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## 2013-2014 Regular Sessions

## IN SENATE

(PREFILED)

## January 9, 2013

Introduced by Sen. LIBOUS -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Insurance

AN ACT to amend the insurance law, in relation to reciprocal insurance companies, and medical malpractice premium rates and surcharges; and to amend chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, in relation to medical malpractice premium rates and surcharges

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 Section 1. Section 7308 of the insurance law is amended to read as 2 follows:

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- S 7308. Conversion of domestic reciprocal insurers into stock property/casualty insurance companies. (a) AS USED IN THIS ARTICLE:
- (1) "DOMESTIC RECIPROCAL MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURER" MEANS ANY DOMESTIC RECIPROCAL INSURER ORGANIZED PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SIXTY-ONE OF THIS CHAPTER FOR WHICH, IN THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST PRIOR TO CONVERTING TO A STOCK PROPERTY/CASUALTY INSURANCE COMPANY, AT LEAST NINETY PERCENT OF ITS PREMIUM WRITINGS WERE DERIVED FROM INSURING PHYSICIANS OR DENTISTS WHO HAD AN ACADEMIC APPOINTMENT AT ANY STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK MEDICAL SCHOOL OR FACILITY, OR WHO HAD AN ACADEMIC APPOINTMENT AT NEW YORK MEDICAL COLLEGE;
- (2) "CLINICAL PRACTICE PLAN" MEANS (A) A CLINICAL PRACTICE PLAN AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION FOURTEEN OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED SIX OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW AND WHICH PLAN IS SUBJECT TO REGULATION BY THE BOARD OF REGENTS, AND (B) WESTCHESTER MEDICAL CENTER.
- 18 (B) Any domestic reciprocal insurer doing business under the 19 provisions of this article may, EITHER (1) by the affirmative vote of 20 its subscribers holding two-thirds of its operating reserve accumu-

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [ ] is old law to be omitted.

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lations at the date of the meeting at which the proposal to convert is voted upon, OR (2) IN THE CASE OF A DOMESTIC RECIPROCAL MEDICAL MALPRAC-TICE INSURER, BY THE UNANIMOUS AFFIRMATIVE VOTE OF ITS ADVISORY TEE, be converted into and licensed as a stock property/casualty insurance company, in the manner prescribed by this section and subject to any other requirements of law. The advisory committee of any such recip-7 insurer proposing so to convert shall cause the attorney-in-fact of such reciprocal insurer to give to [each subscriber of record at the close of business on the last day of the quarter year next preceding the 9 10 issue of such notice] THE SUPERINTENDENT not less than thirty days notice by mail of [the meeting at which the] SUCH proposed conversion 11 [is to be voted upon and of a hearing of the subscribers before the 12 superintendent]. [At such hearing or any adjournment thereof, the] 13 14 superintendent shall pass upon the fairness of the terms and conditions 15 of the proposed conversion and of the issuance of shares of the corpo-16 ration and he OR SHE shall approve [or disapprove] the same IN THE ABSENCE OF CLEAR EVIDENCE THAT SUCH CONVERSION WOULD BE DETRIMENTAL 17 INTERESTS OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE. The provisions of this chap-18 19 ter relative to a similar domestic insurance company organized to do the 20 same kinds of insurance business shall apply to the organization and 21 licensing of such corporation. 22

(C) Ιf converted into a stock insurance corporation, subscriptions to the capital shares may be made, in whole or in part, by the subscribers of the reciprocal insurer, and their subscriptions may paid in to the extent of their operating reserve accumulations by a transfer thereof or any portion thereof to such corporation. The contingent surplus of the reciprocal insurer accumulated pursuant subsection (a) of section six thousand one hundred five of this chapter shall be included in the capital and surplus of the corporation and shares representing the same shall be issued to existing subscribers, at the rate determined as provided in the next sentence for each dollar of par value of the shares of such new corporation, in proportion to their shares in the aggregate operating reserves at the time when the proposal convert is adopted. The rate of payment for each dollar of par value of the stock of such new corporation shall be determined by agreement between the advisory committee of the reciprocal insurer and the board of directors of the stock insurance company. Every such subscriber shall be entitled in the subscription to the capital shares of such corporation to a priority in subscribing thereto for thirty days after the opening of the books of subscription in proportion to his interest in such reciprocal insurer at such date but at the rate of payment fixed by the board of directors. At the expiration of such thirty days board of directors may sell and dispose of the capital shares which have been taken or subscribed, as aforesaid, but at not less than the same rate of payment. [(c)] THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO DOMESTIC RECIPROCAL MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURERS.

(D) IN THE CASE OF A DOMESTIC RECIPROCAL MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURER, CONVERTED INTO A STOCK INSURANCE CORPORATION, SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE CAPITAL SHARES MAY BE MADE, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, ONLY BY THE CLINICAL REPRESENTED ON ITS ADVISORY PRACTICE PLANS COMMITTEE, AND THEIR SUBSCRIPTIONS MAY BE PAID IN TO THE EXTENT OF THEIR RESPECTIVE SUBSCRIB-ERS' OPERATING RESERVE ACCUMULATIONS BY TRANSFER THEREOF Α OR THE CONTINGENT SURPLUS OF THE PORTION THEREOF TO SUCH CORPORATION. RECIPROCAL INSURER ACCUMULATED PURSUANT TO SUBSECTION (A) OF SECTION SIX THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED FIVE OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE INCLUDED IN THE CAPI-TAL AND SURPLUS OF THE CORPORATION AND SHARES REPRESENTING THE

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ISSUED TO SUCH CLINICAL PRACTICE PLANS AT THE RATE DETERMINED AS PROVIDED IN THE NEXT SENTENCE FOR EACH DOLLAR OF PAR VALUE 3 SUCH NEW CORPORATION, INPROPORTION TO THEIR RESPECTIVE SUBSCRIBERS' SHARE IN THE AGGREGATE OPERATING RESERVES AT THE TIME WHEN 5 THE PROPOSAL TO CONVERT IS ADOPTED. THE RATE OF PAYMENT FOR EACH 6 OF PAR VALUE OF THE STOCK OF SUCH NEW CORPORATION SHALL BE DETERMINED BY 7 BETWEEN THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE OF THE RECIPROCAL INSURER AND 8 THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE STOCK INSURANCE COMPANY. EVERY SUCH PRACTICE PLAN SHALL BE ENTITLED IN THE SUBSCRIPTION TO THE CAPITAL 9 10 SHARES OF SUCH CORPORATION TO A PRIORITY IN SUBSCRIBING THERETO THIRTY DAYS AFTER THE OPENING OF THE BOOKS OF SUBSCRIPTION IN PROPORTION 11 12 ITS INTEREST IN SUCH RECIPROCAL INSURER AT SUCH DATE BUT AT THE RATE OF PAYMENT FIXED BY THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS. AT THE EXPIRATION OF 13 14 DAYS THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS MAY SELL AND DISPOSE OF THE CAPITAL 15 SHARES WHICH HAVE NOT BEEN TAKEN OR SUBSCRIBED, AS AFORESAID, BUT AT NOT LESS THAN THE SAME RATE OF PAYMENT. 16 17

- after examination, superintendent finds the that the proceedings for the conversion to a corporation of any such insurer have been regularly taken in conformity with law, and that the corporation meets with the requirements of this chapter, he may issue a license such insurer to do business under the provisions of this chapter. Thereupon, the remaining assets shall be forthwith transferred to it, and the predecessor reciprocal insurer or insurers shall cease to have authority to do business as such and shall be deemed extinguished. Every such new corporation formed by conversion shall assume and succeed to all of obligations and liabilities of the converting reciprocal insurer and be held liable to pay and discharge all such debts and liabilities in the manner as if they had been incurred or contracted by the corporation, but, EXCEPT IN THE CASE OF A DOMESTIC RECIPROCAL MEDICAL MALP-RACTICE INSURER, the subscribers of the reciprocal insurer shall continsubject to all the liabilities, claims and demands which shall then exist, or which may thereafter accrue against them, or any of them, reason of any obligations incurred by them or in their behalf as such subscribers before the date of conversion.
- (F) Upon the conversion of any reciprocal insurer, OTHER THAN A DOMES-TIC RECIPROCAL MEDICAL INSURER, dissenting subscribers, meaning thereby subscribers who shall not within thirty days after the opening of the books of subscription have subscribed to shares of the corporation and applied their accumulated operating reserves to payment therefor as provided in subsection (b) [hereof] OF THIS SECTION, shall be to the conditional withdrawal of their accumulated operating reserves on deposit with the reciprocal insurer as of the date of conversion but a sufficient amount thereof shall be retained by the corporation as deposit until all of the obligations incurred on its behalf have been extinguished. When all of such obligations have been paid, discharged or terminated, and the superintendent after an examination shall have said subscribers' deposits or the balances thereof certified, the remaining to their credit shall be returned and released, whereupon the powers of the attorney-in-fact relating thereto shall cease and terminate.
- (G) UPON THE CONVERSION OF ANY DOMESTIC RECIPROCAL MEDICAL MALPRACTICE INSURER, ALL SUBSCRIBERS SHALL BE ENTITLED TO THE CONDITIONAL WITHDRAWAL OF THEIR ACCUMULATED OPERATING RESERVES ON DEPOSIT WITH THE RECIPROCAL INSURER AS OF THE DATE OF CONVERSION BUT A SUFFICIENT AMOUNT THEREOF SHALL BE RETAINED BY THE CORPORATION AS A DEPOSIT UNTIL ALL OF THE OBLIGATIONS INCURRED ON ITS BEHALF HAVE BEEN EXTINGUISHED. WHEN ALL OF SUCH

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OBLIGATIONS HAVE BEEN PAID, DISCHARGED OR TERMINATED, AND THE SUPER-INTENDENT AFTER AN EXAMINATION SHALL HAVE SO CERTIFIED, SUCH SUBSCRIBERS' DEPOSITS OR THE BALANCES THEREOF REMAINING TO THEIR CREDIT SHALL BE RETURNED AND RELEASED, WHEREUPON THE POWERS OF THE ATTORNEY-IN-FACT RELATING THERETO SHALL CEASE AND TERMINATE.

- S 2. Paragraph 2 of subsection (c) of section 5502 of the insurance law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (E) to read as follows:
- SURCHARGES ON PREMIUMS IMPOSED PURSUANT TO SECTION FORTY, AS AMENDED, OF CHAPTER TWO HUNDRED SIXTY-SIX OF THE LAWS OF HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX SHALL APPLY TO ANY PLAN OR POOL ESTABLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBPARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS PARAGRAPH TO SATISFY ANY ARIALLY PROJECTED DEFICIENCY THAT IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE PREMIUM LEVELS FOR POLICIES PROVIDING COVERAGE FOR PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS MALPRACTICE FOR THE PERIODS COMMENCING JULY FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE AND ENDING JUNE THIRTIETH, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN. NO SUCH PLAN OR POOL SHALL BE REQUIRED TO SATISFY ANY PORTION OF SUCH DEFICIENCY FROM ITS OWN ASSETS UNLESS THE SUPERINTENDENT OF FINANCIAL IMPOSES SUCH A SURCHARGE, AND THE AMOUNT OF SUCH DEFICIENCY IS NOT SATISFIED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR MONTHS OF THE DATE THESURCHARGE IMPOSED, AND IN THAT EVENT SUCH MEMBERS SHALL ONLY BE LIABLE FOR THEIR PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF ANY DEFICIENCY REMAINING AFTER SUCH PLAN OR POOL BEEN LIQUIDATED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ARTICLE SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, AND THEN ONLY TO THE EXTENT CLAIMS AGAINST INSUREDS COVERED BY SUCH PLAN OR POOL ARE NOT COVERED BY THE PROPERTY AND LIABILITY INSUR-ANCE SECURITY FUND ESTABLISHED BY ARTICLE SEVENTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER.
- S 3. Section 40 of chapter 266 of the laws of 1986, amending the civil practice law and rules and other laws relating to malpractice and professional medical conduct, as amended by section 18 of part C of chapter 59 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- S 40. The superintendent of [insurance] FINANCIAL SERVICES shall establish rates for policies providing coverage for physicians and surgeons medical malpractice for the periods commencing July 1, 1985 and ending June 30, 2014; provided, however, that ANY INSURER FOR WHICH AT LEAST NINETY PERCENT OF ITS PREMIUM WRITINGS IN THE YEAR ENDING DECEMBER PRIOR TO MAKING A FILING WERE DERIVED FROM INSURING PHYSICIANS OR DENTISTS WHO HAD AN ACADEMIC APPOINTMENT AT ANY STATE UNIVERSITY OF NEW YORK MEDICAL SCHOOL OR FACILITY, OR WHO HAD AN ACADEMIC APPOINTMENT AT NEW YORK MEDICAL COLLEGE, MAY FILE ITS MEDICAL MALPRACTICE PREMIUM RATES WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES. SUCH RATES SHALL BECOME EFFECTIVE WITHOUT PRIOR APPROVAL PROVIDED THAT THE OVERALL EFFECT OF THE FILING DOES INCREASE OR DECREASE SUCH INSURER'S AGGREGATE PREMIUM RATES BY MORE THAN FIVE PERCENT OVER THE PREMIUM RATES ESTABLISHED BY SUPERINTENDENT OF FINANCIAL SERVICES FOR SUCH INSURER AS OF JULY 1 OF SUCH PRECEDING YEAR. PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT notwithstanding any other provision of law, the superintendent shall not establish or approve any increase in rates for the period commencing July 1, 2009 and ending June 30, 2010. The superintendent shall direct insurers to establish segregated accounts for premiums, payments, reserves and investment income attributable to such premium periods and shall require periodic reports by the insurers regarding claims and expenses attributable to such periods to monitor whether such accounts will be sufficient to meet incurred claims and expenses. On or after July 1, 1989, the superintendent shall impose a surcharge on premiums to satisfy a projected deficiency that is attributable to the premium levels established pursuant to this section such periods; provided, however, that such annual surcharge shall not exceed eight percent of the established rate until July 1, 2014, at

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which time and thereafter such surcharge shall not exceed twenty-five percent of the approved adequate rate, and that such annual surcharges shall continue for such period of time as shall be sufficient to satisfy such deficiency. The superintendent shall not impose such surcharge 5 during the period commencing July 1, 2009 and ending June 30, 2010. 6 and after July 1, 1989, the surcharge prescribed by this section shall 7 be retained by insurers to the extent that they insured physicians 8 surgeons during the July 1, 1985 through June 30, 2014 policy periods; in the event and to the extent physicians and surgeons were insured by 9 10 insurer during such periods, all or a pro rata share of the 11 surcharge, as the case may be, shall be remitted to such other insurer 12 in accordance with rules and regulations to be promulgated by the super-13 Surcharges collected from physicians and surgeons who were 14 not insured during such policy periods shall be apportioned among 15 insurers in proportion to the premium written by each insurer during such policy periods; if a physician or surgeon was insured by an insurer 16 17 subject to rates established by the superintendent during such policy 18 periods, and at any time thereafter a hospital, health maintenance 19 organization, employer or institution is responsible for responding in damages for liability arising out of such physician's or surgeon's prac-20 21 tice of medicine, such responsible entity shall also remit to such prior 22 the equivalent amount that would then be collected as a 23 surcharge if the physician or surgeon had continued to remain insured by 24 such prior insurer. In the event any insurer that provided coverage 25 during such policy periods is in liquidation, the property/casualty 26 insurance security fund shall receive the portion of surcharges to which 27 the insurer in liquidation would have been entitled. The surcharges authorized herein shall be deemed to be income earned for the purposes 28 29 of section 2303 of the insurance law. The superintendent, in establish-30 ing adequate rates and in determining any projected deficiency pursuant the requirements of this section and the insurance law, shall give 31 32 substantial weight, determined in his discretion and judgment, 33 prospective anticipated effect of any regulations promulgated and laws 34 enacted and the public benefit of stabilizing malpractice rates 35 minimizing rate level fluctuation during the period of time necessary for the development of more reliable statistical experience as 36 37 efficacy of such laws and regulations affecting medical, dental or 38 podiatric malpractice enacted or promulgated in 1985, 1986, by this act 39 and at any other time. Notwithstanding any provision of the insurance 40 law, rates already established and to be established by the superintendent pursuant to this section are deemed adequate if such rates would be 41 42 when taken together with the maximum authorized annual 43 surcharges to be imposed for a reasonable period of time whether or not 44 any such annual surcharge has been actually imposed as of the establish-45 ment of such rates. 46

S 4. This act shall take effect immediately.