6523--A

IN SENATE

February 23, 2012

Introduced by Sens. LANZA, SAVINO -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Veterans, Homeland Security and Military Affairs -- reported favorably from said committee and committed to the Committee on Finance -- committee discharged, bill amended, ordered reprinted as amended and recommitted to said committee

AN ACT to amend the real property tax law, in relation to real property tax exemptions for property in cities having a population of one million or more and owned by certain veterans or their family members

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Paragraphs 2 and 3 of subdivision 1 of section 458 of the real property tax law, paragraph 2 as amended by chapter 488 of the laws of 1998 and paragraph 3 as amended by chapter 733 of the laws of 1959, are amended to read as follows:

1

5

6

7

8

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19 20

21

22

23

- Except as provided in subdivision five of this section, no such exemption on account of eligible funds paid on account of military or naval services rendered by an individual shall be allowed in excess of five thousand dollars; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN A CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, AN EXEMPTION ON ACCOUNT OF ELIGIBLE FUNDS MILITARY OR NAVAL SERVICES RENDERED BY AN INDIVIDUAL SHALL EOUAL FORTY PERCENT OF ELIGIBLE FUNDS, BUT IN NO CASE SHALL EXEMPTION BE ALLOWED IN EXCESS OF TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS. For the purposes this subdivision any established exemption, or newly claimed exemption, or an aggregate thereof, as the case may be, in excess of any multiple of fifty dollars shall be regarded as being the nearest multiof fifty dollars and allowed in such amount. If the amount of such exemption has no nearest multiple of fifty dollars, it shall be regarded as being the next higher multiple of fifty dollars and allowed in such The mingling of such eligible funds with other funds or their retention by the United States for insurance premiums shall not bar the granting of a claim for such exemption.
- (3) If the assessors are satisfied that the applicant is entitled to any exemption, they shall make appropriate entries upon the assessment-

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets [] is old law to be omitted.

LBD14766-04-2

 roll opposite the description of such property and subtract the total amount of such exemption from the total amount assessed pursuant to the provisions of paragraph one of this subdivision. Such entries shall be made and continued in each assessment of the property so long as it is exempt from taxation for any purpose. Such real property, to the extent of the exemption entered by the assessors, shall be exempt from state, county and general municipal taxation, but shall be taxable for local school purposes; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, SUCH REAL PROPERTY, TO THE EXTENT OF THE EXEMPTION ENTERED BY THE ASSESSORS, SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY AND GENERAL MUNICIPAL TAXATION AND SHALL NOT BE TAXABLE FOR LOCAL SCHOOL PURPOSES. The provisions herein, relating to the assessment and exemption of property purchased with eligible funds apply and shall be enforced in each municipal corporation authorized to levy taxes.

- S 2. Subdivision 2 of section 458 of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 63 of the laws of 1976, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. Real property purchased with moneys collected by subscription in partial recognition of extraordinary services rendered by any honorably discharged veteran of world war one, world war two, or of the hostilities which commenced June twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred fifty, who sustained permanent disability while on military duty, either total or partial, and owned by the person who sustained such injuries, or by his or her spouse or unremarried surviving spouse, or dependent father or mother, is subject to taxation as herein provided. Such property shall be assessed in the same manner as other real property in the tax district. At the meeting of the assessors to hear complaints concerning the assessments, a verified application for the exemption of such real property from taxation may be presented to them by or on behalf of the owner thereof, which application must show the facts on which the exemption is claimed, including the amount of moneys so raised used in or toward the purchase of such property. No exemption on account of any such gift shall be allowed in excess of five dollars; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION MORE, NO EXEMPTION ON ACCOUNT OF ANY GIFT SHALL BE ALLOWED IN EXCESS THOUSAND DOLLARS. The application for exemption OF shall presented and action thereon taken in the manner provided by subdivision of this section. If no application for exemption be granted, the property shall be subject to taxation for all purposes. The provisions herein, relating to the assessment and exemption of property purchased with moneys raised by popular subscription, apply and shall be enforced in each municipal corporation authorized to levy taxes.
- S 3. Paragraph (a) of subdivision 1 of section 458-a of the real property tax law, as amended by chapter 179 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:
- (a) "Period of war" means the Spanish-American war; the Mexican border period; World War I; World War II; the hostilities, known as the Korean war, which commenced June twenty-seventh, nineteen hundred fifty and terminated on January thirty-first, nineteen hundred fifty-five; the hostilities, known as the Vietnam war, which commenced February twenty-eighth, nineteen hundred sixty-one and terminated on May seventh, nineteen hundred seventy-five; [and] the hostilities, known as the Persian Gulf conflict, which commenced August second, nineteen hundred ninety; IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, THE HOSTILITIES, KNOWN AS THE IRAQ WAR, WHICH COMMENCED MARCH, TWO THOUSAND THREE; AND IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, THE HOSTILITIES,

2

3

5 6 7

8

9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16 17

18 19

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31 32

33

34

35

36 37

38

39

40

41

42 43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

51

52 53

54

55

56

KNOWN AS THE AFGHANISTAN WAR, WHICH COMMENCED OCTOBER SEVENTH, TWO THOU-SAND ONE.

- S 4. Subdivision 2 of section 458-a of the real property tax law, as added by chapter 525 of the laws of 1984, paragraph (a) as amended by chapter 899 of the laws of 1985, paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 473 of the laws of 2004, paragraph (c) as amended by chapter 100 of the laws of 1988, subparagraph (ii) of paragraph (d) as amended by chapter 256 of the laws of 2005 and as further amended by subdivision (b) of section 1 of part W of chapter 56 of the laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:
- 2. (a) Qualifying residential real property shall be exempt from taxation to the extent of fifteen percent of the assessed value of such property; provided, however, that such exemption shall not exceed twelve thousand dollars or the product of twelve thousand dollars multiplied by the latest state equalization rate for the assessing unit, or in the case of a special assessing unit, the latest class ratio, whichever is less; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, OUALIFYING RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION TO THE EXTENT OF SIX PERCENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY; THAT SUCH EXEMPTION SHALL NOT EXCEED FOUR THOUSAND PROVIDED, FURTHER, EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS OR THE PRODUCT OF FOUR THOUSAND EIGHT DOLLARS MULTIPLIED BY THE LATEST CLASS RATIO, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- (b) In addition to the exemption provided by paragraph (a) of this subdivision, where the veteran served in a combat theatre or combat zone of operations, as documented by the award of a United States ribbon or service medal, or the armed forces expeditionary medal, navy expeditionary medal, marine corps expeditionary medal, or global war on terrorism expeditionary medal, qualifying residential real property also shall be exempt from taxation to the extent of ten percent of the assessed value of such property; provided, however, that such exemption shall not exceed eight thousand dollars or the product of eight thousand dollars multiplied by the latest state equalization rate for the assessing unit, or in the case of a special assessing unit, the class ratio, whichever is less; PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, WHERE THE VETERAN SERVED IN A COMBAT THEATRE COMBAT ZONE OF OPERATIONS, AS DOCUMENTED BY THE AWARD OF A UNITED STATES CAMPAIGN RIBBON OR SERVICE MEDAL, OR THE ARMED FORCES EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, NAVY EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, MARINE CORPS EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, OR GLOBAL WAR ON TERRORISM EXPEDITIONARY MEDAL, QUALIFYING RESIDENTIAL REAL EXEMPT FROM TAXATION TO THE EXTENT OF FOUR PROPERTY ALSO SHALL BE PERCENT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY; PROVIDED FURTHER, SUCH EXEMPTION SHALL NOT EXCEED THREE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS OR THE PRODUCT OF THREE THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS MULTIPLIED CLASS RATIO, WHICHEVER IS LESS.
- (c) In addition to the exemptions provided by paragraphs (a) and (b) of this subdivision, where the veteran received a compensation rating from the United States veteran's administration or from the United States department of defense because of a service connected disability, qualifying residential real property shall be exempt from taxation to the extent of the product of the assessed value of such property multiplied by fifty percent of the veteran's disability rating; provided, however, that such exemption shall not exceed forty thousand dollars or the product of forty thousand dollars multiplied by the latest state equalization rate for the assessing unit, or in the case of a special assessing unit, the latest class ratio, whichever is less. For purposes of this paragraph, where a person who served in the active military,

5 6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18 19 naval or air service during a period of war died in service of a service connected disability, such person shall be deemed to have been assigned a compensation rating of one hundred percent; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, IN ADDITION TO THE EXEMPTIONS PROVIDED BY PARAGRAPHS (A) AND (B) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, WHERE THE VETERAN RECEIVED A COMPENSATION RATING FROM THE UNITED STATES VETERAN'S ADMINISTRATION OR FROM THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE BECAUSE OF A SERVICE CONNECTED DISABILITY, QUALIFYING RESIDENTIAL REAL PROPERTY SHALL BE EXEMPT FROM TAXATION TO THE EXTENT OF THE PRODUCT OF THE ASSESSED VALUE OF SUCH PROPERTY MULTIPLIED BY TWENTY PERCENT OF THE VETERAN'S DISABILITY RATING; PROVIDED FURTHER, THAT SUCH EXEMPTION SHALL NOT EXCEED SIXTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS OR THE PRODUCT OF SIXTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS MULTIPLIED BY THE LATEST CLASS RATIO, WHICHEVER IS LESS.

- (d) Limitations. (i) The exemption from taxation provided by this subdivision shall be applicable to county, city, town and village taxation, but shall not be applicable to taxes levied for school purposes; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, IN ANY CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, THE EXEMPTION FROM TAXATION PROVIDED BY THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE APPLICABLE TO CITY TAXES AND TAXES LEVIED FOR LOCAL SCHOOL PURPOSES.
- 20 (ii) Each county, city, town or village may adopt a local 21 reduce the maximum exemption allowable in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of 22 subdivision to nine thousand dollars, six thousand dollars and thirty thousand dollars, respectively, or six thousand dollars, four 23 thousand dollars and twenty thousand dollars, respectively. Each county, 24 25 city, town, or village is also authorized to adopt a local law to 26 increase the maximum exemption allowable in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) 27 of this subdivision to fifteen thousand dollars, ten thousand dollars 28 and fifty thousand dollars, respectively; eighteen thousand dollars, twelve thousand dollars and sixty thousand dollars, respectively; twen-29 ty-one thousand dollars, fourteen thousand dollars, and seventy thousand 30 dollars, respectively; twenty-four thousand dollars, sixteen thousand 31 32 dollars, and eighty thousand dollars, respectively; twenty-seven thou-33 sand dollars, eighteen thousand dollars, and ninety thousand dollars, respectively; thirty thousand dollars, twenty thousand dollars, and one hundred thousand dollars, respectively; thirty-three thousand dollars, 34 35 twenty-two thousand dollars, and one hundred ten thousand dollars, 36 37 respectively; thirty-six thousand dollars, twenty-four thousand dollars, and one hundred twenty thousand dollars, respectively. In addition, a 38 county, city, town or village which is a "high-appreciation munici-39 40 pality" as defined in this subparagraph is authorized to adopt law to increase the maximum exemption allowable in paragraphs (a), (b) 41 and (c) of this subdivision to thirty-nine thousand dollars, twenty-six 42 43 thousand dollars, and one hundred thirty thousand dollars, respectively; 44 forty-two thousand dollars, twenty-eight thousand dollars, and one 45 hundred forty thousand dollars, respectively; forty-five dollars, thirty thousand dollars and one hundred fifty thousand dollars, 46 47 respectively; forty-eight thousand dollars, thirty-two thousand dollars 48 and one hundred sixty thousand dollars, respectively; fifty-one thousand 49 dollars, thirty-four thousand dollars and one hundred seventy thousand 50 respectively; fifty-four thousand dollars, thirty-six thousand 51 dollars and one hundred eighty thousand dollars, respectively; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, A HIGH APPRECIATION MUNICIPALITY THAT IS A SPECIAL ASSESSING 52 UNIT THAT IS A CITY WITH A POPULATION OF ONE MILLION OR MORE, IS AUTHOR-53 54 IZED TO ADOPT A LOCAL LAW TO INCREASE THE MAXIMUM EXEMPTION ALLOWABLE IN 55 PARAGRAPHS (A), (B) AND (C) OF THIS SUBDIVISION TO FIFTEEN THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, TEN THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND FIFTY-TWO THOU-56

17

18 19

20

SAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; SIXTEEN THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS, 1 ELEVEN THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND FIFTY-SIX THOUSAND 3 RESPECTIVELY; EIGHTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS, TWELVE THOUSAND DOLLARS, AND SIXTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; NINETEEN THOUSAND TWO HUNDRED 5 DOLLARS, TWELVE THOUSAND EIGHT HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND SIXTY-FOUR THOUSAND 6 DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY; TWENTY THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, THIRTEEN THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND SIXTY-EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPEC-7 8 TIVELY; TWENTY-ONE THOUSAND SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS, FOURTEEN THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED DOLLARS, AND SEVENTY-TWO THOUSAND DOLLARS, RESPECTIVELY. 9 10 purposes of this subparagraph, a "high-appreciation municipality" means: (A) a special assessing unit that is a city, (B) a county for which the 11 commissioner has established a sales price differential factor 12 purposes of the STAR exemption authorized by section four hundred twen-13 14 ty-five of this title in three consecutive years, and (C) a city, 15 or village which is wholly or partly located within such a county. 16

S 5. An exemption granted pursuant to section 458 or 458-a of the real property tax law that precedes the effective date of this act shall be calculated on subsequent assessment rolls as if the original exemption had been granted pursuant to the provisions of such section, as amended by this act.

21 S 6. This act shall take effect immediately and apply to assessment 22 rolls based upon the taxable status date occurring on or after the fifth 23 day of January next succeeding the date on which it shall have become a 24 law.