

STATE OF NEW YORK

6813

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

May 18, 2021

Introduced by Sen. RAMOS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Insurance

AN ACT to amend the insurance law, in relation to unfair claim settlement practices

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 2601-a
2 to read as follows:

3 § 2601-a. Unfair claim settlement practices; civil remedy. (a) The
4 holder of a policy issued or renewed pursuant to article thirty-four of
5 this chapter or injured person shall have a private right of action
6 against any insurer doing business in this state for damages as provided
7 in this section upon proof by a preponderance of the evidence that such
8 insurer's refusal to pay or unreasonably delay payment to the policy-
9 holder or injured person of amounts claimed to be due under a policy was
10 not reasonably justified. An insurer is not reasonably justified in
11 refusing to pay or is unreasonably delaying payment when the insurer:

12 (1) failed to provide the policyholder with accurate information
13 concerning policy provisions relating to the coverage at issue;

14 (2) failed to effectuate a prompt and fair settlement of a claim or
15 any portion thereof, in that the insurer failed to reasonably accord at
16 least equal or more favorable consideration to its insured's interests
17 as it did to its own interests, and thereby exposed the insured to a
18 judgment in excess of the policy limits;

19 (3) failed to provide a timely written denial of a policyholder's
20 claim with a full and complete explanation of such denial, including
21 references to specific policy provisions wherever possible;

22 (4) failed to make a final determination and notify the policyholder
23 in writing of its position on both liability for and the insurer's valu-
24 ation of a claim within six months of the date on which it received
25 actual or constructive notice of the loss upon which the claim is based;

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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1 (5) failed to act in good faith by compelling a policyholder to insti-
2 tute suit to recover amounts due under its policy by offering substan-
3 tially less than the amounts ultimately recovered in suit brought by
4 such policyholder;

5 (6) failed to advise a policyholder that a claim may exceed policy
6 limits, that counsel assigned by the insurer may be subject to a
7 conflict of interest, or that the policyholder may retain independent
8 counsel;

9 (7) failed to provide, on request of the policyholder or their repre-
10 sentative, all reports, letters or other documentation arising from the
11 investigation of a claim and evaluating liability for or valuation of
12 such claim;

13 (8) refused to pay a claim without conducting a reasonable investi-
14 gation;

15 (9) negotiated or settled a claim directly with a policyholder known
16 to be represented by an attorney without the attorney's knowledge or
17 consent. The provisions of this paragraph shall not be deemed to prohib-
18 it routine inquiries to a policyholder to obtain details concerning the
19 claim; or

20 (10) acted in violation of section two thousand six hundred one of
21 this article or any regulation promulgated pursuant thereto.

22 (b) Any policyholder who establishes liability pursuant to subsection
23 (a) of this section shall be entitled to recover, in addition to amounts
24 due under the policy, costs and disbursements, consequential damages,
25 reasonable attorneys' fees incurred by the policyholder, interest from
26 the date of the loss, and punitive damages as determined by the finder
27 of fact.

28 (c) Any policyholder may recover damages from an insurer doing busi-
29 ness in this state pursuant to this section either as part of an action
30 to recover under the terms of an insurance policy or in a separate
31 action.

32 (d) In any trial of a cause of action asserted against an insurer
33 pursuant to this section, evidence of settlement discussions written and
34 verbal offers to compromise and other evidence relating to the claims
35 process shall be admissible. If causes of action relating to liability
36 of the insurer under the policy and under this section are alleged in
37 the same action, the court may bifurcate the trial of issues so as to
38 avoid prejudice to the insurer on the issue of liability under the poli-
39 cy and facilitate admissibility of evidence on the causes of action
40 asserted pursuant to this section.

41 (e) All amounts recovered from an insurer as damages and reasonable
42 attorneys' fees in any action authorized in this section shall be
43 excluded by the insurer in its determinations of the premiums it will
44 charge all policyholders on all policies issued by it.

45 (f) An action may also be maintained by any injured person or repre-
46 sentative thereof including, but not limited to, a guardian, administra-
47 tor, executor, individual with a power of attorney or any other personal
48 representative against an insurer to recover damages including costs and
49 disbursements, consequential damages, reasonable attorney's fees, inter-
50 est from the time of failure to offer a fair and reasonable settlement
51 in accordance with this section, and punitive damages as determined by
52 the finder of fact or court, not limited to the policy limits, where a
53 preponderance of the evidence establishes that the insurer failed to
54 effectuate a prompt and fair settlement of a claim or any portion there-
55 of, in that under the totality of the facts and circumstances related to
56 the claim, the insurer failed to reasonably accord at least equal or

1 more favorable consideration to its insured's interests as it did to its
2 own interests.

3 (g) At least thirty days prior to the filing of any action pursuant to
4 this section, a written demand for relief, identifying the claimant and
5 reasonably describing the unfair claim settlement act or practice and
6 the injury suffered, shall be mailed or delivered to any insurer doing
7 business in this state. Any insurer doing business in this state receiv-
8 ing such a demand for relief who, within thirty days of the mailing or
9 delivery of the demand for relief, makes a written tender of settlement
10 which is rejected by the claimant may, in any subsequent action, file
11 the written tender and an affidavit concerning its rejection and thereby
12 limit any recovery to the relief tendered if the finder of fact finds
13 that the relief tendered was reasonable in relation to the injury actu-
14 ally suffered by the claimant. In all other cases, if the finder of fact
15 finds for the claimant, recovery shall be in the amount of actual
16 damages; or up to three but not less than two times such amount if the
17 finder of fact finds that the unfair claim settlement act or practice
18 was a willful or knowing violation of subsection (a) or (f) of this
19 section or that the refusal to grant relief upon demand was not reason-
20 ably justified with knowledge or reason to know that the act or practice
21 complained of violated subsection (a) or (f) of this section. For the
22 purposes of this chapter, the amount of actual damages to be multiplied
23 by the finder of fact shall be the amount of the damages as determined
24 by the finder of fact on all claims arising out of the same and underly-
25 ing transaction or occurrence, regardless of the existence or nonexist-
26 ence of insurance coverage available in payment of the claim. In addi-
27 tion, the court shall award such other equitable relief, including an
28 injunction, as it deems to be necessary and proper. The demand require-
29 ments of this subsection shall not apply if the claim is asserted by way
30 of counterclaim or cross-claim.

31 (h) The rights enumerated in this section are not the exclusive reme-
32 dies available to the policyholder or injured person or representative
33 thereof including, but not limited to, a guardian, administrator, execu-
34 tor, individual with power of attorney or any other personal represen-
35 tative and do not preclude any common law claims or other statutory
36 claims that may exist or arise.

37 (i) Upon demand of a claimant policyholder or injured person pursuant
38 to this section, an insurer shall make available to the claimant or
39 injured person the entire claim file within thirty days.

40 (j) A policyholder or injured person shall have the right to a trial
41 by jury. No mandatory arbitration agreement within or part of any writ-
42 ten contract for insurance shall prohibit an action pursuant to this
43 section.

44 § 2. Section 3425 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new
45 subsection (t) to read as follows:

46 (t) No insurer shall refuse to issue or renew a covered policy solely
47 on the grounds that the policyholder has brought an action pursuant to
48 section two thousand six hundred one-a of this chapter.

49 § 3. Paragraph 4 of subsection (a) of section 2601 of the insurance
50 law, as amended by chapter 547 of the laws of 1997, is amended to read
51 as follows:

52 ~~(4) [not attempting in good faith] where the insurer failed to effec-~~
53 ~~tuate a prompt[er] and fair [and equitable settlements] settlement of~~
54 ~~[claims submitted in which liability has become reasonably clear] a~~
55 ~~claim or any portion thereof, in that the insurer failed to reasonably~~
56 ~~accord at least equal or more favorable consideration to its insured's~~

1 interests as it did to its own interests, and thereby exposed the
2 insured to a judgment in excess of the policy limits, except where there
3 is a reasonable basis supported by specific information available for
4 review by the department that the claimant has caused the loss to occur
5 by arson. After receiving a properly executed proof of loss, the insurer
6 shall advise the claimant of acceptance or denial of the claim within
7 thirty working days;
8 § 4. This act shall take effect on the first of January next succeed-
9 ing the date on which it shall have become a law and shall apply to all
10 acts and omissions by insurers occurring on or after such effective
11 date.