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2013-2014 Regular Sessions

IN ASSEMBLY

February 26, 2013

Introduced by M. of A. SWEENEY, SILVER, FARRELL, LIFTON, GOTTFRIED, WEISENBERG, COLTON, BRENNAN, GLICK, CYMBROWITZ, O'DONNELL, JAFFEE, KAVANAGH, ZEBROWSKI, ABINANTI, OTIS, ENGLEBRIGHT, DINOWITZ, MARKEY, PAULIN, MILLMAN, JACOBS, COOK, MILLER, ROBINSON, GALEF, BRAUNSTEIN, SCARBOROUGH, CLARK, PERRY, ROBERTS, STEVENSON, HOOPER, KELLNER, CAHILL, ROSENTHAL, PEOPLES-STOKES -- Multi-Sponsored by -- M. of A. AUBRY, BUCHWALD, CRESPO, FAHY, GIBSON, HEVESI, LAVINE, MAGNARELLI, MAISEL, RYAN, SCHIMEL, SIMANOWITZ, THIELE, TITONE -- read once and referred to the Committee on Environmental Conservation -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT suspending the issuance of permits for the drilling of wells for natural gas extraction in certain areas; and providing for the repeal of such provision upon expiration thereof

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. There is hereby established a suspension of the issuance of permits for the drilling of a well for natural gas extraction in low permeability natural gas pools such as the Marcellus and Utica shale formations.

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12 13 S 2. 1. A school of public health within the state university of New York shall conduct a comprehensive health impact assessment following a model recommended by the centers for disease control and prevention to examine potential public health impacts that could be caused by the extraction of natural gas using horizontal drilling and high-volume hydraulic fracturing. For the purposes of this act, health impact assessment shall mean a combination of procedures, methods, and tools by which a policy, program, or project may be judged as to its potential effects on the health of a population, and the distribution of those effects within the population.

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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2. Prior to the commencement of such assessment, the school of public health conducting such assessment shall prepare a scoping document that will establish the parameters of the health impact assessment. The scoping document shall include the analyses contained in this act, as well as any other potential analyses to be conducted, and shall be subject to public review, comment and revision.

- 3. Such health impact assessment of the extraction of natural gas using horizontal drilling and high-volume hydraulic fracturing shall include, at a minimum, the following analyses:
- (a) Identification and assessment of the magnitude, nature and extent of potential localized and statewide health impacts utilizing multiple methods and information derived from a combination of public health tools including risk assessment, scientific literature, and population analysis;
- (b) Identification and assessment of disparate community-level impacts;
- (c) Estimated costs of any health impacts to the state, local governments, health insurers, employers and the state's public and private health care systems as a whole;
- (d) Recommendations for any mitigation of potential health impacts and the methods and evidence used to arrive at such recommendations; and
- (e) A long-term plan for monitoring, evaluating, tracking and mitigating potential health impacts.
- 4. A draft of such health impact assessment shall be released for public review and comment. The school of public health conducting such assessment shall conduct a minimum of two public hearings regarding the findings of the draft health impact assessment and allow at least one hundred twenty days for the public to submit comments. Upon the closing of the public comment period, such school of public health shall categorize, review and respond to all public comments. If substantive changes to the health impact assessment are made as a result of public comments, such school of public health shall issue a revised draft. Such revised draft shall similarly be subject to public comment and review, in compliance with the parameters set out for the initial draft.
- 5. After responding to all public comments as required by subdivision four of this section, and upon completion of the health impact assessment, such school of public health shall submit the completed health impact assessment to the New York state department of health. The department of health shall make such health impact assessment available to the public and deliver copies to the legislature and the governor for review.
- 6. The health impact assessment required under subdivision one of this section shall be completed within ninety days after the final public comment period, but in no event shall such assessment be completed later than April 15, 2015.
- 46 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 47 deemed repealed May 15, 2015.