## 9714

## IN ASSEMBLY

March 28, 2022

Introduced by M. of A. PAULIN -- read once and referred to the Committee on Health

AN ACT to amend the public health law, in relation to establishing the cesarean births review board

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The public health law is amended by adding a new section 2 2500-n to read as follows:

S 2500-n. Cesarean births review board. 1. There is hereby established in the department the cesarean births review board, hereinafter referred to as the "board". The members of the board shall be comprised of multidisciplinary experts in the field of maternal mortality, maternal health and public health, and shall include health care professionals or other experts who serve and are representative of the racial, ethnic, and socioeconomic diversity of the birthing people of the state.

10 2. The board should be composed of twelve members which shall include 11 eight members to be appointed by the governor as follows: two licensed 12 and practicing midwives in the state; two licensed and registered nurses 13 specializing in obstetrics in the state; two physicians specializing in obstetrics and gynecology licensed and registered to practice in the 14 15 state; and two representatives of a women's maternal health organization 16 that operates in the state; two members shall be appointed by the speak-17 er of the assembly; and two members shall be appointed by the temporary president of the senate. The governor shall designate the commissioner, 18 or their designee, as chair of the board. Members of the board shall 19 receive no compensation for their services but may be reimbursed for 20 necessary and actual expenses incurred in the performance of their 21 22 duties hereunder.

3. The board shall undertake a review of the rate of cesarean births at hospitals in the state. The board shall issue a final report and make recommendations related to the impact cesarean births have on birthing people and best practices that can be implemented to reduce the rate of cesarean births in the state. The board shall consider factors including, but not limited to:

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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1	(a) the disparity of cesarean birth rates among hospitals in the
2	state;
3	(b) the amount of hospitals in the state that allow or encourage vagi-
4	nal births after cesarean births;
5	(c) the time of day unplanned cesarean births occur in hospitals with
б	the highest rates of cesarean births in the state;
7	(d) the amount of birthing people who elect to have midwives attend
8	labor and delivery in hospitals in the state;
9	(e) the frequency of midwifery care during labor in hospitals across
10	the state and what impact, if any, this has on the rate of cesarean
11	births; and
12	(f) the amount of birthing people who were informed by their health
13	care provider about the potential risks, benefits, and alternatives
14	related to cesarean births before labor.
15	4. The commissioner may request and shall receive upon request from
16	any department, division, board, bureau, commission, local health
17	departments or any other agency in the state or political subdivision
18	thereof or any public authority, such information, including but not
19	limited to medical records, birth records, and any other information
20	that will help the department under this section to properly carry out
21	its functions, powers and duties.
22	5. The board shall, within twelve months of convening, issue a final
23	report on its findings and recommendations to the governor, speaker of
24	the assembly, and temporary president of the senate. Such report shall
25	keep confidential any information collected or received under this
26	section that includes personal identifying information of the birthing
27	person, health care practitioner or practitioners or anyone else indi-
28	vidually named in such information, as well as the hospital or facility
29	that treated the birthing person, and any other information such as
30	geographic location that may inadvertently identify the birthing person,
31	practitioner or facility, and shall use the information provided or
32	received under this section solely for the purposes of improvement of
33	the quality of maternal health care. The report shall be made accessible
34	to the public.

35 § 2. This act shall take effect immediately.