

STATE OF NEW YORK

1940

2023-2024 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 23, 2023

Introduced by M. of A. DINOWITZ -- read once and referred to the Committee on Codes

AN ACT to amend the criminal procedure law, in relation to the statute of limitations in criminal prosecution of certain sex trafficking crimes; to amend the civil practice law and rules, in relation to the statute of limitations for civil actions related to certain sex trafficking offenses, reviving such actions otherwise barred by the existing statute of limitations and granting trial preference to such actions; to amend the general municipal law, in relation to providing that the notice of claim provisions shall not apply to actions related to certain sex trafficking offenses; to amend the court of claims act, in relation to providing that the notice of intention to file provisions shall not apply to actions related to certain sex trafficking offenses; and to amend the education law, in relation to providing that the notice of claim provisions shall not apply to actions related to certain sex trafficking offenses

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 30.10 of the
2 criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 315 of the laws of 2019,
3 is amended to read as follows:

4 (a) A prosecution for a class A felony, or rape in the first degree as
5 defined in section 130.35 of the penal law, or a crime defined or
6 formerly defined in section 130.50 of the penal law, or aggravated sexual
7 abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.70 of the penal
8 law, or course of sexual conduct against a child in the first degree as
9 defined in section 130.75 of the penal law, or sex trafficking as
10 defined in section 230.34 of the penal law, or sex trafficking of a
11 child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law, or incest in the
12 first degree as defined in section 255.27 of the penal law may be
13 commenced at any time;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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§ 2. Paragraph (f) of subdivision 3 of section 30.10 of the criminal procedure law, as amended by chapter 11 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

(f) For purposes of a prosecution involving a sexual offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law~~[, other than a sexual offense delineated in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section,]~~ committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, the period of limitation shall not begin to run until the child has reached the age of twenty-three or the offense is reported to a law enforcement agency or statewide central register of child abuse and maltreatment, whichever occurs earlier. This paragraph shall not apply to sexual offenses delineated in paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law, incest in the first, second or third degree as defined in sections 255.27, 255.26 and 255.25 of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, or use of a child in a sexual performance as defined in section 263.05 of the penal law~~[, the period of limitation shall not begin to run until the child has reached the age of twenty-three or the offense is reported to a law enforcement agency or statewide central register of child abuse and maltreatment, whichever occurs earlier].~~

§ 3. Subdivision (b) of section 208 of the civil practice law and rules, as added by chapter 11 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

(b) Notwithstanding any provision of law which imposes a period of limitation to the contrary and the provisions of any other law pertaining to the filing of a notice of claim or a notice of intention to file a claim as a condition precedent to commencement of an action or special proceeding, with respect to all civil claims or causes of action brought by any person for physical, psychological or other injury or condition suffered by such person as a result of conduct which would constitute a sexual offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law committed against such person who was less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law committed against such person who was less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law, incest as defined in section 255.27, 255.26 or 255.25 of the penal law committed against such person who was less than eighteen years of age, or the use of such person in a sexual performance as defined in section 263.05 of the penal law, or a predecessor statute that prohibited such conduct at the time of the act, which conduct was committed against such person who was less than eighteen years of age, such action may be commenced, against any party whose intentional or negligent acts or omissions are alleged to have resulted in the commission of said conduct, on or before the plaintiff or infant plaintiff reaches the age of fifty-five years. In any such claim or action, in addition to any other defense and affirmative defense that may be available in accordance with law, rule or the common law, to the extent that the acts alleged in such action are of the type described in subdivision one of section 130.30 of the penal law or subdivision one of section 130.45 of the penal law, the affirmative defenses set forth, respectively, in the closing paragraph of such sections of the penal law shall apply.

§ 4. Section 214-g of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 130 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as follows:

§ 214-g. Certain child sexual abuse cases. Notwithstanding any provision of law which imposes a period of limitation to the contrary and the provisions of any other law pertaining to the filing of a notice of claim or a notice of intention to file a claim as a condition precedent to commencement of an action or special proceeding, every civil claim or cause of action brought against any party alleging intentional or negligent acts or omissions by a person for physical, psychological, or other injury or condition suffered as a result of conduct which would constitute a sexual offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law, incest as defined in section 255.27, 255.26 or 255.25 of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, or the use of a child in a sexual performance as defined in section 263.05 of the penal law, or a predecessor statute that prohibited such conduct at the time of the act, which conduct was committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, which is barred as of the effective date of this section because the applicable period of limitation has expired, and/or the plaintiff previously failed to file a notice of claim or a notice of intention to file a claim, is hereby revived, and action thereon may be commenced not earlier than six months after, and not later than two years and six months after the effective date of this section. In any such claim or action: (a) in addition to any other defense and affirmative defense that may be available in accordance with law, rule or the common law, to the extent that the acts alleged in such action are of the type described in subdivision one of section 130.30 of the penal law or subdivision one of section 130.45 of the penal law, the affirmative defenses set forth, respectively, in the closing paragraph of such sections of the penal law shall apply; and (b) dismissal of a previous action, ordered before the effective date of this section, on grounds that such previous action was time barred, and/or for failure of a party to file a notice of claim or a notice of intention to file a claim, shall not be grounds for dismissal of a revival action pursuant to this section.

§ 5. Section 213-c of the civil practice law and rules, as amended by chapter 315 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

§ 213-c. Action by victim of conduct constituting certain sexual offenses. Notwithstanding any other limitation set forth in this article, except as provided in subdivision (b) of section two hundred eight of this article, all civil claims or causes of action brought by any person for physical, psychological or other injury or condition suffered by such person as a result of conduct which would constitute rape in the first degree as defined in section 130.35 of the penal law, or rape in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 130.30 of the penal law, or rape in the third degree as defined in subdivision one or three of section 130.25 of the penal law, or criminal sexual act in the first degree as defined in section 130.50 of the penal law, or criminal sexual act in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 130.45 of the penal law, or criminal sexual act in the third degree as defined in subdivision one or three of section 130.40 of the penal law, or incest in the first degree as defined in section 255.27 of the penal law, or incest in the second degree as defined in section 255.26 of the penal law (where the crime committed is rape in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 130.30 of the penal law or crimi-

nal sexual act in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 130.45), or aggravated sexual abuse in the first degree as defined in section 130.70 of the penal law, or course of sexual conduct against a child in the first degree as defined in section 130.75 of the penal law, or sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law, or sex trafficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law may be brought against any party whose intentional or negligent acts or omissions are alleged to have resulted in the commission of the said conduct, within twenty years. Nothing in this section shall be construed to require that a criminal charge be brought or a criminal conviction be obtained as a condition of bringing a civil cause of action or receiving a civil judgment pursuant to this section or be construed to require that any of the rules governing a criminal proceeding be applicable to any such civil action.

§ 6. The civil practice law and rules is amended by adding a new section 214-k to read as follows:

§ 214-k. Certain sexual offense actions. Notwithstanding any provision of law which imposes a period of limitation to the contrary and the provisions of any other law pertaining to the filing of a notice of claim or a notice of intention to file a claim as a condition precedent to commencement of an action or special proceeding, every civil claim or cause of action brought against any party alleging intentional or negligent acts or omissions by a person for physical, psychological, or other injury or condition suffered as a result of conduct which would constitute sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law committed against such person who was eighteen years of age or older, which is barred as of the effective date of this section because the applicable period of limitation has expired, and/or the plaintiff previously failed to file a notice of claim or a notice of intention to file a claim, is hereby revived, and action thereon may be commenced not earlier than six months after, and not later than one year and six months after the effective date of this section. In any such claim or action, dismissal of a previous action, ordered before the effective date of this section, on grounds that such previous action was time barred, and/or for failure of a party to file a notice of claim or a notice of intention to file a claim, shall not be grounds for dismissal of a revival action pursuant to this section.

§ 7. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 8 of section 50-e of the general municipal law, as added by chapter 11 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

(b) This section shall not apply to any claim made for physical, psychological, or other injury or condition suffered as a result of conduct which would constitute a sexual offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law, incest as defined in section 255.27, 255.26 or 255.25 of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, or the use of a child in a sexual performance as defined in section 263.05 of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age.

§ 8. Subdivision 5 of section 50-i of the general municipal law, as added by chapter 11 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

5. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, this section shall not apply to any claim made against a city, county, town, village, fire district or school district for physical, psychological, or other

1 injury or condition suffered as a result of conduct which would consti-
2 tute a sexual offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of the
3 penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex
4 trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal law committed
5 against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex trafficking of a
6 child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law, incest as defined
7 in section 255.27, 255.26 or 255.25 of the penal law committed against a
8 child less than eighteen years of age, or the use of a child in a sexual
9 performance as defined in section 263.05 of the penal law committed
10 against a child less than eighteen years of age.

11 § 9. Subdivision 10 of section 10 of the court of claims act, as added
12 by chapter 11 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

13 10. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, this section
14 shall not apply to any claim to recover damages for physical, psycholog-
15 ical, or other injury or condition suffered as a result of conduct which
16 would constitute a sexual offense as defined in article one hundred
17 thirty of the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen
18 years of age, sex trafficking as defined in section 230.34 of the penal
19 law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, sex traf-
20 ficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal law,
21 incest as defined in section 255.27, 255.26 or 255.25 of the penal law
22 committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, or the use of
23 a child in a sexual performance as defined in section 263.05 of the
24 penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age.

25 § 10. Subdivision 2 of section 3813 of the education law, as amended
26 by chapter 11 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

27 2. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary hereinbefore contained in
28 this section, no action or special proceeding founded upon tort shall be
29 prosecuted or maintained against any of the parties named in this
30 section or against any teacher or member of the supervisory or adminis-
31 trative staff or employee where the alleged tort was committed by such
32 teacher or member or employee acting in the discharge of his duties
33 within the scope of his employment and/or under the direction of the
34 board of education, trustee or trustees, or governing body of the school
35 unless a notice of claim shall have been made and served in compliance
36 with section fifty-e of the general municipal law. Every such action
37 shall be commenced pursuant to the provisions of section fifty-i of the
38 general municipal law; provided, however, that this section shall not
39 apply to any claim to recover damages for physical, psychological, or
40 other injury or condition suffered as a result of conduct which would
41 constitute a sexual offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of
42 the penal law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age,
43 sex trafficking of a child as defined in section 230.34-a of the penal
44 law committed against a child less than eighteen years of age, incest as
45 defined in section 255.27, 255.26 or 255.25 of the penal law committed
46 against a child less than eighteen years of age, or the use of a child
47 in a sexual performance as defined in section 263.05 of the penal law
48 committed against a child less than eighteen years of age.

49 § 11. Severability. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, section or
50 part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdic-
51 tion to be invalid and after exhaustion of all further judicial review,
52 the judgment shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder there-
53 of, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence,
54 paragraph, section or part of this act directly involved in the contro-
55 versy in which the judgment shall have been rendered.

1 § 12. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to acts
2 or omissions occurring on or after such effective date and to acts or
3 omissions occurring prior to such effective date where the applicable
4 statute of limitations in effect on the date of such act or omission has
5 not yet expired.