

# STATE OF NEW YORK

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1288

2025-2026 Regular Sessions

## IN ASSEMBLY

January 9, 2025

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Introduced by M. of A. VANEL -- read once and referred to the Committee on Governmental Operations

AN ACT to amend the public officers law, in relation to making certain public records available on the internet

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 84 of the public officers law, as added by chapter  
2 933 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

3 § 84. Legislative declaration. The legislature hereby finds that a  
4 free society is maintained when government is responsive and responsible  
5 to the public, and when the public is aware of governmental actions. The  
6 more open a government is with its citizenry, the greater the under-  
7 standing and participation of the public in government. People have a  
8 right to know how government operates and spends money.

9 As state and local government services increase and public problems  
10 become more sophisticated and complex and therefore harder to solve, and  
11 with the resultant increase in revenues and expenditures, it is incum-  
12 bent upon the state and its localities to extend public accountability  
13 wherever and whenever feasible.

14 The people's right to know the process of governmental decision-making  
15 and to review the documents and statistics leading to determinations is  
16 basic to our society. Access to such information should not be thwarted  
17 by shrouding it with the cloak of secrecy or confidentiality.

18 Since the Freedom of Information Law was first adopted, advances in  
19 technology have enhanced the ability to gain access to and widely  
20 disseminate public information. Accordingly, the legislature finds that  
21 government agencies, when agencies have the ability to do so, should  
22 publish public records proactively on the internet that are of public  
23 interest and available under this article.

24 The legislature therefore declares that government is the public's  
25 business and that the public, individually and collectively and repres-

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 entered by a free press, should have access to the records of government  
2 in accordance with the provisions of this article.

3 § 2. Subdivisions 3 and 4 of section 86 of the public officers law, as  
4 added by chapter 933 of the laws of 1977, are amended and two new subdivi-  
5 sions 12 and 13 are added to read as follows:

6 3. "Agency" excludes the judiciary and state legislature, and means  
7 any state or municipal department, school district, board, bureau, divi-  
8 sion, commission, committee, public authority, public corporation, coun-  
9 cil, office or other governmental entity performing a governmental or  
10 proprietary function for the state or any one or more municipalities  
11 thereof, [~~except the judiciary or the state legislature~~] or any other  
12 body, by whatever name, acting on behalf of government which, considered  
13 in its totality, is functionally equivalent to an agency as defined in  
14 this subdivision because it substantially possesses any of the following  
15 features and functions:

16 (a) The body performs a governmental or proprietary function for the  
17 state or municipality;

18 (b) The body's members have authority to make decisions or recommenda-  
19 tions on policy and administration affecting the conduct of the business  
20 of the people in the governmental sector;

21 (c) The body was created by a governmental or governmental-affiliated  
22 entity or the body's origin and authority may be traced to governmental  
23 action;

24 (d) The body is controlled by, overseen or operationally managed by a  
25 governmental or governmental-affiliated entity;

26 (e) The body receives substantial government financial or nonfinancial  
27 support;

28 (f) The body's officers and employees are public employees or are  
29 nominated or appointed by public employees; or

30 (g) The body was previously determined to be open to public access.

31 4. "Record" means any [~~information kept, held, filed, produced or~~  
32 ~~reproduced by, with or for an agency or the state legislature, in any~~  
33 ~~physical form whatsoever including, but not limited to, reports, state-~~  
34 ~~ments, examinations, memoranda, opinions, folders, files, books, manu-~~  
35 ~~als, pamphlets, forms, papers, designs, drawings, maps, photos, letters,~~  
36 ~~microfilms, computer tapes or discs, rules, regulations or codes~~] docu-  
37 ments or electronically stored information, including but not limited to  
38 any writing, drawing, graph, chart, photograph, sound recording, video  
39 recording, image, and other data or data compilation, stored in any  
40 medium from which information can be obtained either directly or, if  
41 necessary, after translation by the agency into a reasonably usable  
42 form.

43 12. "Publishable state data" means data collected by a state agency  
44 that the agency is permitted, required or able to make available to the  
45 public, consistent with any and all applicable laws, rules, regulations,  
46 ordinances, resolutions, policies or other restrictions, requirements or  
47 rights associated with the state data, including but not limited to  
48 contractual or other legal orders, restrictions or requirements. Data  
49 shall not be publishable state data if making such data available on a  
50 website would violate statute or regulation, including disclosure that  
51 would constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, endanger  
52 the public health, safety or welfare, hinder the operation of govern-  
53 ment, including criminal and civil investigations, or impose an undue  
54 financial, operational or administrative burden on the state agency or  
55 state.

1 13. "Business days" and "days" shall be calculated from date of  
2 submission, if electronic, or else postmark date.

3 § 3. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 1, paragraphs (c), (d), (e)  
4 and (g) of subdivision 2, paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 and paragraphs  
5 (b) and (c) of subdivision 4 of section 87 of the public officers law,  
6 paragraph (a) and the opening paragraph of paragraph (b) of subdivision  
7 1 as amended by chapter 80 of the laws of 1983, paragraph (b) of subdivi-  
8 sion 1 and paragraph (c) of subdivision 2 as added by chapter 933 of  
9 the laws of 1977, subparagraph iii of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 as  
10 amended by chapter 7 of the laws of 2023, paragraph (d) of subdivision 2  
11 as amended by chapter 289 of the laws of 1990, paragraph (e) of subdivi-  
12 sion 2 as amended by chapter 155 of the laws of 2022, paragraph (g) of  
13 subdivision 2 as amended by chapter 510 of the laws of 1999, paragraph  
14 (c) of subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 499 of the laws of 2008,  
15 paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 as added by chapter 890 of the laws of  
16 1981 and paragraph (c) of subdivision 4 as added by chapter 102 of the  
17 laws of 2007, are amended and a new subdivision 7 is added to read as  
18 follows:

19 (a) [~~Within sixty days after the effective date of this article, the~~  
20 ~~governing body of each public corporation shall promulgate uniform rules~~  
21 ~~and regulations for all agencies in such public corporation pursuant to~~  
22 ~~such general rules and regulations as may be promulgated by the~~] The  
23 committee on open government shall promulgate general rules and regu-  
24 lations in conformity with the provisions of this article, pertaining to  
25 the administration of this article.

26 (b) Each agency shall [~~promulgate rules and regulations, in conformity~~  
27 ~~with this article and applicable rules and regulations promulgated~~  
28 ~~pursuant to~~] adopt the provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision,  
29 and pursuant to such general rules and regulations as [~~may be~~] are  
30 promulgated by the committee on open government in [~~conformity with the~~  
31 ~~provisions of this article, pertaining to the availability of records~~  
32 ~~and procedures to be followed~~] accordance with the provisions of para-  
33 graph (a) of this subdivision, shall promulgate agency-specific rules  
34 and regulations in conformity with the provisions of this article,  
35 including, but not limited to:

36 i. the times and places [~~such~~] agency records are available;  
37 ii. the persons from whom such records may be obtained[~~7~~]; and  
38 iii. except when a different fee is otherwise prescribed by statute:  
39 (1) the fees for paper copies of records shall not exceed twenty-five  
40 cents per photocopy not in excess of nine inches by fourteen inches, or  
41 the actual cost of reproducing any other record in accordance with the  
42 provisions of paragraph (c) of this subdivision.

43 (2) In the case where an identical record has been prepared for a  
44 previous request within the past 6 months and an electronic copy is  
45 available, an agency shall not charge a fee for the reproduction of such  
46 record, except for the actual cost of a storage device or media if one  
47 is provided to the requester in complying with such request.

48 (c) if disclosed would impair present or imminent contract awards or  
49 collective bargaining negotiations;

50 (d) are trade secrets or are submitted to an agency by a commercial  
51 enterprise or derived from information obtained from a commercial enter-  
52 prise under compulsion of law or regulation and which if disclosed would  
53 cause substantial injury to the competitive position of the subject  
54 enterprise;

55 (e) are compiled for such agency's law enforcement purposes only to  
56 the extent that disclosure would:

1 i. interfere with such agency's law enforcement investigations or  
2 judicial proceedings, provided however, that any agency, which is not  
3 conducting the investigation that the requested records relate to, that  
4 is considering denying access pursuant to this subparagraph shall  
5 receive confirmation from the law enforcement or investigating agency  
6 conducting the investigation that disclosure of such records will inter-  
7 fere with an ongoing investigation;

8 ii. deprive a person of a right to a fair trial or impartial adjudi-  
9 cation;

10 iii. identify a confidential source or disclose confidential informa-  
11 tion relating to a criminal investigation; or

12 iv. reveal criminal investigative techniques or procedures, except  
13 routine techniques and procedures;

14 (g) are inter-agency or intra-agency deliberative materials, including  
15 recommendations, proposals, suggestions, and other subjective documents  
16 reflecting the personal opinions of the writer or writers rather than  
17 the policy of the agency, which are not:

18 i. statistical or factual tabulations or data;

19 ii. instructions to staff that affect the public;

20 iii. final agency policy or determinations;

21 iv. external audits, including but not limited to audits performed by  
22 the comptroller and the federal government; or

23 (c) a reasonably detailed current list by subject matter of all  
24 records in the possession of the agency, whether or not available under  
25 this article. Each agency shall update its subject matter list annually,  
26 and the date of the most recent update shall be conspicuously indicated  
27 on the list. Each state agency as defined in subdivision four of this  
28 section [~~that maintains a website~~] shall post its current list on its  
29 website and such posting shall be linked to the website of the committee  
30 on open government. [~~Any such agency that does not maintain a website~~  
31 ~~shall arrange to have its list posted on the website of the committee on~~  
32 ~~open government.~~]

33 (b) As used in this subdivision the term "agency" or "state agency"  
34 means [~~only a state department, board, bureau, division, council or~~  
35 ~~office and any public corporation the majority of whose members are~~  
36 ~~appointed by the governor~~] a board, bureau, division, commission,  
37 committee, public authority, public corporation, council, office or  
38 other governmental entity performing a governmental or proprietary func-  
39 tion for the state, except the judiciary or the state legislature.

40 (c) Each state agency [~~that maintains~~] shall maintain a website  
41 [~~shall~~] and post information related to this article and article six-A  
42 of this chapter on its website. Such information shall include, at a  
43 minimum, contact information for the persons from whom records of the  
44 agency may be obtained, the times and places such records are available  
45 for inspection and copying, and information on how to request records in  
46 person, by mail, and[, ~~if the agency accepts requests for records elec-~~  
47 ~~tronically,~~] by e-mail. This posting shall be linked to the website of  
48 the committee on open government.

49 (d) Every state agency shall make its publishable state data available  
50 on the agency's website or to the office of information technology  
51 services to be available on the state's open data website.

52 (e) Every agency shall make available on its website's homepage a link  
53 to that agency's current fiscal year budget.

54 7. Whenever there is a question as to whether or not a record should  
55 be disclosed, it shall be presumed that the requestor is entitled to the  
56 record.

§ 4. Subdivision 1, paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 2, subdivisions 3 and 4 and paragraph (h) of subdivision 5 of section 89 of the public officers law, subdivision 1 as added by chapter 933 of the laws of 1977, paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 33 of the laws of 1984, paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 182 of the laws of 2006, paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 as amended by section 11 of part U of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, paragraph (b) of subdivision 2 as amended by section 2 of part GGG of chapter 59 of the laws of 2019, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 223 of the laws of 2008, paragraph (c) of subdivision 3 as added by chapter 47 of the laws of 2018, subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 22 of the laws of 2005, paragraph (c) of subdivision 4 as amended by chapter 453 of the laws of 2017, paragraph (d) of subdivision 4 as added by chapter 487 of the laws of 2016 and paragraph (h) of subdivision 5 as added by chapter 890 of the laws of 1981, are amended to read as follows:

1. (a) i. The committee on open government is continued and shall consist of [~~the lieutenant governor or the delegate of such officer, the secretary of state or the delegate of such officer, whose office shall act as secretariat for the committee, the commissioner of the office of general services or the delegate of such officer, the director of the budget or the delegate of such officer, and~~] seven [~~other~~] persons, none of whom shall hold any other state or local public office except the representative of local governments as set forth herein, to be appointed as follows: [~~five by the governor, at least two of whom are or have been representatives of the news media, one of whom shall be a representative of local government who, at the time of appointment, is serving as a duly elected officer of a local government, one by the temporary president of the senate, and one by the speaker of the assembly. The persons appointed by the temporary president of the senate and the speaker of the assembly shall be appointed to serve, respectively, until the expiration of the terms of office of the temporary president and the speaker to which the temporary president and speaker were elected. The four persons presently serving by appointment of the governor for fixed terms shall continue to serve until the expiration of their respective terms. Thereafter, their respective successors shall be appointed for terms of four years. The member representing local government shall be appointed for a term of four years, so long as such member shall remain a duly elected officer of a local government.~~] two representatives, each of whom is from the news media or a nongovernmental nonprofit group that works on issues related to transparency or open government, two representatives of local government who, at the time of appointment, are serving as duly elected officers of a local government, and three private citizens of the state, none of whom may be custodians of public records, members of the news media or a nonprofit group that works on issues related to transparency or open government, or a staff member or spokesperson for an organization that represents custodians or requestors of public records. Of the seven members, at least two shall be attorneys admitted to practice in New York and at least two shall possess expertise concerning electronic records, including electronic storage, retrieval, review, and reproduction technologies.

ii. Members of the committee shall be appointed from a pool of applicants identified by the governor and the governor shall publish on the governor's website notice of the governor's intent to consider applicants for positions on the committee on open government and the notice shall include the application procedures, criteria for evaluating applicants' qualifications, and procedures for resolving any conflicts of

1 interest; and solicit recommendations for committee members from agen-  
2 cies, news media, and nongovernmental nonprofit groups that work on  
3 issues related to transparency or open government; and post names and  
4 qualifications of applicants on the governor's website; and when evalu-  
5 ating an applicant, consider the need for geographic, political, racial,  
6 ethnic, cultural, and gender diversity on the committee and ensure the  
7 neutrality of the committee.

8 iii. Subject to the advice and consent of the senate, the governor  
9 shall appoint the members of the committee from the pool of applicants  
10 created pursuant to this section.

11 iv. The committee shall [~~hold no less than two meetings annually~~] meet  
12 at least monthly, but may meet at any time.

13 v. The members of the committee shall be entitled to reimbursement for  
14 actual expenses incurred in the discharge of their duties.

15 (b) The committee shall:

16 i. [~~furnish to any agency advisory guidelines, opinions or other~~  
17 ~~appropriate information regarding this article~~] issue advisory opinions  
18 to any agency or person which shall be made available on the committee's  
19 website;

20 ii. [~~furnish to any person advisory opinions or other appropriate~~  
21 ~~information regarding this article~~] provide annual training to agencies,  
22 public officials and public employees on articles six and seven of this  
23 chapter;

24 iii. promulgate rules and regulations [~~with respect to the implementa-~~  
25 ~~tion of subdivision one and paragraph (c) of subdivision three of~~  
26 ~~section eighty seven~~] to carry out the provisions of this article which  
27 shall be made available on the committee's website;

28 iv. [~~request from any agency such assistance, services and information~~  
29 ~~as will enable the committee to effectively carry out its powers and~~  
30 ~~duties~~] assign appeals officers to review appeals of decisions by agen-  
31 cies and issue orders and opinions. The committee shall employ or  
32 contract with attorneys to serve as appeals officers to review appeals  
33 and, if necessary, to hold hearings on a regional basis under this arti-  
34 cle. Each appeals officer must comply with all of the following: (A)  
35 complete a training course provided by the committee prior to acting as  
36 an appeals officer; (B) if a hearing is necessary, hold hearings  
37 regionally as necessary to ensure access to the remedies provided by  
38 this article and article seven of this chapter; and (C) comply with the  
39 procedures under this article and article seven of this chapter and any  
40 rules or regulations promulgated by the committee;

41 v. [~~develop a form, which shall be made available on the internet,~~  
42 ~~that may be used by the public to request a record~~] establish an  
43 informal mediation program to resolve disputes under this article and  
44 article seven of this chapter; and

45 vi. report on its activities [~~and findings~~], including the number and  
46 nature of complaints filed with the committee, its decisions, and any  
47 recommended changes to the law regarding this article and article seven  
48 of this chapter, [~~including recommendations for changes in the law,~~] to  
49 the governor and the legislature annually, on or before [~~December~~  
50 ~~fifteenth~~] ~~October thirty-first.~~

51 (c) The committee shall appoint an executive director who shall not be  
52 an existing state employee and who shall serve for a term of five years,  
53 unless removed by a majority vote of the committee. The executive direc-  
54 tor shall receive a salary in the same amount as set forth for state  
55 officers in subdivision two of section one hundred sixty-nine of the  
56 executive law. The executive director may serve no more than two terms.

(d) The executive director shall not seek election nor accept appointment to any political office during their tenure as executive director and for one year thereafter.

(e) The executive director shall ensure that the duties of the committee on open government are carried out and shall monitor appeals and complaints submitted to the committee.

(a) The committee on ~~[public access to records may]~~ open government shall promulgate guidelines regarding deletion of identifying details or withholding of records otherwise available under this article to prevent unwarranted invasions of personal privacy. ~~[In the absence of such guidelines, an agency may delete identifying details when it makes records available.]~~

(b) An unwarranted invasion of personal privacy includes, but shall not be limited to:

i. disclosure of employment, medical or credit histories or personal references of applicants for employment;

ii. disclosure of items involving the medical or personal records of a client or patient in a medical facility;

iii. sale or release of lists of names of natural persons and residential addresses if such lists would be used for solicitation or fund-raising purposes;

iv. disclosure of information of a personal nature when disclosure would result in economic or personal hardship to the subject party and such information is not relevant to the work of the agency requesting or maintaining it;

v. disclosure of information of a personal nature reported in confidence to an agency and not relevant to the ordinary work of such agency;

vi. information of a personal nature contained in a workers' compensation record, except as provided by section one hundred ten-a of the workers' compensation law;

vii. disclosure of electronic contact information, such as an e-mail address or a social network username, that has been collected from a taxpayer under section one hundred four of the real property tax law; or

viii. disclosure of law enforcement arrest or booking photographs of an individual, unless public release of such photographs will serve a specific law enforcement purpose and disclosure is not precluded by any state or federal laws.

3. (a) Each entity subject to the provisions of this article, within ~~[five]~~ ten business days of the receipt of a ~~[written request for a record reasonably described]~~ record or records request, shall make such record or records available to the ~~[person requesting it, deny such request in writing]~~ requestor or furnish a written acknowledgement of the receipt of such request ~~[and a statement of the approximate date, which shall be reasonable under the circumstances of the request, when such request will be granted or denied,]~~ including, where appropriate, a statement that access to the record or records will be determined in accordance with subdivision five of this section. Such acknowledgement shall include:

i. a statement of the approximate date, which shall be reasonable under the circumstances of the request not to exceed twenty business days from receipt of the original request, and advising if exceptions will apply, when such request will be granted or denied, including, where appropriate, a statement that access to the record will be determined in accordance with subdivision five of this section; or

ii. if an agency determines to grant a request in whole or in part, and if circumstances prevent disclosure to the person requesting the

1 record or records within twenty business days from the date of the  
2 acknowledgement of the receipt of the request, the agency shall state,  
3 in writing, both the reason for the inability to grant the request with-  
4 in twenty business days and a date certain within a reasonable period,  
5 depending on the circumstances, when the request will be granted in  
6 whole or in part, and advise if exceptions will apply.

7 iii. In the event that the agency determines it cannot grant access to  
8 any of the requested record or records: (A) a statement of determination  
9 that access to the requested record or records cannot be granted because  
10 the request was made to the wrong agency; (B) a statement of determi-  
11 nation that access to the requested record or records cannot be granted  
12 because the request is too vague; or (C) a statement of determination  
13 that access to the requested record or records cannot be granted because  
14 the record or records do not exist.

15 (b) Where appropriate, an agency shall make a determination under this  
16 subdivision for each category of record in a records request containing  
17 more than one records request.

18 (c) An agency shall not deny a request on the basis that the request  
19 is voluminous or that locating, generating, or reviewing the requested  
20 records or providing the requested copies is burdensome because the  
21 agency lacks sufficient staffing or on any other basis if the agency may  
22 engage an outside professional service to provide copying, programming  
23 or other services required to provide the copy, the costs of which the  
24 agency may recover pursuant to paragraph (c) of subdivision one of  
25 section eighty-seven of this article.

26 (d) An agency may require a person requesting lists of names of  
27 natural persons and residential addresses to provide a written certif-  
28 ication that such person will not use such lists of names and addresses  
29 for solicitation or fund-raising purposes and will not sell, give or  
30 otherwise make available such lists of names and addresses to any other  
31 person for the purpose of allowing that person to use such lists of  
32 names and addresses for solicitation or fund-raising purposes. [~~If an~~  
33 ~~agency determines to grant a request in whole or in part, and if circum-~~  
34 ~~stances prevent disclosure to the person requesting the record or~~  
35 ~~records within twenty business days from the date of the acknowledgement~~  
36 ~~of the receipt of the request, the agency shall state, in writing, both~~  
37 ~~the reason for the inability to grant the request within twenty business~~  
38 ~~days and a date certain within a reasonable period, depending on the~~  
39 ~~circumstances, when the request will be granted in whole or in part.]~~

40 (e) Upon payment of, or offer to pay, the fee prescribed therefor, the  
41 entity shall provide a copy of such record and certify to the correct-  
42 ness of such copy if so requested, or as the case may be, shall certify  
43 that it does not have possession of such record or that such record  
44 cannot be found after diligent search. Nothing in this article shall be  
45 construed to require any entity to prepare any record not possessed or  
46 maintained by such entity except the records specified in subdivision  
47 three of section eighty-seven and subdivision three of section eighty-  
48 eight of this article. When an agency has the ability to retrieve or  
49 extract a record or data maintained in a computer storage system with  
50 reasonable effort, it shall be required to do so. When doing so requires  
51 less employee time than engaging in manual retrieval or redactions from  
52 non-electronic records, the agency shall be required to retrieve or  
53 extract such record or data electronically. Any programming necessary to  
54 retrieve a record maintained in a computer storage system and to trans-  
55 fer that record to the medium requested by a person or to allow the

1 transferred record to be read or printed shall not be deemed to be the  
2 preparation or creation of a new record.

3 ~~[(b)]~~ (f) All entities shall~~[, provided such entity has reasonable~~  
4 ~~means available,]~~ accept requests for records submitted in the form of  
5 electronic mail and shall respond to such requests by electronic mail,  
6 using forms, to the extent practicable, consistent with the form or  
7 forms developed by the committee on open government pursuant to subdivi-  
8 sion one of this section and provided that the written requests do not  
9 seek a response in some other form. Agencies shall not require requests  
10 to be made in any specific format and may not ignore or deny requests  
11 not made in the agency's preferred format.

12 ~~[(c)]~~ (g) Each state agency, as defined in subdivision five of this  
13 section, that maintains a website shall ensure its website provides for  
14 the online submission of a request for records pursuant to this article.

15 (h) All responses to requests shall be attributed to a natural person  
16 who is an employee of the responding entity. Responses containing denial  
17 of requests, asserting exceptions to disclosure, or asserting that  
18 records do not exist, shall be sworn under the penalty of perjury.

19 4. (a) Except as provided in subdivision five of this section, any  
20 person denied access to a record may within ~~[thirty]~~ ninety days appeal  
21 in writing such denial to the ~~[head, chief executive or governing body~~  
22 ~~of the entity, or the person therefor designated by such head, chief~~  
23 ~~executive, or governing body, who shall within ten business days of the~~  
24 ~~receipt of such appeal fully explain in writing to the person requesting~~  
25 ~~the record the reasons for further denial, or provide access to the~~  
26 ~~record sought. In addition, each agency shall immediately forward to the~~  
27 ~~committee on open government a copy of such appeal when received by the~~  
28 ~~agency and the ensuing determination thereon]~~ committee on open govern-  
29 ment. Failure by an agency to conform to the provisions of subdivision  
30 three of this section shall constitute a denial. A written appeal shall  
31 include, if available, a copy of the original request for public record  
32 or records, and the agency's response, if any.

33 i. Upon receipt of an appeal under this subdivision, the committee on  
34 open government shall assign an appeals officer to determine whether the  
35 appeal is within the committee's jurisdiction, frivolous or without  
36 factual basis, reduce that conclusion to writing and transmit a copy to  
37 the requestor and to the responsible records access officer and request  
38 a written response from the agency. Upon receipt of a request from the  
39 committee on open government an agency shall provide a written response  
40 to the appeal within fifteen days after receiving the request for a  
41 response; and if the appeal alleges the agency failed to respond to a  
42 request within the statutory time, provide a response to the record  
43 request; and if the appeal alleges the agency denied a request in  
44 violation of this article, provide a copy of the record, a descriptive  
45 index of the record, or a written reason why the record is being with-  
46 held, as appropriate.

47 ii. The agency or requestor shall provide an affidavit or statement of  
48 facts at issue in the appeal within the time provided in a request that  
49 the committee on open government may make.

50 iii. The committee on open government shall maintain the confidential-  
51 ity of any record provided under this subdivision.

52 iv. A person or agency may not be civilly or criminally liable for  
53 providing a record to the committee on open government under this subdivi-  
54 vision.

1 v. The provision of a record or a description of a record to the  
2 committee on open government under this subdivision may not be construed  
3 as a waiver of any applicable privilege.

4 vi. Upon receipt of the agency response and any additional information  
5 requested under this subdivision, the committee on open government shall  
6 invite the requestor to participate in an informal mediation; and issue  
7 a written decision within fifteen days of the date the requestor  
8 declines informal mediation or declares the informal mediation termi-  
9 nated; or if unable to reach a decision based on the written  
10 submissions, schedule an informal conference with the requestor and the  
11 agency that may be conducted by teleconference or written testimony  
12 submitted by electronic mail, and issue a written decision within  
13 fifteen days of the informal conference; or if unable to issue a deci-  
14 sion within the times specified in this paragraph and paragraph (b) of  
15 this subdivision, state in writing the reason for its inability to issue  
16 a decision and issue a decision as soon as possible but not later than  
17 sixty days after the filing of the appeal.

18 v. The committee on open government shall send a copy of the written  
19 decision to the requestor and the responding agency.

20 (b) An agency may, within the statutory time for acknowledging a  
21 records request under this section, submit a written complaint to the  
22 committee on open government alleging that a requestor's records request  
23 or pattern of records requests is frivolous, vexatious, or made in bad  
24 faith.

25 i. Upon receipt of a complaint under this subdivision, the committee  
26 on open government shall send a copy of the complaint to the requestor  
27 and request a written response that shall be provided within thirty  
28 days.

29 ii. The agency or requestor shall provide an affidavit or statement of  
30 facts at issue in the complaint within the time provided in a request  
31 that the committee on open government may make.

32 iii. Upon receipt of the requestor's response and any additional  
33 information requested under this subdivision, the committee on open  
34 government shall issue a written decision within thirty days determining  
35 whether the requestor's request or patterns of requests is frivolous,  
36 vexatious, or made in bad faith.

37 iv. If the committee on open government finds that the requestor's  
38 record request is frivolous, vexatious, or made in bad faith based on  
39 the totality of the circumstances, including the number and scope of the  
40 requestor's past records requests and the agency's responses to those  
41 requests and efforts to cooperate with the requestor, it shall issue an  
42 order authorizing the agency to ignore the records request; or respond  
43 to a less burdensome version of the request within a reasonable time as  
44 determined by the committee on open government.

45 v. The committee on open government shall send a copy of the written  
46 decision to the requestor and the complaining agency.

47 (c) Except as provided in subdivision five of this section, a person  
48 denied access to a record in [an appeal determination] a decision  
49 under the provisions of [paragraph] paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision  
50 may bring a proceeding for review of such denial pursuant to article  
51 seventy-eight of the civil practice law and rules. In the event that  
52 access to any record is denied pursuant to the provisions of subdivision  
53 two of section eighty-seven of this article, the agency involved shall  
54 have the burden of proving that such record falls within the provisions  
55 of such subdivision two. [Failure by an agency to conform to the

~~provisions of paragraph (a) of this subdivision shall constitute a denial.~~

~~(c)~~ (d) The court in such a proceeding: (i) ~~[may]~~ shall assess, against such agency involved, reasonable attorney's fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred by such person in any case under the provisions of this section ~~[in which such person has substantially prevailed, and]~~ when the agency failed to respond to a request or appeal within the statutory time; ~~[and]~~ (ii) shall assess, against such agency involved, reasonable attorney's fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred by such person in any case under the provisions of this section in which such person has substantially prevailed and the court finds that the agency had no reasonable basis for denying access; and (iii) shall assess, against such requestor involved, reasonable attorney's fees and other litigation costs reasonably incurred by an agency in any case under the provisions of this section in which the court finds that the requestor's records request or pattern of records requests is frivolous, vexatious, or made in bad faith.

~~(d)~~ (e) (i) Appeal to the appellate division of the supreme court must be made in accordance with subdivision (a) of section fifty-five hundred thirteen of the civil practice law and rules.

(ii) An appeal from an agency taken from an order of the court requiring disclosure of any or all records sought:

(A) shall be given preference;

(B) shall be brought on for argument on such terms and conditions as the presiding justice may direct, upon application of any party to the proceeding; and

(C) shall be deemed abandoned if the agency fails to serve and file a record and brief within sixty days after the date of service upon the petitioner of the notice of appeal, unless consent to further extension is given by all parties, or unless further extension is granted by the court upon such terms as may be just and upon good cause shown.

(h) As used in this subdivision the term ~~["agency" or]~~ "state agency" means ~~[only a state department, board, bureau, division, council or office and any public corporation the majority of whose members are appointed by the governor]~~ a board, bureau, division, commission, committee, public authority, public corporation, council, office or other governmental entity performing a governmental or proprietary function for the state, except the judiciary or the state legislature.

§ 5. This act shall take effect immediately.