office of mental health,
10 the office of alcoholism and substance abuse services, the board of
11 parole, the department of health, and other appropriate agencies in the
12 development of transitional case management plans; provided, however,
13 that the department may not use "artificial intelligence" as defined by
14 section seventeen hundred of the general business law, an "artificial
15 intelligence model" as defined by section fourteen hundred twenty of the
16 general business law or an "artificial intelligence system" as defined
17 by section one hundred three-e of the state technology law in the devel-
18 opment of the plan required pursuant to this section and, provided
19 further, however, that each plan developed for an incarcerated individ-
20 ual pursuant to this section shall be approved in writing by the commis-
21 sioner or the commissioner's designee.

22 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.