

STATE OF NEW YORK

2774--B

2019-2020 Regular Sessions

IN SENATE

January 29, 2019

Introduced by Sen. COMRIE -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Ethics and Internal Governance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- recommitted to the Committee on Ethics and Internal Governance in accordance with Senate Rule 6, sec. 8 -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the public officers law, in relation to the accessibility of public hearings and meetings

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 74-a of the public officers law, as added by chapter 368 of the laws of 1977, is amended to read as follows:

§ 74-a. Duty of public officers regarding [~~the physically handicapped~~] accessibility. 1. It shall be the duty of each public officer responsible for the scheduling or siting of any public hearing to make reasonable efforts to ensure (a) that such hearings are held in facilities that permit barrier-free physical access to the physically handicapped, as defined in subdivision five of section fifty of the public buildings law; and (b) that services of a qualified interpreter, if available, are provided at such public hearings at no charge to persons who are deaf or hard of hearing upon written request to the public officer responsible for the scheduling or siting of the public hearing within a reasonable time prior to such hearing. If interpreter services are requested, the public officer responsible for the scheduling or siting of the public hearing shall engage the services of a qualified interpreter, if available, to interpret the proceeding to, and the testimony of such persons who are deaf or hard of hearing; provided, however, that such action does not impose an undue hardship on the public body holding such hearing.

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [~~-~~] is old law to be omitted.

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1 2. (a) On and after January first, two thousand twenty-two, such
2 public officers shall have the power and it shall be their individual
3 duty to equip any rooms used for public hearings which accommodate more
4 than one hundred persons with an assistive listening system for use by
5 the deaf or hard of hearing; provided, however, that such action does
6 not impose an undue hardship on the public body equipping such rooms.

7 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "assistive listening
8 system" shall mean situational-personal acoustic communication equipment
9 designed to improve the transmission and auditory reception of sound.
10 Such system shall include but not be limited to the use of standard
11 amplitude modulation (AM), frequency modulation (FM), audio induction
12 loop, infrared light sound, or hard wire systems.

13 § 2. Subdivision (d) of section 103 of the public officers law, as
14 added by chapter 40 of the laws of 2010, is relettered subdivision (g)
15 and two new subdivisions (h) and (i) are added to read as follows:

16 (h) Public bodies shall make or cause to be made all reasonable
17 efforts to ensure that services of a qualified interpreter, if avail-
18 able, are provided at meetings at no charge to persons who are deaf or
19 hard of hearing upon written request to the public body within a reason-
20 able time prior to such meeting. If interpreter services are requested,
21 the public body shall engage the services of a qualified interpreter, if
22 available, to interpret the proceedings of the meeting; provided, howev-
23 er, that such action does not impose an undue hardship on the public
24 body holding such meeting.

25 (i) (1) Public bodies shall have the power and it shall be their
26 collective duty to equip meeting rooms which accommodate more than one
27 hundred persons with an assistive listening system for use by the deaf
28 or hard of hearing; provided, however, that such action does not impose
29 an undue hardship on the public body equipping such rooms.

30 (2) For purposes of this section, the term "assistive listening
31 system" shall mean situational-personal acoustic communication equipment
32 designed to improve the transmission and auditory reception of sound.
33 Such system shall include but not be limited to the use of standard
34 amplitude modulation (AM), frequency modulation (FM), audio induction
35 loop, infrared light sound, or hard wire systems.

36 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.