

# STATE OF NEW YORK

7388

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

March 25, 2025

Introduced by M. of A. BLUMENCRANZ -- read once and referred to the  
Committee on Environmental Conservation

AN ACT to amend the environmental conservation law, in relation to  
providing additional protections against seizure and euthanization for  
animals under the care of registered sanctuaries

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assem-  
bly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Peanut's  
2 law: humane animal protection act".

3 § 2. Legislative findings and intent. The legislature finds that  
4 animals under the care of registered sanctuaries, such as the widely  
5 reported case of Peanut the Squirrel, require additional protections  
6 against seizure and euthanization. This act aims to ensure humane treat-  
7 ment, safeguard animal welfare, provide a clear appellate process,  
8 uphold public safety and human welfare, and to strengthen the rights of  
9 animal sanctuaries and responsible owners in retaining custody, imple-  
10 menting due process safeguards, and guaranteeing public safety while an  
11 appeal is pending. It intends to balance these priorities by ensuring  
12 that animal owners and licensed sanctuaries have a reasonable opportu-  
13 nity to appeal and to establish criteria for the safe confinement of  
14 animals during appeals.

15 § 3. Paragraph h of subdivision 2 of section 11-0512 of the environ-  
16 mental conservation law, as amended by chapter 10 of the laws of 2005,  
17 is amended and four new subdivisions 1-a, 11, 12 and 13 are added to  
18 read as follows:

19 h. A wildlife sanctuary as defined in subdivision thirty-two of  
20 section 11-0103 of this article. Any licensed wildlife sanctuary, as  
21 defined in subdivision thirty-two of section 11-0103 of this article,  
22 shall have specific procedural rights and protections for animals in its  
23 care. This includes facilities legally operating as 501(c)(3) organiza-  
24 tions or any facility with a valid tax identification number and recog-

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 nized as a sanctuary under state or federal law, granting them the right  
2 to an administrative hearing before the seizure or euthanization of an  
3 animal, except in exigent circumstances where there is an immediate risk  
4 to public safety. Animals maintained by registered sanctuaries that  
5 adhere to state and federal guidelines shall be exempt from seizure and  
6 euthanization procedures unless there is documented evidence that the  
7 animal presents an immediate threat to public safety, as confirmed by a  
8 qualified veterinarian;

9 1-a. For the purposes of this section, the following terms shall have  
10 the following meanings:

11 a. "Sanctuary" shall mean a facility legally registered as a 501(c)(3)  
12 or any other facility with a valid tax identification number that oper-  
13 ates under state or federal law as a sanctuary, intended to house wild  
14 animals in non-domestic, non-pet capacities, as defined in subdivision  
15 thirty-two of section 11-0103 of this article.

16 b. "Immediate risk" is defined as situations where the presence of an  
17 animal poses a substantiated and direct threat to public health or safe-  
18 ty, as confirmed by a licensed veterinarian.

19 11. Any animal seized by the department for testing or public health  
20 concerns is subject to a mandatory seventy-two-hour waiting period prior  
21 to euthanization, unless an immediate risk to public health or safety is  
22 verified by a licensed veterinarian. During this period, the department  
23 shall inform the owner or sanctuary in writing of their rights:

24 a. The right to appeal the seizure and euthanization within seventy-  
25 two hours of notification; and

26 b. The right to arrange immediate veterinary care, provided it does  
27 not endanger public health.

28 12. An owner or sanctuary may file an emergency appeal with the  
29 department within the seventy-two-hour waiting period to contest the  
30 decision to euthanize. Upon appeal, an emergency review board shall  
31 convene within the department, consisting of a licensed veterinarian, a  
32 sanctuary representative, and a public health official to review the  
33 circumstances. While an appeal is pending, the department shall ensure  
34 safe containment of the animal, either in a department-approved facility  
35 or within the sanctuary under specific containment measures, to mitigate  
36 any risk to public safety. The appellate board shall issue a final deci-  
37 sion within forty-eight hours of the appeal filing. Should euthanization  
38 proceed, the department shall publicly release all relevant testing  
39 results within seven days. If test results are found to be negative, a  
40 licensed wildlife sanctuary shall have the right to seek redress for any  
41 harm caused by euthanization of such animal.

42 13. The department shall issue a quarterly report to the governor, the  
43 temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, and the  
44 minority leaders of the assembly and senate containing annual statistics  
45 on the number of animal seizures, euthanizations, appellate outcomes,  
46 and decisions, to provide transparency and inform future legislative  
47 adjustments. The information contained within this report shall also be  
48 published on the department's website.

49 § 4. This act shall take effect immediately.