STATE OF NEW YORK

6435

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

April 28, 2021

Introduced by Sen. BRESLIN -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law and the insurance law, in relation to utilization review program standards and prescription drug formulary changes during a contract year, and in relation to pre-authorization of health care services

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 4902 of the public health law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as follows:

4 (c) Utilization of written clinical review criteria developed pursuant
5 to a utilization review plan. Such clinical review criteria shall
6 utilize recognized evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review
7 criteria that takes into account the needs of a typical patient popu8 lations and diagnoses;

9 § 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 2 of section 4903 of the public 10 health law, as separately amended by section 13 of part YY and section 3 11 of part KKK of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as 12 follows:

13 (a) A utilization review agent shall make a utilization review deter-14 mination involving health care services which require pre-authorization and provide notice of a determination to the enrollee or enrollee's 15 designee and the enrollee's health care provider by telephone and in 16 writing within [three business days] forty-eight hours of receipt of the 17 18 necessary information, within twenty-four hours of the receipt of neces-19 sary information if the request is for an enrollee with a medical condi-20 tion that places the health of the insured in serious jeopardy without the health care services recommended by the enrollee's health care 21 22 professional, or for inpatient rehabilitation services following an 23 inpatient hospital admission provided by a hospital or skilled nursing

EXPLANATION--Matter in **italics** (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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facility, within one business day of receipt of the necessary informa-1 2 tion. The notification shall identify [+]: (i) whether the services are 3 considered in-network or out-of-network; (ii) and whether the enrollee 4 will be held harmless for the services and not be responsible for any 5 payment, other than any applicable co-payment or co-insurance; (iii) as б applicable, the dollar amount the health care plan will pay if the 7 service is out-of-network; and (iv) as applicable, information explain-8 ing how an enrollee may determine the anticipated out-of-pocket cost for 9 out-of-network health care services in a geographical area or zip code 10 based upon the difference between what the health care plan will reimburse for out-of-network health care services and the usual and custom-11 ary cost for out-of-network health care services. An approval for a 12 request for pre-authorization shall be valid for the duration of the 13 14 prescription or treatment as requested by the enrollee's health care 15 provider. 16 § 3. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 4909 to 17 read as follows: 18 § 4909. Prescription drug formulary changes. 1. A health care plan required to provide essential health benefits shall not, except as 19 20 otherwise provided in subdivision two of this section, remove a 21 prescription drug from a formulary: (a) if the formulary includes two or more tiers of benefits providing 22 for different deductibles, copayments or coinsurance applicable to the 23 24 prescription drugs in each tier, move a drug to a tier with a larger 25 deductible, copayment or coinsurance, or 26 (b) add utilization management restrictions to a formulary drug, 27 unless such changes occur at the time of enrollment or issuance of coverage. Such prohibition shall apply beginning on the date on which 28 29 open enrollment begins for a plan year and through the end of the plan 30 year to which such open enrollment period applies. 31 2. (a) A health care plan with a formulary that includes two or more 32 tiers of benefits providing for different deductibles, copayments or 33 coinsurance applicable to prescription drugs in each tier may move a 34 prescription drug to a tier with a larger deducible, copayment or coin-35 surance if an AB-rated generic drug for such prescription drug is added 36 to the formulary at the same time. 37 (b) A health care plan may remove a prescription drug from a formulary if the federal food and drug administration determines that such drug 38 should be removed from the market. 39 40 § 4. Paragraph 3 of subsection (a) of section 4902 of the insurance 41 law, as added by chapter 705 of the laws of 1996, is amended to read as 42 follows: 43 (3) Utilization of written clinical review criteria developed pursuant 44 to a utilization review plan. Such clinical review criteria shall 45 utilize recognized evidence-based and peer reviewed clinical review 46 criteria that takes into account the needs of a typical patient popu-47 lations and diagnoses; § 5. Paragraph 1 of subsection (b) of section 4903 of the insurance 48 law, as separately amended by section 16 of part YY and section 7 of 49 part KKK of chapter 56 of the laws of 2020, is amended to read as 50 51 follows: 52 (1) A utilization review agent shall make a utilization review deter-53 mination involving health care services which require pre-authorization 54 and provide notice of a determination to the insured or insured's desig-55 nee and the insured's health care provider by telephone and in writing 56 within [three business days] forty-eight hours of receipt of the neces-

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sary information, within twenty-four hours of receipt of necessary 1 information if the request is for an insured with a medical condition 2 that places the health of the insured in serious jeopardy without the 3 4 health care services recommended by the insured's health care provider, 5 or for inpatient rehabilitation services following an inpatient hospital б admission provided by a hospital or skilled nursing facility, within one 7 business day of receipt of the necessary information. The notification 8 shall identify: (i) whether the services are considered in-network or 9 out-of-network; (ii) whether the insured will be held harmless for the 10 services and not be responsible for any payment, other than any applica-11 ble co-payment, co-insurance or deductible; (iii) as applicable, the dollar amount the health care plan will pay if the service is out-of-12 13 network; and (iv) as applicable, information explaining how an insured 14 may determine the anticipated out-of-pocket cost for out-of-network health care services in a geographical area or zip code based upon the 15 16 difference between what the health care plan will reimburse for out-of-17 network health care services and the usual and customary cost for out-18 of-network health care services. An approval of request for pre-authori-19 zation shall be valid for the duration of the prescription or treatment 20 requested for pre-authorization. 21 § 6. The insurance law is amended by adding a new section 4909 to read 22 as follows: § 4909. Prescription drug formulary changes. (a) A health care plan 23 required to provide essential health benefits shall not, except as 24 otherwise provided in subsection (b) of this section, remove a 25 26 prescription drug from a formulary: 27 (i) if the formulary includes two or more tiers of benefits providing 28 for different deductibles, copayments or coinsurance applicable to the 29 prescription drugs in each tier, move a drug to a tier with a larger 30 deductible, copayment or coinsurance, or 31 (ii) add utilization management restrictions to a formulary drug, 32 unless such changes occur at the time of enrollment or issuance of coverage. Such prohibition shall apply beginning on the date on which 33 34 open enrollment begins for a plan year and through the end of the plan 35 year to which such open enrollment period applies. 36 (b) (i) A health care plan with a formulary that includes two or more 37 tiers of benefits providing for different deductibles, copayments or 38 coinsurance applicable to prescription drugs in each tier may move a prescription drug to a tier with a larger deducible, copayment or coin-39 surance if an AB-rated generic drug for such prescription drug is added 40 41 to the formulary at the same time. 42 (ii) A health care plan may remove a prescription drug from a formu-43 lary if the federal food and drug administration determines that such 44 drug should be removed from the market. 45 § 7. Subsection (a) of section 3238 of the insurance law, as added by 46 chapter 451 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows: 47 (a) An insurer, corporation organized pursuant to article forty-three 48 of this chapter, municipal cooperative health benefits plan certified pursuant to article forty-seven of this chapter, or health maintenance 49 50 organization and other organizations certified pursuant to article 51 forty-four of the public health law ("health plan") shall pay claims for 52 a health care service for which a pre-authorization was required by, and 53 received from, the health plan prior to the rendering of such health 54 care service, and eligibility confirmed on the day of the service, 55 unless:

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(1) [(i) the insured, subscriber, or enrollee was not a covered person
 at the time the health care service was rendered.
 (ii) Notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (i) of this para-

4 graph, a health plan shall not deny a claim on this basis if the 5 insured's, subscriber's or enrollee's coverage was retroactively termi-6 nated more than one hundred twenty days after the date of the health care service, provided that the claim is submitted within ninety days 7 8 after the date of the health care service. If the claim is submitted 9 more than ninety days after the date of the health care service, the health plan shall have thirty days after the claim is received to deny 10 11 the claim on the basis that the insured, subscriber or enrollee was not a covered person on the date of the health care service. 12

(2)] the submission of the claim with respect to an insured, subscriber or enrollee was not timely under the terms of the applicable provider contract, if the claim is submitted by a provider, or the policy or contract, if the claim is submitted by the insured, subscriber or enrollee;

18 [(3)] (2) at the time the pre-authorization was issued, the insured, subscriber or enrollee had not exhausted contract or policy benefit 19 20 limitations based on information available to the health plan at such 21 time, but subsequently exhausted contract or policy benefit limitations after authorization was issued; provided, however, that the health plan 22 shall include in the notice of determination required pursuant to 23 subsection (b) of section four thousand nine hundred three of this chap-24 25 ter and subdivision two of section forty-nine hundred three of the 26 public health law that the visits authorized might exceed the limits of 27 the contract or policy and accordingly would not be covered under the 28 contract or policy;

[(4)] (3) the pre-authorization was based on materially inaccurate or incomplete information provided by the insured, subscriber or enrollee, the designee of the insured, subscriber or enrollee, or the health care provider such that if the correct or complete information had been provided, such pre-authorization would not have been granted; <u>or</u>

34 [(5) the pre-authorized service was related to a pre-existing condi- 35 tion that was excluded from coverage; or

36 (6)] (4) there is a reasonable basis supported by specific information 37 available for review by the superintendent that the insured, subscriber 38 or enrollee, the designee of the insured, subscriber or enrollee, or the 39 health care provider has engaged in fraud or abuse.

40 § 8. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall 41 have become a law.