8462--A

2021-2022 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

November 17, 2021

Introduced by M. of A. KELLES -- read once and referred to the Committee
 on Correction -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted
 as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the correction law and the penal law, in relation to the early release of incarcerated individuals

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "earned 2 time act". 3 § 2. The correction law is amended by adding a new section 802 to read 4 as follows: § 802. Data collection. The department shall report annually to the 5 б governor and the legislature with respect to each instance in which time allowance credit has been withheld, forfeited or cancelled. The report 7 8 shall provide the following information: the name, department identifi-9 cation number and race of each incarcerated individual who has been 10 denied credit and the amount of credit involved, the reason or reasons for the denial, including, where applicable, a description of the bad 11 behavior or institutional rule violation or violations (including the 12 13 corresponding numerical code in the department's inmate rule handbook), 14 and, where applicable, a description of the assigned duty and/or iden-15 tification of assigned treatment program in which the incarcerated person was determined to have failed to perform properly. The report 16 shall additionally specify the department facility in which the recom-17 18 mendation to withhold, forfeit or cancel good time was made and the 19 names of the department personnel on such facility's time allowance 20 committee who made such recommendation. 21 § 3. Section 803 of the correction law, as amended by chapter 3 of the 22 laws of 1995, paragraphs (a), (b), and (c) of subdivision 1 and subdivi-

23 sions 3, 4, and 5 as amended by section 37 of subpart B of part C of 24 chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 and

EXPLANATION--Matter in <u>italics</u> (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [-] is old law to be omitted.

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subdivision 2-a as added by chapter 738 of the laws of 2004, subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 as amended by chapter 322 of the laws of 2021, subparagraph (iv) of paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 as separately amended by chapters 242 and 322 of the laws of 2021, subdivision 2-b as added by section 3 of part E of chapter 62 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:

7 § 803. Good behavior allowances against indeterminate and determinate 8 sentences. 1. (a) Every person confined in an institution of the depart-9 ment or a facility in the department of mental hygiene serving an inde-10 terminate or determinate sentence of imprisonment, except a person serv-11 ing a sentence with a maximum term of life imprisonment, [may] shall 12 receive <u>a</u> time allowance against the term or maximum term of [his or her] their sentence imposed by the court. Such allowances [may be grant-13 14 ed for good behavior and efficient and willing performance of duties 15 assigned or progress and achievement in an assigned treatment program, and may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in part for bad 16 17 behavior, violation of institutional rules or failure to perform properly in the duties or program assigned] shall be credited toward a 18 19 person's sentence on an annual pro rata basis, and any credit awarded 20 over the course of the calendar year shall vest on the final day of the 21 calendar year. Once vested, such credit shall not be withheld, 22 forfeited, or canceled.

23 (a-1) Time allowances that have not yet been credited toward a person's sentence may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in 24 25 part for violation of institutional rules, as demonstrated at a hearing by a preponderance of the evidence. Such restrictions shall be limited 26 27 to the pro rata share of credit within the calendar year that the 28 offense is committed. If such time allowance is withheld, forfeited or 29 canceled in whole or in part, further allowances, not to exceed the 30 allowances set forth in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this subdivision, may 31 be reinstated for good behavior and efficient and willing performance of 32 duties assigned or progress and achievement in an assigned treatment 33 program. Following any final determination withholding, forfeiting, or 34 canceling a time allowance, the incarcerated person shall have the right to take an administrative appeal to the central office of the department 35 36 and shall be advised of the right to seek legal assistance in the taking 37 of such appeal. The department shall adopt regulations in accordance 38 with this provision.

39 (b) A person serving an indeterminate sentence of imprisonment [may] 40 shall receive a time allowance against the maximum term of [his or her] 41 their sentence [not to exceed one-third] of one-half of the maximum term 42 imposed by the court.

43 (c) A person serving a determinate sentence of imprisonment [may]
44 <u>shall</u> receive <u>a</u> time allowance against the term of [his or her] <u>their</u>
45 sentence [not to exceed one-seventh] of <u>one-half of</u> the term imposed by
46 the court.

(d) (i) [Except as provided in subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph, every] Every person under the custody of the department or confined in a facility in the department of mental hygiene serving an indeterminate sentence of imprisonment with a minimum period of one year or more or a determinate sentence of imprisonment of one year or more [imposed pursuant to section 70.70 or 70.71 of the penal law,] may earn a merit time allowance.

54 (ii) [Such merit time allowance shall not be available to any person

55 serving an indeterminate sentence authorized for an A-I felony offense,

56 other than an A-I felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty

of the penal law, or any sentence imposed for a violent felony offense 1 as defined in section 70.02 of the penal law, manslaughter in the second 2 degree, vehicular manslaughter in the second degree, vehicular 3 manslaughter in the first degree, criminally negligent homicide, an 4 5 offense defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law, incest, 6 or an offense defined in article two hundred sixty-three of the penal 7 law, or aggravated harassment of an employee by an incarcerated individ-8 ual. 9 (iii)] The merit time allowance credit against the minimum period of 10 the indeterminate sentence shall be [one-sixth] one-half of the minimum period imposed by the court [except that such credit shall be one-third 11 12 of the minimum period imposed by the court for an A-I felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law]. In the case of 13 14 such a determinate sentence, in addition to the time allowance credit 15 authorized by paragraph (c) of this subdivision, the merit time allowance credited against the term of the determinate sentence pursuant to 16 17 this paragraph shall be [ene-seventh] one-quarter of the term imposed by 18 the court. [(iv)] <u>(iii)</u> Such merit time allowance [may] shall be granted when an 19 20 incarcerated individual successfully participates in the work and treat-21 ment program assigned pursuant to section eight hundred five of this 22 article [and], including but not limited to when such incarcerated individual obtains a general equivalency diploma, an alcohol and substance 23 24 abuse treatment certificate, a vocational trade certificate [following 25 at least six months of vocational programming], at least eighteen credits in a program registered by the state education department from a 26 27 degree-granting higher education institution or performs at least four 28 hundred hours of service as part of a community work crew, or success-29 fully completes one or more "significant programmatic accomplishments" 30 as defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section eight hundred 31 three-b of this article. The commissioner may designate additional 32 programs and achievements for which merit time shall be granted. Once 33 granted, such allowances shall not be withheld, forfeited, or cancelled. Where the institution in which the incarcerated individual is confined 34 35 does not provide opportunities for every incarcerated individual to earn 36 merit time allowances, such merit time allowance shall be automatically 37 credited against the incarcerated individual's sentence according to 38 subparagraph (ii) of this paragraph. 39 [Such allowance shall be withheld for any serious disciplinary infraction or upon a judicial determination that the person, while an incar-40 cerated individual, commenced or continued a civil action, proceeding or 41 claim that was found to be frivolous as defined in subdivision (c) of 42 43 section eight thougand three hundred three-a of the civil practice law and rules, or an order of a federal court pursuant to rule 11 of the 44 federal rules of givil procedure imposing sangtions in an action 45 commenced by a person, while an incarcerated individual, against a state 46 47 agency, officer or employee. 48 (\mathbf{v})] (iv) The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to persons in 49 custody serving [an] a determinate or indeterminate sentence on the effective date of this paragraph as well as to persons sentenced to [an] 50 51 a determinate or indeterminate sentence on and after the effective date 52 of this paragraph [and prior to September first, two thousand five and to persons sentenced to a determinate sentence prior to September first, 53 two thousand eleven for a felony as defined in article two hundred twen-54 ty or two hundred twenty-one of the penal law]. The time allowances set 55

56 forth in this paragraph shall apply retroactively and shall be credited

toward every incarcerated individual's sentence within ninety days of 1 the chapter of the laws of two thousand twenty-one that amended this 2 3 paragraph. 4 2. If a person is serving more than one sentence, the authorized 5 allowances may be granted separately against the term or maximum term of 6 each sentence or, where consecutive sentences are involved, against the 7 aggregate maximum term. Such allowances shall be calculated as follows: 8 (a) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run concurrently [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-9 10 third] of one-half of the indeterminate sentence which has the longest 11 unexpired time to run. 12 (b) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run 13 consecutively [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-14 third] of one-half of the aggregate maximum term. 15 (c) A person serving two or more determinate sentences which run concurrently [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-16 17 seventh] of one-half of the determinate sentence which has the longest 18 unexpired time to run. (d) A person serving two or more determinate sentences which run 19 20 consecutively [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-21 **seventh**] of **<u>one-half of</u>** the aggregate maximum term. 22 (e) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentence and one or 23 more determinate sentence which run concurrently [may] shall receive a time allowance [not to exceed one-third] of one-half of the indetermi-24 25 nate sentence which has the longest unexpired term to run or [one-seventh] <u>one-half</u> of the determinate sentence which has the longest unex-26 27 pired time to run, whichever allowance is greater. 28 (f) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentence and one or 29 more determinate sentence which run consecutively [may] shall receive a 30 time allowance [not to exceed] of the sum of [one-third] one-half of the maximum or aggregate maximum of the indeterminate sentence or sentences 31 32 and [one-seventh] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum of the 33 determinate sentence or sentences. 34 2-a. If a person is serving more than one sentence, the authorized 35 merit time allowances may be granted against the period or aggregate 36 minimum period of the indeterminate sentence or sentences, or against 37 the term or aggregate term of the determinate sentence or sentences, or where consecutive determinate and indeterminate sentences are involved, 38 39 against the aggregate minimum period as calculated pursuant to subpara-40 graph (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 70.40 of the 41 penal law. Such allowances shall be calculated as follows: 42 (a) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run 43 concurrently may receive a merit time allowance not to exceed [one-44 **sixth**] <u>one-half</u> of the minimum period of the indeterminate sentence imposed [for an offense other than an A-I felony offense defined in 45 46 article two hundred twenty of the penal law, or one-third of the minimum 47 period of the indeterminate sentence imposed for an A-I felony offense 48 defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, whichever allow-49 ance results in the longest unexpired time to run] by the court. (b) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences which run 50 51 consecutively may receive a merit time allowance not to exceed the 52 amount of [one-third] one-half of the minimum or aggregate minimum period of the sentences imposed [for an A-I felony offense defined in arti-53 54 cle two hundred twenty of the penal law, plus one-sixth of the minimum or aggregate minimum period of the sentences imposed for an offense 55 56 other than such A-I felony offense] by the court.

1 (c) A person serving two or more determinate sentences [for an offense 2 defined in article two hundred twenty or two hundred twenty one of the 3 penal law] which run concurrently may receive a merit time allowance not 4 to exceed [one-seventh] one-quarter of the term of the determinate 5 sentence which has the longest unexpired time to run. 6 (d) A person serving two or more determinate sentences [for an offense 7 defined in article two hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-one of the 8 penal law] which run consecutively may receive a merit time allowance 9 not to exceed [one-seventh] one-quarter of the aggregate term of such 10 determinate sentences. 11 (e) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentences and one or 12 more determinate sentences [for an offense defined in article two hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-one of the penal law] which run 13 concurrently may receive a merit time allowance not to exceed [one-14 15 **sixth**] <u>one-half</u> of the minimum period of the indeterminate sentence imposed [for an offense other than an A-I felony offense defined in 16 17 article two hundred twenty of the penal law, one-third of the minimum period of the indeterminate sentence imposed for an A-I felony offense 18 defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law,] or [one-sev-19 enth] one-quarter of the term of the determinate sentence, whichever 20 21 allowance results in the largest unexpired time to run. 22 (f) A person serving one or more indeterminate sentences and one or 23 more determinate sentences which run consecutively may receive a merit time allowance not to exceed the sum of [one-sixth] one-half of the 24 minimum or aggregate minimum period of the indeterminate sentence or 25 sentences imposed [for an offense other than an A-I felony offense 26 27 defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal law, one-third of the 28 minimum or aggregate minimum period of the indeterminate sentence or sentences imposed for an A-I felony offense defined in article two 29 hundred twenty of the penal law] and [one-seventh] one-quarter of the 30 31 term or aggregate term of the determinate sentence or sentences. 32 (q) The provisions of this subdivision shall apply to persons in 33 custody serving [an] a determinate or indeterminate sentence on the 34 effective date of this subdivision as well as to persons sentenced to 35 [an] a determinate or indeterminate sentence on and after the effective 36 date of this subdivision [and prior to September first, two thousand 37 five and to persons sentenced to a determinate sentence prior to September first, two thousand eleven for a felony as defined in article two 38 hundred twenty or two hundred twenty-one of the penal law]. The merit 39 time allowances set forth in this subdivision shall apply retroactively, 40 41 and shall be credited toward every incarcerated individual's sentence 42 within ninety days of the effective date of the chapter of the laws of 43 two thousand twenty-one that amended this subdivision. 44 [2-b. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if a person is serving more than 45 one indeterminate sentence, at least one of which is imposed for a class A-I felony offense defined in article two hundred twenty of the penal 46 47 law, the authorized merit time allowance granted pursuant to paragraph (d) of subdivision one of this section shall be calculated as follows: 48 49 (a) In the event a person is serving two or more indeterminate sentences with different minimum periods which run concurrently, the 50 merit time allowance shall be based upon the sentence with the longest 51 52 unexpired minimum period. If the sentence with the longest unexpired minimum period was imposed for a class A-I felony, the merit time credit 53 54 shall be one-third of such sentence's minimum period; if such sentence 55 was imposed for an offense other than a class A-I felony, such merit 56 time credit shall be one-sixth of such sentence's minimum period.

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Provided, however, that where the minimum period of any other concurrent indeterminate sentence is greater than such reduced minimum period, the minimum period of such other concurrent indeterminate sentence shall also be reduced but only to the extent that the minimum period of such other concurrent sentence, as so reduced, is equal to the reduced minimum period of such sentence with the longest unexpired minimum period to run. (b) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences with the same minimum periods which run concurrently, and no concurrent indeterminate sentence with any greater minimum period, shall have the minimum period of each such sentence reduced in the amount of one-third of such minimum period if all such sentences were imposed for a class A-I felony. (c) A person serving two or more indeterminate sentences that run consecutively shall have the aggregate minimum period of such sentences reduced in the amount of one-third of such aggregate minimum period of the sentences imposed for a class A-I felony, plus one-sixth of such aggregate minimum period of the sentences imposed for an offense other than a class A-I felony.] 3. The commissioner of corrections and community supervision shall promulgate rules and regulations for the fair and equitable granting,

20 21 withholding, forfeiture, cancellation and restoration of allowances 22 authorized by this section in accordance with the criteria herein specified. Such rules and regulations shall specify procedures to ensure that 23 similarly situated incarcerated persons are treated similarly with 24 25 respect to the granting, withholding, forfeiture or cancellation of allowances, and include provisions designating the person or committee 26 27 in each correctional institution delegated to make discretionary deter-28 minations with respect to the allowances, the books and records to be kept, and a procedure for review of the institutional determinations by 29 30 the commissioner.

31 4. [No person shall have the right to demand or require the allowances 32 authorized by this section. The decision of the commissioner of 33 corrections and community supervision as to the granting, withholding, 34 forfeiture, cancellation or restoration of such allowances shall be 35 final and shall not be reviewable if made in accordance with law.

36 5.] Time allowances granted prior to any release to community super-37 vision shall be forfeited and shall not be restored if the released person is returned to an institution under the jurisdiction of the state 38 department of corrections and community supervision for violation of 39 community supervision or by reason of a conviction for a crime committed 40 while on community supervision. A person who is so returned may, howev-41 42 er, subsequently receive time allowances against the remaining portion 43 of [his or her] their term, maximum term or aggregate maximum term 44 pursuant to this section [and provided such remaining portion of his or 45 her term, maximum term, or aggregate maximum term is more than one 46 year].

47 [6.] 5. Upon commencement of an indeterminate or a determinate 48 sentence the provisions of this section shall be furnished to the person 49 serving the sentence and the meaning of same shall be fully explained to 50 him by a person designated by the commissioner to perform such duty.

§ 4. Section 804 of the correction law, as added by chapter 680 of the laws of 1967, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 145 of the laws of 1976, and subdivision 6 as amended by section 39 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: § 804. Good behavior allowances against definite sentences. 1. Every

56 person confined in an institution serving a definite sentence of impri-

sonment [may] shall receive a time [allowances as discretionary 1 reductions of the term of his sentence not to exceed in the aggregate 2 one-third] allowance of one-half of the term imposed by the court. Such 3 allowances [may be granted for good behavior and efficient and willing 4 5 performance of duties assigned or progress and achievement in an assigned treatment program, and may be withheld, forfeited or cancelled б 7 in whole or in part for bad behavior, violation of institutional rules 8 or failure to perform properly in the duties or program assigned] shall 9 be credited toward a person's sentence on an annual pro rata basis, and 10 any credit awarded over the course of the calendar year shall vest on the final day of the calendar year. Once vested, such credit shall not 11 12 be withheld, forfeited, or canceled.

1-a. Time allowances that have not yet been granted toward a person's 13 14 sentence may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in part for 15 violation of institutional rules, as demonstrated at a hearing by a 16 preponderance of the evidence. Such restrictions shall be limited to the 17 pro rata share of credit within the calendar year that the offense is committed. If such time allowance is withheld, forfeited or canceled in 18 whole or in part, further allowances, not to exceed one-half of the term 19 20 imposed by the court, may be reinstated for good behavior and efficient 21 and willing performance of duties assigned or progress and achievement 22 in an assigned treatment program. Following any final determination 23 withholding, forfeiting, or canceling a time allowance, the incarcerated person shall have the right to take an administrative appeal to the 24 25 sheriff and shall be advised of the right to seek legal assistance in the taking of such appeal. The sheriff shall adopt regulations in 26 27 accordance with this provision.

28 2. If a person is serving more than one sentence, the authorized 29 allowances may be granted separately against the term of each sentence 30 or, where consecutive sentences are involved, against the aggregate 31 term. Allowances based upon sentences of less than one month may be 32 granted, and in such case the maximum allowance shall be one day for 33 every [three] two days of the sentence. In no case, however, shall the total of all allowances granted to any such person exceed [one-third] 34 one-half of the time [he] they would be required to serve, computed 35 36 without regard to this section.

37 3. [No person shall have the right to demand or require the allowances 38 authorized by this section. The decision of the sheriff, superintendent, 39 warden or other person in charge of the institution, or where such 40 institution is under the jurisdiction of a county or city department the 41 decision of the head of such department, as to the granting, withhold-42 ing, forfeiture, cancellation or restoration of such allowances shall be 43 final and shall not be reviewable if made in accordance with law.

4-] A person who has earned a reduction of sentence pursuant to this 44 45 section and who has been conditionally released under subdivision two of 46 section 70.40 of the penal law shall not forfeit such reduction by 47 reason of conduct causing [his] their return to the institution. 48 Provided, nevertheless, that such reduction may be forfeited by reason 49 of subsequent conduct while serving the remainder of [his] their term. [5.] 4. The state commission of correction shall promulgate record 50 keeping rules and regulations for the **fair and equitable** granting, with-51 52 holding, forfeiture, cancellation and restoration of allowances author-53 ized by this section. Such rules and regulations shall specify proce-54 dures to ensure that similarly situated incarcerated persons are treated 55 similarly with respect to the granting, withholding, forfeiture or 56 cancellation of allowances.

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[6-] 5. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, in any case where a person is serving a definite sentence in an institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections and community supervision, [subdivisions] subdivision three [and four] of section eight hundred three of this chapter shall apply.

6 [7.] 6. Upon commencement of any definite sentence the provisions of 7 this section shall be furnished to the person serving the sentence and 8 the meaning of same shall be fully explained to [him] them by an officer 9 designated in the regulation to perform such duty.

10 § 5. Section 804-a of the correction law, as added by chapter 220 of 11 the laws of 1987, is amended to read as follows:

12 § 804-a. Good behavior allowances for certain civil commitments. 1. 13 Every person confined in an institution serving a civil commitment for a 14 fixed period of time, whose release is not conditional upon any act 15 within [his] their power to perform, [may] shall receive time allowances 16 as discretionary reductions of the term of [his] their commitment not to 17 exceed, in the aggregate, [one-third] one-half of the term imposed by the court. Such allowances [may be granted for good behavior and effi-18 cient and willing performance of duties assigned or progress and 19 achievement in an assigned treatment program, and may be withheld, 20 forfeited or cancelled in whole or in part for bad behavior, violation 21 22 of institutional rules or failure to perform properly in the duties or program assigned] shall be credited toward a person's sentence on an 23 annual pro rata basis, and any credit awarded over the course of the 24 25 calendar year shall vest on the final day of the calendar year. Once vested, such credit shall not be withheld, forfeited, or canceled. 26

27 1-a. Time allowances that have not yet been granted toward a person's 28 sentence may be withheld, forfeited or canceled in whole or in part for 29 violation of institutional rules, as demonstrated at a hearing by a 30 preponderance of the evidence. Such restrictions shall be limited to the pro rata share of credit within the calendar year that the offense is 31 32 committed. If such time allowance is withheld, forfeited or canceled in 33 whole or in part, further allowances, not to exceed one-half of the term 34 imposed by the court, may be reinstated for good behavior and efficient 35 and willing performance of duties assigned or progress and achievement 36 in an assigned treatment program. Following any final determination 37 withholding, forfeiting, or canceling a time allowance, the incarcerated person shall have the right to take an administrative appeal to the 38 39 central office of the department and shall be advised of the right to seek legal assistance in the taking of such appeal. The department shall 40 adopt regulations in accordance with this provision. 41

42 2. Allowances based upon commitments of less than one month may be 43 granted, and in such case the maximum allowances shall be one day for 44 every [three] two days of the commitment. In no case, however, shall the 45 total of all allowances granted to any such person exceed [one-third] 46 one-half of the time [he] they would be required to serve, computed 47 without regard to this section.

48 3. [No person shall have the right to demand or require the allowances 49 authorized by this section. The decision of the sheriff, superintendent, 50 warden or other person in charge of the institution, or where such 51 institution is under the jurisdiction of a county or city department the 52 decision of the head of such department, as to the granting, withhold-53 ing, forfeiture, cancellation, or restoration of such allowances shall 54 be final and shall not be reviewable if made in accordance with law. 1 **4.**] The state commission of correction shall promulgate record keeping 2 rules and regulations for the granting, withholding, forfeiture, cancel-3 lation and restoration of allowances authorized by this section.

4 [5-] 4. Upon commencement of any civil commitment as described in 5 subdivision one of this section, the provisions of this section shall be 6 furnished to the person serving the commitment and the meaning of same 7 shall be fully explained to [him] them by an officer designated in the 8 regulation to perform such duty.

9 § 6. Section 865 of the correction law, as added by chapter 261 of the 10 laws of 1987, subdivisions 1 and 2 as amended by chapter 322 of the laws 11 of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

12 § 865. Definitions. As used in this article, [the following terms 13 mean:

"Eligible incarcerated individual" means a person sentenced to an 14 1. 15 indeterminate term of imprisonment who will become eligible for release on parole within three years or sentenced to a determinate term of 16 17 imprisonment who will become eligible for conditional release within three years, who has not reached the age of fifty years, who has not 18 previously been convicted of a violent felony as defined in article 19 seventy of the penal law, or a felony in any other jurisdiction which 20 21 includes all of the essential elements of any such violent felony, upon 22 which an indeterminate or determinate term of imprisonment was imposed and who was between the ages of sixteen and fifty years at the time of 23 commission of the crime upon which his or her present sentence was 24 25 based. Notwithstanding the foregoing, no person who is convicted of any of the following crimes shall be deemed eligible to participate in this 26 27 program: (a) a violent felony offense as defined in article seventy of the penal law; provided, however, that a person who is convicted of 28 burglary in the second degree as defined in subdivision two of section 29 140.25 of the penal law, or robbery in the second degree as defined in 30 31 subdivision one of section 160.10 of the penal law, or an attempt there-32 of, is eligible to participate, (b) an A-I felony offense, (c) any homi-33 eide offense as defined in article one hundred twenty-five of the penal 34 law, (d) any felony sex offense as defined in article one hundred thirty of the penal law and (e) any escape or absconding offense as defined in 35 36 article two hundred five of the penal law.

37 2. "Shock] "shock incarceration program" means a program pursuant to which eligible incarcerated individuals are selected to participate in 38 39 the program and serve a period of six months in a shock incarceration facility, which shall provide rigorous physical activity, intensive 40 regimentation and discipline and rehabilitation therapy and programming. 41 Such incarcerated individuals may be selected either: (i) at a reception 42 43 center; or (ii) at a general confinement facility [when the otherwise eligible incarcerated individual then becomes eligible for release on 44 45 parole within three years in the case of an indeterminate term of impri-46 sonment, or then becomes eligible for conditional release within three 47 years in the case of a determinate term of imprisonment].

48 § 7. Section 867 of the correction law, as amended by chapter 322 of 49 the laws of 2021, is amended to read as follows:

50 § 867. Procedure for selection of participants in shock incarceration 51 program. 1. An [eligible] incarcerated individual may make an applica-52 tion to the shock incarceration screening committee for permission to 53 participate in the shock incarceration program.

54 2. If the shock incarceration screening committee determines that an 55 incarcerated individual's participation in the shock incarceration 56 program is consistent with the safety of the community, the welfare of 1 the applicant and the rules and regulations of the department, the 2 committee shall forward the application to the commissioner or [his] <u>a</u> 3 designee for approval or disapproval.

2-a. Subdivisions one and two of this section shall apply to a judi-4 5 cially sentenced shock incarceration incarcerated individual only to the 6 extent that the screening committee may determine whether the incarcer-7 ated individual has a medical or mental health condition that will render the incarcerated individual unable to successfully complete the 8 9 shock incarceration program, and the facility in which the incarcerated 10 individual will participate in such program. Notwithstanding subdivi-11 sion five of this section, an incarcerated individual sentenced to shock 12 incarceration shall promptly commence participation in the program [when such incarcerated individual is an eligible incarcerated individual 13 pursuant to subdivision one of section eight hundred sixty-five of this 14 15 article].

16 3. Applicants cannot participate in the shock incarceration program 17 unless they agree to be bound by all the terms and conditions thereof 18 and indicate such agreement by signing the memorandum of the program 19 immediately below a statement reading as follows:

20 "I accept the foregoing program and agree to be bound by the terms and 21 conditions thereof. I understand that my participation in the program is 22 a privilege that may be revoked at any time at the sole discretion of the commissioner. I understand that I must successfully complete the 23 24 entire program to obtain a certificate of earned eligibility upon the 25 completion of said program, and in the event that I do not successfully 26 complete said program, for any reason, I will be transferred to a 27 nonshock incarceration correctional facility to continue service of my 28 sentence."

29 4. An incarcerated individual who has successfully completed a shock 30 incarceration program shall be eligible to receive such a certificate of 31 earned eligibility pursuant to section eight hundred five of this chap-32 ter. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, an incarcerated indi-33 vidual sentenced to a determinate sentence of imprisonment who has successfully completed a shock incarceration program shall be eligible 34 35 to receive such a certificate of earned eligibility and shall be imme-36 diately eligible to be conditionally released.

5. Participation in the shock incarceration program shall be a privilege. Nothing contained in this article may be construed to confer upon any incarcerated individual the right to participate or continue to participate therein.

§ 8. Clause (B) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 42 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws 43 of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

(B) if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences is less than twenty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be deemed to be twenty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall be deemed to be ten years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences, whichever is greater.

51 § 9. Clause (B) of subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 52 1 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws 53 of 1995, is amended to read as follows:

54 (B) if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or 55 sentences is less than thirty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be 56 serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be

deemed to be thirty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall 1 be deemed to be fifteen years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term or 2 aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences, 3 which-4 ever is greater. 5 § 10. Clause (B) of subparagraph (v) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 6 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws 7 of 1995, is amended to read as follows: 8 (B) if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or 9 sentences is less than forty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be 10 serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be 11 deemed to be forty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall 12 be deemed to be twenty years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or sentences, which-13 14 ever is greater. 15 § 11. Clause (B) of subparagraph (vii) of paragraph (e) of subdivision 16 1 of section 70.30 of the penal law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws 17 of 1995, is amended to read as follows: (B) if the aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or 18 sentences is less than fifty years, the defendant shall be deemed to be 19 20 serving an indeterminate sentence the maximum term of which shall be 21 deemed to be fifty years. In such instances, the minimum sentence shall 22 be deemed to be twenty-five years or [six-sevenths] one-half of the term or aggregate maximum term of the determinate sentence or 23 sentences, 24 whichever is greater. 25 § 12. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 4 of section 70.30 of the penal 26 law, as amended by chapter 3 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as 27 follows: 28 (b) In the case of a person serving a definite sentence, the total of 29 such allowances shall not exceed [one-third] one-half of [his] their 30 term or aggregate term and the allowances shall be applied as a credit 31 against such term. 32 § 13. Subparagraphs (iii) and (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 section 70.40 of the penal law, as amended by section 127-c of 33 of 34 subpart B of part C of chapter 62 of the laws of 2011, is amended to 35 read as follows: 36 (iii) A person who is serving one or more than one indeterminate 37 sentence of imprisonment and one or more than one determinate sentence of imprisonment, which run concurrently may be paroled at any time after 38 39 the expiration of the minimum period of imprisonment of the indetermi-40 nate sentence or sentences, or upon the expiration of [six-sevenths] one-half of the term of imprisonment of the determinate sentence or 41 42 sentences, whichever is later. 43 (iv) A person who is serving one or more than one indeterminate sentence of imprisonment and one or more than one determinate sentence 44 45 of imprisonment which run consecutively may be paroled at any time after 46 the expiration of the sum of the minimum or aggregate minimum period of 47 the indeterminate sentence or sentences and [six-sevenths] one-half of 48 the term or aggregate term of imprisonment of the determinate sentence 49 or sentences. 14. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 70.40 of the penal 50 S 51 law, as amended by section 127-d-1 of subpart B of part C of chapter 62 52 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows: 53 (b) A person who is serving one or more than one indeterminate or 54 determinate sentence of imprisonment shall, if [he or she so requests] they request, be conditionally released from the institution in which 55 56 [he or she is] they are confined when the total good behavior time

allowed to [him or her] them, pursuant to the provisions of the 1 correction law, is equal to the unserved portion of [his or her] their 2 term, maximum term or aggregate maximum term; provided, however, that 3 (i) in no event shall a person serving one or more indeterminate 4 5 sentence of imprisonment and one or more determinate sentence of impri-6 sonment which run concurrently be conditionally released until serving 7 at least [six-sevenths] one-half of the determinate term of imprisonment 8 which has the longest unexpired time to run and (ii) in no event shall a 9 person be conditionally released prior to the date on which such person 10 is first eligible for discretionary parole release. The conditions of 11 release, including those governing post-release supervision, shall be 12 such as may be imposed by the state board of parole in accordance with the provisions of the executive law. 13

Every person so released shall be under the supervision of the state behavior of corrections and community supervision for a period equal to the unserved portion of the term, maximum term, aggregate maximum term, or period of post-release supervision.

18 § 15. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that 19 the amendments to section 803 of the correction law made by section three of this act shall not affect the expiration of such section and 20 21 shall be deemed to expire therewith; provided, further that the amend-22 ments to subdivision 2-b of section 803 of the correction law made by 23 section three of this act shall not affect the repeal of such subdivi-24 sion and shall be deemed repealed therewith; provided further, however, 25 that the amendments to paragraph (e) of subdivision 1 and paragraph (b) 26 of subdivision four of section 70.30 of the penal law made by sections 27 eight, nine, ten, eleven, and twelve of this act shall not affect the 28 expiration of such paragraphs and shall be deemed to expire therewith; 29 and provided further, however, that the amendments to paragraphs (a) and 30 (b) of subdivision 1 of section 70.40 of the penal law made by sections 31 thirteen and fourteen of this act shall not affect the expiration of 32 such paragraphs and shall be deemed to expire therewith.