

STATE OF NEW YORK

9215

IN SENATE

May 12, 2022

Introduced by Sen. COONEY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to neurological injuries

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. Section 2999-g of the public health law, as added by
2 section 52 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, is amended to
3 read as follows:

4 § 2999-g. Purpose of this title. Creation of the New York state
5 medical indemnity fund. There is hereby created the New York state
6 medical indemnity fund (the "fund"). The purpose of the fund is to
7 provide a funding source for future health care costs associated with
8 ~~[birth-related]~~ neurological injuries, in order to reduce premium costs
9 for medical malpractice insurance coverage.

10 § 2. Section 2999-h of the public health law, as added by section 52
11 of part H of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, subdivision 1 as amended by
12 chapter 517 of the laws of 2016, subdivision 3 as amended by chapter 4
13 of the laws of 2017 and subdivision 4 as amended by section 1 of part K
14 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

15 § 2999-h. Definitions. As used in this title, unless the context or
16 subject matter requires otherwise:

17 1. "Birth-related neurological injury" means an injury to the brain or
18 spinal cord of a live infant caused by the deprivation of oxygen or
19 mechanical injury occurring in the course of labor, delivery or resusci-
20 tation, or by other medical services provided or not provided during
21 delivery admission, that rendered the infant with a permanent and
22 substantial motor impairment or with a developmental disability as that
23 term is defined by section 1.03 of the mental hygiene law, or both. This
24 definition shall apply to live births only.

25 2. "Fund" means the New York state medical indemnity fund.

26 3. "Neurological injury" means an injury to the brain or spinal cord
27 of a person occurring in the course of the provision of medical
28 services, that rendered the person with a permanent and substantial

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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motor impairment or with a disability that: (i) results in similar impairment of general intellectual functioning or adaptive behavior to that of intellectually disabled persons or (ii) requires treatment and services similar to those required for such person; and (iii) has continued or can be expected to continue indefinitely; and (iv) constitutes a substantial handicap to such person's ability to function normally in society.

4. "Qualifying health care costs" means the future medical, hospital, surgical, nursing, dental, rehabilitation, habilitation, respite, custodial, durable medical equipment, home modifications, assistive technology, vehicle modifications, transportation for purposes of health care related appointments, prescription and non-prescription medications, and other health care costs actually incurred for services rendered to and supplies utilized by qualified plaintiffs, which are necessary to meet their health care needs, as determined by their treating physicians, physician assistants, or nurse practitioners and as otherwise defined by the commissioner in regulation.

[4-] 5. "Qualified plaintiff" means every plaintiff or claimant who (i) has been found by a jury or court to have sustained a birth-related neurological injury or a neurological injury as the result of medical malpractice, or (ii) has sustained a birth-related neurological injury or a neurological injury as the result of alleged medical malpractice, and has settled his or her lawsuit or claim therefor; and (iii) has been ordered to be enrolled in the fund by a court in New York state.

§ 3. Subdivision 6 of section 2999-j of the public health law, as amended by section 3 of part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2019, is amended to read as follows:

6. (a) Every settlement agreement for claims arising out of a plaintiff's or claimant's birth related neurological injury or a plaintiff's or claimant's neurological injury subject to this title, and that provides for the payment of future medical expenses for the plaintiff or claimant, shall provide that all payments for future medical expenses shall be paid in accordance with this title in lieu of that portion of the settlement agreement that provides for payment of such expenses. The plaintiff's or claimant's future medical expenses shall be paid in accordance with this title. When such a settlement agreement does not so provide, the court shall direct the modification of the agreement to include such term as a condition of court approval.

(b) In any case where the jury or court has made an award for future medical expenses arising out of a birth related neurological injury or a neurological injury, any party to such action or person authorized to act on behalf of such party may make application to the court that the judgment reflect that, in lieu of that portion of the award that provides for payment of such expenses, the future medical expenses of the plaintiff shall be paid out of the fund in accordance with this title. Upon a finding by the court that the applicant has made a prima facie showing that the plaintiff is a qualified plaintiff, the court shall ensure that the judgment so provides.

§ 4. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall have become a law.