

STATE OF NEW YORK

3615

2017-2018 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

January 30, 2017

Introduced by M. of A. DINOWITZ -- read once and referred to the Committee on Corporations, Authorities and Commissions

AN ACT to amend the public service law, in relation to state-issued franchise of cable or video service

The People of the State of New York, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

1 Section 1. The public service law is amended by adding a new article
2 12 to read as follows:

ARTICLE 12

STATE-ISSUED FRANCHISE OF CABLE OR VIDEO SERVICE

3 Section 241. Franchising authority.

4 242. Definitions.

5 243. State authorization to provide cable service or video
6 service.

7 244. Eligibility for commission-issued franchise.

8 245. Franchise fee.

9 246. In-kind contributions to municipality.

10 247. Customer service standards.

11 248. Public, educational, and governmental access channels.

12 249. Nondiscrimination by municipality.

13 250. Municipal police power; other authority.

14 251. Indemnity in connection with right-of-way; notice of liability.

15 252. Municipal authority.

16 253. Discrimination prohibited.

17 254. Compliance.

18 255. Applicability of other laws.

19 256. Buildout requirements.

20 257. Enforcement.

21 § 241. Franchising authority. The commission shall be designated as
22 the franchising authority for a state-issued franchise for the provision
23 of cable service or video service.
24
25

EXPLANATION--Matter in italics (underscored) is new; matter in brackets
[-] is old law to be omitted.

LBD07593-01-7

§ 242. Definitions. In this article:

1. "Actual incremental cost" means only current out-of-pocket expenses for labor, equipment repair, equipment replacement, and tax expenses directly associated with the labor or the equipment of a service provider that is necessarily and directly used to provide what were, under a superseded franchise, in-kind services, exclusive of any profit or overhead such as depreciation, amortization, or administrative expense.

2. "Cable service" is defined as set forth in 47 U.S.C. Section 522(6).

3. "Cable service provider" means a person who provides cable service.

4. "Communications network" means a component or facility that is, wholly or partly, physically located within a public right-of-way and that is used to provide video programming, cable, voice, or data services.

5. "Franchise" means an initial authorization, or renewal of an authorization, issued by a franchising authority, regardless of whether the authorization is designated as a franchise, permit, license, resolution, contract, certificate, agreement, or otherwise, that authorizes the construction and operation of a cable or video services network in the public rights-of-way.

6. (a) "Gross revenues" means all consideration of any kind or nature including, without limitation, cash, credits, property, and in-kind contributions (services or goods) derived by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority from the operation of the cable service provider's or the video service provider's network to provide cable service or video service within the municipality. Gross revenue shall include all consideration paid to the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority and its affiliates (to the extent either is acting as a provider of a cable service or video service as authorized by this article), which shall include but not be limited to the following: (i) all fees charged to subscribers for any and all cable service or video service provided by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority; (ii) any fee imposed on the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority by this article that is passed through and paid by subscribers (including, without limitation, the franchise fee set forth in this article); and (iii) compensation received by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority or its affiliates that is derived from the operation of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's network to provide cable service or video service with respect to commissions that are paid to the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority as compensation for promotion or exhibition of any products or services on the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's network, such as a "home shopping" or a similar channel, subject to subparagraph (v) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision. Gross revenue includes a pro rata portion of all revenue derived by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority or its affiliates pursuant to compensation arrangements for advertising derived from the operation of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's network to provide cable service or the video service within a municipality, subject to subparagraph (iii) of paragraph (b) of this subdivision. The allocation shall be based on the number of subscribers in the municipality divided by the total number of subscribers in relation to the relevant regional or national compensation arrangement. Advertising commissions paid to third parties shall not be netted against advertising revenue included in gross revenue. Revenue of an

1 affiliate derived from the affiliate's provision of cable service or the
2 video service shall be gross revenue to the extent the treatment of such
3 revenue as revenue of the affiliate and not of the holder of a state-is-
4 ssued certificate of franchise authority has the effect (whether inten-
5 tional or unintentional) of evading the payment of fees which would
6 otherwise be paid to the municipality. In no event shall revenue of an
7 affiliate be gross revenue to the holder of a state-issued certificate
8 of franchise authority if such revenue is otherwise subject to fees to
9 be paid to the municipality.

10 (b) For purposes of this section, "gross revenues" does not include:

11 (i) any revenue not actually received, even if billed, such as bad
12 debt;

13 (ii) non-cable services or non-video services revenues received by any
14 affiliate or any other person in exchange for supplying goods or
15 services used by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
16 authority to provide cable service or video service;

17 (iii) refunds, rebates, or discounts made to subscribers, leased
18 access providers, advertisers, or a municipality;

19 (iv) any revenues from services classified as non-cable service or
20 non-video service under federal law including, without limitation,
21 revenue received from telecommunications services; revenue received from
22 information services (but not excluding cable services or video
23 services); and any other revenues attributed by the holder of a state-
24 issued certificate of franchise authority to non-cable service or non-
25 video service in accordance with Federal Communications Commission or
26 commission rules, regulations, standards, or orders;

27 (v) any revenue paid by subscribers to home shopping programmers
28 directly from the sale of merchandise through any home shopping channel
29 offered as part of the cable services or video services, but not exclud-
30 ing any commissions that are paid to the holder of a state-issued
31 certificate of franchise authority as compensation for promotion or
32 exhibition of any products or services on the holder of a state-issued
33 certificate of franchise authority's network, such as a "home shopping"
34 or a similar channel;

35 (vi) the sale of cable services or video services for resale in which
36 the purchaser is required to collect this article's fees from the
37 purchaser's customer. Nothing under this article is intended to limit
38 state's rights pursuant to 47 U.S.C. Section 542(h);

39 (vii) the provision of cable services or video services to customers
40 at no charge, as required or allowed by this article, including, without
41 limitation, the provision of cable services or video services to public
42 institutions, as required or permitted in this article, including, with-
43 out limitation, public schools or governmental entities, as required or
44 permitted in this article;

45 (viii) any tax of general applicability imposed upon the holder of a
46 state-issued certificate of franchise authority or upon subscribers by a
47 city, state, federal, or any other governmental entity and required to
48 be collected by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise
49 authority and remitted to the taxing entity (including, but not limited
50 to, sales and use tax, gross receipts tax, excise tax, utility users
51 tax, public service tax, communication taxes, and fees not imposed by
52 this article);

53 (ix) any forgone revenue from the holder of a state-issued certificate
54 of franchise authority's provision of free or reduced cost cable
55 services or video services to any person including, without limitation,
56 employees of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise

1 authority, to the municipality and other public institutions or other
2 institutions as allowed in this article; provided, however, that any
3 forgone revenue which the holder of a state-issued certificate of fran-
4 chise authority chooses not to receive in exchange for trades, barter,
5 services, or other items of value shall be included in gross revenue;

6 (x) sales of capital assets or sales of surplus equipment that is not
7 used by the purchaser to receive cable services or video services from
8 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority;

9 (xi) directory or Internet advertising revenue including, but not
10 limited to, yellow pages, white pages, banner advertisement, and elec-
11 tronic publishing; and

12 (xii) reimbursement by programmers of marketing costs incurred by the
13 holder of a state-issued franchise for the introduction of new program-
14 ming that exceed the actual costs.

15 (c) For purposes of this definition, a provider's network consists
16 solely of the optical spectrum wavelengths, bandwidth, or other current
17 or future technological capacity used for the transmission of video
18 programming over wireline directly to subscribers within the geographic
19 area within the municipality as designated by the provider in its fran-
20 chise.

21 7. "Incumbent cable service provider" means the cable service provider
22 serving the largest number of cable subscribers in a particular munici-
23 pal franchise area on the effective date of this article.

24 8. "Public right-of-way" means the area on, below, or above a public
25 roadway, highway, street, public sidewalk, alley, waterway, or utility
26 easement in which a municipality has an interest.

27 9. "Video programming" means programming provided by, or generally
28 considered comparable to programming provided by, a television broadcast
29 station, as set forth in 47 U.S.C. Section 522(20).

30 10. "Video service" means video programming services provided through
31 wireline facilities located at least in part in the public right-of-way
32 without regard to delivery technology, including Internet protocol tech-
33 nology. This definition does not include any video service provided by a
34 commercial mobile service provider as defined in 47 U.S.C. Section
35 332(d).

36 11. "Video service provider" means a video programming distributor
37 that distributes video programming services through wireline facilities
38 located at least in part in the public right-of-way without regard to
39 delivery technology. This term does not include a cable service provid-
40 er.

41 § 243. State authorization to provide cable service or video service.
42 1. An entity or person seeking to provide cable service or video service
43 in this state shall file an application for a state-issued certificate
44 of franchise authority with the commission as required by this section.
45 An entity providing cable service or video service under a franchise
46 agreement with a municipality is not subject to this subsection with
47 respect to such municipality until the franchise agreement is terminated
48 or until the franchise agreement expires. Any state-issued certificate
49 of franchise authority shall not include any cable service or video
50 service within a municipality of one million or more.

51 2. The commission shall notify an applicant for a state-issued certif-
52 icate of franchise authority whether the applicant's application
53 described by subdivision four of this section is complete or incomplete
54 after the applicant submits the application.

55 3. The commission may establish a public comment period after receiv-
56 ing a completed application.

1 4. Within one hundred twenty days of receiving the completed applica-
2 tion and if the commission determines such issuance would serve the
3 public interest, the commission shall issue a certificate of franchise
4 authority to offer cable service or video service after receipt of a
5 completed application submitted by the applicant and signed by an offi-
6 cer or general partner of the applicant affirming:

7 (a) that the applicant has filed or will timely file with the Federal
8 Communications Commission all forms required by that agency in advance
9 of offering cable service or video service in this state;

10 (b) that the applicant agrees to comply with all applicable federal
11 and state statutes and regulations;

12 (c) that the applicant agrees to comply with all applicable municipal
13 regulations regarding the use and occupation of public rights-of-way in
14 the delivery of the cable service or video service, including the police
15 powers of the municipalities in which the service is delivered;

16 (d) a description of the service area footprint to be served within
17 the municipality, if applicable, otherwise the municipality to be served
18 by the applicant, which may include certain designations of unincorpo-
19 rated areas, which description shall be updated by the applicant prior
20 to the expansion of cable service or video service to a previously
21 undesignated service area and, upon such expansion, notice to the
22 commission of the service area to be served by the applicant;

23 (e) the location of the applicant's principal place of business and
24 the names of the applicant's principal executive officers; and

25 (f) any other information required by the commission.

26 5. The certificate of franchise authority issued by the commission
27 shall contain:

28 (a) a grant of authority to provide cable service or video service as
29 requested in the application;

30 (b) a grant of authority to use and occupy the public rights-of-way in
31 the delivery of that service, subject to the laws of this state, includ-
32 ing the police powers of the municipalities in which the service is
33 delivered; and

34 (c) a statement that the grant of authority is subject to lawful oper-
35 ation of the cable service or video service by the applicant or its
36 successor in interest.

37 6. The certificate of franchise authority issued by the commission is
38 fully transferable, subject to approval by the commission that such
39 transfer serves the public interest, to any successor in interest to the
40 applicant to which it is initially granted. A notice of transfer and a
41 public interest statement shall be filed with the commission and each
42 relevant municipality prior to the transfer.

43 7. The certificate of franchise authority issued by the commission may
44 be terminated by the cable service provider or video service provider by
45 submitting notice to the commission and receiving approval from the
46 commission.

47 8. The commission may impose a fee on the applicant that shall not
48 exceed the actual and reasonable costs of processing the application and
49 overseeing the certificate shall not be levied for general revenue
50 purposes.

51 9. A certificate of franchise authority shall only be valid for ten
52 years after the date of issuance, and the applicant shall apply for a
53 renewal of the certificate of franchise authority for each additional
54 10-year period.

55 § 244. Eligibility for commission-issued franchise. 1. A cable service
56 provider or a video service provider that currently has or had previous-

1 ly received a franchise to provide cable service or video service with
2 respect to such municipalities is not eligible to seek a state-issued
3 certificate of franchise authority under this article as to those muni-
4 cipalities until the expiration date of the existing franchise agree-
5 ment, except as provided by subdivisions two, three, four, five and six
6 of this section.

7 2. Beginning January first, two thousand eighteen, a cable service
8 provider or video service provider that is not the incumbent cable
9 service provider and serves fewer than fifty percent of the total cable
10 customers in a particular municipal franchise area may elect to termi-
11 nate that municipal franchise and seek a state-issued certificate of
12 franchise authority by providing notice to the commission and the
13 affected municipality. The municipal franchise is terminated on the date
14 the commission issues the state-issued certificate of franchise authori-
15 ty.

16 3. Beginning January first, two thousand nineteen, a cable service
17 provider or video service provider in a municipality with a population
18 of less than three hundred thousand that was not allowed to or did not
19 terminate a municipal franchise under subdivision two of this section
20 may elect to terminate not less than all unexpired franchises in muni-
21 cipalities with a population of less than three hundred thousand and seek
22 a state-issued certificate of franchise authority for each area served
23 under a terminated municipal franchise by providing notice to the
24 commission and each affected municipality. A municipal franchise is
25 terminated on the date the commission issues a state-issued certificate
26 of franchise authority to the provider for the area served under that
27 terminated franchise.

28 4. A cable service provider or video service provider in a munici-
29 pality with a population of less than three hundred thousand may termi-
30 nate a municipal franchise in that municipality in the manner described
31 by subdivision three of this section if:

32 (a) the cable service provider or video service provider is not the
33 incumbent cable service provider in that municipality; and

34 (b) the incumbent cable service provider received a state-issued
35 certificate of franchise authority from the commission.

36 5. A municipality with a population of less than three hundred thou-
37 sand may enter into an agreement with any cable service provider in the
38 municipality to terminate a municipal cable franchise before the expira-
39 tion of the franchise. To the extent that the mutually agreed on terms
40 and conditions for early termination of the unexpired municipal cable
41 franchise conflict with a provision of this article, the agreed on terms
42 and conditions control.

43 6. A cable service provider that elects under subdivision two, three
44 or four of this section to terminate an existing municipal franchise is
45 responsible for remitting to the affected municipality before the nine-
46 ty-first day after the date the municipal franchise is terminated any
47 accrued but unpaid franchise fees due under the terminated franchise. If
48 the cable service provider has credit remaining from prepaid franchise
49 fees, the provider may deduct the amount of the remaining credit from
50 any future fees or taxes it must pay to the municipality, either direct-
51 ly or through the comptroller.

52 7. For purposes of this section, a cable service provider or video
53 service provider will be deemed to have or have had a franchise to
54 provide cable service or video service in a specific municipality if any
55 affiliates or successor entity of the cable or video provider has or had
56 a franchise agreement granted by that specific municipality.

1 8. The terms "affiliates or successor entity" in this section shall
2 include, but not be limited to, any entity receiving, obtaining, or
3 operating under a municipal cable or video franchise through merger,
4 sale, assignment, restructuring, or any other type of transaction.

5 9. Except as provided in this article, nothing in this article is
6 intended to abrogate, nullify, or adversely affect in any way the
7 contractual rights, duties, and obligations existing and incurred by a
8 cable service provider or a video service provider before the date a
9 franchise expires or the date a provider terminates a franchise under
10 subdivision two or three of this section, as applicable, and owed or
11 owing to any private person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other
12 entity including, without limitation, those obligations measured by and
13 related to the gross revenue hereafter received by the holder of a
14 state-issued certificate of franchise authority for services provided in
15 the geographic area to which such prior franchise or permit applies. All
16 liens, security interests, royalties, and other contracts, rights, and
17 interests in effect on January first, two thousand seventeen, or the
18 date a franchise is terminated under subdivision two or three of this
19 section shall continue in full force and effect, without the necessity
20 for renewal, extension, or continuance, and shall be paid and performed
21 by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority, and
22 shall apply as though the revenue generated by the holder of a state-is-
23 sued certificate of franchise authority continued to be generated pursu-
24 ant to the permit or franchise issued by the prior local franchising
25 authority or municipality within the geographic area to which the prior
26 permit or franchise applies. It shall be a condition to the issuance and
27 continuance of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority that
28 the private contractual rights and obligations herein described continue
29 to be honored, paid, or performed to the same extent as though the cable
30 service provider continued to operate under its prior franchise or
31 permit, for the duration of such state-issued certificate of franchise
32 authority and any renewals or extensions thereof, and that the applicant
33 so agrees. Any person, firm, partnership, corporation, or other entity
34 holding or claiming rights herein reserved may enforce same by an action
35 brought in a court of competent jurisdiction.

36 § 245. Franchise fee. 1. The holder of a state-issued certificate of
37 franchise authority shall pay each municipality in which it provides
38 cable service or video service a franchise fee of five percent based
39 upon the definition of gross revenues as set forth in this article. That
40 same franchise fee structure shall apply to any unincorporated areas
41 that are annexed by a municipality after the effective date of the
42 state-issued certificate of franchise authority.

43 2. The franchise fee payable under this section is to be paid quarter-
44 ly, within forty-five days after the end of the quarter for the preced-
45 ing calendar quarter. Each payment shall be accompanied by a summary
46 explaining the basis for the calculation of the fee. A municipality may
47 review the business records of the cable service provider or video
48 service provider to the extent necessary to ensure compensation in
49 accordance with subdivision one of this section, provided that the muni-
50 cipality may only review records that relate to the forty-eight-month
51 period preceding the date of the last franchise fee payment. A muni-
52 cipality may, in the event of a dispute concerning compensation under this
53 section, file a complaint with the commission, who is authorized to
54 order a remedy including, but not limited to, payment.

55 § 246. In-kind contributions to municipality. 1. Until the expiration
56 or termination of the incumbent cable service provider's agreement, the

holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall pay a municipality in which it is offering cable service or video service the same cash payments on a per subscriber basis as required by the incumbent cable service provider's franchise agreement. All cable service providers and all video service providers shall report quarterly to the municipality the total number of subscribers served within the municipality. The amount paid by the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall be calculated quarterly by the municipality by multiplying the amount of cash payment under the incumbent cable service provider's franchise agreement by a number derived by dividing the number of subscribers served by a video service provider or cable service provider by the total number of video or cable service subscribers in the municipality. Such pro rata payments are to be paid quarterly to the municipality within forty-five days after the end of the quarter for the preceding calendar quarter.

2. On the expiration or termination of the incumbent cable service provider's agreement, the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall pay a municipality in which it is offering cable service or video service one percent of the provider's gross revenues, as defined by this article, or at the municipality's election, the per subscriber fee that was paid to the municipality under the expired or terminated incumbent cable service provider's agreement, in lieu of in-kind compensation and grants. Payments under this subsection shall be paid in the same manner as outlined in section two hundred forty-five of this article.

3. All fees paid to municipalities under this section are paid in accordance with 47 U.S.C. Sections 531 and 541(a)(4)(B) and may be used by the municipality as allowed by federal law; further, these payments are not chargeable as a credit against the franchise fee payments authorized under this article.

4. The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall include with a fee paid to a municipality under this section a statement identifying the fee.

5. A municipality that receives fees under this section:

(a) shall maintain revenue from the fees in a separate account established for that purpose;

(b) may not commingle revenue from the fees with any other money;

(c) shall maintain a record of each deposit to and disbursement from the separate account, including a record of the payee and purpose of each disbursement; and

(d) may not spend revenue from the fees except directly from the separate account.

6. The following services shall continue to be provided by the cable provider that was furnishing services pursuant to its municipal cable franchise until the expiration or termination of the franchise and thereafter as provided in paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision:

(a) institutional network capacity, however defined or referred to in the municipal cable franchise but generally referring to a private line data network capacity for use by the municipality for noncommercial purposes, shall continue to be provided at the same capacity as was provided to the municipality prior to the date of expiration or termination, provided that the municipality will compensate the provider for the actual incremental cost of the capacity; and

(b) cable services to community public buildings, such as municipal buildings, schools, and libraries, shall continue to be provided to the same extent provided immediately prior to the date of the termination.

1 § 247. Customer service standards. The holder of a state-issued
2 certificate of franchise authority shall comply with all customer
3 service standards required by this article or required by the commis-
4 sion.

5 § 248. Public, educational, and governmental access channels. 1. Not
6 later than one hundred twenty days after a request by a municipality,
7 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall
8 provide the municipality with capacity in its communications network to
9 allow public, educational, and governmental (PEG) access channels for
10 noncommercial programming.

11 2. The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority
12 shall provide no fewer than the number of PEG access channels a munici-
13 pality has activated under the incumbent cable service provider's fran-
14 chise agreement as of January first, two thousand eighteen.

15 3. If a municipality did not have the maximum number of PEG access
16 channels as of January first, two thousand eighteen, as provided by
17 paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision based on the municipality's
18 population on that date, the cable service provider or video service
19 provider shall furnish at the request of the municipality:

20 (a) up to three PEG channels for a municipality with a population of
21 at least 50,000; and

22 (b) up to two PEG channels for a municipality with a population of
23 less than 50,000.

24 4. Any PEG channel provided pursuant to this section that is not
25 utilized by the municipality for at least eight hours a day shall no
26 longer be made available to the municipality, but may be programmed at
27 the cable service provider's or video service provider's discretion. At
28 such time as the municipality can certify to the cable service provider
29 or video service provider a schedule for at least eight hours of daily
30 programming, the cable service provider or video service provider shall
31 restore the previously lost channel but shall be under no obligation to
32 carry that channel on a basic or analog tier.

33 5. In the event a municipality has not utilized the minimum number of
34 access channels as permitted by subdivision three of this section,
35 access to the additional channel capacity allowed in such subdivision
36 shall be provided upon ninety days' notice if the municipality meets the
37 following standard: if a municipality has one active PEG channel and
38 wishes to activate an additional PEG channel, the initial channel shall
39 be considered to be substantially utilized when twelve hours are
40 programmed on that channel each calendar day. In addition, at least
41 forty percent of the twelve hours of programming for each business day
42 on average over each calendar quarter must be nonrepeat programming.
43 Nonrepeat programming shall include the first three video-castings of a
44 program. If a municipality is entitled to three PEG channels under
45 subdivision three of this section and has in service two active PEG
46 channels, each of the two active channels shall be considered to be
47 substantially utilized when twelve hours are programmed on each channel
48 each calendar day and at least fifty percent of the twelve hours of
49 programming for each business day on average over each calendar quarter
50 is nonrepeat programming for three consecutive calendar quarters.

51 6. The operation of any PEG access channel provided pursuant to this
52 section shall be the responsibility of the municipality receiving the
53 benefit of such channel, and the holder of a state-issued certificate of
54 franchise authority bears only the responsibility for the transmission
55 of such channel. The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise

1 authority shall be responsible for providing the connectivity to each
2 PEG access channel distribution point up to the first two hundred feet.

3 7. The municipality must ensure that all transmissions, content, or
4 programming to be transmitted over a channel or facility by a holder of
5 a state-issued certificate of franchise authority are provided or
6 submitted to the cable service provider or video service provider in a
7 manner or form that is capable of being accepted and transmitted by a
8 provider, without requirement for additional alteration or change in the
9 content by the provider, over the particular network of the cable
10 service provider or video service provider, which is compatible with the
11 technology or protocol utilized by the cable service provider or video
12 service provider to deliver services.

13 8. Where technically feasible, the holder of a state-issued certif-
14 icate of franchise authority that is not an incumbent cable service
15 provider and an incumbent cable service provider, including an incumbent
16 cable service provider that holds a state-issued certificate of fran-
17 chise authority issued under subdivision three of section two hundred
18 forty-four of this article, shall use reasonable efforts to interconnect
19 their cable or video systems for the purpose of providing PEG program-
20 ming. Interconnection may be accomplished by direct cable, microwave
21 link, satellite, or other reasonable method of connection. The holder of
22 a state-issued certificate of franchise authority and the incumbent
23 cable service provider shall negotiate in good faith, and the incumbent
24 cable service provider may not withhold interconnection of PEG channels.

25 9. A municipality may file a complaint with the commission, which is
26 authorized to order a remedy to settle any dispute under this section.

27 § 249. Nondiscrimination by municipality. 1. A municipality shall
28 allow the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority to
29 install, construct, and maintain a communications network within a
30 public right-of-way and shall provide the holder of a state-issued
31 certificate of franchise authority with open, comparable, nondiscrimina-
32 tory, and competitively neutral access to the public right-of-way. All
33 use of a public right-of-way by the holder of a state-issued certificate
34 of franchise authority is nonexclusive and subject to section two
35 hundred fifty of this article.

36 2. A municipality may not discriminate against the holder of a state-
37 issued certificate of franchise authority regarding:

38 (a) the authorization or placement of a communications network in a
39 public right-of-way;

40 (b) access to a building; or

41 (c) a municipal utility pole attachment term.

42 § 250. Municipal police power; other authority. 1. A municipality may
43 enforce police power-based regulations in the management of a public
44 right-of-way that apply to the holder of a state-issued certificate of
45 franchise authority within the municipality. A municipality may enforce
46 police power-based regulations in the management of the activities of
47 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority to the
48 extent that they are reasonably necessary to protect the health, safety,
49 and welfare of the public. Police power-based regulation of the holder
50 of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's use of the public
51 right-of-way must be competitively neutral and may not be unreasonable
52 or discriminatory. A municipality may not impose on activities of the
53 holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority a require-
54 ment:

55 (a) that particular business offices be located in the municipality;

1 (b) regarding the filing of reports and documents with the municipi-
2 pality that are not required by state or federal law and that are not
3 related to the use of the public right-of-way except that a municipality
4 may request maps and records maintained in the ordinary course of busi-
5 ness for purposes of locating the portions of a communications network
6 that occupy public rights-of-way;

7 (c) for the inspection of the holder of a state-issued certificate of
8 franchise authority's business records except to the extent permitted
9 under subdivision two of section two hundred forty-five of this article;

10 (d) for the approval of transfers of ownership or control of the hold-
11 er of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's business,
12 except that a municipality may require that the holder of a state-issued
13 certificate of franchise authority maintain a current point of contact
14 and provide notice of a transfer within a reasonable time; or

15 (e) that the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise author-
16 ity that is self-insured under the provisions of state law obtain insur-
17 ance or bonding for any activities within the municipality, except that
18 a self-insured provider shall provide substantially the same defense and
19 claims processing as an insured provider. A bond may not be required
20 from a provider for any work consisting of aerial construction except
21 that a reasonable bond may be required of a provider that cannot demon-
22 strate a record of at least four years' performance of work in any
23 municipal public right-of-way free of currently unsatisfied claims by a
24 municipality for damage to the right-of-way.

25 2. Notwithstanding any other law, a municipality may require the issu-
26 ance of a construction permit to the holder of a state-issued certif-
27 icate of franchise authority that is locating facilities in or on a
28 public right-of-way in the municipality. The terms of the permit shall
29 be consistent with construction permits issued to other persons excavat-
30 ing in a public right-of-way.

31 3. In the exercise of its lawful regulatory authority, a municipality
32 shall promptly process all valid and administratively complete applica-
33 tions of the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority
34 for a permit, license, or consent to excavate, set poles, locate lines,
35 construct facilities, make repairs, affect traffic flow, or obtain
36 zoning or subdivision regulation approvals or other similar approvals. A
37 municipality shall make every reasonable effort not to delay or unduly
38 burden the provider in the timely conduct of the provider's business.

39 4. If there is an emergency necessitating response work or repair, the
40 holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority may begin
41 the repair or emergency response work or take any action required under
42 the circumstances without prior approval from the affected municipality,
43 if the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority noti-
44 fies the municipality as promptly as possible after beginning the work
45 and later obtains any approval required by a municipal ordinance appli-
46 cable to emergency response work.

47 5. The commission shall have no jurisdiction to review such police
48 power-based regulations and ordinances adopted by a municipality to
49 manage the public rights-of-way.

50 § 251. Indemnity in connection with right-of-way; notice of liability.
51 1. The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority shall
52 indemnify and hold a municipality and its officers and employees harm-
53 less against any and all claims, lawsuits, judgments, costs, liens,
54 losses, expenses, fees (including reasonable attorney's fees and costs
55 of defense), proceedings, actions, demands, causes of action, liability,
56 and suits of any kind and nature, including personal or bodily injury

1 (including death), property damage, or other harm for which recovery of
2 damages is sought, that is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to
3 be caused solely by the negligent act, error, or omission of the holder
4 of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority or any agent, offi-
5 cer, director, representative, employee, affiliate, or subcontractor of
6 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority or their
7 respective officers, agents, employees, directors, or representatives,
8 while installing, repairing, or maintaining facilities in a public
9 right-of-way. The indemnity provided by this subdivision does not apply
10 to any liability resulting from the negligence of the municipality or
11 its officers, employees, contractors, or subcontractors. If the holder
12 of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority and the municipi-
13 pality are found jointly liable by a court of competent jurisdiction,
14 liability shall be apportioned comparatively in accordance with the laws
15 of this state without, however, waiving any governmental immunity avail-
16 able to the municipality under state law and without waiving any
17 defenses of the parties under state law. This subdivision is solely for
18 the benefit of the municipality and the holder of a state-issued certif-
19 icate of franchise authority and does not create or grant any rights,
20 contractual or otherwise, for or to any other person or entity.

21 2. The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority and
22 a municipality shall promptly advise the other in writing of any known
23 claim or demand against the holder of a state-issued certificate of
24 franchise authority or the municipality related to or arising out of the
25 holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority's activities
26 in a public right-of-way.

27 3. The commission shall have no jurisdiction to review such police
28 power-based regulations and ordinances adopted by a municipality to
29 manage the public rights-of-way.

30 § 252. Municipal authority. In addition to a municipality's authority
31 to exercise its nondiscriminatory police power with respect to public
32 rights-of-way under current law, a municipality's authority to regulate
33 the holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority is
34 limited to:

35 1. a requirement that the holder of a state-issued certificate of
36 franchise authority who is providing cable service or video service
37 within the municipality register with the municipality and maintain a
38 point of contact;

39 2. the establishment of reasonable guidelines regarding the use of
40 public, educational, and governmental access channels; and

41 3. submitting reports on any violations of the customer service stand-
42 ards referenced in section two hundred forty-seven of this article.

43 § 253. Discrimination prohibited. 1. The purpose of this section is to
44 prevent discrimination among potential residential subscribers.

45 2. A cable service provider or video service provider that has been
46 granted a state-issued certificate of franchise authority may not deny
47 access to service to any group of potential residential subscribers
48 because of the income of the residents in the local area in which such
49 group resides.

50 3. An affected person may seek enforcement of the requirements
51 described by subdivision two of this section by initiating a proceeding
52 with the commission. A municipality within which the potential residen-
53 tial cable service or video service subscribers referenced in subdivi-
54 sion two of this section may be considered an affected person for
55 purposes of this section.

1 4. The holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority
2 shall have a reasonable period of time to become capable of providing
3 cable service or video service to all households within the designated
4 franchise area as defined in paragraph (d) of subdivision four of
5 section two hundred forty-three of this article and may satisfy the
6 requirements of this section through the use of an alternative technolo-
7 gy that provides comparable content, service, and functionality.

8 5. Notwithstanding any provision of this article, the commission has
9 the authority to make the determination regarding the comparability of
10 the technology and the service provided. Notwithstanding any provision
11 of this article, the commission has the authority to monitor the deploy-
12 ment of cable services, video services, or alternate technology.

13 § 254. Compliance. 1. Should the holder of a state-issued certificate
14 of franchise authority be found by the commission to be in noncompliance
15 with the requirements of this article, the commission shall order the
16 holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority, within a
17 specified reasonable period of time, to cure such noncompliance. Failure
18 to comply shall subject the holder of the state-issued franchise of
19 franchise authority to penalties as the commission shall reasonably
20 impose, up to and including revocation of the state-issued certificate
21 of franchise authority granted under this article.

22 2. The commission is hereby granted the authority, subject to subdivi-
23 sion three of this section, to assess a civil penalty not to exceed one
24 percent of the provider's total annual gross intrastate revenue against
25 any holder of a state-issued certificate of franchise authority when
26 such holder knowingly fails or neglects to comply with any provision of
27 this article or any regulation or order of the commission implementing
28 or enforcing the provisions of this article.

29 3. Whenever the commission has reason to believe that a holder of a
30 state-issued certificate of franchise authority should be subject to
31 imposition of a civil penalty or penalties as set forth in this subdivi-
32 sion, the commission shall notify such holder. Such notice shall
33 include, but shall not be limited to:

34 (a) the date and a brief description of the facts and nature of each
35 act or failure to act for which such penalty is proposed;

36 (b) the amount of each penalty that the commission proposes to assess;
37 and

38 (c) the option to request a hearing to demonstrate why the proposed
39 penalty or penalties should not be assessed against such holder.

40 4. Upon a failure by a holder of a state-issued certificate of fran-
41 chise authority to remit any penalty assessed by the commission pursuant
42 to this section, the commission, through its counsel, may institute an
43 action or special proceeding to collect the penalty in a court of compe-
44 tent jurisdiction.

45 § 255. Applicability of other laws. 1. Nothing in this article shall
46 be interpreted to prevent a voice provider, cable service provider or
47 video service provider, or municipality from seeking clarification of
48 its rights and obligations under federal law or to exercise any right or
49 authority under federal or state law.

50 2. Nothing in this article shall limit the ability of a municipality
51 under existing law to receive compensation for use of the public rights-
52 of-way from entities determined not to be subject to all or part of this
53 article, including, but not limited to, provider of Internet protocol
54 cable or video services, unless such payments are expressly prohibited
55 by federal law.

1 § 256. Buildout requirements. If it furthers the public interest, the
2 commission is authorized and may require a cable service provider to
3 comply with a schedule of buildout requirements related to any communi-
4 cations network operated by a holder of a state-issued certificate of
5 franchise authority.

6 § 257. Enforcement. The commission is authorized to enforce the
7 provisions of this article which may include but not be limited to issu-
8 ing orders or adopting rules or regulations to effectuate such enforce-
9 ment.

10 § 2. Subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 219 of the public service law, as
11 added by chapter 83 of the laws of 1995, are amended to read as follows:

12 1. Notwithstanding any other law, no cable television system, whether
13 or not it is deemed to occupy or use a public thoroughfare, may commence
14 operations or expand the area it serves unless it either;

15 (a) has been franchised by each municipality in which it proposes to
16 provide or extend service; or

17 (b) has been issued a state-issued certificate of franchise authority.

18 2. A municipality or the commission pursuant to article twelve of this
19 chapter shall have the power to require a franchise of any cable tele-
20 vision system providing service within the municipality, notwithstanding
21 that said cable television system does not occupy, use or in any way
22 traverse a public street. The provision of any municipal charter or
23 other law authorizing a municipality to require and grant franchises is
24 hereby enlarged and expanded, to the extent necessary, to authorize such
25 franchises.

26 § 3. This act shall take effect immediately.