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SENATE-ASSEMBLY

January 22, 2013

IN SENATE -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee.

IN ASSEMBLY -- A BUDGET BILL, submitted by the Governor pursuant to article seven of the Constitution -- read once and referred to the Committee on Ways and Means -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee -- again reported from said committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee committee with amendments, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the tax law, in relation to the temporary metropolitan transportation business tax surcharge (Part A); to amend the tax law, in relation to the empire state film production credit and the empire state film post production credit; and to amend part Y-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009 amending the tax law relating to the empire state film production credit, in relation to reports (Part B); to amend urban development corporation act, the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to establishing the New York business incubator and innovation hot spot support act (Part amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to extending for three years the charitable contributions deduction limitation (Part D); to amend the tax law and the trative code of the city of New York, in relation to the exclusion of certain royalty payments from the entire net income or other taxable basis of corporations, banking corporations, and insurance corporations, from the unrelated business income of corporations, and from the adjusted gross income of individual taxpayers; and to repeal

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

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certain provisions of the tax law relating thereto (Part E); to amend the tax law, in relation to the historic preservation tax credit (Part to amend the tax law, in relation to providing a tax credit for electric vehicle recharging property (Part G); to amend chapter 61 of the laws of 2011 amending the real property tax law and other relating to establishing standards for electronic real property tax administration, in relation to extending provisions relating to mandatory electronic filing of tax documents and improving sales tax compliance (Part H); intentionally omitted (Part I); to amend the general municipal law, in relation to restrictions on funds of the industrial development agency and to amend the general municipal law and the public authorities law, in relation to industrial development agencies and authorities (Part J); to amend the tax law, in relation to expanding the exemption of CNG in the sales tax to include natural gas purchased and used to produce CNG for use exclusively and directly in the engine of a motor vehicle (Part K); to amend the tax law, in relation to allowing voluntary ambulance services, fire companies, fire departments and rescue squads to claim reimbursement of the petroleum business tax for fuel used in their vehicles (Part intentionally omitted (Part M); intentionally omitted (Part N); to amend the tax law, in relation to increasing the penalty for possession of unstamped and unlawfully stamped cigarettes (Part O); to amend the tax law and the vehicle and traffic law, in relation to the suspension of drivers' licenses of persons who are delinquent in the payment of past-due tax liabilities (Part P); to amend the tax law, in relation to serving an income execution with respect to individual tax debtors without filing a warrant; and providing for the repeal of such provisions upon the expiration thereof (Part Q); intentionally omitted (Part R); intentionally omitted (Part S); to amend the tax law, in relation to vendor fees paid to vendor tracks (Part amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, in relation to licenses for simulcast facilities, sums relating to track simulsimulcast of out-of-state thoroughbred races, simulcasting of races run by out-of-state harness tracks and distributions of wagers; to amend chapter 281 of the laws of 1994 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting and chapter 346 of the laws of 1990 amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting the imposition of certain taxes, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof; and to amend the racing, pari-mutuel wagering breeding law, in relation to extending certain provisions thereof (Part U); to amend the tax law, in relation to the credit for rehabilitation of historic homes (Part V); to amend the tax law, in relation to allowing certain tax-free interdistributor sales of highway diesel motor fuel (Part W); to amend the tax law, in relation to updating the farming exemption in the highway use tax to reflect current industry practice (Part X); to amend the tax law and the administrative code of the city of New York, in relation to providing subtraction from income for small businesses and small farms (Part Y); to amend the tax law, in relation to providing tax cuts to (Part Z); to amend the tax law, in relation to adding a manufacturers hire a vet credit (Part AA); to amend the public service relation to extending the temporary state energy and utility conservation assessment; and to amend section 6 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2009 amending the public service law relating to financing the operations of the department of public service, the public service

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commission, department support and energy management services provided by other state agencies, increasing the utility assessment cap and the minimum threshold for collection thereunder, and establishing a temporary state energy and utility service conservation assessment and providing for the collection thereof, in relation to extending the effectiveness thereof (Part BB); to amend the tax law, in relation to a credit for middle income taxpayers with children (Part CC); to amend the labor law, in relation to the New York youth works tax credit program (Part DD); to amend the tax law, in relation to adding a minimum wage reimbursement credit (Part EE); to amend the tax law, in relation to personal income tax rates; to amend section 11 of part A chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, relating to the tax rates and exclusions under the metropolitan commuter transportation mobility tax, relating to withholding tables and methods for certain tax years; and to amend the administrative code of the city of New York, relating to the amounts of standard deductions (Part FF); to amend the tax law, in relation to the gift for New York state teen health education fund; and to amend the state finance law, in relation to establishing the New York state teen health education fund (Part GG); to amend the state finance law, in relation to eligible businesses participating in excelsior linked deposit program (Part HH); to amend the New York state urban development corporation act, in relation to small business loan funds for business enterprises that are minority- and women-owned (Part II); and in relation to establishing a New York state innovation capital fund (Part JJ)

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. This act enacts into law major components of legislation which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2013-2014 state fiscal year. Each component is wholly contained within a Part identified as Parts A through JJ. The effective date for each particular provision contained within such Part is set forth in the last section of such Part. Any provision in any section contained within a Part, including the effective date of the Part, which makes a reference to a section "of this act", when used in connection with that particular component, shall be deemed to mean and refer to the corresponding section of the Part in which it is found. Section three of this act sets forth the general effective date of this act.

12 PART A

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13 Section 1. Subdivision 1 of section 183-a of the tax law, as amended 14 by section 1 of part II-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended 15 to read as follows:

1. The term "corporation" as used in this section shall include an association, within the meaning of paragraph three of subsection (a) of section seventy-seven hundred one of the internal revenue code (including a limited liability company), a publicly traded partnership treated as a corporation for purposes of the internal revenue code pursuant to section seventy-seven hundred four thereof and any business conducted by a trustee or trustees wherein interest or ownership is evidenced by certificates or other written instruments. Every corporation, joint-stock company or association formed for or principally engaged in the

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conduct of canal, steamboat, ferry (except a ferry company operating between any of the boroughs of the city of New York under a lease grant-3 by the city), express, navigation, pipe line, transfer, baggage express, omnibus, taxicab, telegraph, or telephone business, or formed 5 for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more such businesses, and every corporation, joint-stock company or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a railroad, palace car, 7 8 sleeping car or trucking business or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more of such businesses and which has made an 9 10 election pursuant to subdivision ten of section one hundred eighty-three 11 of this article, and every other corporation, joint-stock company or association principally engaged in the conduct of a transportation or 12 transmission business, except a corporation, joint-stock company or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a rail-13 14 15 road, palace car, sleeping car or trucking business or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more of such businesses and 16 which has not made the election provided for in subdivision ten of 17 18 section one hundred eighty-three of this article, and except a corporation, joint-stock company or association principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (including air freight forwarders acting as princi-19 20 21 pal and like indirect air carriers) and except a corporation principally engaged in providing telecommunication services between aircraft and 23 dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control or ground station and ground station (or any combination of the foregoing), at least ninety 24 25 percent of the voting stock of which corporation is owned, directly or 26 indirectly, by air carriers and which corporation's principal function is to fulfill the requirements of (i) the federal aviation adminis-27 tration (or the successor thereto) or (ii) the international civil 28 29 aviation organization (or the successor thereto), relating to the exist-30 ence of a communication system between aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control or ground station and ground station (or 31 32 combination of the foregoing) for the purposes of air safety and naviga-33 tion and except a corporation, joint-stock company or association which is liable to taxation under article thirty-two of this chapter, shall pay for the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of doing 34 35 business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing property in 36 37 the metropolitan commuter transportation district in such corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining an office in such district, a tax 38 39 surcharge for all or any part of its years commencing on or after Janu-40 first, nineteen hundred eighty-two but ending before December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] EIGHTEEN, which tax surcharge, in 41 addition to the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this 42 43 article, shall be computed at the rate of eighteen percent of 44 imposed under such section one hundred eighty-three for such years or 45 any part of such years ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allow-46 47 able under this article, and at the rate of seventeen percent of the tax 48 imposed under such section for such years or any part of such years ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three 49 50 after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this arti-51 cle; provided, however, that such rates of tax surcharge shall applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under section one 52 hundred eighty-three of this article after the deduction of any credits 53 54 otherwise allowable under this article which is attributable to the 55 taxpayer's business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter transportation district as so determined in the manner prescribed by the 56

rules and regulations promulgated by the commissioner; and provided, further, that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than [three] FOUR hundred [seventy-two] THIRTY-TWO months.

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S 2. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 184-a of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part II-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

8 The term "corporation" as used in this section shall include an asso-9 ciation, within the meaning of paragraph three of subsection (a) of 10 section seventy-seven hundred one of the internal revenue code (includ-11 ing a limited liability company), and a publicly traded partnership treated as a corporation for purposes of the internal revenue code pursuant to section seventy-seven hundred four thereof. Every corpo-12 13 14 joint-stock company or association formed for or principally 15 engaged in the conduct of canal, steamboat, ferry (except a ferry company operating between any of the boroughs of the city of New York under a 16 17 lease granted by the city), express, navigation, pipe line, 18 omnibus, taxicab, telegraph or local telephone busibaggage express, 19 ness, or formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of two or more such businesses, and every corporation, joint-stock company or associ-20 21 ation formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a surface 22 railroad, whether or not operated by steam, subway railroad, 23 railroad, palace car, sleeping car or trucking business or principally 24 engaged in the conduct of two or more such businesses and which has made 25 an election pursuant to subdivision ten of section one hundred eighty-26 three of this article, and every other corporation, joint-stock company 27 or association formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of a transportation or transmission business (other than a telephone busi-28 ness) except a corporation, joint-stock company or association formed 29 30 for or principally engaged in the conduct of a surface railroad, whether not operated by steam, subway railroad, elevated railroad, palace 31 32 car, sleeping car or trucking business or principally engaged 33 two or more such businesses and which has not made the election provided for in subdivision ten of section one hundred eighty-34 35 three of this article, and except a corporation, joint-stock company or association principally engaged in the conduct of aviation (including 36 freight forwarders acting as principal and like indirect air carri-37 38 ers) and except a corporation principally engaged in providing telecom-39 munication services between aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft and air 40 traffic control or ground station and ground station (or any combination of the foregoing), at least ninety percent of the voting stock of 41 corporation is owned, directly or indirectly, by air carriers and which 42 43 corporation's principal function is to fulfill the requirements of 44 the federal aviation administration (or the successor thereto) or (ii) 45 the international civil aviation organization (or the successor 46 relating to the existence of a communication system between 47 aircraft and dispatcher, aircraft and air traffic control 48 station and ground station (or any combination of the foregoing) for the purposes of air safety and navigation and except a corporation, joint-49 50 stock company or association which is liable to taxation under article 51 thirty-two of this chapter, shall pay for the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of doing business, or of employing capital, 52 53 of owning or leasing property in the metropolitan commuter transpor-54 tation district in such corporate or organized capacity, or of maintain-55 ing an office in such district, a tax surcharge for all or any part of 56 its taxable years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred

eighty-two, but ending before December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] EIGHTEEN, which tax surcharge, in addition to the tax imposed by 3 section one hundred eighty-four of this article, shall be computed at the rate of eighteen percent of the tax imposed under such section one hundred eighty-four for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three 6 7 after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this arti-8 cle, and at the rate of seventeen percent of the tax imposed under such 9 section for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending 10 on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after 11 deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article; provided, however, that such rates of tax surcharge shall be applied 12 only to that portion of the tax imposed under section one hundred eight-13 14 y-four of this article after the deduction of any credits otherwise 15 allowable under this article which is attributable to the taxpayer's 16 business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter transpor-17 tation district; and provided, further, that the tax surcharge this section on corporations, joint-stock companies and associations 18 formed for or principally engaged in the conduct of telephone or tele-19 20 graph business shall be computed in accordance with this subdivision and 21 paragraph (c) of subdivision two of this section as if the three-quarters of one percent rate of tax provided for in subdivision one of section one hundred eighty-four of this article were applicable to such 23 24 telephone and telegraph businesses for taxable years commencing on or 25 after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-five and ending on or 26 before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-nine; further, that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall 27 provided, not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than [three] FOUR hundred 28 29 [seventy-two] THIRTY-TWO months. Provided, however, that for taxable years beginning in two thousand and thereafter, for purposes of this 30 subdivision the tax imposed under section one hundred eighty-four of 31 32 this article shall be deemed to have been imposed at the rate of three-33 quarters of one percent, except that in the case of a corporation, joint-stock company or association which has made an election pursuant to subdivision ten of section one hundred eighty-three of this article, 34 35 for purposes of this subdivision the tax imposed under section one 36 37 hundred eighty-four of this article shall be deemed to have been imposed at the rate of six-tenths of one percent. 38 39

S 3. Subparagraph 1 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 186-c of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part II-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:

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(1) Every utility doing business in the metropolitan commuter transportation district shall pay a tax surcharge, in addition to the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-six-a of this article, for all or any parts of its taxable years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-two but ending before December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] EIGHTEEN, to be computed at the rate of the tax imposed under section one hundred eighty-six-a of percent of this article for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article, and the rate of seventeen percent of the tax imposed under such section for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of credits otherwise allowable under this article except utility credit provided for by article thirteen-A of this chapter; S. 2609--D 7 A. 3009--D

provided, however, that such rates of tax surcharge shall be applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under section one hundred eighty-six-a of this article after the deduction of credits otherwise allowable under this article, except any utility credit provided for by article thirteen-A of this chapter, which is attributable to the taxpayer's gross income or gross operating income from business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter transportation district; and provided, further, that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than [three] FOUR hundred [seventy-two] THIRTY-TWO months.

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- S 4. Subdivision 1 of section 209-B of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part II-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- 13 14 For the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of 15 doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing property in a corporate or organized capacity, or of maintaining an office in 16 17 the metropolitan commuter transportation district, for all or any part 18 of its taxable year, there is hereby imposed on every corporation, other 19 than a New York S corporation, subject to tax under section two hundred nine of this article, or any receiver, referee, trustee, assignee or 20 21 other fiduciary, or any officer or agent appointed by any court, 22 the business of any such corporation, for the taxable years 23 commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-two but 24 ending before December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] EIGHTEEN, a 25 surcharge, in addition to the tax imposed under section two hundred 26 nine of this article, to be computed at the rate of eighteen percent of the tax imposed under such section two hundred nine for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending before December thirty-27 28 29 first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any credits 30 otherwise allowable under this article, and at the rate of seventeen percent of the tax imposed under such section for such taxable years or 31 32 any part of such taxable years ending on or after December thirty-first, 33 nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any credits other-34 wise allowable under this article; provided, however, that such rates of 35 tax surcharge shall be applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under section two hundred nine of this article after the deduction of 36 37 any credits otherwise allowable under this article which is attributable 38 the taxpayer's business activity carried on within the metropolitan 39 commuter transportation district; and provided, further, that 40 surcharge imposed by this section shall not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than [three] FOUR hundred [seventy-two] THIRTY-TWO months. 41 Provided however, that for taxable years commencing on or 42 43 first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight, such surcharge shall be calculated 44 as if the tax imposed under section two hundred ten of this article were 45 imposed under the law in effect for taxable years commencing on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven and before July first, nine-46 47 teen hundred ninety-eight. Provided however, that for taxable years 48 commencing on or after January first, two thousand seven, such surcharge 49 shall be calculated using the highest of the tax bases imposed pursuant 50 to paragraphs (a), (b), (c) or (d) of subdivision one of section 51 hundred ten of this article and the amount imposed under paragraph (e) of subdivision one of such section two hundred ten, for the taxable 52 53 year; and, provided further that, if such highest amount is the tax base 54 imposed under paragraph (a), (b) or (c) of such subdivision, then the 55 surcharge shall be computed as if the tax rates and limitations under 56 such paragraph were the tax rates and limitations under such paragraph

in effect for taxable years commencing on or after July first, nineteen hundred ninety-seven and before July first, nineteen hundred ninety-eight.

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- S 5. Subsection 1 of section 1455-B of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part II-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, is amended to read as follows:
- For the privilege of exercising its franchise or doing business in the metropolitan commuter transportation district in a corporate or organized capacity, there is hereby imposed on every taxpayer subject to under this article, other than a New York S corporation, for the taxable years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-two but ending before December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] EIGHTEEN, a tax surcharge, in addition to the tax imposed under section fourteen hundred fifty-one of this article, at the rate of eighteen percent of the tax imposed under such section fourteen hundred fifty-one of this article, for such taxable years or any part taxable years ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article, and at the rate of seventeen percent of the tax imposed under such section for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article; provided however, that such rates of tax surcharge shall be applied only to that portion of the tax imposed under section fourteen hundred fifty-one of this article after the deduction of credits otherwise allowable under this article which is attributable to the taxpayer's business activity carried on within the metropolitan commuter transportation district; and provided, further, that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than [three] FOUR hundred [seventy-two] THIRTY-TWO months. Provided however, that for taxable years commencing on or after July first, two thousand, such surcharge shall be calculated as if the the basic tax computed under subsection (a) of section fourteen hundred fifty-five of this article was nine percent.
- S 6. Paragraphs 1 and 3 of subdivision (a) of section 1505-a of the tax law, as amended by section 6 of part II-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2008, are amended to read as follows:
- (1) Every domestic insurance corporation and every foreign or alien insurance corporation, and every life insurance corporation described in subdivision (b) of section fifteen hundred one of this article, for the privilege of exercising its corporate franchise, or of doing business, or of employing capital, or of owning or leasing property in the metropolitan commuter transportation district in a corporate or capacity, or of maintaining an office in the metropolitan commuter transportation district, for all or any part of its taxable years commencing on or after January first, nineteen hundred eighty-two, but ending before December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] except corporations specified in subdivision (c) of section fifteen hundred twelve of this article, shall annually pay, in addition to taxes otherwise imposed by this article, a tax surcharge on the taxes imposed under this article after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article as allocated to such district. Such taxes shall be allocated to such district for purposes of computing such tax surcharge upon taxpayers subject to tax under subdivision (b) of section fifteen hundred ten of this article by applying the methodology, procedures and computations set forth in subdivisions (a) and (b) of section

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fifteen hundred four of this article, except that references to terms denoting New York premiums, and total wages, salaries, personal service compensation and commissions within New York shall be read as denoting within the metropolitan commuter transportation district and terms denoting total premiums and total wages, salaries, personal service compensation and commissions shall be read as denoting within the state. If it shall appear to the commissioner that the application of the methodology, procedures and computations set forth in such subdivisions (a) and (b) does not properly reflect the activity, business or income of a taxpayer within the metropolitan commuter transportation district, then the commissioner shall be authorized, in the commissioner's discretion, to adjust such methodology, procedures and computations for the purpose of allocating such taxes by:

(A) excluding one or more factors therein;

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- (B) including one or more other factors therein, such as expenses, purchases, receipts other than premiums, real property or tangible personal property; or
- (C) any other similar or different method which allocates such taxes by attributing a fair and proper portion of such taxes to the metropolitan commuter transportation district. The commissioner from time to time shall publish all rulings of general public interest with respect to any application of the provisions of the preceding sentence. The commissioner may promulgate rules and regulations to further implement the provisions of this section.
- (3) Such tax surcharge shall be computed at the rate of eighteen percent of the taxes imposed under sections fifteen hundred one and fifteen hundred ten of this article as limited by section fifteen hundred five of this article, as allocated to such district, for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending before December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article, at the rate of seventeen percent of the taxes imposed under such sections as limited by section fifteen hundred five of this article, as allocated to such district, for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending on or after December thirty-first, nineteen hundred eighty-three and before January first, two thousand three after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article, and at the rate of seventeen percent of taxes imposed under sections fifteen hundred one, fifteen hundred two-a, and fifteen hundred ten of this article, as limited or otherwise determined by subdivision (a) or (b) of section fifteen hundred five of this article, as allocated to such district, for such taxable years or any part of such taxable years ending after December thirty-first, two thousand two after the deduction of any credits otherwise allowable under this article; provided, however, that the tax surcharge imposed by this section shall not be imposed upon any taxpayer for more than [three] FOUR hundred [seventy-two] THIRTY-TWO months. Provided however, that for taxable years commencing on or after July first, two thousand, and in the case of taxpayers subject to tax under section fifteen this article, for taxable years of such taxpayers hundred two-a of beginning on or after July first, two thousand and before January first, two thousand three, such surcharge shall be calculated as if rate of the tax computed under paragraph one of subdivision (a) of section fifteen hundred two of this article was nine percent and (ii) the rate of the limitation on tax set forth in section fifteen hundred five of this article for domestic, foreign and alien insurance

- 1 rations except life insurance corporations was two and six-tenths 2 percent.
- 3 S 7. This act shall take effect immediately.

4 PART B

- Section 1. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (b) of section 24 of the tax law, as added by section 1 of part P of chapter 60 of the laws of 2004, is amended to read as follows:
- (3) "Qualified film" means a feature-length film, television film, RELOCATED TELEVISION PRODUCTION, television pilot and/or each episode of a television series, regardless of the medium by means of which the film, pilot or episode is created or conveyed. "Qualified film" shall not include (i) a documentary film, news or current affairs program, interview or talk program, "how-to" (i.e., instructional) film or program, film or program consisting primarily of stock footage, sporting event or sporting program, game show, award ceremony, film or program intended primarily for industrial, corporate or institutional end-users, fundraising film or program, daytime drama (i.e., daytime "soap opera"), commercials, music videos or "reality" program, or (ii) a production for which records are required under section 2257 of title 18, United States code, to be maintained with respect to any performer in such production (reporting of books, films, etc. with respect to sexually explicit conduct).
- S 2. Subdivision (b) of section 24 of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph 8 to read as follows:
- (8) "RELOCATED TELEVISION PRODUCTION" SHALL MEAN, NOTWITHSTANDING THE LIMITATIONS IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A TELEVISION PRODUCTION THAT IS A TALK OR VARIETY PROGRAM THAT FILMED AT LEAST FIVE SEASONS OUTSIDE THE STATE PRIOR TO ITS FIRST RELOCATED SEASON IN NEW YORK, THE EPISODES ARE FILMED BEFORE A STUDIO AUDIENCE OF TWO HUNDRED OR MORE, AND THE RELOCATED TELEVISION PRODUCTION INCURS (I) AT LEAST THIRTY MILLION DOLLARS IN ANNUAL PRODUCTION COSTS IN THE STATE, OR (II) AT LEAST TEN MILLION DOLLARS IN CAPITAL EXPENDITURES AT A QUALIFIED PRODUCTION FACILITY IN THE STATE.
- S 3. Paragraph 4 of subdivision (e) of section 24 of the tax law, as added by chapter 268 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
- (4) Additional pool 2 The aggregate amount of tax credits allowed in subdivision (a) of this section shall be increased by an [addition] ADDITIONAL four hundred twenty million dollars in EACH YEAR STARTING IN two thousand ten[, four hundred twenty million dollars in two thousand eleven, four hundred twenty million dollars in two thousand twelve, four hundred twenty million dollars in two thousand thirteen and four hundred twenty million dollars in two thousand fourteen] THROUGH TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN provided however, seven million dollars of the annual allocation shall be available for the empire state film post production credit pursuant to section thirty-one of this [chapter] ARTICLE THOUSAND THIRTEEN AND TWOTHOUSAND FOURTEEN AND TWENTY-FIVE MILLION DOLLARS OF THE ANNUAL ALLOCATION SHALL BE AVAILABLE FOR THE EMPIRE STATE FILM POST PRODUCTION CREDIT PURSUANT TO SECTION THIRTY-ONE OF THIS ARTI-CLE IN EACH YEAR STARTING IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN THROUGH TWO This amount shall be allocated by the governor's office for motion picture and television development among taxpayers in accordance with subdivision (a) of this section. If the [director of the governor's office for motion picture and television development] COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT determines that the aggregate amount of tax credits

available from additional pool 2 for the empire state film production tax credit have been previously allocated, and determines that the pending applications from eligible applicants for the EMPIRE STATE FILM post production tax credit pursuant to section thirty-one of this [chapter] ARTICLE is insufficient to utilize the balance of unallocated EMPIRE STATE FILM post production tax credits from such pool, the remainder, 7 after such pending applications are considered, shall be made for allocation in the empire state film tax credit pursuant to this subdivision thirty-six of section two hundred 9 10 subsection of section six hundred six of this chapter. ALSO, IF (gg)THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DETERMINES THAT THE 11 12 CREDITS AVAILABLE FROM ADDITIONAL POOL 2 FOR THE EMPIRE TAX 13 STATE FILM POST PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT HAVE BEEN PREVIOUSLY ALLOCATED, 14 DETERMINES THAT THE PENDING APPLICATIONS FROM ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS 15 FOR THE EMPIRE STATE FILM PRODUCTION TAX CREDIT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IS INSUFFICIENT TO UTILIZE THE BALANCE OF UNALLOCATED FILM PRODUCTION 16 17 FROM SUCH POOL, THEN ALL OR PART OF THE REMAINDER, AFTER TAX CREDITS 18 SUCH PENDING APPLICATIONS ARE CONSIDERED, SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE 19 ALLOCATION FOR THE EMPIRE STATE FILM POST PRODUCTION CREDIT PURSUANT TO 20 THIS SECTION, SUBDIVISION FORTY-ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED 21 SUBSECTION (GG) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. The gover-22 nor's office for motion picture and television development must notify 23 taxpayers of their allocation year and include the allocation year on 24 the certificate of tax credit. Taxpayers eligible to claim a credit 25 report the allocation year directly on their empire state film production credit tax form for each year a credit is claimed and include 26 27 a copy of the certificate with their tax return. In the case of a qualified film that receives funds from additional pool 2, no empire state 28 film production credit shall be claimed before the later of the taxable 29 year the production of the qualified film is complete, or the taxable 30 year immediately following the allocation year for which the film has 31 32 been allocated credit by the governor's office for motion picture and 33 television development. 34

S 4. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (b) of section 24 of the tax law, as amended by section 6 of part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

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- (1) "Qualified production costs" means production costs only to the extent such costs are attributable to the use of tangible property or the performance of services within the state directly and predominantly in the production (including pre-production and post production) of a qualified film[, provided, however, that qualified production costs shall not include post production costs unless the portion of the post production costs paid or incurred that is attributable to the use of tangible property or the performance of services in New York in the production of such qualified film equals or exceeds seventy-five percent of the total post production costs spent within and without New York in the production of such qualified film].
- S 5. Paragraph 3 of subdivision (a) of section 31 of the tax law, as added by section 12 of part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:
- (3) (I) A taxpayer shall not be eligible for the credit established by this section FOR QUALIFIED POST PRODUCTION COSTS, EXCLUDING THE COSTS FOR VISUAL EFFECTS AND ANIMATION, unless the qualified post production costs, EXCLUDING THE COSTS FOR VISUAL EFFECTS AND ANIMATION, at a qualified post production facility meet or exceed seventy-five percent of the total post production costs, EXCLUDING THE COSTS FOR VISUAL EFFECTS AND

ANIMATION, paid or incurred in the post production of the qualified film any post production facility. (II) A TAXPAYER SHALL NOT BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE CREDIT ESTABLISHED BY THIS SECTION FOR QUALIFIED POST PRODUCTION WHICH ARE COSTS FOR VISUAL EFFECTS OR ANIMATION UNLESS THE QUALI-FIED POST PRODUCTION COSTS FOR VISUAL EFFECTS OR ANIMATION AT PRODUCTION FACILITY MEET OR EXCEED THREE MILLION DOLLARS OR POST 7 TWENTY PERCENT OF THE TOTAL POST PRODUCTION COSTS FOR VISUAL EFFECTS ANIMATION PAID OR INCURRED IN THE POST PRODUCTION OF A QUALIFIED FILM AT 9 PRODUCTION FACILITY, WHICHEVER IS LESS. (III) A TAXPAYER MAY 10 CLAIM A CREDIT FOR QUALIFIED POST PRODUCTION COSTS EXCLUDING $_{
m THE}$ AND ANIMATION, AND FOR QUALIFIED POST PRODUCTION 11 EFFECTS COSTS OF VISUAL EFFECTS AND ANIMATION, PROVIDED 12 THATTHECRITERIA AND (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH ARE BOTH SATISFIED. The 13 SUBPARAGRAPHS (I) 14 credit shall be allowed for the taxable year in which the production of 15 such qualified film is completed.

S 5-a. Subdivision (a) of section 31 of the tax law, as added by section 12 of part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended by adding a new paragraph 5 to read as follows:

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- (5) IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS AT LEAST ONE MILLION DOLLARS BUT LESS THAN FIVE MILLION DOLLARS, THE CREDIT SHALL BE CLAIMED OVER A TWO YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING IN THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT MAY BE CLAIMED AND IN THE NEXT SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEAR, WITH ONE-HALF OF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED BEING CLAIMED IN EACH YEAR. IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT IS AT LEAST FIVE MILLION DOLLARS, THE CREDIT SHALL BE CLAIMED OVER A THREE YEAR PERIOD BEGINNING IN THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT MAY BE CLAIMED AND IN THE NEXT TWO SUCCEEDING TAXABLE YEARS, WITH ONE-THIRD OF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED BEING CLAIMED IN EACH YEAR.
- S 6. Section 3 of part Y-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, amending the tax law relating to the empire state film production credit, is amended to read as follows:
- S 3. A. The governor's office of motion picture and television development shall file a report on a quarterly basis with the director of the division of the budget and the chairmen of the assembly ways and means committee and senate finance committee. The report shall be filed within fifteen days after the close of the calendar quarter. The first report shall cover the calendar quarter that begins April 1, 2009. The report must contain the following information for the calendar quarter:
- (1) the total dollar amount of credits allocated during each month of the calendar quarter, broken down by month;
- (2) the number of film projects which have been allocated tax credits of less than \$1 million per project and the total dollar amount of credits allocated to those projects;
- (3) the number of film projects which have been allocated tax credits of \$1 million or more but less than \$5 million per project and the total dollar amount of credits allocated to those projects;
- (4) the number of film projects which have been allocated tax credits of \$5 million or more per project and the total dollar amount of credits allocated to those projects; [and]
- 50 (5) a list of each film project which has been allocated a tax credit 51 and for each of those projects (a) the estimated number of employees 52 associated with the project, (b) the estimated qualified costs for the 53 project, [and] (c) the estimated total costs of the project, (D) THE 54 CREDIT-ELIGIBLE MAN HOURS FOR EACH PROJECT; AND (E) TOTAL WAGES FOR SUCH 55 CREDIT-ELIGIBLE MAN HOURS FOR EACH PROJECT; AND

(6)(A) THE NAME OF EACH TAXPAYER ALLOCATED A TAX CREDIT FOR EACH PROJECT AND THE COUNTY OF RESIDENCE OR INCORPORATION OF SUCH TAXPAYER IF THE TAXPAYER DOES NOT RESIDE OR IS NOT INCORPORATED IN NEW YORK, THEN THE STATE OF RESIDENCE OR INCORPORATION; PROVIDED HOWEVER, TAXPAYER CLAIMS A TAX CREDIT BECAUSE THE TAXPAYER IS A MEMBER OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP OR A SHAREHOLDER IN A SUBCHAPTER S CORPORATION, THE NAME OF EACH LIMITED LIABILITY COMPA-NY, PARTNERSHIP OR SUBCHAPTER S CORPORATION EARNING ANY OF THOSE TAX CREDITS MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE REPORT INSTEAD OF INFORMATION ABOUT THE 9 10 TAXPAYER CLAIMING THE TAX CREDIT, (B) THE AMOUNT OF TAX CREDIT ALLOCATED 11 EACH TAXPAYER; PROVIDED HOWEVER, IF THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS A TAX CREDIT BECAUSE THE TAXPAYER IS A MEMBER OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, A PART-12 NER IN A PARTNERSHIP OR A SHAREHOLDER IN A SUBCHAPTER S CORPORATION, THE 13 14 AMOUNT OF TAX CREDIT EARNED BY EACH ENTITY MUST BE INCLUDED IN THE REPORT INSTEAD OF INFORMATION ABOUT THE TAXPAYER CLAIMING THE TAX CRED-16 IT, AND (C) INFORMATION IDENTIFYING THE PROJECT ASSOCIATED WITH EACH TAXPAYER FOR WHICH A TAX CREDIT WAS CLAIMED UNDER SECTION 24 OR SECTION 17 31, AS ADDED BY CHAPTER 57 OF THE LAWS OF 2010, OF THE TAX LAW, INCLUD-18 19 ING THE NAME OF THE FILM AND COUNTY IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS LOCATED; AND 20 B. THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE OF MOTION PICTURE AND TELEVISION DEVELOPMENT 21 SHALL FILE A REPORT ON A BIENNIAL BASIS WITH THE DIRECTOR OF THESION OF THE BUDGET AND THE CHAIRS OF THE ASSEMBLY WAYS AND MEANS COMMIT-23 AND SENATE FINANCE COMMITTEE. THE REPORT SHALL BE FILED WITHIN FIFTEEN DAYS AFTER THE CLOSE OF THE CALENDAR YEAR. THE FIRST REPORT 25 SHALL COVER A TWO YEAR PERIOD THAT BEGINS ON JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND THE REPORT MUST BE PREPARED BY AN INDEPENDENT THIRD PARTY 26 27 AUDITOR AND INCLUDE: (1) INFORMATION REGARDING THE EMPIRE STATE 28 PRODUCTION CREDIT AND POST PRODUCTION CREDIT PROGRAMS INCLUDING THE 29 EFFICIENCY OF OPERATIONS, RELIABILITY OF FINANCIAL REPORTING, COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS AND DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS AND FUNDS; 30 ECONOMIC IMPACT STUDY PREPARED BY AN INDEPENDENT THIRD PARTY OF THE FILM 31 32 CREDIT PROGRAMS; AND (3) ANY OTHER INFORMATION AND/OR OTHER STATISTICAL 33 INFORMATION THAT THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT DEEMS TO BE USEFUL IN ANALYZING THE EFFECTS OF THE PROGRAM. 34 35

S 7. Subdivision (a) of section 24 of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph 5 to read as follows:

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37 (5) FOR THE PERIOD TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN THROUGH TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN, 38 IN ADDITION TO THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ESTABLISHED IN PARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS SUBDIVISION, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO THE PRODUCT 39 40 (OR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE PRODUCT, IN THE CASE OF A MEMBER OF A PARTNER-SHIP) OF TEN PERCENT AND THE AMOUNT OF WAGES OR SALARIES PAID TO INDI-41 VIDUALS DIRECTLY EMPLOYED (EXCLUDING THOSE EMPLOYED AS WRITERS, DIREC-42 43 TORS, MUSIC DIRECTORS, PRODUCERS AND PERFORMERS, INCLUDING BACKGROUND ACTORS WITH NO SCRIPTED LINES) BY A QUALIFIED FILM PRODUCTION COMPANY OR 44 45 QUALIFIED INDEPENDENT FILM PRODUCTION COMPANY FOR SERVICES PERFORMED BY THOSE INDIVIDUALS IN ONE OF THE COUNTIES SPECIFIED IN THIS PARAGRAPH 47 CONNECTION WITH A QUALIFIED FILM WITH A MINIMUM BUDGET OF FIVE 48 HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS ADDITIONAL CREDIT, 49 SERVICES MUST BE PERFORMED IN ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING COUNTIES: ALLEGANY, BROOME, CATTARAUGUS, CAYUGA, CHAUTAUQUA, CHEMUNG, CHENANGO, 50 CLINTON, CORTLAND, DELAWARE, ERIE, ESSEX, FRANKLIN, FULTON, GENESEE, HAMILTON, HERKIMER, JEFFERSON, LEWIS, LIVINGSTON, MADISON, MONROE, MONT-51 52 GOMERY, NIAGARA, ONEIDA, ONONDAGA, ONTARIO, ORLEANS, OSWEGO, OTSEGO, SCHOHARIE, SCHUYLER, SENECA, ST. LAWRENCE, STEUBEN, TIOGA, TOMPKINS, 53 54 WAYNE, WYOMING, OR YATES. THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL BE FIVE MILLION 56

DOLLARS EACH YEAR DURING THE PERIOD TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN THROUGH TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN OF THE ANNUAL ALLOCATION MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PROGRAM PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH FOUR OF SUBDIVISION (E) OF THIS SECTION. AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF CREDITS SHALL BE ALLOCATED BY THE GOVERNOR'S OFFICE FOR MOTION PICTURE AND TELEVISION DEVELOPMENT AMONG TAXPAYERS IN ORDER PRIORITY BASED UPON THE DATE OF FILING AN APPLICATION FOR ALLOCATION 7 OF FILM PRODUCTION CREDIT WITH SUCH OFFICE. IF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF ALLO-CATED CREDITS APPLIED FOR UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH IN ANY YEAR EXCEEDS AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS ALLOWED FOR SUCH YEAR UNDER THIS PARA-9 10 GRAPH, SUCH EXCESS SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING BEEN APPLIED FOR ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE NEXT YEAR. IF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF ALLOCATED TAX CRED-11 ITS APPLIED FOR UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH AT THE CONCLUSION OF ANY YEAR IS 12 LESS THAN FIVE MILLION DOLLARS, THE REMAINDER SHALL BE TREATED AS PART 13 14 OF THE ANNUAL ALLOCATION MADE AVAILABLE TO THE PROGRAM PURSUANT TO PARA-GRAPH FOUR OF SUBDIVISION (E) OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER, IN NO EVENT MAY TOTAL OF THE CREDITS ALLOCATED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH AND THE CREDITS 16 ALLOCATED UNDER PARAGRAPH FIVE OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION THIRTY-ONE 17 OF THIS ARTICLE EXCEED FIVE MILLION DOLLARS IN ANY YEAR DURING THE PERI-18 19 OD TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN THROUGH TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN.

S 8. Subdivision (a) of section 31 of the tax law, as added by section 12 of Part Q of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended by adding a new paragraph 5 to read as follows:

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(5) FOR THE PERIOD TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN THROUGH TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN, 23 IN ADDITION TO THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ESTABLISHED IN PARAGRAPH TWO OF 24 25 SUBDIVISION (A) OF THIS SECTION, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT EQUAL TO THE PRODUCT (OR PRO RATA SHARE OF THE PRODUCT, IN THE CASE OF A 26 MEMBER OF A PARTNERSHIP) OF TEN PERCENT AND THE AMOUNT OF WAGES OR SALA-27 RIES PAID TO INDIVIDUALS DIRECTLY EMPLOYED (EXCLUDING THOSE EMPLOYED AS 28 WRITERS, DIRECTORS, MUSIC DIRECTORS, PRODUCERS AND PERFORMERS, INCLUDING 29 BACKGROUND ACTORS WITH NO SCRIPTED LINES) FOR SERVICES PERFORMED BY 30 THOSE INDIVIDUALS IN ONE OF THE COUNTIES SPECIFIED IN THIS PARAGRAPH IN 31 32 CONNECTION WITH THE POST PRODUCTION WORK ON A QUALIFIED FILM WITH A MINIMUM BUDGET OF FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS AT A QUALIFIED POST PRODUCTION FACILITY IN ONE OF THE COUNTIES LISTED IN THIS PARAGRAPH. FOR 34 35 PURPOSES OF THIS ADDITIONAL CREDIT, THE SERVICES MUST BE PERFORMED IN ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING COUNTIES: ALLEGANY, BROOME, CATTARAUGUS, 36 CAYUGA, CHAUTAUQUA, CHEMUNG, CHENANGO, CLINTON, CORTLAND, DELAWARE, ERIE, ESSEX, FRANKLIN, FULTON, GENESEE, HAMILTON, HERKIMER, JEFFERSON, 38 LEWIS, LIVINGSTON, MADISON, MONROE, MONTGOMERY, NIAGARA, ONEIDA, ONONDA-39 40 GA, ONTARIO, ORLEANS, OSWEGO, OTSEGO, SCHOHARIE, SCHUYLER, SENECA, ST. LAWRENCE, STEUBEN, TIOGA, TOMPKINS, WAYNE, WYOMING, OR YATES. THE AGGRE-41 GATE AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF THIS 42 43 PARAGRAPH SHALL BE FIVE MILLION DOLLARS EACH YEAR DURING THE PERIOD TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN THROUGH TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN OF THE ANNUAL ALLOCATION 45 MADE AVAILABLE TO THE EMPIRE STATE FILM POST PRODUCTION CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH FOUR OF SUBDIVISION (E) OF SECTION TWENTY-FOUR OF 47 ARTICLE. SUCH AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF CREDITS SHALL BE ALLOCATED BY THE 48 GOVERNOR'S OFFICE FOR MOTION PICTURE AND TELEVISION DEVELOPMENT 49 TAXPAYERS IN ORDER OF PRIORITY BASED UPON THE DATE OF FILING AN APPLICA-50 TION FOR ALLOCATION OF POST PRODUCTION CREDIT WITH SUCH OFFICE. IF THE 51 TOTAL AMOUNT OF ALLOCATED CREDITS APPLIED FOR UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH ANY YEAR EXCEEDS THE AGGREGATE AMOUNT OF TAX CREDITS ALLOWED FOR SUCH YEAR UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH, SUCH EXCESS SHALL BE TREATED AS HAVING BEEN 53 APPLIED FOR ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE NEXT YEAR. IF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF ALLOCATED TAX CREDITS APPLIED FOR UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH AT THE CONCLUSION OF ANY YEAR IS LESS THAN FIVE MILLION DOLLARS, THE REMAINDER SHALL BE TREATED AS PART OF THE ANNUAL ALLOCATION FOR TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN MADE AVAILABLE TO THE EMPIRE STATE FILM POST PRODUCTION CREDIT PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH FOUR OF SUBDIVISION (E) OF SECTION TWENTY FOUR OF THIS ARTI-4 CLE. HOWEVER, IN NO EVENT MAY THE TOTAL OF THE CREDITS ALLOCATED UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH AND THE CREDITS ALLOCATED UNDER PARAGRAPH FIVE OF SUBDI-6 VISION (A) OF SECTION TWENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE EXCEED FIVE MILLION DOLLARS IN ANY YEAR DURING THE PERIOD TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN THROUGH TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN.

9. This act shall take effect immediately, provided, however, that sections four and five of this act shall apply to (a) taxpayers submitting initial applications to the governor's office of motion picture and television development on or after the date this act shall have become a and (b) to taxpayers who filed an initial application before this act shall have become a law but who have not yet submitted a final application to the governor's office of motion picture and television development on or before the date this act shall have become a law, provided such taxpayers agree to have the amendments made to section 3 of part Y-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, amending the relating to the empire state film production credit, which added a new paragraph 6 to subdivision (a) of such section 3 apply to them; and the amendments made to section 3 of part Y-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, amending the tax law relating to the empire state film production credit, with the exception of subdivision b of such section, shall only apply to taxpayers submitting initial applications to the governor's office of motion picture and television development on or after the date this act shall become a law.

27 PART C

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28 Section 1. Section 1 of chapter 174 of the laws of 1968 constituting 29 the urban development corporation act is amended by adding a new section 30 16-v to read as follows:

S 16-V. NEW YORK STATE BUSINESS INCUBATOR AND INNOVATION HOT SUPPORT ACT. 1. (A) THE CORPORATION IS AUTHORIZED, WITHIN AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, TO ISSUE REQUESTS FOR PROPOSALS ONCE PER FISCAL YEAR PROVIDE GRANTS PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISIONS FIVE AND SIX OF THIS SECTION FOR PURPOSES ESTABLISHED UNDER THIS ACT. THE CORPORATION MAY DESIGNATE ENTITIES, WHICH UPON APPLICATION MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION AS NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS, AND MAY PROVIDE GRANTS ASSISTANCE AS PROVIDED UNDER SUBDIVISIONS FIVE AND SIX OF THIS SECTION TO SUCH DESIGNATED ENTITIES. "NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR" SHALL MEAN A BUSINESS INCUBATION PROGRAM WHICH ALSO PROVIDES PHYSICAL SPACE OR WHICH IS A VIRTUAL INCUBATION PROGRAM THAT HAS BEEN DESIGNATED UPON APPLICATION BY THE CORPORATION AS A NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISIONS TWO AND THREE OF THIS SECTION AND WHICH THEREBY ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS, SUPPORT, SERVICES, AND PROGRAMS AVAILABLE PURSU-ANT TO SUCH DESIGNATION. PROVIDED HOWEVER, THAT VIRTUAL INCUBATORS WHICH PROVIDE ASSISTANCE TO ELIGIBLE BUSINESSES NOT IN RESIDENCE IN ONE ICAL LOCATION, SHALL SUBMIT A PLAN OF OPERATION WHICH SETS FORTH THE MAXIMUM NUMBER OF ELIGIBLE BUSINESSES TO BE SERVED AND THEIR GEOGRAPHIC DISTRIBUTION.

(B) FROM AMONG THE QUALIFIED "NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS", THE CORPORATION IS FURTHER AUTHORIZED, WITHIN AVAILABLE APPROPRIATIONS, TO DESIGNATE APPLICANTS AS "NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS." AN INCUBATOR RECEIVING A "NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT" DESIGNATION SHALL BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE BENEFITS UNDER SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW,

SUBPARAGRAPH EIGHTEEN OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW, SUBDIVISION ELEVEN OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED NINE OF THE TAX LAW, PARAGRAPH THIRTY-NINE OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED TWELVE OF THE TAX LAW, PARAGRAPH ONE OF SUBDIVISION (D) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED NINETEEN OF THE TAX LAW, AND PARAGRAPH THIRTY-FIVE OF SUBDIVISION (C) OF SECTION 11-1712 OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE CODE OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

- 2. REQUIREMENTS FOR DESIGNATION. (A) AN ENTITY WISHING TO BE DESIG-NATED AS A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT OR AS A NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE LOCATED IN NEW YORK STATE AND SHALL HAVE BEEN IN EXISTENCE OR OTHERWISE IN OPERATION FOR A PERIOD OF AT LEAST THREE FISCAL YEARS PRIOR TO THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR, OR DEMONSTRATE CONTINUITY OF STAFFING, PROGRAM, AND PURPOSE SHOWING CONTIN-UATION THROUGH ANOTHER AUSPICE OR GOVERNING ENTITY, AND SHALL HAVE DEMONSTRATED A CONNECTION TO REGIONAL SOURCES OF INNOVATION AND EXPER-TISE, AND THAT IT MEETS THE GOALS OF CREATING JOBS AND INCUBATING BUSI-NESSES WITH SURVIVAL RATES IN EXCESS OF AVERAGE STARTUPS, AND THAT THE PROGRAM HAS A STRATEGIC PLAN TO CONTINUE TO MEET SUCH GOALS FOR THE THREE YEARS SUCCEEDING DESIGNATION AND THAT COMMITS THE PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENTING BEST PRACTICES. SUCH DEMONSTRATION SHALL INCLUDE A COMMIT-MENT BY THE SPONSOR TO CONTINUE TO MAINTAIN THE PROGRAM FOR AT LEAST THREE YEARS AFTER SUCH DESIGNATION, AND TO PROVIDE ANY REPORTING INFOR-MATION THAT THE CORPORATION SHALL REQUIRE.
- (B) IN DETERMINING WHETHER AN ENTITY SHALL BE DESIGNATED AS A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT OR NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR, THE CORPORATION SHALL REQUIRE THAT THE ENTITY MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBPARAGRAPHS (I) AND (II) OF THIS PARAGRAPH AND MAY CONSIDER WHETHER THE ENTITY HAS DEVELOPED THE PROGRAMS, SERVICES, AND ATTRIBUTES IN SUBPARAGRAPHS (III) THROUGH (XVI) OF THIS PARAGRAPH:
- (I) INSTITUTIONAL STABILITY AND LONG TERM VIABILITY, INDICATED BY: THE SPONSOR'S COMMITMENT TO FINANCIALLY AND PROGRAMMATICALLY MAINTAINING THE INCUBATOR FOR AT LEAST TWO YEARS IN ADDITION TO THE CURRENT FISCAL YEAR; RECEIPT OF NON-STATE PUBLIC AND PRIVATE GRANT AND/OR OTHER REVENUE SOURCES INCLUDING PROPERTY RENTALS AND PROGRAM FEES THAT ARE OR HAVE PROVEN TO BE PREDICTABLE AND RELIABLE; AND MANAGEABLE DEBT SERVICE;
- (II) A STRATEGIC PLAN THAT DESCRIBES THE IMPACT ON THE REGIONAL ENTRE-PRENEURIAL ENVIRONMENT THAT THE INCUBATOR IS INTENDED TO HAVE AND COMMITS THE INCUBATOR TO BEST INCUBATION PRACTICES AND DESCRIBES A DEFINED PROCESS THAT ACCELERATES COMMERCIALIZATION AND DEVELOPMENT FOR A CLIENT COMPANY OR ENTITY THROUGH PROVISION OF TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, DIRECT MENTORSHIP, ENTREPRENEURIAL EDUCATION, AND BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT SERVICES, INCLUDING DEVELOPMENT OF A BUSINESS PLAN AND MARKETS, AID IN DEVELOPMENT OF THE MANAGEMENT TEAM, PRODUCT, CUSTOMERS, AND LOCAL OR REGIONAL SUPPLY CHAIN PARTNERS, ACCESS TO INVESTMENT, AND LAUNCHING OF A SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS WHICH WILL EMPLOY NEW YORKERS;
- (III) AN INTEGRATED ARRAY OF SERVICES WHICH INCLUDES MANAGEMENT GUID-ANCE, TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, CONSULTING, MENTORING, BUSINESS PLAN DEVELOPMENT, AID IN CREATION OF THE BUSINESS ENTITY, AND ONGOING COUNSELING;
- (IV) OPPORTUNITIES FOR CLIENTS TO NETWORK, COLLABORATE WITH OTHER BUSINESS PROGRAMS, AND GAIN ACCESS TO SERVICES, INCLUDING THROUGH SUCH PROGRAMS AS THE SMALL BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT CENTER, THE LOCAL OR AREA CHAMBER OF COMMERCE OR OTHER BUSINESS ASSOCIATION, PROGRAMS OF THE SMALL BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION, AND/OR OTHER SIMILAR BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS, ASSOCIATIONS, AND PROGRAMS;
- (V) ACCESS TO CAPITAL VIA REFERRAL OR OTHER ARRANGEMENTS WITH FINAN-CIAL INSTITUTIONS, VENTURE CAPITALISTS, ANGEL INVESTORS, INVESTMENT

FUNDS MANAGED OR FINANCED BY PRIVATE ENTITIES OR STATE OR LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATIONS, OR OTHER SIMILAR OR EQUIVALENT CAPITAL SOURCES, EVIDENCED BY WRITTEN AGREEMENTS, MEMORANDUMS OF UNDERSTANDING, LETTERS OF INTENT, OR OTHER ENDORSEMENTS ACCEPTABLE TO THE CORPORATION, AND INCLUDING READYING CLIENTS FOR FINANCIAL MEETINGS AND INTERVIEWS;

(VI) AID IN ACCESSING MARKETS, VIA BID ASSISTANCE OR ACCESS PROGRAMS THAT MAY INCLUDE BUT ARE NOT LIMITED TO LITERATURE REVIEW, ESTABLISHMENT OF A RESOURCE DOCUMENTS ROOM (PHYSICAL OR VIRTUAL), OPPORTUNITY NOTIFICATION OF LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL GOVERNMENTAL AND PRIVATE OPPORTUNITIES, AND IDENTIFICATION OF AND INTRODUCTIONS TO POTENTIAL FIRST CUSTOMERS;

- (VII) PHYSICAL OFFICE SPACE AND/OR LABORATORY SPACE AND/OR MANUFACTURING SPACE UNDER A WRITTEN AGREEMENT FOR A PERIOD NOT TO EXCEED FIVE YEARS FOR ANY INDIVIDUAL INCUBATOR CLIENT;
- (VIII) POLICIES REQUIRING PARTICIPATION BY CLIENTS IN THE INCUBATOR PROGRAM, INCLUDING DISQUALIFICATION OR SUSPENSION FROM THE PROGRAM FOR FAILURE TO PARTICIPATE;
- (IX) CRITERIA FOR ACCEPTANCE AND GRADUATION FROM THE PROGRAM OR PHYSICAL SPACE, AND TERMS AND CONDITIONS FOR ONGOING RELATIONSHIPS, IF ANY, BETWEEN THE INCUBATOR AND THE CLIENT;
- (X) AT LEAST FIFTY PERCENT OF THE TOTAL INCUBATOR BUDGET PROVIDED FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN TENANT RENTS AND FEES AND IN-KIND SUPPORT FROM THE SPONSORING ENTITY, AND MUST BE FROM SOURCES OTHER THAN NEW YORK STATE GOVERNMENT AGENCIES;
- (XI) AN INDEPENDENT ADVISORY COUNCIL OR SIMILAR BODY THAT INCLUDES ONE OR MORE EXECUTIVE OFFICERS OF FIRMS THAT HAVE GRADUATED FROM THE INCUBATOR, LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROFESSIONALS, AND INDIVIDUALS WITH BUSINESS AND TECHNOLOGY EXPERTISE IN AREAS APPROPRIATE TO THE SECTOR OR CONCENTRATION OF CLIENTS, AND THE MISSION AND GOAL OF THE INCUBATOR;
- (XII) A PROFESSIONAL MANAGEMENT AND SERVICE DELIVERY TEAM WITH EXPERIENCE, EXPERTISE, OR CREDENTIALS IN MANAGEMENT, ENTREPRENEURSHIP, BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT, OR OTHER EQUIVALENT AREAS;
- (XIII) ACCESS BY CLIENTS TO MENTORING, ADVISORY, OR EDUCATIONAL SERVICES, INCLUDING CLASSROOM TEACHING, FROM INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE SUCCESSFULLY CREATED, GROWN OR MANAGED BUSINESSES OR ARE LAWYERS, PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS, OR INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE BEEN IN BUSINESS AT AN EXECUTIVE LEVEL FOR AT LEAST FIVE YEARS;
- (XIV) EVIDENCE THAT THE INCUBATOR IS A CENTER OF ENTREPRENEURIAL ACTIVITIES OF A CITY, REGION, OR DISTRESSED PORTION THEREOF, AS DOCUMENTED BY PROGRAMS AND ACTIVITIES COORDINATED WITH COUNTY OR LOCAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ORGANIZATIONS, INVESTOR AND FINANCIAL CLUBS OR INSTITUTIONS, OR STUDENT OR YOUTH-ORIENTED ENTREPRENEURIAL ACTIVITIES;
- (XV) A PARTNERSHIP WITH OTHER INCUBATORS IN THE REGION TO OFFER SERVICES AND OPPORTUNITIES FOR ENTREPRENEURS AND LEVERAGE REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ASSETS; AND
- (XVI) A PLAN TO RECRUIT MINORITY- AND WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESSES FOR LOCATION AND PARTICIPATION WITH THE INCUBATOR PROGRAM.
- (C) THE CORPORATION, SUBJECT TO APPROPRIATIONS PROVIDED FOR MAY APPROVE AND DESIGNATE FIVE NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR HOT SPOTS IN FISCAL YEAR TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN-TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND FIVE ADDITIONAL NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS IN FISCAL YEAR TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN-TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN. SUCH DESIGNEES WILL BE REQUIRED TO DEMONSTRATE AN AFFILIATION WITH AND THE APPLICATION SUPPORT OF AT LEAST ONE COLLEGE, UNIVERSITY OR INDEPENDENT RESEARCH INSTITUTION, ITS PROGRAMS AND PURPOSES ARE CONSISTENT WITH REGIONAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT STRATEGIES.

3. DESIGNATION. (A) THE CORPORATION MAY DESIGNATE APPLICANTS THAT MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION AS NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS OR AS NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS.

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- (B) AS A CONDITION OF MAINTAINING DESIGNATION, EACH INCUBATOR SHALL ANNUALLY SUBMIT TO THE CORPORATION IN A MANNER AND ACCORDING TO A SCHED-ULE ESTABLISHED BY THE CORPORATION:
- (I) UPDATED INFORMATION REQUESTED BY THE CORPORATION PURSUANT TO SUBPARAGRAPH (III) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION;
- (II) ITS STRATEGIC PLAN, AS UPDATED ALONG WITH A BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ITS SUCCESS IN MEETING THE GOALS OF ITS STRATEGIC PLAN;
- (III) A STATEMENT THAT THE ITEMS LISTED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION AND, IN THE CASE OF NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS, PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION ARE STILL APPLICABLE TO THE OPERATIONS OF THE INCUBATOR, OR ANY CHANGE IN APPLICABILITY;
- (IV) A LIST OF BUSINESS ENTERPRISES SERVED BY THE INCUBATOR, AND IN THE CASE OF NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS, THOSE CLIENTS CERTIFIED AS A "QUALIFIED ENTITY" ELIGIBLE FOR TAX INCENTIVES UNDER SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW; AND
 - (V) SUCH ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AS THE CORPORATION MAY REQUIRE.
- (C) THE CORPORATION SHALL DESIGN SIMPLIFIED FORMS TO AID IN THE SUBMISSION OF THE DATA REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, WHICH MAY BE SUBMITTED ELECTRONICALLY. SUCH FORMS SHALL STATE THE PURPOSES OF THE REQUIRED DATA SUBMISSIONS.
- (D) THE CORPORATION SHALL EVALUATE THE OPERATIONS OF THE NEW YORK INNOVATION HOT SPOT OR THE NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR USING METHODS INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO SITE VISITS, REPORTS PURSUANT TO SPECIFIED INFORMATION, AND REVIEW EVALUATIONS. IF THE CORPORATION IS UNSATISFIED WITH THE PROGRESS OF A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT OR A NEW YORK INCUBATOR, THE CORPORATION SHALL NOTIFY SUCH INCUBATOR OF THE RESULTS OF ITS EVALUATIONS AND THE FINDINGS OF DEFICIENCIES IN THE INCUBATOR'S OPERATIONS AND SHALL ALLOW SUCH INCUBATOR TO REMEDY SUCH FINDINGS IN A TIMELY MANNER. FOR NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS YORK STATE INCUBATORS THAT RECEIVE OPERATING GRANTS PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION, SUCH EVALUATIONS SHALL INCLUDE INDEPENDENT PEER REVIEW AND SHALL TAKE PLACE NO LESS THAN ONCE EVERY THREE YEARS OR MORE FREQUENTLY AT THE DISCRETION OF CORPORATION. SUCH INDEPENDENT PEER REVIEW SHALL RESULT IN A WRITTEN REPORT THAT INCLUDES PROGRAMMATIC AND FISCAL EVALUATION OF THE INCU-BATION PROGRAM AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMPROVEMENT.
- 4. AUDIT. THE CORPORATION SHALL HAVE THE AUTHORITY TO AUDIT NEW YORK INNOVATION HOT SPOTS, NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS AND CLIENTS DESIGNATED BY SUCH HOT SPOTS AS QUALIFIED ENTITIES.
- 5. GRANTS. (A) OPERATING GRANTS. A PROGRAM DESIGNATED AS A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT OR AS A NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR SHALL BE ELIGIBLE FOR AN OPERATING GRANT IN AN AMOUNT TO BE DETERMINED BY THE CORPORATION FROM FUNDS APPROPRIATED TO THE CORPORATION FOR SUCH PURPOSE, PROVIDED HOWEVER THAT:
- (I) ANY SUCH GRANT SHALL BE MATCHED ON A TWO-TO-ONE BASIS BY THE INSTITUTION RECEIVING THE FUNDS AND COLLABORATIVE PARTNERS IN THE FORM OF CASH OR IN-KIND PERSONNEL, EQUIPMENT, MATERIAL DONATIONS, AND OTHER FACILITY AND OPERATIONS EXPENDITURES, PROVIDED THAT NO MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF SUCH MATCH SHALL BE IN-KIND;
- 54 (II) A PROGRAM APPLYING FOR A GRANT SHALL DEMONSTRATE FINANCIAL 55 STABILITY AND LONG TERM VIABILITY, AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (I) OF 56 PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION TWO OF THIS SECTION;

- (III) A GRANT RECIPIENT SHALL AGREE TO PROVIDE DATA AS REQUIRED TO THE CORPORATION AND SHALL AGREE TO CONFORM TO BEST PRACTICES AS OUTLINED BY STATE AND/OR NATIONAL BUSINESS INCUBATOR ASSOCIATIONS;
- (IV) FAILURE TO ABIDE BY THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SUBDIVISION OR TO CURE A DEFAULT AFTER REVIEW AND AGREEMENT WITH THE CORPORATION SHALL RESULT IN LOSS OF THE GRANT AND DISQUALIFICATION OF THE DESIGNEE AS A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT OR AS A NEW YORK STATE INCUBATOR; AND
- (V) PROVIDED THAT A PORTION OF THE GRANTS SHALL BE AWARDED TO THE NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS AND THE NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS.
- (B) THE CORPORATION SHALL MAKE ENTITIES DESIGNATED AS NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS OR AS NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS AWARE OF OPPORTUNITIES FOR FUNDING OR GRANTS BY OR THROUGH THE CORPORATION OR THE DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT.
- (C) NO DEDUCTION. IN ADDITION TO THE FOREGOING REQUIREMENTS, AN INCUBATOR SPONSOR SHALL AGREE TO DEDICATE ALL FUNDS FROM ANY GRANTS OR SUPPORT RECEIVED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION TO THE OPERATIONS OF THE INCUBATOR WITHOUT DEDUCTIONS FOR OVERHEAD, INDIRECT COSTS, OR FACILITIES AND ADMINISTRATION CHARGES OF SUCH SPONSOR.
- 6. OTHER ASSISTANCE. THE CORPORATION SHALL MAKE SUCH OTHER AID, ASSISTANCE, AND RESOURCES AVAILABLE TO NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS AND NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS AND THEIR CLIENTS AS IT SHALL DEEM USEFUL AND APPROPRIATE FOR THE FURTHERANCE OF THE PURPOSES OF THIS ACT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE, AID IN MARKETING, AID IN REACHING AND PROVIDING ENTREPRENEURSHIP TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES TO SUCH MARGINALIZED GROUPS AS THOSE COMPOSED OF INDIVIDUALS WHO ARE MINORITY, FEMALE, DISABLED, OR POOR, AND OTHERS, CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT, AND OTHER SERVICES AND RESOURCES. THE CORPORATION SHALL ALSO SEEK ASSISTANCE FROM OTHER STATE AGENCIES IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF PROCUREMENT AND MARKETING RESOURCES AND TRAINING OPPORTUNITIES FOR NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS AND NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS AND THEIR CLIENTS.
- 7. ASSOCIATION OF INCUBATORS. THE CORPORATION MAY CONSULT WITH A STATEWIDE ENTITY WHICH IS A MEMBERSHIP ASSOCIATION OF INCUBATORS AND OTHERS AND WHICH HAS EXPERTISE IN PROVIDING SERVICES TO INCUBATORS FOR THE PURPOSE OF PROVIDING SERVICES TO ENTITIES DESIGNATED AS NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS AND NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS AND TO ENTITIES SEEKING TO APPLY OR APPLYING TO BECOME NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS AND NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS OR WHICH OTHERWISE ARE INCLUDED AS RECIPIENTS OF SERVICES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. SUCH SERVICES SHALL INCLUDE ADVISING CONCERNING BEST PRACTICES OF INCUBATION AND DEVELOPMENT OF PLANS TO INCORPORATE AND INTEGRATE SUCH PRACTICES, DEVELOPMENT OF DATA CONCERNING INCUBATION IN THIS STATE AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMPROVEMENT, AID IN MARKETING AND EVENT SPONSORSHIP, AND SUCH OTHER SERVICES AS THE CORPORATION SHALL DEEM NECESSARY AND APPROPRIATE TO THE STRENGTHENING OF BUSINESS INCUBATION IN THIS STATE.
- 8. NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOTS MAY CERTIFY CLIENTS WHICH MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF THIS SECTION AS QUALIFIED ENTITIES ELIGIBLE FOR NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT PROGRAM TAX BENEFITS PURSUANT TO SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCE MAY BUSINESS ENTERPRISES OF INCUBATORS DESIGNATED AS NEW YORK STATE INCUBATORS UNDER PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION BE ELIGIBLE FOR TAX BENEFITS UNDER SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW.
 - 9. "QUALIFIED ENTITY" SHALL MEAN A BUSINESS ENTERPRISE THAT IS:
 - (I) IN THE FORMATIVE STAGE OF DEVELOPMENT;
 - (II) LOCATED IN NEW YORK STATE;

(III) EITHER: (A) ANY CORPORATION, EXCEPT A CORPORATION WHICH:

(1) OVER FIFTY PERCENT OF THE NUMBER OF SHARES OF STOCK ENTITLING THE HOLDERS THEREOF TO VOTE FOR THE ELECTION OF DIRECTORS OR TRUSTEES IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED, EITHER DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY A TAXPAYER SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS OF THE TAX LAW: ARTICLE NINE-A; SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE, ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR OR ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE OF ARTICLE NINE; ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OR ARTICLE THIRTY-THREE; OR

- (2) IS SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR IN OPERATION AND IN OWNERSHIP TO A BUSINESS ENTITY (OR ENTITIES) TAXABLE OR PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE UNDER THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS OF THE TAX LAW: ARTICLE NINE-A; SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE, ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR, ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE OR FORMER SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF ARTICLE NINE; ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO; ARTICLE THIRTY-THREE; ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE, OR WOULD HAVE BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SUCH ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE (AS SUCH ARTICLE WAS IN EFFECT ON JANUARY FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY) OR THE INCOME (OR LOSSES) OF WHICH IS (OR WAS) INCLUDABLE UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO; OR
- (B) A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED PARTNERSHIP, LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, OR NEW YORK SUBCHAPTER S CORPORATION THAT IS NOT SUBSTANTIALLY SIMILAR IN OPERATION AND IN OWNERSHIP TO A BUSINESS ENTITY (OR ENTITIES) TAXABLE, OR PREVIOUSLY TAXABLE, UNDER ARTICLE NINE-A OF THE TAX LAW, SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE, ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FOUR, ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE OR FORMER SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF ARTICLE NINE OF THE TAX LAW, ARTICLE THIRTY-TWO OR THIRTY-THREE OF THE TAX LAW, ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE OF THE TAX LAW OR WHICH WOULD HAVE BEEN SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SUCH ARTICLE TWENTY-THREE (AS SUCH ARTICLE WAS IN EFFECT ON JANUARY FIRST, NINETEEN HUNDRED EIGHTY) OR THE INCOME (OR LOSSES) OF WHICH IS (OR WAS) INCLUDABLE UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO OF THE TAX LAW; AND
- (IV) IS CERTIFIED BY A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT AS BEING APPROVED TO LOCATE IN, OR BE PART OF A VIRTUAL INCUBATION PROGRAM OPERATED BY, SUCH NEW YORK INNOVATION HOT SPOT.
- 10. THE CORPORATION MAY ESTABLISH GUIDELINES CONCERNING THIS PROGRAM TO IMPLEMENT THE PURPOSES OF THIS ACT.
 - S 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 38 to read as follows:
 - S 38. NEW YORK INNOVATION HOT SPOT PROGRAM TAX BENEFITS. (A) AS USED IN THIS CHAPTER, THE TERMS "NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT" AND "QUALIFIED ENTITY" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS UNDER SECTION SIXTEEN-V OF THE NEW YORK STATE URBAN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ACT.
- (B) A TAXPAYER UNDER ARTICLE NINE-A OF THIS CHAPTER THAT IS A OUALI-FIED ENTITY OF A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT SHALL BE SUBJECT ONLY TO THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX, IMPOSED UNDER PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER, FOR FIVE TAXABLE YEARS, BEGINNING WITH THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR DURING WHICH THE QUALIFIED ENTITY BECOMES A TENANT IN OR PART OF AN INNOVATION HOT SPOT. A TAXPAYER UNDER ARTICLE NINE-A OF THIS CHAPTER THAT IS A CORPORATE PARTNER IN A QUALIFIED ENTITY, OR IS A QUALIFIED ENTITY THAT IS LOCATED BOTH WITHIN AND WITHOUT AN INNOVATION HOT SPOT, SHALL BE ALLOWED ONLY A DEDUCTION FOR THE AMOUNT OF INCOME OR GAIN INCLUDED IN ITS FEDERAL TAXA-INCOME TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INCOME OR GAIN IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OPERATIONS AT OR AS PART OF THE INNOVATION HOT SPOT. THE DEDUCTION ALLOWED FOR FIVE TAXABLE YEARS, BEGINNING WITH THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR DURING WHICH THE QUALIFIED ENTITY BECOMES A TENANT IN OR PART OF AN INNOVATION HOT SPOT.
- 55 (C) AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS THE SOLE PROPRIETOR OF A QUALIFIED ENTITY OR 56 A MEMBER OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP OR A

SHAREHOLDER IN A NEW YORK SUBCHAPTER S CORPORATION WHERE THE LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, PARTNERSHIP, OR S CORPORATION IS A QUALIFIED ENTITY, THAT IS TAXABLE UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER SHALL BE ALLOWED A DEDUCTION FOR THE AMOUNT OF INCOME OR GAIN INCLUDED IN ITS FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INCOME OR GAIN IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OPERATIONS OF A QUALIFIED ENTITY AT OR AS A PART OF A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT. THE DEDUCTION IS ALLOWED FOR FIVE TAXABLE YEARS, BEGINNING WITH THE FIRST TAXABLE YEAR DURING WHICH THE QUALIFIED ENTITY BECOMES A TENANT IN OR PART OF AN INNOVATION HOT SPOT.

- (D) A QUALIFIED ENTITY THAT IS A TENANT IN OR PART OF A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT SHALL BE ELIGIBLE FOR A CREDIT OR REFUND FOR SALES AND USE TAXES IMPOSED ON THE RETAIL SALE OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY OR SERVICES UNDER SUBDIVISIONS (A), (B), AND (C) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED FIVE AND SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER. THE CREDIT OR REFUND SHALL BE ALLOWED FOR SIXTY MONTHS BEGINNING WITH THE FIRST FULL MONTH AFTER THE QUALIFIED ENTITY BECOMES A TENANT IN AN INCUBATOR HOT SPOT.
- (E) A TAXPAYER WHO CLAIMS ANY OF THE TAX BENEFITS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION IS NO LONGER ELIGIBLE FOR ANY OTHER NEW YORK STATE EXEMPTIONS, DEDUCTIONS, OR CREDIT OR REFUNDS UNDER THIS CHAPTER TO THE EXTENT THAT ANY SUCH EXEMPTION, DEDUCTION, CREDIT OR REFUND IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE BUSINESS OPERATIONS OF A TENANT IN OR AS PART OF THE NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT. THE ELECTION TO CLAIM THE TAX BENEFITS DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION IS NOT REVOCABLE.
- (F) CROSS-REFERENCES. FOR APPLICATION OF THE TAX BENEFITS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS SECTION, SEE THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER:
- (I) ARTICLE 9-A, SECTION 208, SUBDIVISION (9), PARAGRAPH (A), SUBPARAGRAPH (18).
 - (II) ARTICLE 9-A, SECTION 209, SUBDIVISION 11.

- (III) ARTICLE 22, SECTION 612, SUBSECTION (C), PARAGRAPH (39).
- (IV) ARTICLE 28, SECTION 1119, SUBDIVISION (D).
- S 3. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subparagraph 18 to read as follows:
- (18) THE AMOUNT OF INCOME OR GAIN INCLUDED IN FEDERAL TAXABLE INCOME OF A TAXPAYER THAT IS A PARTNER IN A QUALIFIED ENTITY OR IS A QUALIFIED ENTITY THAT IS LOCATED BOTH WITHIN AND WITHOUT A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT, TO THE EXTENT THAT THE INCOME OR GAIN IS ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OPERATIONS OF A QUALIFIED ENTITY AT OR AS PART OF THE NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER.
- S 4. Section 209 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 11 to read as follows:
- 11. EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN SUBPARAGRAPH EIGHTEEN OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, A CORPORATION THAT IS A QUALIFIED ENTITY OF A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT SHALL BE SUBJECT ONLY TO THE FIXED DOLLAR MINIMUM TAX UNDER PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER.
- S 5. Subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph 39 to read as follows:
- 51 (39) ANY INCOME OR GAIN, TO THE EXTENT IT IS INCLUDED IN FEDERAL 52 ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME OF AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS THE SOLE PROPRIETOR OF A 53 QUALIFIED ENTITY OR A MEMBER OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP OR A SHAREHOLDER IN A NEW YORK SUBCHAPTER S CORPORATION 55 THAT IS A QUALIFIED ENTITY, ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OPERATIONS OF A QUALI-

FIED ENTITY AT ITS LOCATION IN OR AS PART OF A NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER.

S 6. Paragraph 1 of subdivision (d) of section 1119 of the tax law, as added by section 31 of part S-1 of chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

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- 6 (1) Subject to the conditions and limitations provided for in this 7 section, a refund or credit will be allowed for taxes imposed on the retail sale of tangible personal property described in subdivision (a) section eleven hundred five of this article, and on every sale of 9 10 services described in subdivisions (b) and (c) of such section, 11 consideration given or contracted to be given for, or for the use of, such tangible personal property or services, where such tangible 12 personal property or services are sold to a qualified empire zone enter-13 14 prise OR TO A QUALIFIED ENTITY THAT IS ALSO A TENANT IN OR PART OF A NEW 15 STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER, provided that (A) such tangible personal property or tangible personal property upon which such a service has been performed 16 17 18 or such service (other than a service described in subdivision 19 section eleven hundred five of this article) is directly and predomi-20 nantly, or such a service described in clause (A) or (D) of paragraph 21 one of such subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred five of this arti-22 is directly and exclusively, used or consumed by (I) such QUALIFIED 23 EMPIRE ZONE enterprise in an area designated as an empire zone pursuant 24 to article eighteen-B of the general municipal law with respect to which 25 such enterprise is certified pursuant to such article eighteen-B, OR 26 (II) SUCH QUALIFIED ENTITY AT ITS LOCATION IN OR AS PART OF A NEW YORK 27 INNOVATION HOT SPOT or (B) such a service described in clause (B) or (C) of paragraph one of subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred 28 29 of this article is delivered and billed to (I) such enterprise at an address in such empire zone OR (II) SUCH QUALIFIED ENTITY AT 30 LOCATION IN OR AS PART OF THE NEW YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT, or (C) 31 32 the enterprise's place of primary use of the service described in para-33 graph two of such subdivision (b) of section eleven hundred five is at an address in such empire zone OR AT ITS LOCATION IN OR AS PART OF A NEW 34 35 YORK STATE INNOVATION HOT SPOT; provided, further, that, in order for a motor vehicle, as defined in subdivision (c) of section eleven hundred 36 37 seventeen of this article, or tangible personal property related to such 38 a motor vehicle to be found to be used predominantly in such a zone, at least fifty percent of such motor vehicle's use shall be exclusively 39 40 within such zone or at least fifty percent of such motor vehicle's use shall be in activities originating or terminating in such zone, or both; 41 and either or both such usages shall be computed either on the basis of 42 43 mileage or hours of use, at the discretion of such enterprise. For purposes of this subdivision, tangible personal property related to such 45 a motor vehicle shall include a battery, diesel motor fuel, an engine, engine components, motor fuel, a muffler, tires and similar tangible 46 47 personal property used in or on such a motor vehicle.
 - S 7. Subdivision (c) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new paragraph 35 to read as follows:
 - (35) AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW, ANY INCOME OR GAIN, TO THE EXTENT IT IS INCLUDED IN FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME OF AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS THE SOLE PROPRIETOR OF A QUALIFIED ENTITY OR A MEMBER OF A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY, A PARTNER IN A PARTNERSHIP OR A SHAREHOLDER IN A NEW YORK SUBCHAPTER S CORPORATION THAT IS A QUALIFIED ENTITY AS DEFINED IN SECTION SIXTEEN-V OF THE NEW YORK STATE URBAN

- DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ACT ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE OPERATIONS OF SUCH QUAL-2 IFIED ENTITY AT ITS LOCATION IN OR AS PART OF A NEW YORK STATE INNO-
- 3 VATION HOT SPOT, AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF
- 4 SECTION SIXTEEN-V OF THE NEW YORK STATE URBAN DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 5 ACT.
 - S 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

7 PART D

Section 1. Subsection (g) of section 615 of the tax law, as added by section 3 of part HH of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

- (g)(1) With respect to an individual whose New York adjusted gross income is over one million dollars and no more than ten million dollars, the New York itemized deduction shall be an amount equal to fifty percent of any charitable contribution deduction allowed under section one hundred seventy of the internal revenue code for taxable years beginning after two thousand nine and before two thousand [thirteen] SIXTEEN. With respect to an individual whose New York adjusted gross income is over one million dollars, the New York itemized deduction shall be an amount equal to fifty percent of any charitable contribution deduction allowed under section one hundred seventy of the internal revenue code for taxable years beginning in two thousand nine or after two thousand [twelve] FIFTEEN.
- (2) With respect to an individual whose New York adjusted gross income is over ten million dollars, the New York itemized deduction shall be an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any charitable contribution deduction allowed under section one hundred seventy of the internal revenue code for taxable years beginning after two thousand nine and ending before two thousand [thirteen] SIXTEEN.
- S 2. Subdivision (g) of section 11-1715 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 7 of part HH of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:
- (g) (1) With respect to an individual whose New York adjusted gross income is over one million dollars but no more than ten million dollars, the New York itemized deduction shall be an amount equal to fifty percent of any charitable contribution deduction allowed under section one hundred seventy of the internal revenue code for taxable years beginning after two thousand nine and before two thousand [thirteen] SIXTEEN. With respect to an individual whose New York adjusted gross income is over one million dollars, the New York itemized deduction shall be an amount equal to fifty percent of any charitable contribution deduction allowed under section one hundred seventy of the internal revenue code for taxable years beginning in two thousand nine or after two thousand [twelve] FIFTEEN.
- (2) With respect to an individual whose New York adjusted gross income is over ten million dollars, the New York itemized deduction shall be an amount equal to twenty-five percent of any charitable contribution deduction allowed under section one hundred seventy of the internal revenue code for taxable years beginning after two thousand nine AND ENDING BEFORE TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN.
 - S 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

51 PART E

Section 1. Subparagraph 17 of paragraph (a) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law is REPEALED.

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- S 2. Paragraph (o) of subdivision 9 of section 208 of the tax law, as amended by section 1 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, clause (A) of subparagraph 2 as amended by section 4 of part J of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- (o) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (1) Definitions. (A) Related member [or members. For purposes of this paragraph, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under articles nine, nine-A, thirteen, twenty-two, thirty-two, thirty-three or thirty-three-A of this chapter]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".
- [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (i) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (ii) in the case of a partassociation, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY IMPOSED BY THE STATE OR POSSESSION ON OR MEASURED BY A OF TAX RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY THE APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF SAID JURIS-DICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN SAID JURISDICTION IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED CONSOLIDATED RETURN INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WHERE THE REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, WHEN COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A JURISDICTION IN RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR SIMI-THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER EITHER MAIN-ADJUSTMENT TAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME IN THAT JURISDICTION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED JURISDICTION SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.
- (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or

management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.

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- (D) Valid Business Purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) Except where a taxpayer is included in a combined report with a related member pursuant to subdivision four of section two hundred eleven of this article, for the purpose of computing entire net income or other applicable taxable basis, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.
- (B) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business purpose and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (ii) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (3) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing entire net income or other taxable basis, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under subparagraph two of this paragraph or other provision in this chapter.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THE ROYALTY TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE THAT TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, MEETS ALLFOLLOWING REOUIREMENTS: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THEUNITED STATES NATION OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (II) RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, INCURRED SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED ACCRUED OR MEMBER; AND (III) THE TRANSACTION GIVING RISE TO THEROYALTY PAYMENT THETAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.
- (II) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (I) THE RELATED TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME IN THIS STATE OR SUBJECT ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (II) THETAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THETAXPAYER; AND (III) RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDIC-EFFECTIVE

TIONS IS NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OF THIS ARTICLE FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.

(III) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (I) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGANIZED UNDER LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (II) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHENSIVE TAX TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (III) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS TAXED IN SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED STATE; AND (V) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

- (IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.
- S 3. Paragraph 6 of subdivision (a) of section 292 of the tax law, as amended by section 15 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (6) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (A) Definitions. (i) Related member [or members. For purposes of this paragraph, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under article nine, nine-A, thirteen, twenty-two, thirty-two, thirty-three or thirty-three-A of this chapter]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".
- (ii) [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (I) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (II) in the case of a partnership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY THE STATE OR POSSESSION ON OR MEASURED BY A RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY THE APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF SAID JURISDICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S NET

INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN SAID JURISDICTION IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED OR INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER CONSOLIDATED RETURN WHERE THE REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A JURISDICTION IN WHICH A RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR SIMI-LAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER EITHER TAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME IN JURISDICTION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY SAID JURISDICTION SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.

- (iii) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.
- (iv) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (B) Royalty expense add backs. (i) For the purpose of computing New York unrelated business taxable income, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal unrelated business taxable income;
- (ii) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (I) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (II) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (C) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing New York unrelated business taxable income, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph or other similar provision in this chapter.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THE ROYALTY PAYMENT

THAT THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (A) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO STATE OR ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR A FOREIGN NATION OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (B) THE 7 RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED 9 AND (C) THE TRANSACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT 10 BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID 11 BUSINESS PURPOSE.

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(II) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (A) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (B) THE TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (C) THE AGGREGATE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDICTIONS IS NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED NINETY OF THIS ARTICLE FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.

(III) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (A) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGANIZED LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (B) THE RELATED MEMBER'S TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TAX INCOME FROM THE TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (C) THE MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS TAXED IN SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED BY THIS STATE; AND (E) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

- (IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.
- S 4. Paragraph 19 of subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law is REPEALED.
 - S 5. Subsection (r) of section 612 of the tax law, as amended by section 3 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (r) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (1) Definitions. (A) Related member [or members. For purposes of this subsection, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a

controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under article nine, nine-A, thirteen, twenty-two, thirty-two, thirty-three or thirty-three-A of this chapter]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".

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- (B) [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (ii) in the case of a partnership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY THE STATE OR POSSESSION ON OR MEASURED RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY THE APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF SAID DICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S LIABILITY IN SAID JURISDICTION IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED OR CONSOLIDATED RETURN INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A JURISDICTION IN WHICH A COMPUTING RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR SIMI-LAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER EITHER TAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME IN JURISDICTION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY SAID JURISDICTION SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.
- (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.
- (D) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) For the purpose of computing New York adjusted gross income, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE

related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.

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- (B) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (ii) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (3) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing New York adjusted gross income, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under paragraph two of this subsection or other provision in this chapter.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THE ROYALTY PAYMENT TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES FOREIGN NATION OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (II) RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED MEMBER; AND (III) THE TRANSACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.
- (II) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME IN THIS ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (II) THE TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (III) THE AGGREGATE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE TIONS IS NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION SIX HUNDRED ONE OF THIS FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.
- 44 THEADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF 45 THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (I) THE ROYALTY 46 47 PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGANIZED 48 LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (II) THE 49 RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHEN-50 SIVE INCOME TAX TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (III) 51 THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE 52 TAXPAYER; (IV) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION 53 WAS 54 SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE TAX RATE AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED BY THIS STATE; AND (V) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR

INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

(IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.

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- S 6. Paragraph 17 of subsection (e) of section 1453 of the tax law is REPEALED.
- S 7. Subsection (r) of section 1453 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, subparagraph (A) of paragraph 2 as amended by section 5 of part J of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- (r) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (1)Definitions. (A) Related member [or members. For purposes this subsection, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under article nine, nine-A, thirteen, twenty-two, thirty-two, thirty-three or thirty-three-A of this chapter]. MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARA-THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".
- [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (i) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (ii) in the case of a partnership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY IMPOSED BY THE STATE OR POSSESSION ON OR MEASURED BY A RATE OF TAX RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY THE APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF SAID JURIS-DICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN SAID JURISDICTION IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER CONSOLIDATED RETURN WHERE THE REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, WHEN COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A JURISDICTION IN RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR SIMI-LAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER EITHER MAIN-TAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME IN THAT JURISDICTION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY SAID JURISDICTION SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.

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- (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.
- (D) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) Except where a taxpayer is included in a combined return with a related member pursuant to subsection (f) of section fourteen hundred sixty-two of this article, for the purpose of computing entire net income, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.
- (B) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (ii) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (3) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing entire net income, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under paragraph two of this subsection or other similar provision in this chapter.] (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT EXCEPTIONS. TAXPAYER APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THE ROYALTY PAYMENT THATTHECLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR A FOREIGN NATION OR SOME COMBINA-TION THEREOF ON A TAX BASE THATINCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (II) THE RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED MEMBER; AND (III) THE TRANS-ACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.

(II) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (II) THE TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (III) THE AGGREGATE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDICTIONS IS NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.

THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (I) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (II) THE UNDER THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHEN-SIVE INCOME TAX TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (III) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE THAT TAXPAYER; (IV) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION TAXED IN SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED BY THIS STATE; AND (V) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSI-NESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

(IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.

- S 8. Paragraph 14 of subdivision (b) of section 1503 of the tax law, as amended by section 7 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, clause (i) of subparagraph (B) as amended by section 6 of part J of chapter 60 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read as follows:
- (14) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (A) Definitions. (i) Related member [or members. For purposes of this paragraph, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under article nine, nine-A, thirteen, twenty-two, thirty-two, thirty-three or thirty-three-A of this chapter]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".
- (ii) [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (I) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (II) in the case of a part-

nership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF MEANS, AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY THE STATE OR POSSESSION ON OR MEASURED RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY THE APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF DICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AS TO ANY STATE OR U.S. POSSESSION IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S NET LIABILITY IN SAID JURISDICTION IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED OR CONSOLIDATED RETURN INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED THE MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A JURISDICTION IN WHICH A RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR SIMI-LAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER EITHER INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME TAINING OR MANAGING IN THAT JURISDICTION, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY JURISDICTION SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.

(iii) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.

- (iv) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (B) Royalty expense add backs. (i) Except where a taxpayer is included in a combined return with a related member pursuant to subdivision (f) of section fifteen hundred fifteen of this article, for the purpose of computing entire net income, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.
- (ii) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (I) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (II) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are

subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.

(C) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing entire net income, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under subparagraph (B) of this paragraph or other similar provision in this chapter.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT PORTION OF THE ROYALTY PAYMENT THAT THE TAXPAYER ESTAB-TO THE LISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN $_{
m THE}$ SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (A) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR A FOREIGN NATION OR SOME ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, THEREOF ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (B) THE RELATED MEMBER DURING TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED MEMBER; AND (C) THEACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.

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(II) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (A) THE RELATED MEMBER SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME IN THIS STATE OR ANOTHER STATE OR POSSESSION OF THE UNITED STATES OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (B) THE TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (C) THE AGGREGATE TIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDICTIONS IS NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO, FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO-A, OR FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO-B OF THIS ARTICLE FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.

(III) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT: (A) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGANIZED UNDER THE PAID, LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (B) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THETREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND UNITED STATES; (C) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (D) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS TAXED SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED BY THIS STATE; AND (E) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURSUANT TO A PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

(IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.

S 9. Subdivision (e) of section 11-506 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 17 of part M of chapter 686 of

the laws of 2003 and as relettered by chapter 633 of the laws of 2005, is amended to read as follows:

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- (e) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (1) Definitions. (A) Related member [or members. For purposes of this subdivision, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under this title]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".
- (B) [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (i) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (ii) in the case of a partnership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY THE CITY ON OR MEASURED BY A RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF SAID JURISDICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AS TO ANY CITY IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN SAID CITY IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED OR CONSOLIDATED RETURN INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED THE REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE MEMBER WHERE RELATED MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF DEFINITION, WHEN COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A CITY IN WHICH RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER MAINTAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME IN THAT CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.
- (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner of finance, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.
- (D) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of

the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.

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- (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) For the purpose of computing unin-corporated business entire net income, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.
- (B) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (ii) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (3) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing unincorporated business entire net income, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under paragraph two of this subdivision or other similar provision in this chapter.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REOUIRED SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THE ROYALTY PAYMENT THAT THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR A FOREIGN THIS NATION OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF ON A TAXBASE THAT INCLUDED ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (II) THE RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT MEMBER; AND (III) THETRANSACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.
- ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF TYPE THE IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES, OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (II) THE TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (III) THE AGGREGATE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDIC-NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION 11-503 OF THIS CHAPTER FOR TAXABLE YEAR.
- (III) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: (I) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (II) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHEN-

SIVE INCOME TAX TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (III) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (IV) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS TAXED IN SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED BY THIS CITY; AND (V) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

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- (IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.
- S 10. Paragraph (n) of subdivision 8 of section 11-602 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as amended by section 19 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (n) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (1) Definitions. (A) Related member [or members. For purposes of this paragraph, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under this title]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".
- [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (i) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (ii) in the case of a partnership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY THE CITY ON OR MEASURED BY A RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF SAID JURISDICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AS TO ANY CITY IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN SAID CITY IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED OR CONSOLIDATED RETURN INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE WHERE THEREPORTED RELATED MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF DEFINITION, WHEN COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A CITY IN WHICH MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR RELATED SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER EITHER MAINTAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME IN THAT CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.

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- (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner of finance, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.
- (D) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) For the purpose of computing entire net income or other applicable taxable basis, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.
- (B) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business purpose and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (ii) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (3) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing entire net income or other taxable basis, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under subparagraph two of this paragraph or other provision in this chapter.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THEROYALTY TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE THAT TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR A FOREIGN NATION SOME COMBINATION THEREOF ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (II) RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED MEMBER; AND (III) THE TRANSACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT BETWEEN $_{
 m THE}$ TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.

(II) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME IN THIS CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES, OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (II) THE TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (III) THE AGGREGATE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDICTIONS IS NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION 11-604 OF THIS SUBCHAPTER FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.

(III) THE ADJUSTMENT REOUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGAN-IZED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (II) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHEN-SIVE INCOME TAX TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (III) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (IV) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION TAXED IN SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT THIS CITY; AND (V) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSI-NESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

(IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.

- S 11. Subdivision (q) of section 11-641 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 21 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (q) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (1) Definitions. (A) Related member [or members. For purposes of this subdivision, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such person, corporation, or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under this title]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".
- (B) [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (i) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (ii) in the case of a partnership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE

OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY THE CITY ON OR MEASURED BY A RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED 3 APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED THE LAWS OF SAID JURISDICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFI-5 NITION, THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AS TO ANY CITY IS ZERO WHERE 6 RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN SAID CITY IS REPORTED ON A 7 COMBINED OR CONSOLIDATED RETURN INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER 8 RELATED MEMBER WHERE THE REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND 9 THE RELATED MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES OF 10 DEFINITION, WHEN COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A CITY IN WHICH MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR 11 SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT 12 UPON THE RELATED MEMBER 13 MAINTAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST 14 INCOME IN THAT CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED 15 SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT 16 APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT. 17

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- (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the commissioner of finance, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.
- (D) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) For the purpose of computing entire net income, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related [member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.
- (B) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:
- (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (ii) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (3) Royalty income exclusions. For the purpose of computing entire net income, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to

the extent included in the taxpayer's federal taxable income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under paragraph this subdivision or other similar provision in this chapter.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THE ROYALTY PAYMENT THAT THE TAXPAYER LISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM 7 SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, MEETS ALL OF THE REQUIREMENTS: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR A FOREIGN NATION OR SOME COMBI-10 NATION THEREOF ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT 11 OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (II) THE RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED 12 SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED MEMBER; AND (III) THE TRANS-13 14 ACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.

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ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NETINCOME THIS CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES, OR SOME COMBINATION THEREOF; (II) THE TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (III) THE AGGREGATE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDIC-NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION 11-643.5 OF THIS PART FOR TAXABLE YEAR.

(III) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: (I) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGAN-IZED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (II) RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHEN-SIVE INCOME TAX TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (III) RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS TAXPAYER; (IV) TAXED IN SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED BY THIS CITY; AND (V) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSI-NESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

(IV) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE AGREE IN WRITING TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, AGREE TO THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR SHE CONCLUDES THAT IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE TAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.

- S 12. Subdivision (t) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of the city of New York, as added by section 26 of part M of chapter 686 of the laws of 2003, is amended to read as follows:
- (t) Related members expense add back [and income exclusion]. (1) Definitions. (A) Related member [or members. For purposes of this subdivision, the term related member or members means a person, corporation, or other entity, including an entity that is treated as a partnership or other pass-through vehicle for purposes of federal taxation, whether such person, corporation or entity is a taxpayer or not, where one such

person, corporation or entity, or set of related persons, corporations or entities, directly or indirectly owns or controls a controlling interest in another entity. Such entity or entities may include all taxpayers under this title]. "RELATED MEMBER" MEANS A RELATED PERSON AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (C) OF PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOUR HUNDRED SIXTY-FIVE OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE, EXCEPT THAT "FIFTY PERCENT" SHALL BE SUBSTITUTED FOR "TEN PERCENT".

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- (B) [Controlling interest. A controlling interest shall mean (i) in the case of a corporation, either thirty percent or more of the total combined voting power of all classes of stock of such corporation, or thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such voting stock of such corporation, and (ii) in the case of a partnership, association, trust or other entity, thirty percent or more of the capital, profits or beneficial interest in such partnership, association, trust or other entity.] EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX. "EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX" MEANS, AS TO ANY CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED BY THE CITY ON OR MEASURED BY A RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME MULTIPLIED BY APPORTIONMENT PERCENTAGE, IF ANY, APPLICABLE TO THE RELATED MEMBER UNDER THE LAWS OF SAID JURISDICTION. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS DEFINITION, EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AS TO ANY CITY IS ZERO WHERE THE RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME TAX LIABILITY IN SAID CITY IS REPORTED ON A COMBINED OR CONSOLIDATED RETURN INCLUDING BOTH THE TAXPAYER AND THE MEMBER WHERE THE REPORTED TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER ARE ELIMINATED OR OFFSET. ALSO, FOR PURPOSES DEFINITION, WHEN COMPUTING THE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX FOR A CITY IN WHICH RELATED MEMBER'S NET INCOME IS ELIMINATED OR OFFSET BY A CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT THAT IS DEPENDENT UPON THE RELATED MEMBER MAINTAINING OR MANAGING INTANGIBLE PROPERTY OR COLLECTING INTEREST INCOME IN THAT CITY, THE MAXIMUM STATUTORY RATE OF TAX IMPOSED SHALL BE DECREASED TO REFLECT THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX THAT APPLIES TO THE RELATED MEMBER AS EFFECTIVELY REDUCED BY SUCH CREDIT OR SIMILAR ADJUSTMENT.
- (C) Royalty payments. Royalty payments are payments directly connected to the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange, or any other disposition of licenses, trademarks, copyrights, trade names, trade dress, service marks, mask works, trade secrets, patents and any other similar types of intangible assets as determined by the state commissioner of taxation and finance, and [includes] INCLUDE amounts allowable as interest deductions under section one hundred sixty-three of the internal revenue code to the extent such amounts are directly or indirectly for, related to or in connection with the acquisition, use, maintenance or management, ownership, sale, exchange or disposition of such intangible assets.
- (D) Valid business purpose. A valid business purpose is one or more business purposes, other than the avoidance or reduction of taxation, which alone or in combination constitute the primary motivation for some business activity or transaction, which activity or transaction changes in a meaningful way, apart from tax effects, the economic position of the taxpayer. The economic position of the taxpayer includes an increase in the market share of the taxpayer, or the entry by the taxpayer into new business markets.
- (2) Royalty expense add backs. (A) For the purpose of computing city adjusted gross income, a taxpayer must add back royalty payments [to a] DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED, OR INCURRED IN CONNECTION WITH ONE OR MORE DIRECT OR INDIRECT TRANSACTIONS WITH ONE OR MORE related

[member] MEMBERS during the taxable year to the extent deductible in calculating federal taxable income.

(B) [The add back of royalty payments shall not be required if and to the extent that such payments meet either of the following conditions:

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- (i) the related member during the same taxable year directly or indirectly paid or incurred the amount to a person or entity that is not a related member, and such transaction was done for a valid business and the payments are made at arm's length;
- (ii) the royalty payments are paid or incurred to a related member organized under the laws of a country other than the United States, are subject to a comprehensive income tax treaty between such country and the United States, and are taxed in such country at a tax rate at least equal to that imposed by this state.
- (3) Royalty income exclusions. (A) For the purpose of computing city adjusted gross income, a taxpayer shall be allowed to deduct royalty payments directly or indirectly received from a related member during the taxable year to the extent included in the taxpayer's federal income unless such royalty payments would not be required to be added back under paragraph two of this subdivision or other provision in this title.] EXCEPTIONS. (I) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY TO THE PORTION OF THE ROYALTY TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, MEETS ALL OF THE FOLLOWING REQUIREMENTS: (I) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN THIS CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES OR A FOREIGN SOME COMBINATION THEREOF ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (II) RELATED MEMBER DURING THE SAME TAXABLE YEAR DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED SUCH PORTION TO A PERSON THAT IS NOT A RELATED MEMBER; AND (III) THE TRANSACTION GIVING RISE TO THE ROYALTY PAYMENT BETWEEN THE TAXPAYER AND THE RELATED MEMBER WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE.
- (II) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE THE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: (I) RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX ON OR MEASURED BY ITS NET INCOME IN THIS CITY OR ANOTHER CITY WITHIN THE UNITED STATES, OR SOME COMBINATION TAX BASE FOR SAID TAX INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT THEREOF; (II) THE PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; AND (III) THE AGGREGATE EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE RELATED MEMBER IN THOSE JURISDIC-TIONS IS NO LESS THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE STATUTORY RATE OF TAX APPLIED TO THE TAXPAYER UNDER SECTION 11-1701 OF THIS CHAPTER FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR.
- (III) THE ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER ESTABLISHES, BY CLEAR AND CONVINCING EVIDENCE OF THE TYPE AND IN THE FORM SPECIFIED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE, THAT: (I) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED TO A RELATED MEMBER ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF A COUNTRY OTHER THAN THE UNITED STATES; (II) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS SUBJECT TO A COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TAX TREATY BETWEEN SUCH COUNTRY AND THE UNITED STATES; (III) THE RELATED MEMBER WAS SUBJECT TO TAX IN A FOREIGN NATION ON A TAX BASE THAT INCLUDED THE ROYALTY PAYMENT PAID, ACCRUED OR INCURRED BY THE TAXPAYER; (IV) THE RELATED MEMBER'S INCOME FROM THE TRANSACTION WAS TAXED IN SUCH COUNTRY AT AN EFFECTIVE RATE OF TAX AT LEAST EQUAL TO THAT IMPOSED BY THIS CITY; AND (V) THE ROYALTY PAYMENT WAS PAID, ACCRUED OR

INCURRED PURSUANT TO A TRANSACTION THAT WAS UNDERTAKEN FOR A VALID BUSINESS PURPOSE AND USING TERMS THAT REFLECT AN ARM'S LENGTH RELATIONSHIP.

ADJUSTMENT REQUIRED IN THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT APPLY IF THE TAXPAYER AND THE COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE AGREE ΙN WRITING OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS. THE APPLICATION COMMISSIONER OF FINANCE MAY, IN HIS OR HER DISCRETION, **AGREE** APPLICATION OR USE OF ALTERNATIVE ADJUSTMENTS OR COMPUTATIONS WHEN HE OR IN THE ABSENCE OF SUCH AGREEMENT THE INCOME OF THE CONCLUDES THATTAXPAYER WOULD NOT BE PROPERLY REFLECTED.

10 S 13. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxa-11 ble years beginning on or after January 1, 2013.

12 PART F

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Section 1. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1, and paragraphs 4 and 5 of subsection (oo) of section 606 of the tax law, subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1 as amended by chapter 472 of the laws of 2010 and paragraph 4 as amended and paragraph 5 as added by chapter 239 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

- For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a) (2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed five million dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to thirty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a)(2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state; provided, however, the credit shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- (4) If the amount of the credit [allowable under this subsection for any taxable year shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess may be carried over to the following year or years, and may be applied against the taxpayer's tax for such year or years] ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL EXCEED THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR, THE EXCESS SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS ARTICLE, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.
- (5) To be eligible for the credit allowable under this subsection the rehabilitation project shall be in whole or in part [a targeted area residence within the meaning of section 143(j) of the internal revenue code or] located within a census tract which is identified as being at or below one hundred percent of the state median family income [in the most recent federal census] AS CALCULATED AS OF JANUARY FIRST OF EACH YEAR USING THE MOST RECENT FIVE YEAR ESTIMATE FROM THE AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS BUREAU.
- S 2. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1, and paragraphs 4 and 5 of subdivision 40 of section 210 of the tax law, subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1 and paragraph 4 as amended and paragraph 5 as added by chapter 472 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:

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- (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a) (2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed five million dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to thirty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a)(2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- (4) The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the higher of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision one of this section. However, if the amount of the credit [allowable under this subdivision for any taxable year shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess may be carried over to the following year years, and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years] ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.
- (5) To be eligible for the credit allowable under this subdivision, the rehabilitation project shall be in whole or in part [a targeted area residence within the meaning of section 143(j) of the internal revenue code or] located within a census tract which is identified as being at or below one hundred percent of the state median family income [in the most recent federal census] AS CALCULATED AS OF JANUARY FIRST OF EACH YEAR USING THE MOST RECENT FIVE YEAR ESTIMATE FROM THE AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS BUREAU.
- S 3. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1, and paragraphs 4 and 5 of subsection (u) of section 1456 of the tax law, as added by chapter 472 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:
- (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a)(2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed five million dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to thirty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a)(2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect

to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.

credit allowed under this subsection for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax to less than the dollar amount fixed as a minimum tax by subsection (b) of section fourteen hundred fifty-five of this article. [If the amount of credit allowable under this subsection any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, the excess may be carried over to the following year or years, and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.] HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

- (5) To be eligible for the credit allowable under this subsection the rehabilitation project shall be in whole or in part [a targeted area residence within the meaning of section 143(j) of the internal revenue code or] located within a census tract which is identified as being at or below one hundred percent of the state median family income [in the most recent federal census] AS CALCULATED AS OF JANUARY FIRST OF EACH YEAR USING THE MOST RECENT FIVE YEAR ESTIMATE FROM THE AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS BUREAU.
- S 4. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1, and paragraphs 4 and 5 of subdivision (y) of section 1511 of the tax law, as added by chapter 472 of the laws of 2010, are amended to read as follows:
- (A) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a)(2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed five million dollars. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, a taxpayer shall be allowed a credit as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, in an amount equal to thirty percent of the amount of credit allowed the taxpayer with respect to a certified historic structure under subsection (a)(2) of section 47 of the federal internal revenue code with respect to a certified historic structure located within the state. Provided, however, the credit shall not exceed one hundred thousand dollars.
- (4) The credit allowed under this subdivision for any taxable year shall not reduce the tax due for such year to less than the minimum fixed by paragraph four of subdivision (a) of section fifteen hundred two or section fifteen hundred two-a of this article, whichever is applicable. [If the amount of the credit allowable under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, the excess may be carried over to the following year or years, and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.] HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDITS ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF

SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

- (5) To be eligible for the credit allowable under this subdivision, the rehabilitation project shall be in whole or in part [a targeted area residence within the meaning of section 143(j) of the internal revenue code or] located within a census tract which is identified as being at or below one hundred percent of the state median family income [in the most recent federal census] AS CALCULATED AS OF JANUARY FIRST OF EACH YEAR USING THE MOST RECENT FIVE YEAR ESTIMATE FROM THE AMERICAN COMMUNITY SURVEY PUBLISHED BY THE UNITED STATES CENSUS BUREAU.
- S 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2013; provided however the amendments to paragraph 4 of subsection (oo) of section 606 of the tax law made by section one of this act, the amendments to paragraph 4 of subdivision 40 of section 210 of the tax law made by section two of this act, the amendments to paragraph 4 of subsection (u) of section 1456 of the tax law made by section three of this act and the amendments to paragraph 4 of subdivision (y) of section 1511 of the tax law made by section four of this act shall take effect January 1, 2015 and shall apply to taxable years beginning on and after January 1, 2015 for qualified rehabilitation placed in service on or after January 1, 2015.

22 PART G

Section 1. Section 187-b of the tax law, as amended by section 14 of part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

- S 187-b. Alternative fuels [credit] AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY CREDIT. 1. General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be credited against the taxes imposed under sections one hundred eighty-three, one hundred eighty-four, and one hundred eighty-five of this article. Such credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, shall be allowed for alternative fuel vehicle refueling AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property placed in service during the taxable year. Provided, however, that the amount of such credit allowable against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-four of this article shall be the excess of the credit allowed by this section over the amount of such credit allowable against the tax imposed by section one hundred eighty-three of this article.
- 2. Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY. The credit under this section for alternative fuel vehicle refueling AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property shall equal FOR EACH INSTALLATION OF PROPERTY THE LESSER OF FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR fifty percent of the cost of any such property:
 - (a) which is located in this state; [and]
- (b) [for which a credit is allowed under section thirty C of the internal revenue code but not including alternative fuel vehicle refueling property relating to a qualified hybrid vehicle as such vehicle is defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of subsection (p) of section six hundred six of this chapter] WHICH CONSTITUTES ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY; AND
- (C) FOR WHICH NONE OF THE COST HAS BEEN PAID FOR FROM THE PROCEEDS OF GRANTS, INCLUDING GRANTS FROM THE NEW YORK STATE ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OR THE NEW YORK POWER AUTHORITY.

3. Definitions. (a) The term "alternative fuel vehicle refueling property" MEANS ALL OF THE EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO DISPENSE ANY FUEL AT LEAST EIGHTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE VOLUME OF WHICH CONSISTS OF ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING: NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM, OR HYDROGEN.

- (B) THE TERM "ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY" means [any such property which is qualified within the meaning of section thirty C of the internal revenue code, but shall not include alternative fuel vehicle refueling property relating to a qualified hybrid vehicle as such vehicle is defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of subsection (p) of section six hundred six of this chapter] ALL THE EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO CONVEY ELECTRIC POWER FROM THE ELECTRIC GRID OR ANOTHER POWER SOURCE TO AN ONBOARD VEHICLE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM.
- [(b) The term "qualified hybrid vehicle" shall have the same meaning as provided for under subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of subsection (p) of section six hundred six of this chapter.]
- 4. Carryovers. In no event shall the credit under this section be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the applicable minimum tax fixed by section one hundred eighty-three or one hundred eighty-five of this article. If, however, the amount of credit allowable under this section for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.
- 5. Credit recapture[; Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property]. If, at any time before the end of its recovery period, alternative fuel vehicle refueling OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property ceases to be qualified, a recapture amount must be added back in the year in which such cessation occurs.
- (i) Cessation of qualification. Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY ceases to be qualified if:
- (I) the property no longer qualifies as [property described in section thirty C of the internal revenue code] ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUEL-ING PROPERTY; or
- (II) fifty percent or more of the use of the property in a taxable year is other than a trade or business in this state; or
- (III) the taxpayer receiving the credit under this section sells or disposes of the property and knows or has reason to know that the property will be used in a manner described in this subparagraph.
- (ii) Recapture amount. The recapture amount is equal to the credit allowable under this section multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total recovery period for the property minus the number of recovery years prior to, but not including, the recapture year, and the denominator of which is the total recovery period.
- 6. Termination. The credit allowed by subdivision two of this section shall not apply in taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, two thousand [ten] SEVENTEEN.
- S 2. Subdivision 24 of section 210 of the tax law, as amended by section 15 of part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- 24. Alternative fuels AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY credit. (a) General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article for alternative fuel vehicle refueling AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property placed in service during the taxable year.

- (b) Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY. The credit under this subdivision for alternative fuel vehicle refueling AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property shall equal FOR EACH INSTALLATION OF PROPERTY THE LESSER OF FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR fifty percent of the cost of any such property:
 - (i) which is located in this state; [and]

- (ii) [for which a credit is allowed under section thirty C of the internal revenue code but not including alternative fuel refueling property relating to a qualified hybrid vehicle as such vehicle is defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of subsection (p) of section six hundred six of this chapter] WHICH CONSTITUTES ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY; AND
- (III) FOR WHICH NONE OF THE COST HAS BEEN PAID FOR FROM THE PROCEEDS OF GRANTS, INCLUDING GRANTS FROM THE NEW YORK STATE ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OR THE NEW YORK POWER AUTHORITY.
- (c) Definitions. (I) The term "alternative fuel vehicle refueling property" MEANS ALL OF THE EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO DISPENSE ANY FUEL AT LEAST EIGHTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE VOLUME OF WHICH CONSISTS OF ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING: NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED PETROLE-UM, OR HYDROGEN.
- (II) THE TERM "ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY" means [any such property which is qualified within the meaning of section thirty C of the internal revenue code but shall not include alternative fuel vehicle refueling property relating to a qualified hybrid vehicle as such vehicle is defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of subsection (p) of section six hundred six of this chapter] ALL OF THE EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO CONVEY ELECTRIC POWER FROM THE ELECTRIC GRID OR ANOTHER POWER SOURCE TO AN ONBOARD VEHICLE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM.
- (d) Carryovers. In no event shall the credit under this subdivision be allowed in an amount which will reduce the tax payable to less than the higher of the amounts prescribed in paragraphs (c) and (d) of subdivision one of this section. Provided, however, that if the amount of credit allowable under this subdivision for any taxable year reduces the tax to such amount, any amount of credit not deductible in such taxable year may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.
- (e) Credit recapture. [(i) Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property.] If, at any time before the end of its recovery period, alternative fuel vehicle refueling OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property ceases to be qualified, a recapture amount must be added back in the year in which such cessation occurs.
- (A) Alternative fuel vehicle refueling OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property ceases to be qualified if:
- (1) the property no longer qualifies as [property described in section thirty C of the internal revenue code] ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY; or
- (2) fifty percent or more of the use of the property in a taxable year is other than in a trade or business in this state; or
- (3) the taxpayer receiving the credit under this subdivision sells or disposes of the property and knows or has reason to know that the property will be used in a manner described in clauses one and two of this subparagraph.
- (B) Recapture amount. The recapture amount is equal to the credit allowable under this subdivision multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total recovery period for the property minus the number

of recovery years prior to, but not including, the recapture year, and the denominator of which is the total recovery period.

- (f) [Affiliates. (i) If a credit under this subdivision is allowed to a taxpayer with respect to a taxable year, the action taken by such taxpayer which resulted in such credit being allowed thereto may, at the election of the taxpayer and an affiliate thereof, be ascribed to such affiliate. Where such affiliate, based on such ascription, is allowed such credit and deducts from the tax otherwise due the amount of such credit, such credit shall be deemed in all respects to have been allowed to such affiliate, provided that any action or inaction by the taxpayer which constitutes an event of recapture described in paragraph (e) of this subdivision shall be ascribed to the affiliate and shall constitute an event of recapture with respect to the credit allowed to the affiliate pursuant to this subdivision.
- (ii) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, in the case of the credit provided for under this subdivision being allowed to, or asserted to be allowed to, an affiliate, pursuant to subparagraph (i) of this paragraph, the commissioner shall have the same powers with respect to examining the books and records of the taxpayer, and have such other powers of investigation with respect to the taxpayer, as are afforded under this chapter with respect to a taxpayer which has deducted the credit allowed under this section from tax otherwise due, as if it were the taxpayer which had deducted such credit from tax otherwise due.
- (iii) The term "affiliate" shall mean a corporation substantially all the capital stock of which is owned or controlled either directly or indirectly by the taxpayer, or which owns or controls either directly or indirectly substantially all the capital stock of the taxpayer, or substantially all the capital stock of which is owned or controlled either directly or indirectly by interests which own or control either directly or indirectly substantially all the capital stock of the taxpayer.
- (g)] Termination. The credit allowed by paragraph (b) of this subdivision shall not apply in taxable years beginning after December thirty-first, two thousand [ten] SEVENTEEN.
- S 3. Subsection (p) of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 16 of part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- (p) Alternative fuels AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY credit. (1) General. A taxpayer shall be allowed a credit, to be computed as hereinafter provided, against the tax imposed by this article, for alternative fuel vehicle refueling AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property placed in service during the taxable year.
- (2) Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY. The credit under this subsection for [clean-fuel vehicle refueling] ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property shall equal FOR EACH INSTALLATION OF PROPERTY THE LESSER OF FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS OR fifty percent of the cost of any such property
 - (A) which is located in this state [and];
- (B) [for which a credit is allowed under section thirty C of the internal revenue code but not including alternative fuel vehicle refueling property relating to a qualified hybrid vehicle as such vehicle is defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of this subsection] WHICH CONSTITUTES ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY; AND

- (C) FOR WHICH NONE OF THE COST HAS BEEN PAID FOR FROM THE PROCEEDS OF GRANTS, INCLUDING GRANTS FROM THE NEW YORK STATE ENERGY RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY OR THE NEW YORK POWER AUTHORITY.
- (3) Definitions. (A) The term "alternative fuel vehicle refueling property" MEANS ALL OF THE EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO DISPENSE ANY FUEL AT LEAST EIGHTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE VOLUME OF WHICH CONSISTS OF ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING: NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED NATURAL GAS, LIQUIFIED PETROLE-UM, OR HYDROGEN; AND
- (B) THE TERM "ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY" means [any such property which is qualified within the meaning of section thirty C of the internal revenue code, but such term shall not include alternative fuel vehicle refueling property relating to a qualified hybrid vehicle as such vehicle is defined in subparagraph (B) of this paragraph] ALL THE EQUIPMENT NEEDED TO CONVEY ELECTRIC POWER FROM THE ELECTRIC GRID OR ANOTHER POWER SOURCE TO AN ONBOARD VEHICLE ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM.
- [(B) The term "qualified hybrid vehicle" means a motor vehicle, as defined in section one hundred twenty-five of the vehicle and traffic law,, that:
 - (i) draws propulsion energy from both
- (a) an internal combustion engine (or heat engine that uses combustible fuel); and
 - (b) an energy storage device; and

- (ii) employs a regenerative vehicle braking system that recovers waste energy to charge such energy storage device.]
- (4) Carryovers. If the amount of credit allowable under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the excess may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years.
 - (5) Credit recapture. (A) [Vehicles.
- (i) If, within three full years from the date a qualified hybrid vehicle or a vehicle of which alternative fuel vehicle property is a part is placed in service, such qualified hybrid vehicle or vehicle of which alternative fuel vehicle property is a part] IF, AT ANY TIME BEFORE THE END OF ITS RECOVERY PERIOD, ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY ceases to be qualified, a recapture amount must be added back in the tax year in which such cessation occurs.
- [(ii)] (B) Cessation of qualification. [(I)] A qualified hybrid vehicle ceases to be qualified if
- (a) it is modified by the taxpayer so that it no longer meets the requirements of a qualified hybrid vehicle as defined in subparagraph (B) of paragraph three of this subsection.
- (b) the taxpayer receiving the credit under this subsection sells or disposes of the vehicle and knows or has reason to know that the vehicle will be so modified.
- (B) Alternative fuel vehicle refueling property. (i) If, at any time before the end of its recovery period, alternative fuel vehicle refueling property ceases to be qualified, a recapture amount must be added back in the year in which such cessation occurs.
- (ii) Cessation of qualification. Clean-fuel vehicle refueling] ALTER-NATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING property ceases to be qualified if:
- [(I)] (I) the property no longer qualifies as [property described in section thirty C of the internal revenue code] ALTERNATIVE FUEL VEHICLE REFUELING PROPERTY OR ELECTRIC VEHICLE RECHARGING PROPERTY, or

[(II)] (II) fifty percent or more of the use of the property in a taxable year is other than in a trade or business in this state, or

[(III)] (III) the taxpayer receiving the credit under this subsection sells or disposes of the property and knows or has reason to know that the property will be used in a manner described in [item (I)] CLAUSE (I) or [(II)] (II) of this [clause] SUBPARAGRAPH.

- [(iii)] (C) Recapture amount. The recapture amount is equal to the credit allowable under this subsection multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the total recovery period for the property minus the number of recovery years prior to, but not including, the recapture year, and the denominator of which is the total recovery period.
- 12 (6) Termination. The credit allowed by [paragraph two of] this 13 subsection shall not apply in taxable years beginning after December 14 thirty-first, two thousand [ten] SEVENTEEN.
- 15 S 4. Clause (ix) of subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) 16 of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by section 7 of part C-1 of 17 chapter 57 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- 18 (ix) Alternative fuels
- 19 AND ELECTRIC VEHICLE
- 20 RECHARGING PROPERTY

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- 21 credit under subsection (p)
- [Cost] AMOUNT OF CREDIT

under subdivision twenty-four of section two hundred ten

22 S 5. This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to taxable 23 years beginning on or after January 1, 2013 for property placed in 24 service on or after such date.

25 PART H

Section 1. Section 23 of part U of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011 amending the real property tax law and other laws relating to establishing standards for electronic real property tax administration, as amended by section 1 of part G of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

- S 23. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that: the amendments to section 29 of the tax law made by section thirteen of this act shall apply to tax documents filed or required to be filed on or after the sixtieth day after which this act shall have become a law and shall expire and be deemed repealed December 31, [2013] 2016, provided however that the amendments to paragraph 4 of subdivision (a) of section 29 of the tax law and paragraph 2 of subdivision (e) of section 29 of the tax law made by section thirteen of this act with regard to individual taxpayers shall take effect September 15, 2011 but if the commissioner of taxation and finance has reported in the report required by section seventeen-b of this act that the percentage of individual taxpayers electronically filing their 2010 income tax returns is less than eighty-five percent; provided that the commissioner of taxation and finance shall notify the legislative bill commission of the date of the issuance of such report in order that the commission may maintain an accurate and timely effective data base of the official text of the laws of the state of New York in furtherance of effectuating the provisions of section 44 of the legislative law and section 70-b of the public officers law;
- 50 (b) sections fourteen, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen of this act 51 shall take effect September 15, 2011 but only if the commissioner of 52 taxation and finance has reported in the report required by section

seventeen-b of this act that the percentage of individual taxpayers electronically filing their 2010 income tax returns is less than eight-y-five percent;

- (c) sections fourteen-a and fifteen-a of this act shall take effect September 15, 2011 and expire and be deemed repealed December 31, 2012 but shall take effect only if the commissioner of taxation and finance has reported in the report required by section seventeen-b of this act that the percentage of individual taxpayers electronically filing their 2010 income tax returns is eighty-five percent or greater;
- (d) sections fourteen-b, fifteen-b, sixteen-a and seventeen-a of this act shall take effect January 1, [2014] 2017 but only if the commission-er of taxation and finance has reported in the report required by section seventeen-b of this act that the percentage of individual taxpayers electronically filing their 2010 income tax returns is less than eighty-five percent; and
- 16 (e) sections twenty-one and twenty-one-a of this act shall expire and 17 be deemed repealed December 31, [2013] 2016.
 - S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

19 PART I

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21 PART J

Section 1. Section 862 of the general municipal law, as added by chapter 1030 of the laws of 1969, is amended to read as follows:

- S 862. Restrictions on funds of the agency. (1) No funds of the agency shall be used in respect of any project if the completion thereof would result in the removal of an industrial or manufacturing plant of the project occupant from one area of the state to another area of the state or in the abandonment of one or more plants or facilities of the project occupant located within the state, provided, however, that neither restriction shall apply if the agency shall determine on the basis of the application before it that the project is reasonably necessary to discourage the project occupant from removing such other plant or facility to a location outside the state or is reasonably necessary to preserve the competitive position of the project occupant in its respective industry.
- 36 (A) EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, NO 37 FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE OF THE AGENCY SHALL BE PROVIDED IN RESPECT OF ANY FACILITIES OR PROPERTY THAT ARE PRIMARILY USED IN MAKING 38 PROJECT WHERE 39 RETAIL SALES TO CUSTOMERS WHO PERSONALLY VISIT SUCH FACILITIES MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL PROJECT COST. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE, "RETAIL SALES" SHALL MEAN: (I) SALES BY A REGISTERED VENDOR UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW PRIMARILY ENGAGED IN 41 42 43 THE RETAIL SALE OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY, AS DEFINED IN44 GRAPH (I) OF PARAGRAPH FOUR OF SUBDIVISION (B) OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED 45 THE TAX LAW; OR (II) SALES OF A SERVICE TO SUCH CUSTOMERS. EXCEPT, HOWEVER, THAT TOURISM DESTINATION PROJECTS SHALL NOT BE 46 47 THIS SUBDIVISION. FOR THE PURPOSE OF THIS PARAGRAPH, 48 DESTINATION" SHALL MEAN A LOCATION OR FACILITY WHICH IS LIKELY 49 SIGNIFICANT NUMBER OF VISITORS FROM OUTSIDE THE ECONOMIC 50 DEVELOPMENT REGION AS ESTABLISHED BY SECTION TWO HUNDRED THIRTY ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT LAW, IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS LOCATED.

(B) NOTWITHSTANDING THE PROVISIONS OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE MAY, HOWEVER, BE PROVIDED TO A PROJECT WHERE FACILITIES OR PROPERTY THAT ARE PRIMARILY USED IN MAKING RETAIL SALES OF GOODS OR SERVICES TO CUSTOMERS WHO PERSONALLY VISIT SUCH FACILITIES TO OBTAIN SUCH GOODS OR SERVICES CONSTITUTE MORE THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE TOTAL PROJECT COST, WHERE: (I) THE PREDOMINANT PURPOSE OF THE PROJECT WOULD BE TO MAKE AVAILABLE GOODS OR SERVICES WHICH WOULD NOT, BUT FOR THE PROJECT, BE REASONABLY ACCESSIBLE TO THE RESIDENTS OF THE CITY, TOWN, OR VILLAGE WITHIN WHICH THE PROPOSED PROJECT WOULD BE LOCATED BECAUSE OF A LACK OF REASONABLY ACCESSIBLE RETAIL TRADE FACILITIES OFFERING SUCH GOODS OR SERVICES; OR (II) THE PROJECT IS LOCATED IN A HIGHLY DISTRESSED AREA.

- (C) WITH RESPECT TO PROJECTS AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, NO PROJECT SHALL BE APPROVED UNLESS THE AGENCY SHALL FIND AFTER THE PUBLIC HEARING REQUIRED BY SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE-A OF THIS TITLE THAT UNDERTAKING THE PROJECT WILL SERVE THE PUBLIC PURPOSES OF THIS ARTICLE BY PRESERVING PERMANENT, PRIVATE SECTOR JOBS OR INCREASING THE OVERALL NUMBER OF PERMANENT, PRIVATE SECTOR JOBS IN THE STATE. WHERE THE AGENCY MAKES SUCH A FINDING, PRIOR TO PROVIDING FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO THE PROJECT BY THE AGENCY, THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER OF THE MUNICIPALITY FOR WHOSE BENEFIT THE AGENCY WAS CREATED SHALL CONFIRM THE PROPOSED ACTION OF THE AGENCY.
- S 2. The general municipal law is amended by adding a new section 875 to read as follows:
- S 875. SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO STATE SALES AND COMPENSATING USE TAXES AND CERTAIN TYPES OF FACILITIES. 1. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION: "STATE SALES AND USE TAXES" MEANS SALES AND COMPENSATING USE TAXES AND FEES IMPOSED BY ARTICLE TWENTY-EIGHT OR TWENTY-EIGHT-A OF THE TAX LAW BUT EXCLUDING SUCH TAXES IMPOSED IN A CITY BY SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED SEVEN OR ELEVEN HUNDRED EIGHT OF SUCH ARTICLE TWENTY-EIGHT. "IDA" MEANS AN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AGENCY ESTABLISHED BY THIS ARTICLE OR AN INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY CREATED BY THE PUBLIC AUTHORITIES LAW. "COMMISSIONER" MEANS THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE.
- 2. AN IDA SHALL KEEP RECORDS OF THE AMOUNT OF STATE AND LOCAL SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION BENEFITS PROVIDED TO EACH PROJECT AND EACH AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR AND SHALL MAKE SUCH RECORDS AVAILABLE TO THE COMMIS-SIONER UPON REQUEST. SUCH IDA SHALL ALSO, WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF PROVID-FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE TO A PROJECT THAT INCLUDES ANY AMOUNT OF STATE SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION BENEFITS, REPORT TO THE COMMISSIONER AMOUNT OF SUCH BENEFITS FOR SUCH PROJECT, THE PROJECT TO WHICH THEY ARE BEING PROVIDED, TOGETHER WITH SUCH OTHER INFORMATION AND SUCH SPECIFICI-TY AND DETAIL AS THE COMMISSIONER MAY PRESCRIBE. THIS REPORT MAY BE IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS TITLE OR IT MAY BE MADE AS A SEPARATE REPORT, AT THE DISCRETION OF THE COMMISSIONER. AN IDA THAT FAILS TO MAKE SUCH RECORDS AVAILABLE TO THE COMMISSIONER OR TO FILE SUCH REPORTS SHALL BE PROHIBITED FROM PROVIDING STATE SALES AND USE EXEMPTION BENEFITS FOR ANY PROJECT UNLESS AND UNTIL SUCH IDA COMES INTO COMPLIANCE WITH ALL SUCH REQUIREMENTS.
- 3. (A) AN IDA SHALL INCLUDE WITHIN ITS RESOLUTIONS AND PROJECT DOCUMENTS ESTABLISHING ANY PROJECT OR APPOINTING AN AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR FOR ANY PROJECT THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS IN THIS SUBDIVISION, AND EVERY AGENT, PROJECT OPERATOR OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY THAT SHALL ENJOY STATE SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION BENEFITS PROVIDED BY AN IDA SHALL AGREE TO SUCH TERMS AS A CONDITION PRECEDENT TO RECEIVING OR BENEFITING FROM SUCH STATE SALES AND USE EXEMPTIONS BENEFITS.

THE IDA SHALL RECOVER, RECAPTURE, RECEIVE, OR OTHERWISE OBTAIN FROM AN AGENT, PROJECT OPERATOR OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY STATE SALES AND USE EXEMPTIONS BENEFITS TAKEN OR PURPORTED TO BE TAKEN BY ANY SUCH PERSON TO WHICH THE PERSON IS NOT ENTITLED OR WHICH ARE IN EXCESS OF THE AMOUNTS AUTHORIZED OR WHICH ARE FOR PROPERTY OR SERVICES NOT AUTHORIZED OR TAKEN IN CASES WHERE SUCH AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR, OR OTHER PERSON ENTITY FAILED TO COMPLY WITH A MATERIAL TERM OR CONDITION TO USE PROPERTY OR SERVICES IN THE MANNER REQUIRED BY THE PERSON'S AGREEMENT WITH THE IDA. SUCH AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR, OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY SHALL COOPERATE WITH THE IDA IN ITS EFFORTS TO RECOVER, RECAPTURE, RECEIVE, OR OTHERWISE OBTAIN SUCH STATE SALES AND USE EXEMPTIONS BENE-FITS AND SHALL PROMPTLY PAY OVER ANY SUCH AMOUNTS TO THE IDA THAT THE FAILURE TO PAY OVER SUCH AMOUNTS TO THE IDA SHALL BE GROUNDS FOR THE COMMISSIONER TO ASSESS AND DETERMINE STATE SALES AND USE TAXES DUE FROM THE PERSON UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW, TOGETHER WITH ANY RELEVANT PENALTIES AND INTEREST DUE ON SUCH AMOUNTS.

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- (C) IF AN IDA RECOVERS, RECAPTURES, RECEIVES, OR OTHERWISE OBTAINS, ANY AMOUNT OF STATE SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION BENEFITS FROM AN AGENT, PROJECT OPERATOR OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY, THE IDA SHALL, WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF COMING INTO POSSESSION OF SUCH AMOUNT, REMIT IT TO THE COMMISSIONER, TOGETHER WITH SUCH INFORMATION AND REPORT THAT THE COMMISSIONER DEEMS NECESSARY TO ADMINISTER PAYMENT OVER OF SUCH AMOUNT. AN IDA SHALL JOIN THE COMMISSIONER AS A PARTY IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING THAT THE IDA COMMENCES TO RECOVER, RECAPTURE, OBTAIN, OR OTHERWISE SEEK THE RETURN OF, STATE SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION BENEFITS FROM AN AGENT, PROJECT OPERATOR OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY.
- (D) AN IDA SHALL PREPARE AN ANNUAL COMPLIANCE REPORT DETAILING ITS TERMS AND CONDITIONS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION AND ACTIVITIES AND EFFORTS TO RECOVER, RECAPTURE, RECEIVE, OR OTHERWISE OBTAIN STATE SALES AND USE EXEMPTIONS BENEFITS DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, TOGETHER WITH SUCH OTHER INFORMATION AS THE COMMISSIONER AND THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT MAY REQUIRE. REPORT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE FILED WITH THE COMMIS-SIONER, THE DIRECTOR OF THE DIVISION OF THE BUDGET, THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, THE STATE COMPTROLLER, THE GOVERNING BODY OF THE MUNICIPALITY FOR WHOSE BENEFIT THE AGENCY WAS CREATED, AND MAY INCLUDED WITH THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENT REQUIRED BY PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE OF THIS TITLE. SUCH REPORT REQUIRED BY THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE FILED REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE IDA IS REOUIRED TO FILE SUCH FINANCIAL STATEMENT DESCRIBED SUCH PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE. THE FAILURE TO FILE OR SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLETE THE REQUIRED BY THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE THE FAILURE TO FILE OR SUBSTANTIALLY COMPLETE THE STATEMENT REQUIRED BY SUCH PARAGRAPH SUBDIVISION ONE OF SUCH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE, AND THE CONSEQUENCES SHALL BE THE SAME AS PROVIDED IN PARAGRAPH (E) OF SUBDIVI-SION ONE OF SUCH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED FIFTY-NINE.
- (E) THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL APPLY TO ANY AMOUNTS OF STATE SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION BENEFITS THAT AN IDA RECOVERS, RECAPTURES, RECEIVES, OR OTHERWISE OBTAINS, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE IDA OR THE AGENT, PROJECT OPERATOR OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY CHARACTERIZES SUCH BENEFITS RECOVERED, RECAPTURED, RECEIVED, OR OTHERWISE OBTAINED, AS A PENALTY OR LIQUIDATED OR CONTRACT DAMAGES OR OTHERWISE. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL ALSO APPLY TO ANY INTEREST OR PENALTY THAT THE IDA IMPOSES ON ANY SUCH AMOUNTS OR THAT ARE IMPOSED ON SUCH AMOUNTS BY OPERATION OF LAW OR BY JUDICIAL ORDER OR OTHERWISE. ANY SUCH AMOUNTS OR

PAYMENTS THAT AN IDA RECOVERS, RECAPTURES, RECEIVES, OR OTHERWISE OBTAINS, TOGETHER WITH ANY INTEREST OR PENALTIES THEREON, SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE STATE SALES AND USE TAXES AND THE IDA SHALL RECEIVE ANY SUCH AMOUNTS OR PAYMENTS, WHETHER AS A RESULT OF COURT ACTION OR OTHERWISE, AS TRUSTEE FOR AND ON ACCOUNT OF THE STATE.

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- 4. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL DEPOSIT AND DISPOSE OF ANY AMOUNT OF ANY PAYMENTS OR MONEYS RECEIVED FROM OR PAID OVER BY AN IDA OR FROM OR BY ANY PERSON OR ENTITY, OR RECEIVED PURSUANT TO AN ACTION OR PROCEEDING COMMENCED BY AN IDA, TOGETHER WITH ANY INTEREST OR PENALTIES THEREON, PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION, AS STATE SALES AND USE TAXES IN ACCORD WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ARTICLE TWENTY-EIGHT OF THE TAX LAW. THE AMOUNT OF ANY SUCH PAYMENTS OR MONEYS, TOGETHER WITH ANY INTEREST OR PENALTIES THEREON, SHALL BE ATTRIBUTED TO THE TAXES IMPOSED BY SECTIONS ELEVEN HUNDRED FIVE AND ELEVEN HUNDRED TEN, ON THE ONE HAND, AND SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINE OF THE TAX LAW, ON THE OTHER HAND, OR TO ANY LIKE TAXES OR FEES IMPOSED BY SUCH ARTICLE, BASED ON THE PROPORTION THAT THE RATES OF SUCH TAXES OR FEES BEAR TO EACH OTHER, UNLESS THERE IS EVIDENCE TO SHOW THAT ONLY ONE OR THE OTHER OF SUCH TAXES OR FEES WAS IMPOSED OR RECEIVED OR PAID OVER.
- 5. THE STATEMENT THAT AN IDA IS REQUIRED BY SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR OF THIS ARTICLE TO FILE WITH THE COMMISSIONER SHALL NOT BE CONSIDERED AN EXEMPTION OR OTHER CERTIFICATE OR DOCUMENT UNDER ARTICLE TWENTY-EIGHT OR TWENTY-NINE OF THE TAX LAW. THE IDA SHALL NOT REPRESENT TO ANY AGENT, PROJECT OPERATOR, OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY THAT A COPY OF SUCH STATEMENT MAY SERVE AS A SALES OR USE TAX EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE OR DOCUMENT. NO AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR MAY TENDER A COPY OF SUCH STATEMENT TO ANY PERSON REQUIRED TO COLLECT SALES OR USE TAXES AS THE BASIS TO MAKE ANY PURCHASE EXEMPT FROM TAX. NO SUCH PERSON REQUIRED TO COLLECT SALES OR USE TAXES MAY ACCEPT SUCH A STATEMENT IN LIEU OF COLLECTING ANY TAX REQUIRED TO BE COLLECTED. THE CIVIL AND CRIMINAL PENALTIES FOR MISUSE OF A COPY OF SUCH STATEMENT AS AN EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE OR DOCUMENT OR FOR FAILURE TO PAY OR COLLECT TAX SHALL BE AS PROVIDED IN THE TAX LAW. IN ADDITION, THE USE BY AN IDA OR AGENT, PROJECT OPERATOR, OR OTHER PERSON OR ENTITY OF SUCH STATEMENT, THE IDA'S RECOMMENDATION OF THE USE OR TENDERING OF SUCH STATEMENT, AS SUCH AN EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE OR DOCUMENT SHALL BE DEEMED TO BE, UNDER ARTICLES TWENTY-EIGHT AND THIRTY-SEVEN OF THE TAX LAW, THE ISSU-ANCE OF A FALSE OR FRAUDULENT EXEMPTION CERTIFICATE OR DOCUMENT WITH INTENT TO EVADE TAX.
- 6. THE COMMISSIONER IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO AUDIT THE RECORDS, ACTIONS, AND PROCEEDINGS OF AN IDA AND OF ITS AGENTS AND PROJECT OPERATORS TO ENSURE THAT THE IDA AND ITS AGENTS AND PROJECT OPERATORS COMPLY WITH ALL THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS SECTION. ANY INFORMATION THE COMMISSIONER FINDS IN THE COURSE OF SUCH AUDIT MAY BE USED BY THE COMMISSIONER TO ASSESS AND DETERMINE STATE AND LOCAL TAXES OF THE IDA'S AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR.
- 7. IN ADDITION TO ANY OTHER REPORTING OR FILING REQUIREMENTS AN IDA HAS UNDER THIS ARTICLE OR OTHER LAW, AN IDA SHALL ALSO REPORT AND MAKE AVAILABLE ON THE INTERNET, WITHOUT CHARGE, COPIES OF ITS RESOLUTIONS AND AGREEMENTS APPOINTING AN AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR OR OTHERWISE RELATED TO ANY PROJECT IT ESTABLISHES. IT SHALL ALSO PROVIDE, WITHOUT CHARGE, COPIES OF ALL SUCH REPORTS AND INFORMATION TO A PERSON WHO ASKS FOR IT IN WRITING OR IN PERSON. THE IDA MAY, AT THE REQUEST OF ITS AGENT OR PROJECT OPERATOR DELETE FROM ANY SUCH COPIES POSTED ON THE INTERNET OR PROVIDED TO A PERSON DESCRIBED IN THE PRIOR SENTENCE PORTIONS OF ITS

RECORDS THAT ARE SPECIFICALLY EXEMPTED FROM DISCLOSURE UNDER ARTICLE SIX OF THE PUBLIC OFFICERS LAW.

- 8. IN CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT, THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE IS HEREBY AUTHORIZED TO ADOPT RULES AND REGULATIONS AND TO ISSUE PUBLICATIONS AND OTHER GUIDANCE IMPLEMENTING THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION AND OF THE OTHER SECTIONS OF THIS ARTICLE RELATING TO ANY STATE OR LOCAL TAX OR FEE, OR EXEMPTION OR EXCLUSION THEREFROM, THAT THE COMMISSIONER ADMINISTERS AND THAT MAY BE AFFECTED BY ANY PROVISION OF THIS ARTICLE, AND ANY SUCH RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE COMMISSIONER SHALL HAVE THE SAME FORCE AND EFFECT WITH RESPECT TO SUCH TAXES AND FEES, OR AMOUNTS MEASURED IN RESPECT OF THEM, AS IF THEY HAD BEEN ADOPTED BY THE COMMISSIONER PURSUANT TO THE AUTHORITY OF THE TAX LAW.
- 9. TO THE EXTENT THAT A PROVISION OF THIS SECTION CONFLICTS WITH A PROVISION OF ANY OTHER SECTION OF THIS ARTICLE, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL CONTROL.
 - S 3. The public authorities law is amended by adding a new section 1963-b to read as follows:
 - S 1963-B. SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO STATE SALES AND COMPENSATING USE TAXES AND CERTAIN TYPES OF FACILITIES. THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW SHALL APPLY TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE AND TO THE AUTHORITY CREATED BY THIS TITLE WITH THE SAME FORCE AND EFFECT AS IF THE PROVISIONS OF SUCH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE HAD BEEN INCORPORATED IN FULL INTO THIS TITLE AND HAD EXPRESSLY REFERRED TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE AND TO SUCH AUTHORITY, WITH SUCH CHANGES TO SUCH SECTION AS ARE NECESSARY TO REFER TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE AND TO THE AUTHORITY CREATED BY THIS TITLE.
- 29 S 4. The public authorities law is amended by adding a new section 30 2326-a to read as follows:
 - S 2326-A. SPECIAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO STATE SALES AND COMPENSATING USE TAXES AND CERTAIN TYPES OF FACILITIES. THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE OF THE GENERAL MUNICIPAL LAW SHALL APPLY TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE AND TO THE AUTHORITY CREATED BY THIS TITLE WITH THE SAME FORCE AND EFFECT AS IF THE PROVISIONS OF SUCH SECTION EIGHT HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE HAD BEEN INCORPORATED IN FULL INTO THIS TITLE AND HAD EXPRESSLY REFERRED TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE AND TO SUCH AUTHORITY, WITH SUCH CHANGES TO SUCH SECTION AS ARE NECESSARY TO REFER TO THE PROVISIONS OF THIS TITLE AND TO THE AUTHORITY CREATED BY THIS TITLE.
 - S 5. Subdivision 3 of section 810 of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 356 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:
 - 3. The term "local officer or employee" shall mean the heads (other than local elected officials) of any agency, department, division, council, board, commission, or bureau of a political subdivision and their deputies and assistants, and the officers and employees of such agencies, departments, divisions, boards, bureaus, commissions or councils who hold policy-making positions, as annually determined by the appointing authority and set forth in a written instrument which shall be filed with the appropriate body during the month of February; except that the term "local officer or employee" shall not mean a judge, justice, officer or employee of the unified court system. Members, officers, and employees of each industrial development agency and authority ESTABLISHED BY THIS CHAPTER OR CREATED BY THE PUBLIC AUTHORITIES LAW shall be

deemed officers or employees of the county, city, village, or town for whose benefit such agency or authority is established OR CREATED.

- S 6. Subdivision 4 of section 854 of the general municipal law, as amended by chapter 478 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- "Project" - shall mean any land, any building or other improve-(4)ment, and all real and personal properties located within the state of New York and within or outside or partially within and partially outside the municipality for whose benefit the agency was created, including, but not limited to, machinery, equipment and other facilities deemed necessary or desirable in connection therewith, or incidental thereto, whether or not now in existence or under construction, which shall be suitable for manufacturing, warehousing, research, commercial or indus-trial purposes or other economically sound purposes identified called for to implement a state designated urban cultural park manage-ment plan as provided in title G of the parks, recreation and historic preservation law and which may include or mean an industrial pollution control facility, a recreation facility, educational or cultural facili-ty, a horse racing facility, a railroad facility or an automobile racing facility, provided, however, no agency shall use its funds OR PROVIDE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE in respect of any project wholly or partially outside the municipality for whose benefit the agency was created with-out the prior consent thereto by the governing body or bodies of all the other municipalities in which a part or parts of the project is, or is to be, located, AND SUCH PORTION OF THE PROJECT LOCATED OUTSIDE MUNICIPALITY FOR WHOSE BENEFIT THE AGENCY WAS CREATED SHALL BE CONTIG-UOUS WITH THE PORTION OF THE PROJECT INSIDE SUCH MUNICIPALITY.
 - S 7. Section 883 of the general municipal law, as added by chapter 356 of the laws of 1993, is amended to read as follows:
 - S 883. Conflicts of interest. All members, officers, and employees of an agency or INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT authority ESTABLISHED BY THIS CHAPTER OR CREATED BY THE PUBLIC AUTHORITIES LAW shall be subject to the provisions of article eighteen of this chapter.
 - S 8. Subdivision 9 of section 874 of the general municipal law, as added by section 1 of subpart C of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:
 - (9) (A) Within thirty days of the date that the agency designates a project operator or other person to act as agent of the agency for purposes of providing financial assistance consisting of any sales and compensating use tax exemption to such person, the agency shall file a statement with the department of taxation and finance relating thereto, on a form and in such manner as is prescribed by the commissioner of taxation and finance, identifying each such agent so named by the agency, setting forth the taxpayer identification number of each such agent, giving a brief description of the property and/or services intended to be exempted from such taxes as a result of such appointment as agent, indicating the agency's rough estimate of the value of the property and/or services to which such appointment as agent relates, indicating the date when such designation as agent became effective and indicating the date upon which such designation as agent shall cease.
 - (B) WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE DATE THAT THE AGENCY'S DESIGNATION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION HAS BEEN AMENDED, TERMINATED, BEEN REVOKED, OR BECOME INVALID OR INEFFECTIVE FOR ANY REASON, THE AGENCY SHALL FILE A STATEMENT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE RELATING THERETO, ON A FORM AND IN SUCH MANNER AS IS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, IDENTIFYING EACH SUCH AGENT

SO NAMED BY THE AGENCY IN THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION AND SETTING FORTH THE TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER AND OTHER IDENTIFYING INFORMATION OF EACH SUCH AGENT, THE DATE AS OF WHICH THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION WAS AMENDED, TERMINATED, REVOKED, OR BECAME INVALID OR INEFFECTIVE AND THE REASON THEREFOR, TOGETHER WITH A COPY OF THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION.

S 9. Subdivision 4 of section 1963 of the public authorities law, as added by section 2 of subpart C of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows;

- 4. (A) Within thirty days of the date that the authority designates a project operator or other person to act as agent of the authority for purposes of providing financial assistance consisting of any sales and compensating use tax exemption to such person, the agency shall file a statement with the department of taxation and finance relating thereto, on a form and in such manner as is prescribed by the commissioner of taxation and finance, identifying each such agent so named by the authority, setting forth the taxpayer identification number of each such agent, giving a brief description of the property and/or services intended to be exempted from such taxes as a result of such appointment as agent, indicating the authority's rough estimate of the value of the property and/or services to which such appointment as agent relates, indicating the date when such designation as agent shall cease.
- (B) WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE DATE THAT THE AUTHORITY'S DESIGNATION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION HAS BEEN AMENDED, TERMINATED, BEEN REVOKED, OR BECOME INVALID OR INEFFECTIVE FOR ANY REASON, THE AUTHORITY SHALL FILE A STATEMENT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE RELATING THERETO, ON A FORM AND IN SUCH MANNER AS IS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, IDENTIFYING EACH SUCH AGENT SO NAMED BY THE AUTHORITY IN THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION AND SETTING FORTH THE TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER AND OTHER IDENTIFYING INFORMATION OF EACH SUCH AGENT, THE DATE AS OF WHICH THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION WAS AMENDED, TERMINATED, REVOKED, OR BECAME INVALID OR INEFFECTIVE AND THE REASON THEREFOR, TOGETHER WITH A COPY OF THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION.
- S 10. Subdivision 4 of section 2326 of the public authorities law, as added by section 3 of subpart C of part S of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:
- 4. (A) Within thirty days of the date that the authority designates a project operator or other person to act as agent of the authority for purposes of providing financial assistance consisting of any sales and compensating use tax exemption to such person, the agency shall file a statement with the department of taxation and finance relating thereto, on a form and in such manner as is prescribed by the commissioner of taxation and finance, identifying each such agent so named by the authority, setting forth the taxpayer identification number of each such agent, giving a brief description of the property and/or services intended to be exempted from such taxes as a result of such appointment as agent, indicating the authority's rough estimate of the value of the property and/or services to which such appointment as agent relates, indicating the date when such designation as agent became effective and indicating the date upon which such designation as agent shall cease.
- (B) WITHIN THIRTY DAYS OF THE DATE THAT THE AUTHORITY'S DESIGNATION DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION HAS BEEN AMENDED, TERMINATED, BEEN REVOKED, OR BECOME INVALID OR INEFFECTIVE FOR ANY REASON, THE AUTHORITY SHALL FILE A STATEMENT WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE RELATING THERETO, ON A FORM AND IN SUCH MANNER AS IS PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, IDENTIFYING EACH SUCH AGENT

SO NAMED BY THE AUTHORITY IN THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION AND SETTING FORTH THE TAXPAYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER AND OTHER IDENTIFYING INFORMATION OF EACH SUCH AGENT, THE DATE AS OF WHICH THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION WAS AMENDED, TERMINATED, REVOKED, OR BECAME INVALID OR INEFFECTIVE AND THE REASON THEREFOR, TOGETHER WITH A COPY OF THE ORIGINAL DESIGNATION.

- S 11. Severability. If any provision of this act shall for any reason be finally adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder of this act, but shall be confined in its operation to the provision directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provision had not been included in this act.
- 14 This act shall take effect immediately and shall apply to (a) 15 any project established, agent or project operator appointed on or after 16 the date this act shall have become a law and any financial assistance or agreement regarding payments in lieu of taxes provided thereto, (b) 17 18 any amendment or revision involving additional funds or benefits made on or after the date this act shall have become a law to any project estab-19 20 lished, agent or project operator appointed, financial assistance 21 provided, or payment in lieu of taxes entered into, prior to that date, and (c) any state sales and compensating use tax exemption benefits any payments in lieu of state sales and compensating use taxes recov-23 ered, recaptured, received, or otherwise obtained by an industrial 24 25 development agency established by the general municipal law or an indus-26 trial development authority created by title 11 or title 15 of article 8 of the public authorities law on or after such date. 27

28 PART K

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Section 1. Paragraph 42 of subdivision (a) of section 1115 of the tax law, as added by section 11 of part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

(42) E85, CNG or hydrogen, for use or consumption directly and exclu-

- (42) E85, CNG or hydrogen, for use or consumption directly and exclusively in the engine of a motor vehicle AND NATURAL GAS PURCHASED AND CONVERTED INTO CNG, FOR USE OR FOR SALE FOR USE OR CONSUMPTION DIRECTLY AND EXCLUSIVELY IN THE ENGINE OF A MOTOR VEHICLE.
- S 2. This act shall take effect on the first day of a sales tax quarterly period, as described in subdivision (b) of section 1136 of the tax law, next commencing after this act shall have become a law and shall apply in accordance with the applicable transitional provisions in sections 1106 and 1217 of the tax law; provided, however, that the amendments to paragraph 42 of subdivision (a) of section 1115 of the tax law made by section one of this act shall not affect the repeal of such paragraph and shall be deemed repealed therewith.

44 PART L

Section 1. Section 301-c of the tax law is amended by adding a new 46 subdivision (p) to read as follows:

(P) REIMBURSEMENT FOR MOTOR FUEL AND DIESEL MOTOR FUEL USED BY A VOLUNTARY AMBULANCE SERVICE, AS DEFINED IN SECTION THREE THOUSAND ONE OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH LAW, A FIRE COMPANY OR A FIRE DEPARTMENT, AS DEFINED IN SECTION THREE OF THE VOLUNTEER FIREFIGHTERS' BENEFIT LAW, OR A VOLUNTEER RESCUE SQUAD SUPPORTED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY TAX MONIES, WHERE ANY SUCH ENTITY IS THE PURCHASER, USER OR CONSUMER OF MOTOR FUEL OR DIESEL

MOTOR FUEL IN A VEHICLE OWNED AND OPERATED BY SUCH ENTITY AND USED EXCLUSIVELY FOR SUCH ENTITY'S PURPOSES. A PURCHASER SHALL 3 FOR REIMBURSEMENT OF THE TAX IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE IF (1) ANY IMPOSED PURSUANT TO THIS ARTICLE HAS BEEN PAID WITH RESPECT TO SUCH 5 GALLONAGE AND THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF SUCH TAX HAS BEEN ABSORBED 6 PURCHASER, AND (2) SUCH PURCHASER POSSESSES DOCUMENTARY PROOF SATISFAC-7 TORY TO THE COMMISSIONER EVIDENCING THE ABSORPTION BY SUCH PURCHASER 8 SUCH TAX. PROVIDED, THAT THE COMMISSIONER SHALL THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF REQUIRE SUCH DOCUMENTARY PROOF TO QUALIFY FOR ANY REIMBURSEMENT PROVIDED 9 10 HEREUNDER AS THE COMMISSIONER DEEMS APPROPRIATE.

11 S 2. This act shall take effect on the first day of the first month 12 next succeeding the sixtieth day after it shall have become a law.

13 PART M

14 Intentionally omitted

15 PART N

16 Intentionally omitted

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17 PART O

18 Section 1. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of 19 section 481 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 604 of the laws of 20 2008, is amended to read as follows:

In addition to any other penalty imposed by this article, the commissioner may (A) impose a penalty of not more than [one] SIX hundred [fifty] dollars for each two hundred cigarettes, or fraction thereof, in excess of one thousand cigarettes in unstamped or unlawfully stamped packages in the possession or under the control of any person or (B) impose a penalty of not more than two hundred dollars for each ten unaffixed false, altered or counterfeit cigarette tax stamps, imprints or impressions, or fraction thereof, in the possession or under the control of any person. In addition, the commissioner may impose a penalty of not than seventy-five dollars for each fifty cigars or one pound of tobacco, or fraction thereof, in excess of two hundred fifty cigars or five pounds of tobacco in the possession or under the control of any person and a penalty of not more than one hundred fifty dollars for each fifty cigars or pound of tobacco, or fraction thereof, in excess of five hundred cigars or ten pounds of tobacco in the possession or under the control of any person, with respect to which the tobacco products tax has not been paid or assumed by a distributor or tobacco products dealprovided, however, that any such penalty imposed shall not exceed seven thousand five hundred dollars in the aggregate. The commissioner impose a penalty of not more than seventy-five dollars for each fifty cigars or one pound of tobacco, or fraction thereof, in excess of fifty cigars or one pound of tobacco in the possession or under the control of any tobacco products dealer or distributor appointed by commissioner, and a penalty of not more than one hundred fifty dollars for each fifty cigars or pound of tobacco, or fraction thereof, in excess of two hundred fifty cigars or five pounds of tobacco in the possession or under the control of any such dealer or distributor, with respect to which the tobacco products tax has not been paid or assumed by a distributor or a tobacco products dealer; provided, however, that

- 1 any such penalty imposed shall not exceed fifteen thousand dollars in 2 the aggregate.
- 3 S 2. This act shall take effect June 1, 2013.

4 PART P

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5 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 171-v to 6 read as follows:

- S 171-V. ENFORCEMENT OF DELINQUENT TAX LIABILITIES THROUGH THE SUSPEN-SION OF DRIVERS' LICENSES. (1) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ENTER INTO A WRIT-TEN AGREEMENT WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES, WHICH SHALL PROCEDURES FOR THE TWO DEPARTMENTS TO COOPERATE IN A PROGRAM TO IMPROVE TAX COLLECTION THROUGH THE SUSPENSION OF DRIVERS' LICENSES OF TAXPAYERS WITH PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES EQUAL TO OR IN EXCESS OF THOUSAND DOLLARS. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION, THE TERM "TAX LIABILITIES" SHALL MEAN ANY TAX, SURCHARGE, OR FEE ADMINISTERED BY THE COMMISSIONER, OR ANY PENALTY OR INTEREST DUE ON THESE AMOUNTS OWED BY AN INDIVIDUAL WITH A NEW YORK DRIVER'S LICENSE, THE TERM "DRIVER'S LICENSE" MEANS ANY LICENSE ISSUED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES, EXCEPT FOR COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE AS DEFINED IN SECTION FIVE HUNDRED ONE-A OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, AND THE TERM "PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES" MEANS ANY TAX LIABILITY OR LIABILITIES WHICH HAVE BECOME FIXED AND FINAL THAT THE TAXPAYER NO LONGER HAS ANY RIGHT TO ADMINISTRATIVE OR SUCH JUDICIAL REVIEW.
 - (2) THE AGREEMENT SHALL INCLUDE THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS:
- (A) THE PROCEDURES BY WHICH THE DEPARTMENT SHALL NOTIFY THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES OF TAXPAYERS WITH PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, INCLUDING THE PROCEDURES BY WHICH THE DEPARTMENT AND THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES SHALL SHARE THE INFORMATION NECESSARY TO IDENTIFY INDIVIDUALS WITH PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, WHICH SHALL INCLUDE A TAXPAYER'S NAME, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER, AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION NECESSARY TO ENSURE THE PROPER IDENTIFICATION OF THE TAXPAYER;
- (B) THE PROCEDURES BY WHICH THE COMMISSIONER SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES THAT A TAXPAYER HAS SATISFIED HIS OR HER PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, OR HAS ENTERED INTO AN INSTALLMENT PAYMENT AGREEMENT OR HAS OTHERWISE MADE PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY TO THE COMMISSIONER, SO THAT THE SUSPENSION OF THE TAXPAYER'S DRIVER'S LICENSE MAY BE LIFTED; AND
- (C) ANY OTHER MATTER THE DEPARTMENT AND THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES SHALL DEEM NECESSARY TO CARRY OUT THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION.
- (3) THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER OF HIS OR HER INCLUSION IN THE LICENSE SUSPENSION PROGRAM NO LATER THAN SIXTY DAYS PRIOR TO THE DATE THE DEPARTMENT INTENDS TO INFORM THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES OF THE TAXPAYER'S INCLUSION. HOWEVER, NO SUCH NOTICE SHALL BE ISSUED TO A TAXPAYER WHOSE WAGES ARE BEING GARNISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PAYMENT OF PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES OR PAST-DUE CHILD SUPPORT OR COMBINED CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT ARREARS. NOTICE SHALL BE PROVIDED BY FIRST CLASS MAIL TO THE TAXPAYER'S LAST KNOWN ADDRESS AS SUCH ADDRESS APPEARS IN THE ELECTRONIC SYSTEMS OR RECORDS OF THE DEPARTMENT. SUCH NOTICE SHALL INCLUDE:
- 49 (A) A CLEAR STATEMENT OF THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES ALONG WITH A 50 STATEMENT THAT THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PROVIDE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR 51 VEHICLES THE TAXPAYER'S NAME, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER AND ANY OTHER IDEN-52 TIFYING INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUSPENDING HIS OR HER 53 DRIVER'S LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SUBDIVISION FOUR-F OF

SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW SIXTY DAYS AFTER THE MAILING OR SENDING OF SUCH NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER;

A STATEMENT THAT THE TAXPAYER MAY AVOID SUSPENSION OF HIS OR HER LICENSE BY FULLY SATISFYING THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES OR BY MAKING ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY TO THE COMMISSIONER, AND INFORMATION AS TO HOW THE TAXPAYER CAN PAY THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES TO DEPARTMENT, ENTER INTO A PAYMENT ARRANGEMENT OR REOUEST ADDITIONAL INFORMATION;

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- (C) A STATEMENT THAT THE TAXPAYER'S RIGHT TO PROTEST THE NOTICE LIMITED TO RAISING ISSUES SET FORTH IN SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION;
- (D) A STATEMENT THAT THE SUSPENSION OF THE TAXPAYER'S DRIVER'S LICENSE SHALL CONTINUE UNTIL THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES ARE FULLY PAID OR THE TAXPAYER MAKES PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY TO THE COMMISSIONER;
 - (E) ANY OTHER INFORMATION THAT THE COMMISSIONER DEEMS NECESSARY.
- (4) AFTER THE EXPIRATION OF THE SIXTY DAY PERIOD, IF THE TAXPAYER HAS NOT CHALLENGED THE NOTICE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FIVE OF THIS SECTION TAXPAYER HAS FAILED TO SATISFY THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES OR MAKE PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY TO THE COMMISSIONER, THE DEPART-MENT SHALL NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES, IN THE MANNER AGREED UPON BY THE TWO AGENCIES, THAT THE TAXPAYER'S DRIVER'S LICENSE SHALL BE SUSPENDED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR-F OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CASE WHERE A TAXPAYER FAILS TO COMPLY WITH THE TERMS OF A CURRENT PAYMENT ARRANGEMENT MORE THAN ONCE WITHIN A TWELVE MONTH PERIOD, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES THAT THE TAXPAYER'S DRIVER'S LICENSE SHALL BE SUSPENDED.
- (5) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, AND EXCEPT AS SPECIF-ICALLY PROVIDED HEREIN, THE TAXPAYER SHALL HAVE NO RIGHT TO COMMENCE A COURT ACTION OR PROCEEDING OR TO ANY OTHER LEGAL RECOURSE AGAINST THE DEPARTMENT OR THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES REGARDING A NOTICE ISSUED THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND THE REFERRAL BY THE DEPARTMENT OF ANY TAXPAYER WITH PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES TO THE MENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUSPENDING THE TAXPAYER'S DRIVER'S LICENSE. A TAXPAYER MAY ONLY CHAL-LENGE SUCH SUSPENSION OR REFERRAL ON THE GROUNDS THAT (I) THE INDIVIDUAL TO WHOM THE NOTICE WAS PROVIDED IS NOT THE TAXPAYER AT ISSUE; (II) THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES WERE SATISFIED; (III) THE TAXPAYER'S WAGES ARE BEING GARNISHED BY THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PAYMENT OF THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES AT ISSUE OR FOR PAST-DUE CHILD SUPPORT OR COMBINED CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT ARREARS; (IV) THE TAXPAYER'S WAGES ARE BEING GARNISHED FOR THE PAYMENT OF PAST-DUE CHILD SUPPORT OR COMBINED CHILD AND SPOUSAL SUPPORT ARREARS PURSUANT TO AN INCOME EXECUTION ISSUED PURSUANT TO SECTION FIVE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED FORTY-ONE OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES; (V) THE TAXPAYER'S DRIVER'S LICENSE IS A COMMERCIAL DRIVER'S LICENSE AS DEFINED IN SECTION FIVE HUNDRED ONE-A OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW; OR (VI) THE DEPARTMENT INCORRECTLY FOUND THAT THE HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH THE TERMS OF A PAYMENT ARRANGEMENT MADE WITH THE COMMISSIONER MORE THAN ONCE WITHIN A TWELVE MONTH PERIOD FOR THE PURPOSES OF SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION.

HOWEVER, NOTHING IN THIS SUBDIVISION IS INTENDED TO LIMIT A TAXPAYER 52 FROM SEEKING RELIEF FROM JOINT AND SEVERAL LIABILITY PURSUANT TO SECTION SIX HUNDRED FIFTY-FOUR OF THIS CHAPTER, TO THE EXTENT THAT HE OR SHE IS 53 54 ELIGIBLE PURSUANT TO THAT SUBDIVISION, OR ESTABLISHING TO THE DEPARTMENT 55 THAT THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE UNDERLYING TAX LIABILITIES HAS BEEN STAYED

BY THE FILING OF A PETITION PURSUANT TO THE BANKRUPTCY CODE OF 1978 (TITLE ELEVEN OF THE UNITED STATES CODE).

(6) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF THIS CHAPTER TO THE CONTRARY, THE DEPARTMENT MAY DISCLOSE TO THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES THE INFORMATION DESCRIBED IN THIS SECTION THAT, IN THE DISCRETION OF THE COMMISSIONER, IS NECESSARY FOR THE PROPER IDENTIFICATION OF A TAXPAYER REFERRED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUSPENDING THE TAXPAYER'S DRIVER'S LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SUBDIVISION FOUR-F OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW. THE DEPARTMENT OF MOTOR VEHICLES MAY NOT REDISCLOSE THIS INFORMATION TO ANY OTHER ENTITY OR PERSON, OTHER THAN FOR THE PURPOSE OF INFORMING THE TAXPAYER THAT HIS OR HER DRIVER'S LICENSE HAS BEEN SUSPENDED.

- (7) EXCEPT AS OTHERWISE PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, THE ACTIVITIES TO COLLECT PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES UNDERTAKEN BY THE DEPARTMENT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL NOT IN ANY WAY LIMIT, RESTRICT OR IMPAIR THE DEPARTMENT FROM EXERCISING ANY OTHER AUTHORITY TO COLLECT OR ENFORCE TAX LIABILITIES UNDER ANY OTHER APPLICABLE PROVISION OF LAW.
- S 2. Section 510 of the vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new subdivision 4-f to read as follows:
- 4-F. SUSPENSION FOR FAILURE TO PAY PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES. (1) THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ENTER INTO A WRITTEN AGREEMENT WITH THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, AS PROVIDED IN SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-ONE-V OF THE TAX LAW, WHICH SHALL SET FORTH THE PROCEDURES FOR SUSPENDING THE DRIVERS' LICENSES OF INDIVIDUALS WHO HAVE FAILED TO SATISFY PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES AS SUCH TERMS ARE DEFINED IN SUCH SECTION.
- (2) UPON RECEIPT OF NOTIFICATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE THAT AN INDIVIDUAL HAS FAILED TO SATISFY PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, OR TO OTHERWISE MAKE PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY TO THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, OR HAS FAILED TO COMPLY WITH THE TERMS OF SUCH PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS MORE THAN ONCE WITHIN A TWELVE MONTH PERIOD, THE COMMISSIONER OR HIS OR HER AGENT SHALL SUSPEND THE LICENSE OF SUCH PERSON TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE. IN THE EVENT SUCH PERSON IS UNLICENSED, SUCH PERSON'S PRIVILEGE OF OBTAINING A LICENSE SHALL BE SUSPENDED. SUCH SUSPENSION SHALL TAKE EFFECT NO LATER THAN FIFTEEN DAYS FROM THE DATE OF THE NOTICE THEREOF PROVIDED TO THE PERSON WHOSE LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE OF OBTAINING A LICENSE IS TO BE SUSPENDED, AND SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT UNTIL SUCH TIME AS THE COMMISSIONER IS ADVISED THAT THE PERSON HAS SATISFIED HIS OR HER PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, OR HAS OTHERWISE MADE PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS SATISFACTORY TO THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE.
- (3) FROM THE TIME THE COMMISSIONER IS NOTIFIED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE UNDER THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL BE RELIEVED FROM ALL LIABILITY TO SUCH PERSON WHICH MAY OTHERWISE ARISE UNDER THIS SECTION, AND SUCH PERSON SHALL HAVE NO RIGHT TO COMMENCE A COURT ACTION OR PROCEEDING OR TO ANY OTHER LEGAL RECOURSE AGAINST THE COMMISSIONER TO RECOVER SUCH DRIVING PRIVILEGES AS AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION. IN ADDITION, NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, SUCH PERSON SHALL HAVE NO RIGHT TO A HEARING OR APPEAL PURSUANT TO THIS CHAPTER WITH RESPECT TO A SUSPENSION OF DRIVING PRIVILEGES AS AUTHORIZED BY THIS SECTION.
- (4) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL FURNISH THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE WITH THE INFORMATION NECESSARY FOR THE PROPER IDENTIFICATION OF AN INDIVIDUAL REFERRED TO THE DEPARTMENT FOR THE PURPOSE OF DRIVER'S LICENSE SUSPEN-

SION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION AND SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-ONE-V OF THE TAX LAW. THIS SHALL INCLUDE THE INDIVIDUAL'S NAME, SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER AND ANY OTHER INFORMATION THE COMMISSIONER OF MOTOR VEHICLES DEEMS NECESSARY.

- (5) ANY PERSON WHOSE DRIVER'S LICENSE IS SUSPENDED PURSUANT TO PARA-GRAPH TWO OF THIS SUBDIVISION MAY APPLY FOR THE ISSUANCE OF A RESTRICTED USE LICENSE AS PROVIDED IN SECTION FIVE HUNDRED THIRTY OF THIS TITLE.
- S 3. Subdivision 7 of section 511 of the vehicle and traffic law, as added by chapter 81 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- Exceptions. When a person is convicted of a violation of subdivision one [of] OR two of this section, and the suspension was pursuant to (A) subdivision four-e of section five hundred ten of this article due to a support arrears, OR (B) SUBDIVISION FOUR-F OF FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF THE ARTICLE DUE TO PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, the mandatory penalties set forth in subdivision one or two of this shall not be applicable if, on or before the return date or subsequent adjourned date, such person presents proof that such support arrears OR TAX LIABILITIES have been satisfied as shown by certified check, notice issued by the court ordering the suspension, or notice from a support collection unit OR DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE AS APPLICABLE. The sentencing court shall take the satisfaction of THE PAYMENT OF THE PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES into account when imposing a sentence for any such conviction. FOR LICENSES SUSPENDED FOR $\stackrel{-}{\text{NON-}}$ PAYMENT OF PAST-DUE TAX LIABILITIES, THE COURT SHALL ALSO TAKE INTO PAYMENT OF CONSIDERATION PROOF, IN THE FORM OF A NOTICE FROM THE DEPARTMENT AND FINANCE, THAT SUCH PERSON HAS MADE PAYMENT ARRANGEMENTS THAT ARE SATISFACTORY TO THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE.
- S 4. Section 530 of the vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a new subdivision 5-b to read as follows:
- (5-B) ISSUANCE OF A RESTRICTED LICENSE SHALL NOT BE DENIED PERSON WHOSE LICENSE IS SUSPENDED PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR-F OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF THIS TITLE FOR ANY REASON OTHER SUCH THAN TO OTHERWISE HAVE FAILURE A VALID OR RENEWABLE DRIVER'S LICENSE. THE RESTRICTIONS ON THE TYPES OF VEHICLES WHICH MAY BE OPERATED WITH A RESTRICTED LICENSE CONTAINED IN SUCH SUBDIVISION FIVE SECTION SHALL NOT BE APPLICABLE TO A RESTRICTED LICENSE ISSUED TO A PERSON PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR-F OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED THIS TITLE. THE ISSUANCE OF A RESTRICTED LICENSE ISSUED AS A RESULT OF A SUSPENSION UNDER SUBDIVISION FOUR-F OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF THIS TITLE SHALL NOT IN ANY WAY AFFECT A PERSON'S ELIGIBILITY FOR RESTRICTED LICENSE AT SOME FUTURE TIME.
- S 5. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that the department of taxation and finance and the department of motor vehicles shall have up to six months after this act shall have become a law to execute the written agreement and implement the necessary procedures as described in sections one and two of this act.

47 PART Q

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Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 174-c to read as follows:

50 S 174-C. SERVICE OF INCOME EXECUTION WITHOUT FILING A WARRANT. 1.
51 NOTWITHSTANDING ANY PROVISION OF LAW TO THE CONTRARY, IF ANY INDIVIDUAL
52 LIABLE FOR THE PAYMENT OF ANY TAX OR OTHER IMPOSITION ADMINISTERED BY
53 THE COMMISSIONER, INCLUDING ANY ADDITIONS TO TAX, PENALTIES AND INTEREST
54 IN CONNECTION THEREWITH, FAILS TO PAY OR TO COLLECT OR PAY OVER THE SAME

WITHIN TWENTY-ONE CALENDAR DAYS AFTER NOTICE AND DEMAND THEREFOR IS GIVEN TO SUCH INDIVIDUAL (TEN BUSINESS DAYS IF THE AMOUNT FOR WHICH SUCH NOTICE AND DEMAND IS MADE EQUALS OR EXCEEDS ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS), THE COMMISSIONER IS AUTHORIZED TO SERVE AN INCOME EXECUTION ON THE INDIVIDUAL OR ON THE PERSON FROM WHOM THE INDIVIDUAL IS RECEIVING, OR WILL RECEIVE, MONEY, WITHOUT FILING A WARRANT IN THE OFFICE OF THE CLERK OF THE APPROPRIATE COUNTY OR IN THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE AS PROVIDED FOR IN THIS CHAPTER. FOR PURPOSES OF SERVING AN INCOME EXECUTION PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL, IN THE RIGHT OF THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, BE DEEMED TO HAVE OBTAINED JUDG-INDIVIDUAL FOR THE TAX OR OTHER IMPOSITION, AND THE AGAINST THE 12 ADDITIONS TO TAX, PENALTIES AND INTEREST IN CONNECTION THEREOF, AND THERE SHALL BE A LIEN ON THE AMOUNT OF THE INDIVIDUAL'S INCOME THAT MAY 13 BE GARNISHED. IF THE COMMISSIONER CHOOSES TO SERVE AN INCOME EXECUTION WITHOUT FILING A WARRANT PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, THE COMMISSIONER MUST 16 SERVE THE INCOME EXECUTION WITHIN SIX YEARS AFTER THE FIRST DATE A 17 WARRANT COULD BE FILED PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR-B OF THIS ARTICLE. WHEN SERVING AN INCOME EXECUTION WITHOUT THE FILING OF A 18 19 WARRANT, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES SET FORTH IN SECTION FIVE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED THIRTY-ONE OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW 20 21 AND RULES, WITH THE REFERENCES IN SUCH SECTION TO "SHERIFF" TO BE READ AS REFERRING TO THE COMMISSIONER OR THE DEPARTMENT. EXECUTION SHALL SPECIFY THE NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON FROM WHOM THE TAXPAYER IS RECEIVING OR WILL RECEIVE MONEY; THE AMOUNT OF MONEY, THE 23 FREQUENCY OF ITS PAYMENT AND THE AMOUNT OF THE INSTALLMENTS TO BE COLLECTED THEREFROM; AND SHALL CONTAIN A NOTICE TO THE TAXPAYER THAT THE 27 TAXPAYER SHALL COMMENCE PAYMENT OF THE INSTALLMENTS SPECIFIED IN THE NOTICE WITHIN A SPECIFIED PERIOD OF TIME THAT IS NO LESS THAN TWENTY-ONE 28 DAYS AFTER THE NOTICE IS MAILED TO THE TAXPAYER, AND THAT, UPON THE TAXPAYER'S DEFAULT, THE EXECUTION WILL BE SERVED UPON THE PERSON FROM 30 WHOM THE TAXPAYER IS RECEIVING OR WILL RECEIVE MONEY. 31 SUCH INCOME EXECUTION SHALL CONTINUE TO BE IN EFFECT UNTIL SUCH LIABILITY IS SATIS-FIED OR UNTIL TWENTY YEARS FROM THE FIRST DATE A WARRANT COULD BE BY THE COMMISSIONER PURSUANT TO SECTION ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FOUR-B OF 34 THIS ARTICLE, WHETHER OR NOT A WARRANT IS FILED FOR THAT LIABILITY. 36

- 2. THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE IN ADDITION TO THE PROCEDURES RELATING TO COLLECTION OR ADMINISTRATION PROVIDED WITH RESPECT TO ANY TAX OR OTHER IMPOSITION ADMINISTERED BY THE COMMISSIONER. WHERE A PROVISION OF THIS SECTION IS INCONSISTENT WITH ANY SUCH PROVISION WITH RESPECT TO SUCH TAX OR OTHER IMPOSITION, THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION WILL APPLY. NOTHING IN THIS SECTION SHALL PREVENT THE COMMISSIONER FROM TIMELY FILING A WARRANT IN ORDER TO PURSUE ANY OF THE COLLECTION METHODS AUTHORIZED UNDER ARTICLE FIFTY-TWO OF THE CIVIL PRACTICE LAW AND RULES.
- 3. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL PERIODICALLY, BUT NO LESS FREQUENTLY THAN QUARTERLY, ELECTRONICALLY FILE WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE A LIST OF THE NAMES OF THE TAXPAYERS WHO HAVE BEEN SERVED WITH INCOME EXECUTIONS UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THIS SECTION DURING THAT PERIOD. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ALSO INCLUDE IN THIS LIST THE NAMES OF TAXPAYERS WHOSE INCOME EXECUTIONS ARE CANCELLED OR DISCHARGED DURING THAT PERIOD. THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE SHALL UPON RECEIPT POST SUCH A LIST TO THEIR WEBSITE.
- 51 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall expire and be 52 deemed repealed on and after April 1, 2015.

53 PART R

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1 PART S

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3 PART T

Section 1. Clause (F) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 1 of subdivision b of section 1612 of the tax law, as amended by section 6 of part K of chapter 57 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

(F) notwithstanding clauses (A), (B), (C), (D) and (E) of this subparagraph, when a vendor track, is located in Sullivan county and within sixty miles from any gaming facility in a contiguous state such vendor fee shall, for a period of [five] SIX years commencing April first, two thousand eight, be at a rate of forty-one percent of the total revenue wagered at the vendor track after payout for prizes pursuant to this chapter, after which time such rate shall be as for all tracks in clause (C) of this subparagraph.

15 S 2. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 16 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2013.

17 PART U

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 1003 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 1 20 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as 21 follows:

(a) Any racing association or corporation or regional off-track betting corporation, authorized to conduct pari-mutuel wagering under this chapter, desiring to display the simulcast of horse races on which pari-mutuel betting shall be permitted in the manner and subject to the conditions provided for in this article may apply to the board for a license so to do. Applications for licenses shall be in such form as may be prescribed by the board and shall contain such information or other material or evidence as the board may require. No license shall be issued by the board authorizing the simulcast transmission of thoroughfrom a track located in Suffolk county. The fee for such licenses shall be five hundred dollars per simulcast facility per year payable by the licensee to the board for deposit into the general fund. Except as provided herein, the board shall not approve any application simulcasting into individual or group residences, homes or other areas for the purposes of or in connection with pari-mutuel wagering. The board may approve simulcasting into residences, homes or other areas to be conducted jointly by one or more regional off-track betting corporations and one or more of the following: a franchised corporation, thoroughbred racing corporation or a harness racing corporation or association; provided (i) the simulcasting consists only of those races which pari-mutuel betting is authorized by this chapter at one or more simulcast facilities for each of the contracting off-track betting corporations which shall include wagers made in accordance with section one thousand fifteen, one thousand sixteen and one thousand seventeen of this article; provided further that the contract provisions or other simulcast arrangements for such simulcast facility shall be no less favorable than those in effect on January first, two thousand five; (ii) that each off-track betting corporation having within its geographic boundaries such residences, homes or other areas technically capable of receiving the simulcast signal shall be a contracting party; (iii) the

distribution of revenues shall be subject to contractual agreement of the parties except that statutory payments to non-contracting parties, 3 any, may not be reduced; provided, however, that nothing herein to the contrary shall prevent a track from televising its races on an irregular basis primarily for promotional or marketing purposes as found by the board. For purposes of this paragraph, the provisions of section 5 7 thousand thirteen of this article shall not apply. Any agreement authorizing an in-home simulcasting experiment commencing prior to May 8 9 fifteenth, nineteen hundred ninety-five, may, and all its terms, be 10 extended until June thirtieth, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN; 11 provided, however, that any party to such agreement may elect to terminate such agreement upon conveying written notice to all other parties 12 13 such agreement at least forty-five days prior to the effective date 14 of the termination, via registered mail. Any party to an agreement 15 receiving such notice of an intent to terminate, may request the board 16 to mediate between the parties new terms and conditions in a replacement 17 agreement between the parties as will permit continuation of an 18 experiment until June thirtieth, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN; and in-home simulcasting in the thoroughbred special betting 19 (iv) no 20 district shall occur without the approval of the regional thoroughbred 21 track.

S 2. Subparagraph (iii) of paragraph d of subdivision 3 of section 1007 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 2 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

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(iii) Of the sums retained by a receiving track located in Westchester county on races received from a franchised corporation, for the period commencing January first, two thousand eight and continuing through June thirtieth, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN, the amount used exclusively for purses to be awarded at races conducted by such receiving track shall be computed as follows: of the sums so retained, two and one-half percent of the total pools. Such amount shall be increased or decreased in the amount of fifty percent of the difference in total commissions determined by comparing the total commissions available after July twenty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five to the total commissions that would have been available to such track prior to July twenty-first, nineteen hundred ninety-five.

S 3. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1014 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 3 of part O of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on any day during which a franchised corporation is conducting a race meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until thirtieth, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN and on any day regardless of whether or not a franchised corporation is conducting a race meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack after June thirtieth, On any day on which a franchised two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN. corporation has not scheduled a racing program but a thoroughbred racing corporation located within the state is conducting racing, every offtrack betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that have entered into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's organization, as approved by the board), one thousand eight, or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred tracks located in another state or foreign country subject to the following provisions:

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- S 4. Subdivision 1 of section 1015 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 4 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of races conducted at harness tracks located in another state or country during the period July first, nineteen hundred ninety-four through June thirtieth, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN. This section shall supersede all inconsistent provisions of this chapter.
- S 5. The opening paragraph of subdivision 1 of section 1016 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 5 of part O of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

The provisions of this section shall govern the simulcasting of conducted at thoroughbred tracks located in another state or country on any day during which a franchised corporation is not conducting a race meeting in Saratoga county at Saratoga thoroughbred racetrack until June thirtieth, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN. Every off-track betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility licensed accordance with section one thousand seven that have entered into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's organization as approved by the board, one thousand eight or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers and display live full-card simulcast signal of thoroughbred tracks (which may include quarter horse or mixed meetings provided that all such wagering such races shall be construed to be thoroughbred races) located in another state or foreign country, subject to the following provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be required of a franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven of this article:

S 6. The opening paragraph of section 1018 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 6 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, for the period July twenty-fifth, two thousand one through September eighth, two thousand [twelve] THIRTEEN, when a franchised corporation is conducting a race meeting within the state at Saratoga Race Course, every off-track betting corporation branch office and every simulcasting facility licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven (that has entered into a written agreement with such facility's representative horsemen's organization as approved by the board), one thousand eight or one thousand nine of this article shall be authorized to accept wagers display the live simulcast signal from thoroughbred tracks located in another state, provided that such facility shall accept wagers on races in-state thoroughbred tracks which are conducting racing at all programs subject to the following provisions; provided, however, no such written agreement shall be required of a franchised corporation licensed in accordance with section one thousand seven of this article.

- S 7. Section 32 of chapter 281 of the laws of 1994, amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting, as amended by section 7 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
- S 32. This act shall take effect immediately and the pari-mutuel tax reductions in section six of this act shall expire and be deemed

repealed on July 1, [2013] 2014; provided, however, that nothing contained herein shall be deemed to affect the application, expiration, or repeal of any provision of law amended by any section of this act, and such provisions shall be applied or qualified or shall expire or be deemed repealed in the same manner, to the same extent and on the same date as the case may be as otherwise provided by law; provided further, however, that sections twenty-three and twentyfive of this act shall remain in full force and effect only until May 1, 1997 and at such time shall be deemed to be repealed.

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- Section 54 of chapter 346 of the laws of 1990, amending the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law and other laws relating to simulcasting and the imposition of certain taxes, as amended by section 8 of part O of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
- S 54. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, sections three through twelve of this act shall take effect on January 1, 1991, and section 1013 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as added by section thirty-eight of this act, shall expire be deemed repealed on July 1, [2013] 2014; and section eighteen of this act shall take effect on July 1, 2008 and sections fifty-one and fiftytwo of this act shall take effect as of the same date as chapter 772 of the laws of 1989 took effect.
- S 9. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 238 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 9 of part O of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
- this chapter to franchised corporation authorized under conduct pari-mutuel betting at a race meeting or races run thereat shall 27 distribute all sums deposited in any pari-mutuel pool to the holders winning tickets therein, provided such tickets be presented for payment 29 before April first of the year following the year of their purchase, 30 less an amount which shall be established and retained by such franchised corporation of between twelve to seventeen per centum total deposits in pools resulting from on-track regular bets, and fourteen to twenty-one per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting 34 from on-track multiple bets and fifteen to twenty-five per centum of the 35 total deposits in pools resulting from on-track exotic bets and fifteen 37 to thirty-six per centum of the total deposits in pools resulting from on-track super exotic bets, plus the breaks. The retention rate to be established is subject to the prior approval of the racing and wagering Such rate may not be changed more than once per calendar quarter to be effective on the first day of the calendar quarter. "Exotic bets" "multiple bets" shall have the meanings set forth in section five hundred nineteen of this chapter. "Super exotic bets" shall have the meaning set forth in section three hundred one of this chapter. For purposes of this section, a "pick six bet" shall mean a single bet or wager on the outcomes of six races. The breaks are hereby defined as the odd cents over any multiple of five for payoffs greater than one dollar five cents but less than five dollars, over any multiple of greater than five dollars but less than twenty-five dollars, 49 over any multiple of twenty-five for payoffs greater than twenty-five 50 dollars but less than two hundred fifty dollars, or over any multiple of 52 fifty for payoffs over two hundred fifty dollars. Out of the amount so retained there shall be paid by such franchised corporation to the 53 54 commissioner of taxation and finance, as a reasonable tax by the state for the privilege of conducting pari-mutuel betting on the races run at the race meetings held by such franchised corporation, the following

percentages of the total pool for regular and multiple bets five per centum of regular bets and four per centum of multiple bets plus twenty per centum of the breaks; for exotic wagers seven and one-half centum plus twenty per centum of the breaks, and for super exotic bets seven and one-half per centum plus fifty per centum of the breaks. period June first, nineteen hundred ninety-five through September 7 ninth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine, such tax on regular wagers shall be three per centum and such tax on multiple wagers shall be two and onehalf per centum, plus twenty per centum of the breaks. For the period 9 10 September tenth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thirty-11 first, two thousand one, such tax on all wagers shall be two and sixtenths per centum and for the period April first, two thousand one through December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN, such 12 13 tax on all wagers shall be one and six-tenths per centum, plus, in 14 15 such period, twenty per centum of the breaks. Payment to the New York state thoroughbred breeding and development fund by such franchised 16 17 corporation shall be one-half of one per centum of total daily on-track 18 pari-mutuel pools resulting from regular, multiple and exotic bets 19 three per centum of super exotic bets provided, however, that for the period September tenth, nineteen hundred ninety-nine through March thir-20 21 ty-first, two thousand one, such payment shall be six-tenths of one 22 centum of regular, multiple and exotic pools and for the period April 23 first, two thousand one through December thirty-first, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN, such payment shall be seven-tenths of one per 24 25 centum of such pools. 26

S 10. Subdivision 5 of section 1012 of the racing, pari-mutuel wagering and breeding law, as amended by section 10 of part 0 of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

5. The provisions of this section shall expire and be of no further force and effect after June thirtieth, two thousand [thirteen] FOURTEEN. S 11. This act shall take effect immediately.

32 PART V

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33 Section 1. Subparagraphs (A) and (B) of paragraph 2 of subsection (pp) 34 of section 606 of the tax law, as amended by chapter 472 of the laws of 35 2010, are amended to read as follows:

(A) With respect to any particular residence of a taxpayer, the credit allowed under paragraph one of this subsection shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY and twenty-five thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY. In the case of a husband and wife, the amount of the credit shall be divided between them equally or in such other manner as they may both elect. If a taxpayer incurs qualified rehabilitation expenditures in relation to more than one residence in the same year, the total amount of credit allowed under paragraph one of this subsection for all such expenditures shall not exceed fifty thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY and twenty-five thousand dollars for taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY.

(B) For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand ten and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, if the amount of credit allowable under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, and the taxpayer's New York adjusted gross

income for such year does not exceed sixty thousand dollars, the excess shall be treated as an overpayment of tax to be credited or refunded in accordance with the provisions of section six hundred eighty-six of this article, provided, however, that no interest shall be paid thereon. If the taxpayer's New York adjusted gross income for such year exceeds sixty thousand dollars, the excess credit that may be carried over to 7 the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax such year or years. For taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand [fifteen] TWENTY, if the amount of credit allowable 9 10 under this subsection shall exceed the taxpayer's tax for such year, the 11 excess may be carried over to the following year or years and may be deducted from the taxpayer's tax for such year or years. 12 13

S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

14 PART W

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Section 1. Subdivision 13 of section 282 of the tax law, as added by chapter 276 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

- 13. "Terminal" means a motor fuel OR DIESEL MOTOR FUEL storage facility with a storage capacity of fifty thousand gallons or more excluding such facility at which motor fuel OR DIESEL MOTOR FUEL is stored solely its retail sale at such facility. "Terminal operator" means any person who or which has the use of or control over, or the right use or control, a terminal.
- Subdivision 1 of section 282-a of the tax law, as amended by chapter 2 of the laws of 1995, is amended to read as follows:
- 1. There is hereby levied and imposed with respect to Diesel motor fuel an excise tax of four cents per gallon upon the sale or use of Diesel motor fuel in this state.

The excise tax is imposed on the first sale or use of Diesel motor fuel to occur which is not exempt from tax under this article. Provided, however, if the tax has not been imposed prior thereto, it shall be imposed on THE REMOVAL OF HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL FROM A TERMINAL, OTHER THAN BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL, OR the delivery of Diesel motor fuel to a filling station or into the fuel tank connecting with the engine of a motor vehicle for use in the operation thereof whichever event shall be first to occur. The tax shall be computed based upon the number of gallons of Diesel motor fuel sold, REMOVED or used or number of gallons of Diesel fuel delivered into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle, as the case may be. Nothing in this article shall be construed to require the payment of such excise tax more than once upon the same Diesel motor fuel. Nor shall the collection of such tax be made applicable to the sale or use of Diesel motor fuel under circumstances which preclude the collection of such tax by reason of the United States constitution and of laws of the United States enacted pursuant thereto. Provided, further, no Diesel motor fuel shall be included in the measure of the tax unless it shall have previously come to rest within the meaning of federal decisional law interpreting the United States constitution. All tax for the period for which a return is required to be filed shall be due on the date limited for the filing of the return for period, regardless of whether a return is filed as required by this article or whether the return which is filed correctly shows the amount of tax due.

Paragraph (b) of subdivision 3 of section 282-a of the tax law, as amended by section 2 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

(b) The tax on the incidence of sale or use imposed by subdivision one of this section shall not apply to: (i) the sale or use of non-highway Diesel motor fuel, but only if all of such fuel is consumed other than the public highways of this state (except for the use of the public highway by farmers to reach adjacent farmlands); provided, however, this exemption shall in no event apply to a sale of non-highway Diesel motor 7 fuel which involves a delivery at a filling station or into a repository which is equipped with a hose or other apparatus by which such fuel can dispensed into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle (except for delivery 9 10 at a farm site which qualifies for the exemption under subdivision 11 section three hundred one-b of this chapter); or (ii) a sale to the consumer consisting of not more than twenty gallons of water-white kero-12 sene to be used and consumed exclusively for heating purposes; or (iii) 13 14 sale to or delivery at a filling station or other retail vendor of 15 water-white kerosene provided such filling station or other retail 16 vendor only sells such water-white kerosene exclusively for heating purposes in containers of no more than twenty gallons; or (iv) a sale of 17 kero-jet fuel to an airline for use in its airplanes or a use of kero-18 19 jet fuel by an airline in its airplanes; or (v) a sale of kero-jet fuel by a registered distributor of Diesel motor fuel to a fixed base opera-20 21 tor registered under this article as a distributor of kero-jet fuel only where such fixed base operator is engaged solely in making or offering to make retail sales not in bulk of kero-jet fuel directly into the fuel 23 24 tank of an airplane for the purpose of operating such airplane; OR 25 retail sale not in bulk of kero-jet fuel by a fixed base operator 26 registered under this article as a distributor of kero-jet fuel where such fuel is delivered directly into the fuel tank of an airplane 27 28 for use in the operation of such airplane; or (vii) the sale of previ-29 ously untaxed qualified biodiesel to a person registered under this 30 article as a distributor of Diesel motor fuel other than (A) a retail sale to such person or (B) a sale to such person which involves a deliv-31 32 at a filling station or into a repository which is equipped with a 33 hose or other apparatus by which such qualified biodiesel dispensed into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle; OR (VIII) THE SALE OF 34 35 PREVIOUSLY UNTAXED HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL BY A PERSON REGISTERED ARTICLE AS A DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR FUEL TO A PERSON 36 UNDER THIS 37 REGISTERED UNDER THIS ARTICLE AS A DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR 38 HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL IS EITHER: (A) BEING DELIVERED BY THE39 PIPELINE, RAILCAR, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL TO Α TERMINAL, 40 WHICH TERMINAL IS REGISTERED UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED OPERATOR OF EIGHTY-THREE-B OF THIS ARTICLE, OR (B) WITHIN SUCH A TERMINAL 41 WHERE 42 BEEN SO DELIVERED. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE EXEMPTION SET FORTH 43 IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL IF IT IS REMOVED FROM A TERMINAL, OTHER THAN BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER 44 45 OTHER VESSEL.

S 4. Subdivision 5 of section 282-a of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part K of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

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5. All the provisions of this article relating to the administration and collection of the taxes on motor fuel, except [sections] SECTION two hundred eighty-three-a [and two hundred eighty-three-b] of this article, shall be applicable to the tax imposed by this section with such limitation as specifically provided for in this article with respect to Diesel motor fuel and with such modification as may be necessary to adapt the language of such provisions to the tax imposed by this section. With respect to the bond or other security required by subdivision three of

section two hundred eighty-three of this article, the commissioner, in determining the amount of bond or other security required for the purpose of securing tax payments, shall take into account the volume of non-highway Diesel motor fuel and other Diesel motor fuel sold for exempt purposes by a distributor of Diesel motor fuel during prior periods as a factor reducing potential tax liability along with any other relevant factors in determining the amount of security required. With respect to the bond required to be filed prior to registration as a Diesel motor fuel distributor, no bond shall be required of an applicant upon a finding of the applicant's fiscal responsibility, as reflected by such factors as net worth, current assets and liabilities, and tax reporting and payment history, and the department shall not provide for a minimum bond of every applicant.

- S 5. Section 300 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (s) to read as follows:
- (S) THE TERM "TERMINAL" SHALL HAVE THE SAME MEANING AS IN SUBDIVISION THIRTEEN OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER.
- S 6. Subparagraph (A) of paragraph 1 of subdivision (c) of section 301-a of the tax law, as amended by section 19 of part K of chapter 61 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (A) The highway diesel motor fuel component shall be determined by multiplying the motor fuel and highway diesel motor fuel rate times (1) the number of gallons of highway diesel motor fuel sold or used by a petroleum business in this state during the month covered by the return under this article and (2) with respect to any gallonage which prior thereto has not been included in the measure of the tax imposed by this article, times the number of gallons of highway diesel motor fuel [delivered] (i) REMOVED FROM A TERMINAL, OTHER THAN BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL, (II) DELIVERED to a filling station or [(ii)], (III) DELIVERED into the fuel tank connecting with the engine of a motor vehicle for use in the operation thereof, whichever of the latter [two] THREE events shall be the first to occur. Provided, however, that no highway diesel motor fuel shall be included in the measure of the tax unless it shall have previously come to rest within the meaning of federal decisional law interpreting the United States constitution, nor decisional law, nor shall any highway diesel motor fuel be included in the measure of the tax imposed by this article more than once.
- S 7. Subdivision (e) of section 301-b of the tax law, as amended by section 4 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
- (e) Sales of HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL, qualified biodiesel, non-highway diesel motor fuel and residual petroleum product to registered distributors of diesel motor fuel and registered residual petroleum product businesses.
- (1) THE SALE OF PREVIOUSLY UNTAXED HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL BY A PERSON REGISTERED UNDER ARTICLE TWELVE-A OF THIS CHAPTER AS A DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR FUEL TO A PERSON REGISTERED UNDER SUCH ARTICLE TWELVE-A AS A DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR FUEL WHERE THE HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL IS EITHER: (A) BEING DELIVERED BY PIPELINE, RAILCAR, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL TO A TERMINAL, THE OPERATOR OF WHICH TERMINAL IS REGISTERED UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE-B OF THIS CHAPTER, OR (B) WITHIN SUCH A TERMINAL WHERE IT HAS BEEN SO DELIVERED. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE EXEMPTION SET FORTH IN THIS PARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL IF IT IS REMOVED FROM A TERMINAL, OTHER THAN BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL.

(2) Qualified biodiesel and non-highway [Diesel] DIESEL motor fuel sold by a person registered under article twelve-A of this chapter as a distributor of diesel motor fuel to a person registered under such article twelve-A as a distributor of diesel motor fuel where such sale is not a retail sale or a sale that involves a delivery at a filling station or into a repository equipped with a hose or other apparatus by which such qualified biodiesel or non-highway [Diesel] DIESEL motor fuel can be dispensed into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle.

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- [(2)] (3) Residual petroleum product sold by a person registered under this article as a residual petroleum product business to a person registered under this article as a residual petroleum product business where such sale is not a retail sale. Provided, however, that the commissioner may require such documentary proof to qualify for any exemption provided in this section as the commissioner deems appropriate, including the expansion of any certifications required pursuant to section two hundred eighty-five-a or two hundred eighty-five-b of this chapter to cover the taxes imposed by this article.
- [(3)] (4) "Qualified biodiesel" means such term as defined in subdivision twenty-three of section two hundred eighty-two of this chapter.
- S 8. Clause (D) of subparagraph (ii) of paragraph 4 of subdivision (b) of section 1101 of the tax law, as added by chapter 261 of the laws of 1988, is amended to read as follows:
- (D) The terms "filling station", "TERMINAL" and "owner" shall have the same meaning as they have for the purposes of article twelve-A of this chapter.
- S 9. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 1102 of the tax law, as amended by section 5 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:
- Every distributor of diesel motor fuel shall pay, as a prepayment on account of the taxes imposed by this article and pursuant to the authority of article twenty-nine of this chapter, a tax upon the sale or of diesel motor fuel in this state. The tax shall be computed based upon the number of gallons of diesel motor fuel sold or used. Provided, however, if the tax has not been imposed prior thereto, it shall be imposed on THE REMOVAL OF HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL FROM A TERMINAL, BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL, OR the delivery of diesel motor fuel to a retail service station. The collection of such tax shall not be made applicable to the sale or use of diesel motor fuel under circumstances which preclude the collection of such tax by reason the United States constitution and of laws of the United States enacted pursuant thereto. The prepaid tax on diesel motor fuel shall not apply to (i) the sale of [previously untaxed] non-highway Diesel motor fuel to a person registered as a distributor of Diesel motor fuel other than a sale to such person which involves a delivery at a filling station or into a repository which is equipped with a hose or other apparatus by which such fuel can be dispensed into the fuel tank of a (ii) the sale to or delivery at a filling station or motor vehicle[,]; other retail vendor of water-white kerosene provided such filling station or other retail vendor only sells such water-white kerosene exclusively for heating purposes in containers of no more than twenty gallons or to the sale of CNG or hydrogen; [or] (iii) the sale of previqualified biodiesel, AS DEFINED untaxed IN SUBDIVISION TWENTY-THREE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER, person registered under article twelve-A of this chapter as a distributor of Diesel motor fuel other than (A) a retail sale to such person or (B) a sale to such person which involves a delivery at a filling station

or into a repository which is equipped with a hose or other apparatus by which such qualified biodiesel can be dispensed into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle[. "Qualified biodiesel" means such term as defined in subdivision twenty-three of section two hundred eighty-two of this chapter]; OR (IV) THE SALE OF PREVIOUSLY UNTAXED HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL BY A PERSON REGISTERED UNDER ARTICLE TWELVE-A OF THIS CHAPTER AS 7 DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR FUEL TO A PERSON REGISTERED UNDER SUCH ARTI-8 TWELVE-A AS A DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR FUEL WHERE THE HIGHWAY 9 DIESEL MOTOR FUEL IS EITHER: (A) BEING DELIVERED BY PIPELINE, RAILCAR, 10 TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL TO A TERMINAL, THE OPERATOR OF WHICH 11 TERMINAL IS REGISTERED UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE-B OF 12 (B) WITHIN SUCH A TERMINAL WHERE IT HAS BEEN SO DELIVERED. OR PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE EXEMPTION SET FORTH IN THIS 13 SUBPARAGRAPH 14 SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL IF IT IS REMOVED FROM A 15 TERMINAL, OTHER THAN BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL.

S 10. Paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 1102 of the tax law, as amended by section 6 of part E of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, is amended to read as follows:

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Every distributor of diesel motor fuel shall pay, as a prepayment on account of the taxes imposed by this article and pursuant to the authority of article twenty-nine of this chapter, a tax upon the sale or use of diesel motor fuel in this state. The tax shall be computed based upon the number of gallons of diesel motor fuel sold or used. Provided, if the tax has not been imposed prior thereto, it shall be imposed on THE REMOVAL OF HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL FROM A THAN BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL, OR the delivery of diesel motor fuel to a retail service station. The collection of such tax shall not be made applicable to the sale or use of diesel motor fuel under circumstances which preclude the collection of such tax by reason the United States constitution and of laws of the United States enacted pursuant thereto. The prepaid tax on diesel motor fuel shall not apply to (i) the sale of non-highway Diesel motor fuel to a person registered as a distributor of Diesel motor fuel other than a sale to such person which involves a delivery at a filling station or into a repository which is equipped with a hose or other apparatus by which such fuel can be dispensed into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle[,]; (ii) the sale to or delivery at a filling station or other retail vendor water-white kerosene provided such filling station or other retail vendor only sells such water-white kerosene exclusively for heating purposes in containers of no more than twenty gallons; [or] (iii) the sale of previously untaxed qualified biodiesel, AS DEFINED INSUBDIVI-SION TWENTY-THREE OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY-TWO OF THIS CHAPTER to a person registered under article twelve-A of this chapter as a distributor of Diesel motor fuel other than (A) a retail sale to such person or (B) a sale to such person which involves a delivery at a filling station or into a repository which is equipped with a hose or other apparatus by which such qualified biodiesel can be dispensed into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle[. "Qualified biodiesel" means such term as defined in subdivision twenty-three of section two hundred eighty-two of this chapter]; OR (IV) THE SALE OF PREVIOUSLY UNTAXED HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL BY A PERSON REGISTERED UNDER ARTICLE TWELVE-A OF THIS CHAPTER DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR FUEL TO A PERSON REGISTERED UNDER SUCH ARTI-TWELVE-A AS A DISTRIBUTOR OF DIESEL MOTOR FUEL WHERE THE HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL IS EITHER: (A) BEING DELIVERED BY PIPELINE, RAILCAR, OR OTHER VESSEL TO A TERMINAL, THE OPERATOR OF WHICH TERMINAL IS REGISTERED UNDER SECTION TWO HUNDRED EIGHTY-THREE-B OF

CHAPTER, OR (B) WITHIN SUCH A TERMINAL WHERE IT HAS BEEN SO DELIVERED. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT THE EXEMPTION SET FORTH IN THIS SUBPARAGRAPH SHALL NOT APPLY TO ANY HIGHWAY DIESEL MOTOR FUEL ONCE IT IS REMOVED FROM A TERMINAL, OTHER THAN BY PIPELINE, BARGE, TANKER OR OTHER VESSEL.

S 11. Section 1812-c of the tax law, as added by chapter 276 of the laws of 1986, is amended to read as follows:

S 1812-c. Person not licensed as terminal operator. Any person who, while not licensed as such pursuant to the provisions of article twelve-A of this chapter, operates as a terminal operator as defined in subdivision thirteen of section two hundred eighty-two of this chapter, except where all of the motor fuel OR DIESEL MOTOR FUEL stored in the storage facility is solely for such person's own use and consumption, shall be guilty of a class E felony.

S 12. This act shall take effect August 1, 2013; provided, however, that the amendments made to paragraph 2 of subdivision (a) of section 1102 of the tax law made by section nine of this act shall be subject to the expiration and reversion of such paragraph pursuant to section 19 of part W-1 of chapter 109 of the laws of 2006, as amended, when upon such date the provisions of section ten of this act shall take effect.

20 PART X

21 Section 1. Subdivision 3 of section 504 of the tax law, as amended by 22 chapter 194 of the laws of 1963, is amended to read as follows:

- 3. [Owned and operated] (A) OPERATED by a farmer OR BY A PERSON THAT BEARS THE RELATIONSHIP TO SUCH FARMER DESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION and used exclusively by such farmer OR SUCH PERSON in transporting [his] SUCH FARMER'S own agricultural commodities and products, pulpwood or livestock, including the packed, processed, or manufactured products thereof, that were originally grown or raised on [his] SUCH FARMER'S farm, lands or orchard, or when used to transport supplies and equipment to [his] SUCH FARMER'S farm or orchard that are consumed and used thereon or when operated by [a] SUCH farmer OR SUCH PERSON in transporting farm products from a farm contiguous to [his own] SUCH FARMER'S FARM.
- (B) THE RELATIONSHIP TO SUCH FARMER AS REFERENCED IN PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, SHALL INCLUDE:
- (I) MEMBERS OF A FAMILY, INCLUDING SPOUSES, ANCESTORS, LINEAL DESCENDANTS, BROTHERS AND SISTERS (WHETHER BY THE WHOLE OR HALF BLOOD), AND ENTITIES RELATED TO SUCH A FAMILY MEMBER AS DESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPHS (II) THROUGH (IV) OF THIS PARAGRAPH;
- (II) A SHAREHOLDER AND A CORPORATION MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE VALUE OF THE OUTSTANDING STOCK OF WHICH IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY SUCH SHAREHOLDER;
- (III) A PARTNER AND A PARTNERSHIP MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE CAPITAL OR PROFITS INTEREST IN WHICH IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY SUCH PARTNER;
- (IV) A BENEFICIARY AND A TRUST MORE THAN FIFTY PERCENT OF THE BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN WHICH IS OWNED OR CONTROLLED DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY BY SUCH BENEFICIARY;
- 49 (V) TWO OR MORE CORPORATIONS, PARTNERSHIPS, ASSOCIATIONS, OR TRUSTS, 50 OR ANY COMBINATION THEREOF, WHICH ARE OWNED OR CONTROLLED, EITHER 51 DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY, BY THE SAME PERSON, CORPORATION OR OTHER ENTITY, 52 OR INTERESTS; AND
 - (VI) A GRANTOR OF A TRUST AND SUCH TRUST.

1 S 2. This act shall take effect on the first day of the first month 2 next occurring 60 days after this act shall have become a law.

3 PART Y

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Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 612 of the tax law is amended by adding a new paragraph 39 to read as follows:

- (39) IN THE CASE OF A TAXPAYER WHO IS A SMALL BUSINESS WHO HAS BUSI-INCOME AND/OR FARM INCOME AS DEFINED IN THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THREE PERCENT OF THE NET ITEMS OF GAIN, LOSS AND DEDUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH BUSINESS OR FARM ENTERING INTO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, BUT NOT LESS THAN ZERO, FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THREE AND THREE-QUARTERS PERCENT OF THE NET ITEMS OF INCOME, GAIN, LOSS DEDUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH BUSINESS OR FARM ENTERING INTO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, BUT NOT LESS THAN ZERO, FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGIN-NING AFTER TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, AND AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT OF ITEMS OF INCOME, GAIN, LOSS AND DEDUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH BUSINESS OR FARM ENTERING INTO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, THAN ZERO, FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM SMALL BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A SOLE PROPRIETOR OR A FARM BUSINESS WHO EMPLOYS ONE OR MORE TAXABLE YEAR AND WHO HAS NET BUSINESS INCOME OR NET FARM DURING THE INCOME OF LESS THAN TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.
- S 2. Subdivision (c) of section 11-1712 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding new paragraph 35 to read as follows:
- (35) IN THE CASE OF A TAXPAYER WHO IS A SMALL BUSINESS WHO HAS BUSI-INCOME AND/OR FARM INCOME AS DEFINED IN THE LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THREE PERCENT OF THE NET ITEMS OF INCOME, GAIN, LOSS AND DEDUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH BUSINESS OR FARM ENTERING INTO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, BUT NOT LESS THAN ZERO, FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN, AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO THREE AND THREE-QUARTERS PERCENT OF THE NET ITEMS OF INCOME, GAIN, LOSS AND DEDUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH BUSINESS OR FARM ENTERING INTO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, BUT NOT LESS THAN ZERO, FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGIN-NING AFTER TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, AND AN AMOUNT EQUAL TO FIVE PERCENT OF ITEMS OF INCOME, GAIN, LOSS AND DEDUCTION ATTRIBUTABLE TO SUCH BUSINESS OR FARM ENTERING INTO FEDERAL ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, BUT NOT THAN ZERO, FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING AFTER TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE TERM SMALL BUSINESS SHALL MEAN A SOLE PROPRIETOR OR A FARM BUSINESS WHO EMPLOYS ONE OR MORE PERSONS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR AND WHO HAS NET BUSINESS INCOME OR NET FARM INCOME OF LESS THAN TWO HUNDRED FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.
 - S 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

44 PART Z

Section 1. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax 46 law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (vii) to read as follows:

(VII) FOR A OUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBPARA-

(VII) FOR A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBPARA-GRAPH (VI) OF THIS PARAGRAPH, THE RATE AT WHICH THE TAX IS COMPUTED IN EFFECT FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOU-SAND THIRTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN FOR QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURERS SHALL BE REDUCED BY NINE AND TWO-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO

THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, TWELVE AND THREE-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, FIFTEEN AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN, AND TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN.

- S 2. Paragraph (b) of subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subparagraph 3 to read as follows:
- (3) FOR A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH THIS PARAGRAPH, THE RATE AT WHICH THE TAX IS COMPUTED IN EFFECT FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN SHALL BE REDUCED BY NINE AND TWO-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, TWELVE AND THREE-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, FIFTEEN AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN, AND TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN.
- S 3. Paragraph (c) of subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subparagraph (iii) to read as follows:
- (III) FOR A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (VI) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE RATE AT WHICH THE TAX IS COMPUTED IN EFFECT FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN FOR QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURERS SHALL BE REDUCED BY NINE AND TWO-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, TWELVE AND THREE-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, FIFTEEN AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN.
- S 4. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 1 of section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subparagraph 6 to read as follows:
- (6) FOR A QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURER, AS DEFINED IN SUBPARAGRAPH (VI) OF PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, THE AMOUNTS PRESCRIBED IN SUBPARAGRAPHS ONE AND FOUR OF THIS PARAGRAPH IN EFFECT FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN FOR QUALIFIED NEW YORK MANUFACTURERS SHALL BE REDUCED BY NINE AND TWO-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, TWELVE AND THREE-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND FOUR-TENTHS PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS COMMENCING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN, AND TWENTY-FIVE PERCENT FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN, THE TENDER OF TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN.
- S 5. This act shall take effect immediately.

55 PART AA

Section 1. Section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 23-a to read as follows:

- 23-A. HIRE A VET CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, FOR HIRING AND EMPLOYING, FOR NOT LESS THAN ONE YEAR AND FOR NOT LESS THAN THIRTY-FIVE HOURS EACH WEEK, A QUALIFIED VETERAN WITHIN THE STATE. THE TAXPAYER MAY CLAIM THE CREDIT IN THE YEAR IN WHICH THE QUALIFIED VETERAN COMPLETES ONE YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER. IF THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVI-SION, THE TAXPAYER MAY NOT USE THE HIRING OF A QUALIFIED VETERAN THAT IS THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT IN THE BASIS OF ANY OTHER CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
 - (B) QUALIFIED VETERAN. A QUALIFIED VETERAN IS AN INDIVIDUAL:
- (1) WHO SERVED ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, NAVY, AIR FORCE, MARINE CORPS, COAST GUARD OR THE RESERVES THEREOF, OR WHO SERVED IN ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMY NATIONAL GUARD, AIR NATIONAL GUARD, NEW YORK GUARD OR NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA; WHO WAS RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY BY GENERAL OR HONORABLE DISCHARGE AFTER SEPTEMBER ELEVENTH, TWO THOUSAND ONE;
- (2) WHO COMMENCES EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN; AND
- WHO CERTIFIES BY SIGNED AFFIDAVIT, UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, THAT HE OR SHE HAS NOT BEEN EMPLOYED FOR THIRTY-FIVE OR MORE HOURS DURING ANY WEEK IN THE ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO HIS OR HER EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER.
- (C) EMPLOYER PROHIBITION. AN EMPLOYER SHALL NOT DISCHARGE AN EMPLOYEE AND HIRE A QUALIFYING VETERAN SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF QUALIFYING FOR THIS CREDIT.
- (D) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE TEN PERCENT OF TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT, IF THE QUALIFIED VETERAN IS A DISABLED VETERAN, AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHTY-FIVE OF THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT EXCEED IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR, FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY OUALIFIED VETERAN AND FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED VETERAN WHO IS A DISABLED VETERAN.
- (E) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXA-YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING THREE YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.
- 51 S 2. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xxxv) to read as 52 53 follows:
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OF SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-SIX

- S 3. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection (a-2) to read as follows:
- (A-2) HIRE A VET CREDIT. (1) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, FOR HIRING AND EMPLOYING, FOR NOT LESS THAN ONE YEAR AND FOR NOT LESS THAN THIRTY-FIVE HOURS EACH WEEK, A QUALIFIED VETERAN WITHIN THE STATE. THE TAXPAYER MAY CLAIM THE CREDIT IN THE YEAR IN WHICH THE QUALIFIED VETERAN COMPLETES ONE YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER. IF THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, THE TAXPAYER MAY NOT USE THE HIRING OF A QUALIFIED VETERAN THAT IS THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT IN THE BASIS OF ANY OTHER CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS ARTICLE.
 - (2) QUALIFIED VETERAN. A QUALIFIED VETERAN IS AN INDIVIDUAL:
- (A) WHO SERVED ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, NAVY, AIR FORCE, MARINE CORPS, COAST GUARD OR THE RESERVES THEREOF, OR WHO SERVED IN ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMY NATIONAL GUARD, AIR NATIONAL GUARD, NEW YORK GUARD OR NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA; WHO WAS RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY BY GENERAL OR HONORABLE DISCHARGE AFTER SEPTEMBER ELEVENTH, TWO THOUSAND ONE;
- (B) WHO COMMENCES EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN; AND
- (C) WHO CERTIFIES BY SIGNED AFFIDAVIT, UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, THAT HE OR SHE HAS NOT BEEN EMPLOYED FOR THIRTY-FIVE OR MORE HOURS DURING ANY WEEK IN THE ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO HIS OR HER EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER.
- (3) EMPLOYER PROHIBITION. AN EMPLOYER SHALL NOT DISCHARGE AN EMPLOYEE AND HIRE A QUALIFYING VETERAN SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF QUALIFYING FOR THIS CREDIT.
- (4) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO HE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT, IF THE QUALIFIED VETERAN IS A DISABLED VETERAN, AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHTY-FIVE OF THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR, FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED VETERAN AND FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED VETERAN WHO IS A DISABLED VETERAN.
- (5) CARRYOVER. IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR EXCEEDS THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING THREE YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.
- S 4. Section 1456 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection (e-1) to read as follows:
- (E-1) HIRE A VET CREDIT. (1) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBSECTION, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, FOR HIRING AND EMPLOYING, FOR NOT LESS THAN ONE

YEAR AND FOR NOT LESS THAN THIRTY-FIVE HOURS EACH WEEK, A QUALIFIED VETERAN WITHIN THE STATE. THE TAXPAYER MAY CLAIM THE CREDIT IN THE YEAR IN WHICH THE QUALIFIED VETERAN COMPLETES ONE YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER. IF THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION, THE TAXPAYER MAY NOT USE THE HIRING OF A QUALIFIED VETERAN THAT IS THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT IN THE BASIS OF ANY OTHER CREDIT ALLOWED IN THIS ARTICLE.

(2) QUALIFIED VETERAN. A QUALIFIED VETERAN IS AN INDIVIDUAL:

- (A) WHO SERVED ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, NAVY, AIR FORCE, MARINE CORPS, COAST GUARD OR THE RESERVES THEREOF, OR WHO SERVED IN ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMY NATIONAL GUARD, AIR NATIONAL GUARD, NEW YORK GUARD OR NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA; WHO WAS RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY BY GENERAL OR HONORABLE DISCHARGE AFTER SEPTEMBER ELEVENTH, TWO THOUSAND ONE;
- (B) WHO COMMENCES EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN; AND
- (C) WHO CERTIFIES BY SIGNED AFFIDAVIT, UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, THAT HE OR SHE HAS NOT BEEN EMPLOYED FOR THIRTY-FIVE OR MORE HOURS DURING ANY WEEK IN THE ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO HIS OR HER EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER.
- (3) EMPLOYER PROHIBITION. AN EMPLOYER SHALL NOT DISCHARGE AN EMPLOYEE AND HIRE A QUALIFYING VETERAN SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF QUALIFYING FOR THIS CREDIT.
- (4) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT, IF THE QUALIFIED VETERAN IS A DISABLED VETERAN, AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHTY-FIVE OF THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBSECTION SHALL NOT EXCEED IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR, FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED VETERAN AND FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED VETERAN WHO IS A DISABLED VETERAN.
- (5) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH THREE OF SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING THREE YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.
- S 5. Section 1511 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (q-1) to read as follows:
- 46 (G-1) HIRE A VET CREDIT. (1) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. FOR TAXABLE YEARS
 47 BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND BEFORE
 48 JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A
 49 CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN THIS SUBDIVISION, AGAINST THE TAX
 50 IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE, FOR HIRING AND EMPLOYING, FOR NOT LESS THAN ONE
 51 YEAR AND FOR NOT LESS THAN THIRTY-FIVE HOURS EACH WEEK, A QUALIFIED
 52 VETERAN WITHIN THE STATE. THE TAXPAYER MAY CLAIM THE CREDIT IN THE YEAR
 53 IN WHICH THE QUALIFIED VETERAN COMPLETES ONE YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT BY THE
 54 TAXPAYER. IF THE TAXPAYER CLAIMS THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVI55 SION, THE TAXPAYER MAY NOT USE THE HIRING OF A QUALIFIED VETERAN THAT IS

THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT IN THE BASIS OF ANY OTHER CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS ARTICLE.

- (2) QUALIFIED VETERAN. A QUALIFIED VETERAN IS AN INDIVIDUAL:
- (A) WHO SERVED ON ACTIVE DUTY IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, NAVY, AIR FORCE, MARINE CORPS, COAST GUARD OR THE RESERVES THEREOF, OR WHO SERVED IN ACTIVE MILITARY SERVICE OF THE UNITED STATES AS A MEMBER OF THE ARMY NATIONAL GUARD, AIR NATIONAL GUARD, NEW YORK GUARD OR NEW YORK NAVAL MILITIA; WHO WAS RELEASED FROM ACTIVE DUTY BY GENERAL OR HONORABLE DISCHARGE AFTER SEPTEMBER ELEVENTH, TWO THOUSAND ONE;
- (B) WHO COMMENCES EMPLOYMENT BY THE QUALIFIED TAXPAYER ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN; AND
- (C) WHO CERTIFIES BY SIGNED AFFIDAVIT, UNDER PENALTY OF PERJURY, THAT HE OR SHE HAS NOT BEEN EMPLOYED FOR THIRTY-FIVE OR MORE HOURS DURING ANY WEEK IN THE ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY DAY PERIOD IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO HIS OR HER EMPLOYMENT BY THE TAXPAYER.
- (3) EMPLOYER PROHIBITION. AN EMPLOYER SHALL NOT DISCHARGE AN EMPLOYEE AND HIRE A QUALIFYING VETERAN SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF QUALIFYING FOR THIS CREDIT.
- (4) AMOUNT OF CREDIT. THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE TEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT, IF THE QUALIFIED VETERAN IS A DISABLED VETERAN, AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION EIGHTY-FIVE OF THE CIVIL SERVICE LAW, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT SHALL BE FIFTEEN PERCENT OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF WAGES PAID TO THE QUALIFIED VETERAN DURING THE VETERAN'S FIRST FULL YEAR OF EMPLOYMENT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT EXCEED IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR, FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS FOR ANY QUALIFIED VETERAN WHO IS A DISABLED VETERAN.
- (5) CARRYOVER. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH FOUR OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO OF THIS ARTICLE OR THE MINIMUM TAX PRESCRIBED IN SECTION FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO-A OF THIS ARTICLE, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWABLE UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR MAY BE CARRIED OVER TO THE FOLLOWING THREE YEARS AND MAY BE DEDUCTED FROM THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR OR YEARS.
 - S 6. This act shall take effect immediately.

42 PART BB

 Section 1. Paragraphs (a) and (b) of subdivision 6 of section 18-a of the public service law, as added by section 4 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

(a) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, and subject to the exceptions provided for in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, for the state fiscal year beginning on April first, two thousand nine and [four] EIGHT state fiscal years thereafter, a temporary annual assess-ment (hereinafter "temporary state energy and utility service conserva-tion assessment") is hereby imposed on public utility companies (includ-for the purposes of this subdivision municipalities other than municipalities as defined in section eighty-nine-l of this chapter), corporations (including for purposes of this subdivision the Long Island

power authority), and persons subject to the commission's regulation (hereinafter such public utility companies, corporations, and persons are referred to collectively as the "utility entities") to encourage the conservation of energy and other resources provided through utility entities, to be assessed in the manner provided in this subdivision; provided, however, that such assessment shall not be imposed upon telephone corporations as defined in subdivision seventeen of section two of this article.

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(b) The temporary state energy and utility service conservation assessment shall be [equal to two] BASED UPON THE FOLLOWING percentum of the utility entity's gross operating revenues derived from intrastate utility operations in the last preceding calendar year, minus the amount, if any, that such utility entity is assessed pursuant to subdivisions one and two of this section for the corresponding state fiscal year period: (1) TWO PERCENTUM FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN AND THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN; (2) ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PERCENTUM FOR STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN; AND (3) ONE AND ONE-HALF PERCENTUM FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN. WITH RESPECT TO THE TEMPORARY STATE UTILITY SERVICE CONSERVATION ASSESSMENT TO BE PAID FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN AND (I) OF PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, ON OR BEFORE STANDING CLAUSE MARCH TENTH, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, UTILITY ENTITIES SHALL MAKE PAYMENT EQUAL TO ONE-HALF OF THE ASSESSMENT PAID BY SUCH ENTITIES PURSU-THIS PARAGRAPH FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING ON APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN. With respect to the Long Island power the temporary state energy and utility service conservation assessment shall be [equal to one] BASED UPON THE FOLLOWING percentum of such authority's gross operating revenues derived from intrastate utility operations in the last preceding calendar year: (1) ONE PERCENTUM FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND THIRTEEN AND STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN; (2) THREE-QUARTERS OF ONE PERCENTUM FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN; AND (3) ONE-HALF PERCENTUM FOR THE APRIL FIRST, STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN. RESPECT TO THE TEMPORARY STATE ENERGY AND UTILITY SERVICE CONSERVATION ASSESSMENT TO BE PAID FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING APRIL FIRST, THOUSAND SEVENTEEN AND NOTWITHSTANDING CLAUSE (I) OF PARAGRAPH (D) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, ON OR BEFORE MARCH TENTH, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN, ISLAND POWER AUTHORITY SHALL MAKE A PAYMENT EQUAL TO ONE-HALF LONG OF THE ASSESSMENT IT PAID FOR THE STATE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING ON APRIL TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN. No corporation or person subject to the jurisdiction of the commission only with respect to safety, or the power authority of the state of New York, shall be subject to the temporary state energy and utility service conservation assessment provided for under this subdivision. Utility entities whose gross operating revenues from intrastate utility operations are five hundred thousand dollars or less in the preceding calendar year shall not be subject to the temporary state energy and utility service conservation assessment. The minitemporary state energy and utility service conservation assessment to be billed to any utility entity whose gross revenues from intrastate utility operations are in excess of five hundred thousand dollars in the preceding calendar year shall be two hundred dollars.

S 2. Section 6 of part NN of chapter 59 of the laws of 2009, amending the public service law relating to financing the operations of the

department of public service, the public service commission, department support and energy management services provided by other state agencies, increasing the utility assessment cap and the minimum threshold for collection thereunder, and establishing a temporary state energy and utility service conservation assessment and providing for the collection thereof, is amended to read as follows:

- S 6. This act shall take effect immediately; provided, however, that subdivision 6 of section 18-a of the public service law, as added by section four of this act shall take effect April 1, 2009 and shall expire and be deemed repealed March 31, [2014] 2017; [and] provided, [further,] that if section four of this act shall become law after April 1, 2009, it shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2009; AND PROVIDED, FURTHER, THAT THE PROVISIONS OF SUBDIVISION 6 OF SECTION 18-A OF THE PUBLIC SERVICE LAW SHALL CONTINUE IN EFFECT WITH REGARD TO ALL SUCH ASSESSMENTS INCURRED PRIOR TO REPEAL OF THIS SECTION.
- 17 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately and shall be deemed to 18 have been in full force and effect on and after April 1, 2013; provided, 19 however, that the amendments to subdivision 6 of section 18-a of the 20 public service law made by section one of this act shall not affect the 21 repeal of such subdivision and shall be deemed to be repealed therewith.

22 PART CC

23 Section 1. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new 24 subsection (vv) to read as follows:

(VV) FAMILY TAX RELIEF CREDIT. 1. AN INDIVIDUAL TAXPAYER WHO MEETS THE ELIGIBILITY STANDARDS IN PARAGRAPH TWO OF THIS SUBSECTION SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAXES IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE OF THREE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS PER RETURN FOR TAX YEARS TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, AND TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN.

- 2. TO BE ELIGIBLE FOR THE CREDIT, THE TAXPAYER (OR TAXPAYERS FILING JOINT RETURNS) ON THE PERSONAL INCOME TAX RETURN FILED FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR TWO YEARS PRIOR, MUST HAVE (A) BEEN A RESIDENT, (B) CLAIMED ONE OR MORE DEPENDENT CHILDREN WHO WERE UNDER THE AGE OF SEVENTEEN ON THE LAST DAY OF THE TAXABLE YEAR, (C) HAD NEW YORK ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME OF AT LEAST FORTY THOUSAND DOLLARS BUT NO GREATER THAN THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS, AND (D) HAD A TAX LIABILITY AS DETERMINED UNDER PARAGRAPH THREE OF THIS SUBSECTION OF GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO ZERO.
- 3. FOR PURPOSES OF THIS SUBSECTION, TAX LIABILITY SHALL BE DETERMINED BY APPLYING THE TAX RATE CALCULATIONS IN SECTIONS SIX HUNDRED ONE AND SIX HUNDRED ONE-A OF THIS PART TO THE TAXPAYER'S TAXABLE INCOME AND THEN SUBTRACTING FROM THAT AMOUNT ANY OTHER TAX CREDITS ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION OR SECTION SIX HUNDRED TWENTY OF THIS ARTICLE.
- 4. FOR EACH YEAR THIS CREDIT IS ALLOWED, ON OR BEFORE OCTOBER FIFTEENTH OF SUCH YEAR, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL DETERMINE THE TAXPAYER'S ELIGIBILITY FOR THIS CREDIT UTILIZING THE INFORMATION AVAILABLE TO THE COMMISSIONER ON THE TAXPAYER'S PERSONAL INCOME TAX RETURN FILED FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR TWO YEARS PRIOR TO THE TAXABLE YEAR IN WHICH THE CREDIT IS ALLOWED. FOR THOSE TAXPAYERS WHOM THE COMMISSIONER HAS DETERMINED ELIGIBLE FOR THIS CREDIT, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL ADVANCE A PAYMENT OF THREE HUNDRED FIFTY DOLLARS. WHEN A TAXPAYER FILES HIS OR HER RETURN FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, SUCH TAXPAYER SHALL PROPERLY RECONCILE THAT PAYMENT ON HIS OR HER RETURN.
- 53 5. IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION SHALL 54 EXCEED THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR THE TAXABLE YEAR, THE EXCESS SHALL BE

1 TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORD-2 ANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS ARTICLE, 3 PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.

S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

5 PART DD

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Section 1. Subdivision (b) of section 25-a of the labor law, as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

- (b) Definitions. (1) The term "qualified employer" means an employer that has been certified by the commissioner to participate in the New York youth works tax credit program and that employs one or more qualified employees.
 - (2) The term "qualified employee" means an individual:
 - (i) who is between the age of sixteen and twenty-four;
- (ii) who resides in a city with a population of [sixty-two] FIFTY-FIVE thousand or more or a town with a population of four hundred eighty thousand or more;
- (iii) who is low-income or at-risk, as those terms are defined by the commissioner;
- (iv) who is unemployed prior to being hired by the qualified employer; and
- (v) who will be working for the qualified employer in a full-time or part-time position that pays wages that are equivalent to the wages paid for similar jobs, with appropriate adjustments for experience and training, and for which no other employee has been terminated, or where the employer has not otherwise reduced its workforce by involuntary terminations with the intention of filling the vacancy by creating a new hire.
- S 2. Subdivisions (a) and (d) of section 25-a of the labor law, subdivision (a) as added by section 1 of part D of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011 and subdivision (d) as amended by section 1 of part T of chapter 59 of the laws of 2012, are amended to read as follows:
- (a) The commissioner is authorized to establish and administer the New York youth works tax credit program to provide tax incentives to employers for employing at risk youth in part-time and full-time positions [in]. THERE WILL BE FIVE DISTINCT POOLS OF TAX INCENTIVES. PROGRAM ONE COVER TAX INCENTIVES ALLOCATED FOR two thousand twelve and two PROGRAM TWO WILL COVER TAX INCENTIVES thousand thirteen. ALLOCATED THOUSAND FOURTEEN TO BE USED IN TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND FIFTEEN. PROGRAM THREE WILL COVER TAX INCENTIVES ALLOCATED IN TWO IN TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND SIXTEEN. PROGRAM FOUR FIFTEEN TO BEUSED WILL COVER TAX INCENTIVES ALLOCATED IN TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN TO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND SEVENTEEN. PROGRAM FIVE WILL COVER TAX INCENTIVES ALLOCATED IN TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN TO BE USED IN TWO THOU-SEVENTEEN AND EIGHTEEN. The commissioner is authorized to allocate up to twenty-five million dollars of tax credits under [this] TAX CREDITS UNDER PROGRAM TWO, SIX MILLION SIX MILLION DOLLARS OF DOLLARS OF TAX CREDITS UNDER PROGRAM THREE, AND SIX MILLION DOLLARS TAX CREDITS UNDER PROGRAM FOUR, AND SIX MILLION DOLLARS OF TAX CREDITS UNDER PROGRAM FIVE.
- (d) To participate in the New York youth works tax credit program, an employer must submit an application (in a form prescribed by the commissioner) to the commissioner after January first, two thousand twelve but no later than November thirtieth, two thousand twelve FOR PROGRAM ONE,

AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN BUT NO LATER THAN NOVEMBER THIRTIETH, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN FOR PROGRAM TWO, AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN BUT NO LATER THAN NOVEMBER THIRTIETH, TWO FIFTEEN FOR PROGRAM THREE, AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN BUT NO LATER THAN NOVEMBER THIRTIETH, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN FOR PROGRAM FOUR, AND AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN BUT NO LATER THAN NOVEM-7 TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN FOR PROGRAM FIVE. The qualified THIRTIETH, employees must start their employment on or after January first, two 8 thousand twelve but no later than December thirty-first, two thousand 9 10 twelve FOR PROGRAM ONE, ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN BUT NO LATER THAN DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO 11 THOUSAND FOURTEEN TWO, ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN BUT NO 12 PROGRAM 13 LATER THAN DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN FOR PROGRAM 14 THREE, ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN BUT NO LATER THAN 15 DECEMBER THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN FOR PROGRAM FOUR, AND ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN BUT NO LATER THAN 16 DECEMBER 17 THIRTY-FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN FOR PROGRAM FIVE. The commissioner shall establish guidelines and criteria that specify requirements for 18 19 employers to participate in the program including criteria for certify-20 ing qualified employees. Any regulations that the commissioner deter-21 mines are necessary may be adopted on an emergency basis notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section two hundred two of the state admin-23 istrative procedure act. Such requirements may include the types of 24 industries that the employers are engaged in. The commissioner may give preference to employers that are engaged in demand occupations or indus-26 tries, or in regional growth sectors, including those identified by the regional economic development councils, such as clean energy, health-care, advanced manufacturing and conservation. In addition, the commis-27 28 29 sioner shall give preference to employers who offer advancement employee benefit packages to the qualified individuals. 30

S 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

32 PART EE

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33 Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 38 to read 34 as follows:

S 38. MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT. (A) A TAXPAYER THAT IS AN ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER OR AN OWNER OF AN ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER AS DEFINED IN SUBDIVISION (B) OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE ELIGIBLE FOR A CREDIT AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED UNDER ARTICLE NINE, NINE-A, TWENTY-TWO, THIRTY-TWO OR THIRTY-THREE OF THIS ARTICLE, PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS REFERENCED IN SUBDIVISION (E) OF THIS SECTION.

- ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER IS A CORPORATION (INCLUDING A NEW YORK S CORPORATION), A SOLE PROPRIETORSHIP, A LIMITED LIABILITY COMPANY PARTNERSHIP. AN ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE IS AN INDIVIDUAL WHO IS (I) EMPLOYED BY AN ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER IN NEW YORK STATE, (II) PAID AT THE MINIMUM WAGE RATE AS DEFINED IN ARTICLE NINETEEN OF THE LABOR LAW DURING THE TAXABLE ΒY THE ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER, (III) BETWEEN THE AGES OF SIXTEEN AND NINETEEN DURING THE PERIOD IN WHICH HE OR SHE IS PAID AT SUCH WAGE RATE BY THE ELIGIBLE EMPLOYER, AND (IV) A STUDENT DURING THE PERIOD IN WHICH HE OR SHE IS PAID AT SUCH MINIMUM WAGE RATE BY THE TAXPAYER.
- (C) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOU-SAND FOURTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE PRODUCT OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR BY ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES FOR WHICH THEY WERE PAID AT THE MINIMUM WAGE RATE AS DEFINED

ARTICLE NINETEEN OF THE LABOR LAW AND SEVENTY FIVE CENTS. FOR TAXA-BLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND FIFTEEN AND JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN, THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE EQUAL TO THE PRODUCT OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR WORKED BY ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES FOR WHICH THEY WERE PAID AT SUCH MINIMUM WAGE RATE AND ONE DOLLAR AND THIR-7 FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TY-ONE CENTS. TWO THOUSAND SIXTEEN AND BEFORE JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOUSAND NINETEEN, 9 AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION SHALL BE EQUAL TO 10 THE PRODUCT OF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS DURING THE TAXABLE YEAR WORKED BY ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEES FOR WHICH THEY WERE PAID AT SUCH MINIMUM WAGE RATE 12 AND ONE DOLLAR AND THIRTY-FIVE CENTS. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IF THE FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE ESTABLISHED BY FEDERAL LAW PURSUANT TO 29 U.S.C. SECTION 13 14 206 OR ITS SUCCESSORS IS INCREASED ABOVE EIGHTY-FIVE PERCENT OF MINIMUM WAGE IN ARTICLE NINETEEN OF THE LABOR LAW, THE DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN 16 THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE REDUCED TO THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE MINIMUM 17 WAGE IN ARTICLE NINETEEN OF THE LABOR LAW AND THE FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE. SUCH REDUCTION WOULD TAKE EFFECT ON THE DATE THAT EMPLOYERS ARE REQUIRED 18 19 TO PAY SUCH FEDERAL MINIMUM WAGE.

- (D) EMPLOYER PROHIBITION. AN EMPLOYER SHALL NOT DISCHARGE AN EMPLOYEE AND HIRE AN ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE SOLELY FOR THE PURPOSE OF QUALIFYING FOR THIS CREDIT. AN ELIGIBLE EMPLOYEE WHO IS USED AS THE BASIS FOR THIS CREDIT MAY NOT BE USED AS THE BASIS OF ANY OTHER CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS CHAPTER.
- (E) CROSS REFERENCES: FOR APPLICATION OF THE CREDIT PROVIDED IN THIS SECTION, SEE THE FOLLOWING PROVISIONS OF THIS CHAPTER:
 - (1) ARTICLE 9: SECTION 187-S.

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- (2) ARTICLE 9-A: SECTION 210, SUBDIVISION 46.
- (3) ARTICLE 22: SECTION 606, SUBSECTION (AAA).
- (4) ARTICLE 32: SECTION 1456, SUBSECTION (Z).
- (5) ARTICLE 33: SECTION 1511, SUBDIVISION (CC).
- S 2. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 187-s to read as follows:
- S 187-S MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE.
- (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR MAY NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE MINIMUM TAX PRESCRIBED IN SUBDIVISION TWO OF SECTION ONE HUNDRED EIGHTY-FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.
- S 3. Section 210 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision 46 to read as follows:
- 46. MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT. (A) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.
- 55 (B) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION 56 FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR MAY NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS

THAN THE AMOUNT PRESCRIBED IN PARAGRAPH (D) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF THIS SECTION. HOWEVER, IF THE AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHT-SY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.

S 4. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (i) of section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new clause (xxxv) to read as follows:

(XXXV) MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT UNDER SUBSECTION (AAA)

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AMOUNT OF CREDIT UNDER SUBDIVISION FORTY-SIX OF SECTION TWO HUNDRED TEN OR SUBSECTION (Z) OF SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-SIX

- S 5. Section 606 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection (aaa) to read as follows:
- (AAA) MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT. (1) A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED IN SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.
- (2) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. IF THE AMOUNT OF THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR EXCEEDS THE TAXPAYER'S TAX FOR SUCH YEAR, THE EXCESS WILL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS ARTICLE, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THAT NO INTEREST WILL BE PAID THEREON.
- S 6. Section 1456 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subsection (z) to read as follows:
- (Z) MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT. (1) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.
- (2) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT, IN THE AGGREGATE, REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR YEAR TO LESS THAN THE MINIMUM TAX FIXED BY SUBSECTION (B) OF SECTION FOURTEEN HUNDRED FIFTY-FIVE OF THIS ARTICLE. HOWEVER, AMOUNT OF CREDIT OF SUCH CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBSECTION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR REDUCES THE TAX TO SUCH AMOUNT, THEN ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT DEDUCTIBLE SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT OF TAX TO BE CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER, THE PROVISIONS OF SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.
- S 7. Section 1511 of the tax law is amended by adding a new subdivision (cc) to read as follows:
- (CC) MINIMUM WAGE REIMBURSEMENT CREDIT. (1) ALLOWANCE OF CREDIT. A TAXPAYER SHALL BE ALLOWED A CREDIT, TO BE COMPUTED AS PROVIDED UNDER SECTION THIRTY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER, AGAINST THE TAX IMPOSED BY THIS ARTICLE.
- (2) APPLICATION OF CREDIT. THE CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SHALL NOT REDUCE THE TAX DUE FOR SUCH YEAR TO LESS THAN THE MINIMUM TAX FIXED BY PARAGRAPH FOUR OF SUBDIVISION (A) OF SECTION FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO OF THIS ARTICLE OR BY SECTION FIFTEEN HUNDRED TWO-A OF THIS ARTICLE, WHICHEVER IS APPLICABLE. HOWEVER, IF THE

AMOUNT OF CREDIT ALLOWED UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION FOR ANY TAXABLE YEAR SUCH AMOUNT, THEN ANY AMOUNT OF CREDIT THUS NOT REDUCES THE TAX TO

DEDUCTIBLE IN SUCH TAXABLE YEAR SHALL BE TREATED AS AN OVERPAYMENT

- 3 CREDITED OR REFUNDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF
- 5 SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER. PROVIDED, HOWEVER,
- SUBSECTION (C) OF SECTION ONE THOUSAND EIGHTY-EIGHT OF 6 OF **PROVISIONS**
- 7 THIS CHAPTER NOTWITHSTANDING, NO INTEREST SHALL BE PAID THEREON.
- 8 S 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

9 PART FF

10 Section 1. Paragraph 1 of subsection (a) of section 601 of the tax law as added by section 1 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 11 2011. 12 amended to read as follows:

13 (1)(A) For taxable years beginning after two thousand eleven and 14 before two thousand [fifteen] EIGHTEEN:

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    If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
16
    Not over $16,000
                                            4% of taxable income
17
    Over $16,000 but not over $22,000
                                           $640 plus 4.5% of excess over
18
                                            $16,000
19
    Over $22,000 but not over $26,000
                                            $910 plus 5.25% of excess over
20
                                           $22,000
21
    Over $26,000 but not over $40,000
                                            $1,120 plus 5.90% of excess over
22
                                           $26,000
23
    Over $40,000 but not over $150,000
                                           $1,946 plus 6.45% of excess over
24
                                            $40,000
25
    Over $150,000 but not over $300,000
                                            $9,041 plus 6.65% of excess over
26
                                            $150,000
27
    Over $300,000 but not over $2,000,000 $19,016 plus 6.85% of excess over
28
                                           $300,000
29
    Over $2,000,000
                                            $135,466 plus 8.82% of excess over
30
                                           $2,000,000
```

(B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand [fourteen] SEVEN-31 TEEN, the following brackets and dollar amounts shall apply, as adjusted 32 by the cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a 33 34 of this part for tax years two thousand thirteen [and two thousand four-35 teen] THROUGH TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN:

```
If the New York taxable income is:
36
                                            The tax is:
37
    Not over $16,000
                                            4% of taxable income
38
    Over $16,000 but not over $22,000
                                            $640 plus 4.5% of excess over
39
                                            $16,000
40
    Over $22,000 but not over $26,000
                                            $910 plus 5.25% of excess over
41
                                            $22,000
42
    Over $26,000 but not over $40,000
                                            $1,120 plus 5.90% of excess over
43
                                            $26,000
44
    Over $40,000
                                            $1,946 plus 6.85% of excess over
45
                                            $40,000
```

- 46 2. Paragraph 1 of subsection (b) of section 601 of the tax law as added by section 3 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws 47 of 48 amended to read as follows:
- 49 For taxable years beginning after two thousand eleven and before two thousand [fifteen] EIGHTEEN: 50

l If the New York taxable income is: The tax is:

```
4% of taxable income
 2
    Not over $12,000
    Over $12,000 but not over $16,500
                                           $480 plus 4.5% of excess over
                                           $12,000
 5
    Over $16,500 but not over $19,500
                                           $683 plus 5.25% of excess over
 6
                                           $16,500
 7
    Over $19,500 but not over $30,000
                                           $840 plus 5.90% of excess over
8
                                           $19,500
9
    Over $30,000 but not over $100,000
                                           $1,460 plus 6.45% of excess over
10
                                           $30,000
    Over $100,000 but not over $250,000
                                           $5,975 plus 6.65% of excess over
11
12
                                           $100,000
13
    Over $250,000 but not over $1,500,000 $15,950 plus 6.85% of excess over
14
                                           $250,000
15
    Over $1,500,000
                                           $101,575 plus 8.82% of excess over
                                           $1,500,000
16
```

17 (B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand [fourteen] SEVEN-18 TEEN, the following brackets and dollars amounts shall apply, as 19 adjusted by the cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six 20 hundred one-a of this part for tax years two thousand thirteen [and two 21 thousand fourteen] THROUGH TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN:

```
22
    If the New York taxable income is:
                                           The tax is:
23
    Not over $12,000
                                            4% of taxable income
24
    Over $12,000 but not over $16,500
                                            $480 plus 4.5% of excess over
25
                                            $12,000
26
    Over $16,500 but not over $19,500
                                            $683 plus 5.25% of excess over
27
                                            $16,500
28
    Over $19,500 but not over $30,000
                                            $840 plus 5.90% of excess over
29
                                            $19,500
30
    Over $30,000
                                            $1,460 plus 6.85% of excess over
31
                                            $30,000
```

- 32 S 3. Paragraph 1 of subsection (c) of section 601 of the tax law as 33 added by section 5 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is 34 amended to read as follows:
- 35 (1) (A) For taxable years beginning after two thousand eleven and 36 before two thousand [fifteen] EIGHTEEN:

```
If the New York taxable income is:
37
                                           The tax is:
38
    Not over $8,000
                                           4% of taxable income
39
    Over $8,000 but not over $11,000
                                           $320 plus 4.5% of excess over
40
                                           $8,000
41
    Over $11,000 but not over $13,000
                                           $455 plus 5.25% of excess over
42
                                           $11,000
43
    Over $13,000 but not over $20,000
                                           $560 plus 5.90% of excess over
44
                                           $13,000
45
    Over $20,000 but not over $75,000
                                           $973 plus 6.45% of excess over
46
                                           $20,000
    Over $75,000 but not over $200,000
47
                                           $4,521 plus 6.65% of excess over
48
                                           $75,000
49
    Over $200,000 but not over $1,000,000 $12,833 plus 6.85% of excess over
50
                                           $200,000
51
    Over $1,000,000
                                           $67,633 plus 8.82% of excess over
```

1 \$1,000,000

 (B) For taxable years beginning after two thousand [fourteen] SEVEN-TEEN, the following brackets and dollars amounts shall apply, as adjusted by the cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of this part for tax years two thousand thirteen [and two thousand fourteen] THROUGH TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN:

```
If the New York taxable income is:
                                            The tax is:
 8
    Not over $8,000
                                            4% of taxable income
 9
    Over $8,000 but not over $11,000
                                            $320 plus 4.5% of excess over
10
                                            $8,000
11
    Over $11,000 but not over $13,000
                                            $455 plus 5.25% of excess over
12
                                            $11,000
13
    Over $13,000 but not over $20,000
                                            $560 plus 5.90% of excess over
14
                                            $13,000
15
    Over $20,000
                                            $973 plus 6.85% of excess over
16
                                            $20,000
```

S 4. The opening paragraph of subsection (d-1) of section 601 of the tax law as added by section 7 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

Alternative tax table benefit recapture. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (d) of this section, for taxable years beginning after two thousand eleven and before two thousand [fifteen] EIGHTEEN, there is hereby imposed a supplemental tax in addition to the tax imposed under subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section for the purpose of recapturing the benefit of the tax tables contained in such subsections. During these taxable years, any reference in this chapter to subsection (d) of this section shall be read as a reference to this subsection.

- S 5. Subparagraph (D) of paragraph 1 of subsection (d-1) of section 601 of the tax law, as added by section 7 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (D) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section not subject to the 8.82 percent rate of tax for the taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (a) of this section less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A), (B) and (C) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over two million dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. This subparagraph shall apply only to taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twelve and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] EIGHTEEN.
- S 6. Subparagraph (C) of paragraph 2 of subsection (d-1) of section 601 of the tax law, as added by section 7 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (C) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section not subject to the 8.82 percent rate of tax for the taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable

to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one million five hundred thousand dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. This subparagraph shall apply only to taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twelve and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] EIGHTEEN.

- S 7. Subparagraph (C) of paragraph 3 of subsection (d-1) of section 601 of the tax law, as added by section 7 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (C) The tax table benefit is the difference between (i) the amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section not subject to the 8.82 percent rate of tax for the taxable year multiplied by such rate and (ii) the dollar denominated tax for such amount of taxable income set forth in the tax table applicable to the taxable year in paragraph one of subsection (b) of this section less the sum of the tax table benefits in subparagraphs (A) and (B) of this paragraph. The fraction for this subparagraph is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one million five hundred thousand dollars and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars. This subparagraph shall apply only to taxable years beginning on or after January first, two thousand twelve and before January first, two thousand [fifteen] EIGHTEEN.
- S 8. The opening paragraph of subsection (d-2) of section 601 of the tax law, as added by section 8 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

Tax table benefit recapture for tax years after two thousand [fourteen] SEVENTEEN. For taxable years beginning after two thousand [fourteen] SEVENTEEN, there is hereby imposed a supplemental tax in addition to the tax imposed under subsections (a), (b) and (c) of this section for the purpose of recapturing the benefit of the tax tables contained in such subsections. The supplemental tax shall be an amount equal to the table benefit in paragraph one of this subsection multiplied by the fraction in such paragraph. [Any] DURING THESE TAXABLE YEARS, ANY reference in this chapter to subsection (d) of this section shall be read as a reference to this subsection.

- S 9. Subparagraph (B) of paragraph 1 of subsection (d-2) of section 601 of the tax law, as added by section 8 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (B) The fraction is computed as follows: the numerator is the lesser of fifty thousand dollars or the excess of New York adjusted gross income for the taxable year over one hundred thousand dollars (as such amount is adjusted by the cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of this part for tax years two thousand thirteen [and] THROUGH two thousand [fourteen] SEVENTEEN) and the denominator is fifty thousand dollars.
- S 10. Subsection (a) of section 601-a of the tax law, as added by section 9 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) For tax year two thousand thirteen, the commissioner, not later than September first, two thousand twelve, shall multiply the amounts specified in subsection (b) of this section for tax year two thousand twelve by one plus the cost of living adjustment described in subsection

(c) of this section. For tax year two thousand fourteen, the commissioner, not later than September first, two thousand thirteen, shall multiply the amounts specified in subsection (b) of this section for tax year two thousand thirteen by one plus the cost of living adjustment. FOR EACH SUCCEEDING TAX YEAR AFTER TAX YEAR TWO THOUSAND FOURTEEN AND BEFORE TAX YEAR TWO THOUSAND EIGHTEEN, THE COMMISSIONER, NOT LATER THAN SEPTEMBER FIRST OF SUCH TAX YEAR, SHALL MULTIPLY THE AMOUNTS SPECIFIED IN SUBSECTION (B) OF THIS SECTION FOR SUCH TAX YEAR BY ONE PLUS THE COST OF LIVING ADJUSTMENT DESCRIBED IN SUBSECTION (C) OF THIS SECTION FOR SUCH TAX YEAR.

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- S 11. Subsection (f) of section 614 of the tax law, as added by section 10 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011, is amended to read as follows:
- (f) Adjusted standard deduction. For taxable years beginning after two thousand [fourteen] SEVENTEEN, the standard deductions set forth in this section shall be THE AMOUNTS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION adjusted by the cost of living adjustment prescribed in section six hundred one-a of this part for tax years two thousand thirteen [and two thousand fourteen] THROUGH TWO THOUSAND SEVENTEEN.
- S 12. Section 11 of part A of chapter 56 of the laws of 2011 is amended to read as follows:
- S 11. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the method of determining the amount to be deducted and withheld from wages on account of taxes imposed by or pursuant to the authority of article 22 of the tax law in connection with the implementation of the provisions this act shall be prescribed by regulations of the commissioner of taxation and finance with due consideration to the effect such withholding tables and methods would have on the receipt and amount of commissioner of taxation and finance shall adjust such withholding tables and methods in regard to taxable years beginning in 2012 and after in such manner as to result, so far as practicable, in withholding an employee's wages an amount substantially equivalent to the tax reasonably estimated to be due for such taxable years as a result of the provisions of this act. Any such regulations to implement a change in withholding tables and methods for tax year 2012 shall be adopted and effective as soon as practicable and the commissioner of taxation finance may adopt such regulations on an emergency basis notwithstanding anything to the contrary in section 202 of the state administrative procedure act. The commissioner of taxation and finance, in carrying out the duties and responsibilities under this section, may accompany such a rule making procedure with a similar procedure with respect to the taxes required to be deducted and withheld by local laws imposing taxes pursuant to the authority of articles 30, 30-A and 30-B of the tax law, provisions of any other law in relation to such a procedure to the contrary notwithstanding. The withholding tables and methods for tax years 2013 [and 2014] THROUGH 2017 shall not be prescribed by regulation, notwithstanding any provision of the state administrative procedure act to the contrary.
- S 13. Section 11-1714 of the administrative code of the city of New York is amended by adding a new subdivision (f) to read as follows:
- (F) FOR TAXABLE YEARS BEGINNING ON OR AFTER JANUARY FIRST, TWO THOU-SAND THIRTEEN, THE AMOUNTS OF STANDARD DEDUCTIONS SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION SHALL BE ADJUSTED IN THE SAME MANNER AS THE AMOUNTS OF STANDARD DEDUCTIONS SET FORTH IN SECTION SIX HUNDRED FOURTEEN OF THE TAX LAW.
 - S 14. This act shall take effect immediately.

1 PART GG

Section 1. The tax law is amended by adding a new section 630-c to read as follows:

S 630-C. GIFT FOR NEW YORK STATE TEEN HEALTH EDUCATION FUND. AN INDIVIDUAL IN ANY TAXABLE YEAR MAY ELECT TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE TEEN HEALTH EDUCATION FUND FOR EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS IN SCHOOLS RELATED TO HEALTH. THE CONTRIBUTION SHALL BE IN ANY WHOLE DOLLAR AMOUNT AND SHALL NOT REDUCE THE AMOUNT OF STATE TAX OWED BY SUCH INDIVIDUAL. THE COMMISSIONER SHALL INCLUDE SPACE ON THE PERSONAL INCOME TAX RETURN TO ENABLE A TAXPAYER TO MAKE SUCH CONTRIBUTION. NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW ALL REVENUES COLLECTED PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION SHALL BE CREDITED TO THE NEW YORK STATE TEEN HEALTH EDUCATION FUND AND USED ONLY FOR THOSE PURPOSES ENUMERATED IN SECTION NINETY-NINE-U OF THE STATE FINANCE LAW.

- S 2. The state finance law is amended by adding a new section 99-u to read as follows:
- S 99-U. NEW YORK STATE TEEN HEALTH EDUCATION FUND. 1. THERE IS HEREBY ESTABLISHED IN THE CUSTODY OF THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE A SPECIAL ACCOUNT TO BE KNOWN AS THE "NEW YORK STATE TEEN HEALTH EDUCATION FUND".
- 2. SUCH FUND SHALL CONSIST OF ALL REVENUES RECEIVED BY THE DEPARTMENT OF TAXATION AND FINANCE, PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION SIX HUNDRED THIRTY-C OF THE TAX LAW AND ALL OTHER MONEYS APPROPRIATED THERE-TO FROM ANY OTHER FUND OR SOURCE PURSUANT TO LAW. NOTHING CONTAINED IN THIS SECTION SHALL PREVENT THE STATE FROM RECEIVING GRANTS, GIFTS OR BEQUESTS FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE FUND AS DEFINED IN THIS SECTION AND DEPOSITING THEM INTO THE FUND ACCORDING TO LAW.
- 3. THE MONEYS IN SAID ACCOUNT SHALL BE RETAINED BY THE FUND AND SHALL BE RELEASED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF TAXATION AND FINANCE ONLY UPON CERTIFICATES SIGNED BY THE COMMISSIONER OF EDUCATION OR HIS OR HER DESIGNEE AND ONLY FOR THE PURPOSES SET FORTH IN THIS SECTION.
- 4. THE MONEYS IN SUCH FUND SHALL BE EXPENDED FOR THE PURPOSE OF SUPPLEMENTING EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS IN SCHOOLS FOR HEALTH AND AWARENESS OF ISSUES FACING TEENS TODAY WHEN IT COMES TO THEIR HEALTH. ELIGIBLE HEALTH PROGRAMS ARE THOSE WITH AN ESTABLISHED CURRICULUM PROVIDING INSTRUCTION ON ALCOHOL, TOBACCO AND OTHER DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION, THE CAUSES AND PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH TEEN OBESITY, AND FOR AWARENESS OF THE SYMPTOMS OF TEEN ENDOMETRIOSIS.
- 38 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

39 PART HH

Section 1. Subdivision 11 of section 213 of the state finance law is amended by adding a new paragraph (g) to read as follows:

- (G) A QUALIFYING TECHNOLOGY OR INNOVATION BUSINESS WHICH BUSINESS EMPLOYS ONE HUNDRED OR FEWER EMPLOYEES WITHIN THE STATE ON A FULL-TIME BASIS AND ENGAGES IN:
- (1) BIOTECHNOLOGIES, WHICH SHALL BE DEFINED AS TECHNOLOGIES INVOLVING 46 THE SCIENTIFIC MANIPULATION OF LIVING ORGANISMS, ESPECIALLY AT THE 47 MOLECULAR AND/OR THE SUB-MOLECULAR GENETIC LEVEL, TO PRODUCE PRODUCTS CONDUCIVE TO IMPROVING THE LIVES AND HEALTH OF PLANTS, ANIMALS, AND HUMANS; AND THE ASSOCIATED SCIENTIFIC RESEARCH, PHARMACOLOGICAL, MECHAN- ICAL, AND COMPUTATIONAL APPLICATIONS AND SERVICES CONNECTED WITH THESE IMPROVEMENTS;

- (2) INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGIES, EQUIPMENT AND SYSTEMS INVOLVE ADVANCED COMPUTER SOFTWARE AND HARDWARE, VISUALIZATION TECHNOLOGIES, AND HUMAN INTERFACE TECHNOLOGIES;
- ADVANCED MATERIALS AND PROCESSING TECHNOLOGIES THAT INVOLVE THE DEVELOPMENT, MODIFICATION, OR IMPROVEMENT OF ONE OR MORE MATERIALS AND STRUCTURES WITH IMPROVED PERFORMANCE PRODUCE DEVICES METHODS TO CHARACTERISTICS OR SPECIAL FUNCTIONAL ATTRIBUTES, OR TO ACTIVATE, UP, OR OTHERWISE ALTER CHEMICAL, BIOCHEMICAL, OR MEDICAL PROCESSES;
- (4) ELECTRONIC AND PHOTONIC DEVICES AND COMPONENTS FOR USE IN PRODUC-ING ELECTRONIC, OPTOELECTRONIC, MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT AND PRODUCTS ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTION WITH INTERACTIVE MEDIA CONTENT;
- ENERGY EFFICIENCY, RENEWABLE ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLO-GIES, PRODUCTS, DEVICES AND SERVICES; OR
 - (6) SMALL SCALE SYSTEMS INTEGRATION AND PACKAGING.
- S 2. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 16 of section 213 of the state finance law, as amended by chapter 424 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) for a linked deposit made in connection with a linked loan to a certified business in an empire zone or to an eligible business located in a highly distressed area or to an eligible business that is defined in paragraph (b-1) of subdivision eleven of this section that is located in a renewal community or defined in paragraph (b-2) of such subdivision is located in an empowerment zone or defined in paragraph (b-3) of such subdivision that is located in an enterprise community, OR A QUALI-FYING TECHNOLOGY OR INNOVATION BUSINESS AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (G) SUBDIVISION ELEVEN OF THIS SECTION, respectively for eligible projects defined in paragraph (c) of subdivision twelve of this section or a certified minority- or women-owned business enterprise for an eligible project defined in paragraph (e) of subdivision twelve of this section or to a defense industry manufacturer for a project defined in paragraph (d) of subdivision twelve of this section, a fixed rate of interest which is three hundred basis points below the lender's posted four year certificate of deposit rate or, if the lender does not offer a four year certificate of deposit, is three hundred basis points below the average statewide rate for four year certificates of deposit as determined by the commissioner of economic development;
 - S 3. This act shall take effect immediately.

38 PART II

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Section 1. Section 16-t of section 1 of chapter 168 of the laws of 1974, constituting the New York state urban development corporation act, as added by section 1 of part N of chapter 59 of the laws of amended to read as follows:

16-t. Small business revolving loan fund. 1. The small business revolving loan fund program is hereby created. The corporation is authorized, within available appropriations, to provide low interest loans to community development financial institutions, in order to provide funding for those lending organizations' loans to small businesses, located within New York state, that generate economic growth and job creation within New York state but that are unable to obtain adequate credit or adequate terms for such credit. If in the discretion of the corporation the use of a community development financial institution is not practicable based upon the application of rules and regulations developed by the corporation, including, but not limited to, assessments of geographic and administrative capacity, then the corpo-54

ration is authorized, within available appropriations, to provide low interest loans to the following other local community based lending organizations: small business lending consortia, certified development companies, providers of United States department of agriculture business and industrial guaranteed loans, United States small business administration loan providers, credit unions and community banks. As used in this section "small business" means a business that is resident in New York state, independently owned and operated, not dominant in its field, and employs one hundred or fewer persons.

- 2. In order for a lending organization to be eligible to receive program funds, it must have established sufficient expertise to analyze small business applications for program loans, evaluate the creditworthiness of small businesses, and regularly monitor program loans. The lending organization shall review every program loan application in order to determine, among other things, the feasibility of the proposed use of the requested financing by the small business applicant, the likelihood of repayment and the potential that the loan will generate economic development and jobs within New York state. The corporation shall identify eligible lending organizations through one or more competitive statewide or local solicitations.
- 3. Program loans to small businesses shall be targeted and marketed to minority and women-owned enterprises and other small businesses that are having difficulty accessing traditional credit markets. Program loans to small businesses shall be used for the creation and retention of jobs, defined by the corporation, including: (a) working capital; (b) the acquisition and/or improvement of real property; (c) the acquisition of machinery and equipment, property or improvement; or (d) the refinancing of debt obligations. There shall be two categories of loans to small businesses: a micro loan that shall have a principal amount that is less than twenty-five thousand dollars and a regular loan that shall have a principal amount not less than twenty-five thousand dollars. Prior to receiving program funds, the lending organization must certify to the corporation that such loan complies with this section and rules and regulations promulgated for the program and that the lending organization has performed its obligations pursuant to and is in compliance with section, the program rules and regulations and all agreements entered into between the corporation and the lending organization. program funds amount used by the lending organization to fund a program applicant loan shall not be more than fifty percent of the principal amount of such loan. The program funds amount used by the lending organization to fund a program applicant loan shall not be greater than one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars. MINORITY- AND WOMEN-OWNED ENTERPRISES AND OTHER SMALL BUSINESSES WHO ACCESS SUCH PROGRAM LOANS UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT BE PRECLUDED FROM ACCESSING SHORT-TERM FINANCING LOANS PROVIDED UNDER SUBDIVISION ELEVEN OF THIS SECTION.
- 4. Program funds shall not be used for: (a) projects that would result in the relocation of any business operation from one municipality within the state to another, except under one of the following conditions: (i) when a business is relocating within a municipality with a population of at least one million where the governing body of such municipality approves such relocation; or (ii) the lending organization notifies each municipality from which such business operation will be relocated and each municipality agrees to such relocation; (b) projects of newspapers, broadcasting or other news media; medical facilities, libraries, community or civic centers; or public infrastructure improvements; and (c)

providing funds, directly or indirectly, for payment, distribution, or as a loan, to owners, members, partners or shareholders of the applicant business, except as ordinary income for services rendered.

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- 5. With respect to its program loans, the lending organization may charge application, commitment and loan guarantee fees pursuant to a schedule of fees adopted by the lending organization and approved by the corporation.
- 6. Program funds shall be disbursed to a lending organization by the corporation in the form of a loan to the lending organization. The term of the loan shall commence upon disbursement of the program funds by the corporation to the lending organization. The loan shall carry a low interest rate determined by the corporation based on then prevailing interest rates and the circumstances of the lending organization. Notwithstanding the performance of the loans made by the lending organization using program funds, the lending organization shall remain liable to the corporation with respect to any unpaid amounts due from the lending organization pursuant to the terms of the corporation's loans to the lending organization. In addition, a portion of program funds may be disbursed to a lending organization in the form of a grant or forgivable loan, provided those funds are used by the lending organization for administrative expenses associated with the fund, loan-loss reserves, or other eligible expenses as determined by the corporation.
- 7. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, the corporation shall provide at least five hundred thousand dollars in program funds pursuant to this section to lending organizations for the purpose of making loans to small business located in Niagara county.
- 8. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, the corporation shall provide at least five hundred thousand dollars in program funds pursuant to this section to lending organizations for the purpose of making loans to small business located in St. Lawrence county.
- 9. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, the corporation shall provide at least five hundred thousand dollars in program funds pursuant to this section to lending organizations for the purpose of making loans to small business located in Erie county.
- 10. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this section, the corporation shall provide at least five hundred thousand dollars in program funds pursuant to this section to lending organizations for the purpose of making loans to small business located in Jefferson county.
- NOTWITHSTANDING ANYTHING TO THE CONTRARY IN THIS SECTION, THE LEAST FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS CORPORATION MAY PROVIDE AT PROGRAM FUNDS PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION TO LENDING ORGANIZATIONS FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING SHORT-TERM FINANCING AVAILABLE TO MINORITY-WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES AND OTHER SMALL BUSINESSES PERFORMING CONTRACTS TO PROVIDE CONSTRUCTION OR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES FOR STATE PROCUREMENT PURPOSES. SUCH LOANS SHALL BE USED TO UNDERWRITE THE COST OF AND EQUIPMENT DIRECTLY ASSOCIATED MATERIALS, WITH CONTRACT BEING FINANCED OR (2) A CONTRACT THAT HAS BEEN SATISFIED WHICH THE BUSINESS IS AWAITING PAYMENT FROM THE STATE. THE PROGRAM FUNDS AMOUNT USED BY THE LENDING ORGANIZATION TO FUND A PROGRAM APPLICANT LOAN BE MORE THAN EIGHTY PERCENT OF THE PRINCIPAL AMOUNT OF SUCH SHALL NOT THE PROGRAM FUNDS AMOUNT USED BY THE LENDING ORGANIZATION TO FUND LOAN. SHALL NOT PROGRAM APPLICANT LOAN BEGREATER THAN ONE TWENTY-FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS. MINORITY- AND WOMEN-OWNED BUSINESS ENTER-PRISES AND OTHER SMALL BUSINESSES WHO ACCESS SUCH SHORT-TERM

LOANS UNDER THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL NOT BE PRECLUDED FROM ACCESSING SUCH PROGRAM LOANS PROVIDED UNDER SUBDIVISION THREE OF THIS SECTION.

- 12. Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the corporation may establish a program fund for program use and pay into such fund any funds available to the corporation from any source that are eligible for program use, including moneys appropriated by the state.
- [12.] 13. With respect to a lending organization program loan applicants, no person who is a member of the board or other governing body, officer, employee, or member of a loan committee, or a family member of any such lending organization shall participate in any decision on such application if such person is a party to or has a financial or personal interest in such loan. Any person who cannot participate in a loan application decision for such reasons shall not be counted as a member of the loan committee, board or other governing body for purposes of determining the number of members required for approval of such application.
- [13.] 14. The lending organization shall submit to the corporation annual reports stating: the number of program loans made; the amount of program funding used for loans; the use of loan proceeds by the borrower; the number of jobs created or retained; a description of the economic development generated; the status of each outstanding program loan; and such other information as the corporation may require.
- [14.] 15. The corporation may conduct audits of the lending organization in order to ensure compliance with the provisions of this section, any regulations promulgated with respect thereto and agreements between the lending organization and the corporation of all aspects of the use of program funds and program loan transactions. In the event that the corporation finds substantive noncompliance, the corporation may terminate the lending organization's participation in the program.
- [15.] 16. Upon termination of a lending organization's participation in the program, the lending organization shall return to the corporation, promptly after its demand therefor, all program fund proceeds held by the lending organization; and provide to the corporation, promptly after its demand therefor, an accounting of all program funds received by the lending organization, including all currently outstanding loans that were made using program funds. Notwithstanding such termination, the lending organization shall remain liable to the corporation with respect to any unpaid amounts due from the lending organization pursuant to the terms of the corporation's loans to the lending organization.
 - S 2. This act shall take effect immediately.

42 PART JJ

Section 1. Legislative findings and purposes. It is hereby found that there exists in the state a need to attract private sector investment in new research and in the translation of the products of that research into marketable products.

It is hereby further found that the need for this investment is demonstrated by the fact that, while New York state universities rank second nationally in total research spending, the state attracts a disproportionately low share of the nation's venture capital investment.

S 2. The New York state innovation venture capital fund. In order to strengthen the university/industry connection and prepare New York businesses to compete for private-sector venture investment, the New York state urban development corporation shall have the power to establish

and administer the New York state innovation venture capital fund to provide critical seed and early-stage funding to incentivize new business formation and growth in New York state and to facilitate the transition from ideas and research to marketable products. Funds will be expended by the innovation venture capital fund pursuant to a plan developed by the urban development corporation and submitted to the director of the division of the budget, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the minority leader of the senate and the minority leader of the assembly. No funds shall be transferred to the New York state urban development corporation for the New York state innovation venture capital fund until such plan has been submitted

- S 3. Eligible applicants. Eligible applicants for the New York state innovation venture capital fund may include business enterprises in the formative stage of development, regional and local economic development organizations, technology development organizations, research universities, and investment funds that make seed, early-stage and venture investments. In order to be eligible for funds from the New York state innovation venture capital fund, a beneficiary company must: (a) be, or agree in writing to be, located in New York state; (b) be in the seed, early-stage or venture stage of development, as defined by the corporation; and (c) have the potential to generate additional economic activity in New York State.
- S 4. Investment professionals. The New York state urban development corporation shall have the power to engage or retain the services of one or more investment professionals or firms, through direct hire or by contract after a competitive solicitation or otherwise as permitted by law, with demonstrated knowledge and expertise to advise the corporation with respect to the innovation venture capital fund and to provide such other investment advisory services as may be necessary or advisable.
- S 5. Evaluation of applicants. The New York state urban development corporation shall establish a process by rule or regulation for the evaluation of applicants for funds from the New York state innovation venture capital fund; provided however that the corporation shall not issue such rules or regulations pursuant to the emergency rule making authority provided for in the state administrative procedure act.
- S 6. Report. The New York state urban development corporation shall submit a report annually on December 31 to the director of the division of the budget, the temporary president of the senate, the speaker of the assembly, the minority leader of the senate and the minority leader of the assembly detailing: (a) the total amount of funds committed to each applicant that receives funds and, if applicable, the amount of such funds that has been invested by each such applicant; (b) the amount of New York State innovation venture capital funds invested and the recipients of such funds; (c) the location of each beneficiary company; (d) the number of jobs projected to be created or retained; and (e) such other information as the corporation deems necessary.
- S 7. Rules and regulations. The New York state urban development corporation is hereby authorized to promulgate rules and regulations in accordance with the state administrative procedure act as are necessary to fulfill the purposes of this act, including with respect to reasonable management fees, promotes, share of return and other fees and charges of applicants that receive funds, and to provide for the repayment of funds received by the beneficiary company if the beneficiary company leaves New York state within a period of time to be established by the corporation. In accordance with such rules and regulations, the

- corporation may impose fees, establish repayment terms and provide for equity participation by the corporation in connection with investments from the New York state innovation venture capital fund. Provided however that no rules or regulations issued pursuant to this section shall be issued utilizing the emergency rule making authority provided for in the state administrative procedure act.
 - S 8. This act shall take effect immediately.

- S 2. Severability clause. If any clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part of this act shall be adjudged by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, such judgment shall not affect, impair, or invalidate the remainder thereof, but shall be confined in its operation to the clause, sentence, paragraph, subdivision, section or part thereof directly involved in the controversy in which such judgment shall have been rendered. It is hereby declared to be the intent of the legislature that this act would have been enacted even if such invalid provisions had not been included herein.
- 17 S 3. This act shall take effect immediately provided, however, that 18 the applicable effective date of Parts A through JJ of this act shall be 19 as specifically set forth in the last section of such Parts.