STATE OF NEW YORK

7813

IN SENATE

February 27, 2018

Introduced by Sens. MURPHY, AMEDORE, CROCI, YOUNG -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Veterans, Homeland Security and Military Affairs

AN ACT to amend the penal law and the executive law, in relation to acts of terrorism and the New York state intelligence center

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 490.00 of the penal law, as added by chapter 300 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:

§ 490.00 Legislative findings.

The devastating consequences of the recent barbaric attack on the 5 World Trade Center and the Pentagon underscore the compelling need for legislation that is specifically designed to combat the evils of terror-7 ism. Indeed, the bombings of American embassies in Kenya and Tanzania in 1998, the federal building in Oklahoma City in 1995, Pan Am Flight 9 number 103 in Lockerbie in 1988, the 1997 shooting atop the Empire State 10 Building, the 1994 murder of Ari Halberstam on the Brooklyn Bridge 11 [and], the 1993 bombing of the World Trade Center, and the mass shoot-12 ings in San Bernadino, California and Charleston, South Carolina in 2015, the Orlando nightclub in 2016, the Las Vegas strip in 2017, and at 13 14 Marjory Stoneman Douglas High School in Parkland, Florida in 2018, among 15 others, will forever serve to remind us that terrorism is a serious and 16 deadly problem that disrupts public order and threatens individual safe-17 ty both at home and around the world. Terrorism is inconsistent with 18 civilized society and cannot be tolerated.

Although certain federal laws seek to curb the incidence of terrorism, there are no corresponding state laws that facilitate the prosecution and punishment of terrorists in state courts. Inexplicably, there is also no criminal penalty in this state for a person who solicits or raises funds for, or provides other material support or resources to, those who commit or encourage the commission of horrific and cowardly acts of terrorism. Nor do our criminal laws proscribe the making of terrorist threats or punish with appropriate severity those who hinder the prosecution of terrorists. Finally, our death penalty statute must

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

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be strengthened so that the cold-blooded execution of an individual for terrorist purposes is a capital offense.

A comprehensive state law is urgently needed to complement federal laws in the fight against terrorism and to better protect all citizens against terrorist acts and mass shootings. Accordingly, the legislature finds that our laws must be strengthened to ensure that terrorists, as well as those who solicit or provide financial and other support to terrorists, are prosecuted and punished in state courts with appropriate severity.

- 2. Subdivision 1 of section 490.05 of the penal law, as added by chapter 300 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
 - 1. "Act of terrorism":

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- (a) for purposes of this article means: (i) an act or acts constituting a specified offense as defined in subdivision three of this section for which a person may be convicted in the criminal courts of this state pursuant to article twenty of the criminal procedure law, or an act or acts constituting an offense in any other jurisdiction within or outside the territorial boundaries of the United States which contains all of the essential elements of a specified offense, that is intended to:
 - [(i)] (A) intimidate or coerce a civilian population;
- [(ii)] (B) influence the policy of a unit of government by intimidation or coercion; or
- [(iii)] (C) affect the conduct of a unit of government by murder, assassination or kidnapping; or
- (ii) an individual who, knowingly discharges or attempts to discharge a firearm:
- (A) within a distance of one thousand feet from the grounds of a public, parochial or private school;
- (B) within a distance of one thousand feet from the grounds of a place of worship; or
 - (C) in a place of business with one or more employees; or
- (b) for purposes of subparagraph (xiii) of paragraph (a) of subdivision one of section 125.27 of this chapter means: (i) activities that involve a violent act or acts dangerous to human life that are in violation of the criminal laws of this state and are intended to:
 - [(i)] (A) intimidate or coerce a civilian population;
- [(ii)] (B) influence the policy of a unit of government by intimidation or coercion; or
- [(iii) (C) affect the conduct of a unit of government by murder, assassination or kidnapping[→]; or
- (ii) an individual who, knowingly discharges or attempts to discharge a firearm:
- (A) within a distance of one thousand feet from the grounds of a public, parochial or private school;
- (B) within a distance of one thousand feet from the grounds of a place of worship; or
 - (C) in a place of business with one or more employees.
- § 3. Subdivision 1 of section 490.25 of the penal law, as added by chapter 300 of the laws of 2001, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. A person is guilty of a crime of terrorism when, with intent to intimidate or coerce a civilian population, influence the policy of a unit of government by intimidation or coercion, or affect the conduct of a unit of government, school, house of worship or business by murder, assassination or kidnapping, he or she commits a specified offense.
- § 4. The executive law is amended by adding a new article 26-A to read 56 as follows:

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1 ARTICLE 26-A 2 NEW YORK STATE INTELLIGENCE CENTER

Section 730. The New York state intelligence center.

731. Definitions.

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- 732. Operation of center.
 - 733. Collection of criminal intelligence information.
- 734. Confidentiality and immunity from service of process; penalties.
 - 735. Receipt of information; immunity from liability.
- 10 736. Collection of information prohibited; exceptions; over-11 sight.
 - § 730. The New York state intelligence center. 1. There is hereby established a New York state intelligence center in the division of homeland security and emergency services.
 - 2. The New York state intelligence center shall collect; integrate; evaluate; analyze; disseminate; and maintain criminal intelligence information and other information to support governmental agencies and private organizations in detecting, preventing, investigating, and responding to criminal and terrorist activity in compliance with applicable state and federal laws and regulations, including 28 CFR 23.
- 21 3. It shall be the major purpose of the New York state intelligence 22 center to:
 - (a) receive, process, and disseminate homeland security information to stakeholders in a timely manner;
 - (b) collect, fuse, and analyze all terrorism related intelligence; conduct threat and vulnerability assessments; and disseminate intelligence accordingly;
- (c) ensure, and enhance connectivity of federal, state, and local partners to the New York state intelligence center, as well as to regional and local fusion centers in support of information sharing and 30
 - (d) expand outreach and information-sharing efforts beyond the law enforcement community, to include fire, public health, EMS, emergency management, the private sector, and other stakeholders;
- 35 (e) augment private sector outreach efforts to critical infrastructure sectors and at-risk businesses; 36
 - (f) increase public awareness and suspicious activity reporting through ongoing outreach and education on security issues, to include community organizations, private security partners, and the general public;
 - (g) enhance statewide, regional and local planning efforts to ensure ongoing information sharing and to identify information sharing gaps through needs assessments;
- (h) ensure the presence and security of information technology and 45 systems to facilitate information sharing and analysis;
- 46 (i) conduct training and exercises to build and test information shar-47 ing and intelligence capabilities;
- (j) promote the hiring, training and use of intelligence analysts in 48 49 support of state homeland security strategy;
- 50 (k) provide further support to statewide initiatives that foster the 51 sharing of information and intelligence;
- (1) obtain security clearances for key personnel and policymakers 52 whose duties require access to classified information; 53
- 54 (m) improve situational awareness by providing classified briefings and information to cleared personnel; 55

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1 (n) prevent acts of terrorism involving the discharge or attempted 2 discharge of a firearm:

- 3 (i) within a distance of one thousand feet from the grounds of a public, parochial or private school;
 - (ii) within a distance of one thousand feet from the grounds of a place of worship; or
 - (iii) in a place of business with one or more employees; and
- 8 (o) expand information sharing and collaboration through the estab-9 lishment of partnerships with academic institutions involved in homeland 10 security, terrorism studies, intelligence and related fields of study.
- 11 § 731. Definitions. As used in this article:
 - 1. "Collect" means to solicit or receive.
- 2. "Criminal intelligence information" means data that has been evaluated and determined to be relevant to the identification and criminal activity of individuals or organizations that are reasonably suspected of involvement in criminal activity. "Criminal intelligence information" shall not include criminal investigative files.
- 18 <u>3. "Division" means division of homeland security and emergency</u> 19 <u>services.</u>
- 20 <u>§ 732. Operation of center. 1. The division shall operate the New York</u>
 21 state intelligence center under the direction of the governor.
 - 2. The division shall cooperate, subject to applicable state and federal laws and regulations, including 28 CFR 23, with:
 - (a) the division of state police;
 - (b) local, state, or federal government agencies; and
 - (c) private organizations.
- 27 § 733. Collection of criminal intelligence information. The New York 28 state intelligence center may collect criminal intelligence information 29 only if:
- 1. reasonable suspicion exists that the subject of the criminal intelligence information is involved with or has knowledge of possible criminal or terrorist activity; and
- 2. the criminal intelligence information is relevant to the criminal or terrorist activity.
- 35 § 734. Confidentiality and immunity from service of process; penalties. 1. Papers, records, documents, reports, materials, databases, or 36 other evidence or information relative to criminal intelligence or any 37 terrorism investigation in the possession of the New York state intelli-38 39 gence center shall be confidential and shall not be subject to the freedom of information law. The division shall conduct an annual review of 40 41 information contained in any database maintained by the New York state 42 intelligence center. Data determined to not have a nexus to terrorist 43 activity shall be removed from such database. A reasonable suspicion 44 standard shall be applied when determining whether or not information 45 has a nexus to terrorist activity.
 - 2. No person, having access to information maintained by the New York state intelligence center, shall be subject to subpoena in a civil action in any court of the state to testify concerning a matter of which he has knowledge pursuant to his access to criminal intelligence information maintained by the New York state intelligence center.
- 3. No person or agency receiving information from the New York state intelligence center shall release or disseminate that information without prior authorization from the New York state intelligence center.
- 54 <u>4. Any person who knowingly disseminates information in violation of</u> 55 <u>this section is quilty of a class A misdemeanor.</u>

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5. Any person who knowingly disseminates information in violation of this section is quilty of a class D felony if such dissemination results in death or serious bodily injury to another person.

- § 735. Receipt of information; immunity from liability. 1. No cause of action for defamation, invasion of privacy, or negligence shall arise against any person for reason of that person's furnishing of information concerning any suspected, anticipated, or completed criminal violation when the information is provided to or received from the division or any federal or state governmental entity established for the purposes of detecting and preventing acts of terrorism.
- 11 2. No person shall be subject to such cause of action for cooperating with, or furnishing evidence or information regarding any suspected 12 13 <u>criminal violation to, the division.</u>
- 14 3. This section shall not provide immunity for those disclosing or 15 furnishing false information with malice or willful intent to injure any
- 4. This section does not abrogate or modify in any way common law or 17 18 statutory privilege or immunity heretofore enjoyed by any person or 19 entity.
 - § 736. Collection of information prohibited; exceptions; oversight. 1. The division shall not collect, maintain or share with any other law enforcement agency, information about the political, religious or social associations, views or activities of a person unless:
 - (a) the information directly relates to an investigation of criminal conduct; and
- (b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the subject of the 27 information is involved in the criminal conduct.
 - 2. Information about a person's political, religious or social associations, views or activities that is collected or maintained by the division shall be destroyed if:
- 31 (a) a criminal charge, to which the information is material or direct-32 ly related, is not brought against the person within a reasonable period of time; 33
- 34 (b) a criminal charge, to which the information is material or direct-35 ly related, was brought and has resulted in a dismissal, failure to prosecute, or acquittal; or
- (c) the information was collected or maintained in violation of subdi-37 38 vision one of this section.
 - 3. The division shall establish and enforce a written policy governing the collection, maintenance and destruction of information in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- 42 4. The division shall provide an annual report to the attorney general describing: 43
- 44 information collected, maintained or shared by the agency on 45 the political, religious or social associations, views or activities of 46 a person;
 - (b) the reasons for collecting or maintaining the information;
 - (c) the alleged criminal conduct to which the information relates; and
- 49 (d) the grounds for believing that the subject of the information is 50 involved in the criminal conduct.
- 51 5. The attorney general shall have access to the files and records of a law enforcement agency to oversee and monitor compliance with this 52 section. The attorney general may investigate citizen complaints regard-53 ing the collection, maintenance or sharing of information by the divi-54

55 sion in violation of this section. S. 7813 6

§ 5. If any item, clause, sentence, subparagraph, subdivision, section or other part of this act, or the application thereof to any person or circumstances shall be held to be invalid, such holding shall not affect, impair or invalidate the remainder of this act, or the application of such section or part of a section held invalid, to any other person or circumstances, but shall be confined in its operation to the item, clause, sentence, subparagraph, subdivision, section or other part of this act directly involved in such holding, or to the person and circumstances therein involved.

10 § 6. This act shall take effect immediately.