

6636

I N   S E N A T E

March 7, 2012

---

Introduced by Sens. FUSCHILLO, DILAN, ADDABBO, ALESI, BONACIC, McDONALD, STAVISKY -- read twice and ordered printed, and when printed to be committed to the Committee on Transportation

AN ACT to amend the vehicle and traffic law, the executive law, the penal law and the criminal procedure law, in relation to driving while intoxicated and ignition interlock devices

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1     Section 1. Paragraphs (b) and (c) of subdivision 1 of section 1193 of  
2     the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 496 of the laws of  
3     2009, are amended to read as follows:  
4     (b) Driving while intoxicated or while ability impaired by drugs or  
5     while ability impaired by the combined influence of drugs or of alcohol  
6     and any drug or drugs; aggravated driving while intoxicated; misdemeanor  
7     offenses. (i) A violation of subdivision two, three, four or four-a of  
8     section eleven hundred ninety-two of this article shall be a misdemeanor  
9     and shall be punishable by a fine of not less than five hundred dollars  
10    nor more than one thousand dollars, or by imprisonment in a penitentiary  
11    or county jail for not more than one year, or by both such fine and  
12    imprisonment. A violation of paragraph (a) of subdivision two-a of  
13    section eleven hundred ninety-two of this article shall be a misdemeanor  
14    and shall be punishable by a fine of not less than one thousand dollars  
15    nor more than two thousand five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in a  
16    penitentiary or county jail for not more than one year, or by both such  
17    fine and imprisonment.  
18    (ii) In addition to the imposition of any fine or period of imprison-  
19    ment set forth in this paragraph, the court shall also sentence such  
20    person convicted [of] OR ADJUDICATED A YOUTHFUL OFFENDER FOR a violation  
21    of subdivision two, two-a [or], three OR PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION  
22    FOUR-A of section eleven hundred ninety-two of this article to a period  
23    of probation or conditional discharge, as a condition of which it shall  
24    order such person NOT TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION  
25    INTERLOCK DEVICE, NOT TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WITH A BLOOD ALCOHOL  
26    CONCENTRATION ABOVE THE SETPOINT OF THE IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE AND to

EXPLANATION--Matter in ITALICS (underscored) is new; matter in brackets  
[ ] is old law to be omitted.

LBD13578-05-2

1 install and maintain, in accordance with the provisions of section eleven  
2 hundred ninety-eight of this article, an ignition interlock device in  
3 any motor vehicle TITLED, REGISTERED OR OTHERWISE owned or operated by  
4 such person OR, IF SUCH PERSON DOES NOT OWN A MOTOR VEHICLE, IN THE  
5 VEHICLE OPERATED BY SUCH PERSON AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION OF SECTION  
6 ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, OR IN AT LEAST ONE VEHICLE  
7 REGISTERED TO SUCH PERSON'S HOUSEHOLD during the term of such probation  
8 or conditional discharge imposed for such violation of section eleven  
9 hundred ninety-two of this article and in no event for less than six  
10 months. THE PERIOD OF INTERLOCK RESTRICTION SHALL COMMENCE FROM THE DATE  
11 OF SENTENCING OR, IN THE CASE OF A PLEA DISPOSITION, MAY COMMENCE FROM  
12 THE DATE OF INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE AT A DATE IN  
13 ADVANCE OF SENTENCING. THE IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE SHALL BE INSTALLED  
14 FOR NO LESS THAN SIX MONTHS, REGARDLESS OF THE COMMENCEMENT DATE. IN THE  
15 EVENT THAT THE COURT MAKES A DETERMINATION OF GOOD CAUSE FOR NOT  
16 INSTALLING AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION FOUR OF  
17 SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE ON THE BASIS THAT  
18 SUCH PERSON DOES NOT OWN AND WILL NOT OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE, THE  
19 IGNITION INTERLOCK RESTRICTION SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT FOR THE FULL PERI-  
20 OD OF SUCH PERSON'S CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE OR PROBATION PURSUANT TO ARTI-  
21 CLE SIXTY-FIVE OF THE PENAL LAW AND THE COURT SHALL SENTENCE SUCH PERSON  
22 TO WEAR A TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING DEVICE FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LESS  
23 THAN SIX MONTHS. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL A CONDITIONAL LICENSE BE  
24 ISSUED, OR A LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE BE GRANTED  
25 OR RESTORED UNTIL SUCH PERSON CAN DEMONSTRATE COMPLIANCE WITH EITHER THE  
26 IGNITION INTERLOCK OR TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING PROVISIONS OF THIS  
27 SECTION PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION NINE OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF THIS  
28 CHAPTER. FOR THE PURPOSES OF OBTAINING A CONDITIONAL LICENSE WHILE UNDER  
29 THE PERIOD OF RESTRICTION, SUCH COMPLIANCE CAN BE DEMONSTRATED BY  
30 PROVIDING PROOF AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION FOR A CONDITIONAL LICENSE OF  
31 THE INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE TO BE MONITORED PURSU-  
32 ANT TO SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE FOR A PERIOD  
33 OF NO LESS THAN THE FIRST SIX MONTHS AFTER THE CONDITIONAL LICENSE IS  
34 GRANTED. THE PROOF WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM  
35 PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER. [Provided, however, the] THE court may  
36 not authorize the operation of a motor vehicle by any person whose  
37 license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle has been revoked pursu-  
38 ant to the provisions of this section.

39 (c) Felony offenses. (i) A person who operates a vehicle (A) in  
40 violation of subdivision two, two-a, three, four or four-a of section  
41 eleven hundred ninety-two of this article after having been convicted of  
42 a violation of subdivision two, two-a, three, four or four-a of such  
43 section or of vehicular assault in the second or first degree, as  
44 defined, respectively, in sections 120.03 and 120.04 and aggravated  
45 vehicular assault as defined in section 120.04-a of the penal law or of  
46 vehicular manslaughter in the second or first degree, as defined,  
47 respectively, in sections 125.12 and 125.13 and aggravated vehicular  
48 homicide as defined in section 125.14 of such law, within the preceding  
49 ten years, or (B) in violation of paragraph (b) of subdivision two-a of  
50 section eleven hundred ninety-two of this article shall be guilty of a  
51 class E felony, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than one  
52 thousand dollars nor more than five thousand dollars or by a period of  
53 imprisonment as provided in the penal law, or by both such fine and  
54 imprisonment.

55 (ii) A person who operates a vehicle in violation of subdivision two,  
56 two-a, three, four or four-a of section eleven hundred ninety-two of

1 this article after having been convicted of a violation of subdivision  
2 two, two-a, three, four or four-a of such section or of vehicular  
3 assault in the second or first degree, as defined, respectively, in  
4 sections 120.03 and 120.04 and aggravated vehicular assault as defined  
5 in section 120.04-a of the penal law or of vehicular manslaughter in the  
6 second or first degree, as defined, respectively, in sections 125.12 and  
7 125.13 and aggravated vehicular homicide as defined in section 125.14 of  
8 such law, twice within the preceding ten years, shall be guilty of a  
9 class D felony, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than two  
10 thousand dollars nor more than ten thousand dollars or by a period of  
11 imprisonment as provided in the penal law, or by both such fine and  
12 imprisonment.

13 (iii) In addition to the imposition of any fine or period of imprison-  
14 ment set forth in this paragraph, the court shall also sentence such  
15 person convicted [of] OR ADJUDICATED A YOUTHFUL OFFENDER FOR a violation  
16 of subdivision two, two-a [or], three OR PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION  
17 FOUR-A of section eleven hundred ninety-two of this article to a period  
18 of probation or conditional discharge, as a condition of which it shall  
19 order such person NOT TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION  
20 INTERLOCK DEVICE, NOT TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WITH A BLOOD ALCOHOL  
21 CONCENTRATION ABOVE THE SETPOINT OF THE IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE, AND  
22 to install and maintain, in accordance with the provisions of section  
23 eleven hundred ninety-eight of this article, an ignition interlock  
24 device in any motor vehicle TITLED, REGISTERED OR OTHERWISE owned or  
25 operated by such person OR, IF SUCH PERSON DOES NOT OWN A MOTOR VEHICLE,  
26 IN THE VEHICLE OPERATED BY SUCH PERSON AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION OF  
27 SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, OR IN AT LEAST ONE  
28 VEHICLE REGISTERED TO SUCH PERSON'S HOUSEHOLD during the term of such  
29 probation or conditional discharge imposed for such violation of section  
30 eleven hundred ninety-two of this article and in no event for a period  
31 of less than six months. THE PERIOD OF INTERLOCK RESTRICTION SHALL  
32 COMMENCE FROM THE DATE OF SENTENCING OR IN THE CASE OF A PLEA DISPOSI-  
33 TION, MAY COMMENCE FROM THE DATE OF INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTER-  
34 LOCK DEVICE AT A DATE IN ADVANCE OF SENTENCING. THE IGNITION INTERLOCK  
35 DEVICE SHALL BE INSTALLED FOR NO LESS THAN SIX MONTHS, REGARDLESS OF THE  
36 COMMENCEMENT DATE. IN THE EVENT THAT THE COURT MAKES A DETERMINATION OF  
37 GOOD CAUSE FOR NOT INSTALLING AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE PURSUANT TO  
38 SUBDIVISION FOUR OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE  
39 ON THE BASIS THAT SUCH PERSON DOES NOT OWN AND WILL NOT OPERATE A MOTOR  
40 VEHICLE, THE IGNITION INTERLOCK RESTRICTION SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT FOR  
41 THE FULL PERIOD OF SUCH PERSON'S CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE OR PROBATION  
42 PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SIXTY-FIVE OF THE PENAL LAW AND THE COURT SHALL  
43 SENTENCE SUCH PERSON TO WEAR A TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING DEVICE FOR  
44 A PERIOD OF NOT LESS THAN SIX MONTHS. UNDER NO CIRCUMSTANCES SHALL A  
45 CONDITIONAL LICENSE BE ISSUED, OR A LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE TO OPERATE A  
46 MOTOR VEHICLE BE GRANTED OR RESTORED UNTIL SUCH PERSON CAN DEMONSTRATE  
47 COMPLIANCE WITH EITHER THE IGNITION INTERLOCK OR TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL  
48 MONITORING PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION PURSUANT TO SUBDIVISION NINE OF  
49 SECTION FIVE HUNDRED TEN OF THIS CHAPTER. FOR THE PURPOSES OF OBTAINING  
50 A CONDITIONAL LICENSE WHILE UNDER THE PERIOD OF RESTRICTION, SUCH  
51 COMPLIANCE CAN BE DEMONSTRATED BY PROVIDING PROOF AT THE TIME OF APPLI-  
52 CATION FOR A CONDITIONAL LICENSE PROOF OF THE INSTALLATION OF AN  
53 IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE TO BE MONITORED PURSUANT TO SECTION ELEVEN  
54 HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE FOR A PERIOD OF NO LESS THAN THE  
55 FIRST SIX MONTHS FROM THE DATE OF ISSUANCE OF THE CONDITIONAL LICENSE.  
56 THE PROOF WILL BE PROVIDED TO THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE

1 COMMISSIONER. [Provided, however, the] THE court may not authorize the  
2 operation of a motor vehicle by any person whose license or privilege to  
3 operate a motor vehicle has been revoked pursuant to the provisions of  
4 this section.

5 S 2. Paragraph (g) of subdivision 1 of section 1193 of the vehicle and  
6 traffic law, as amended by section 57 of part A of chapter 56 of the  
7 laws of 2010, is amended to read as follows:

8 (g) The office of probation and correctional alternatives shall recom-  
9 mend to the commissioner of the division of criminal justice services  
10 regulations governing the monitoring of compliance by persons ordered  
11 NOT TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE, NOT  
12 TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WITH A BLOOD ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION ABOVE THE  
13 SETPOINT OF THE IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE AND to install and maintain  
14 ignition interlock devices IN ANY MOTOR VEHICLE TITLED, REGISTERED OR  
15 OTHERWISE OWNED OR OPERATED BY SUCH PERSON, OR IF SUCH PERSON DOES NOT  
16 OWN A MOTOR VEHICLE, IN THE VEHICLE OPERATED BY SUCH PERSON AT THE TIME  
17 OF THE VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE,  
18 OR IN AT LEAST ONE VEHICLE REGISTERED TO SUCH PERSON'S HOUSEHOLD, OR IN  
19 THE ALTERNATIVE TO WEAR A TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING DEVICE, to  
20 provide standards for monitoring by departments of probation, and  
21 options for monitoring of compliance by such persons, that counties may  
22 adopt as an alternative to monitoring by a department of probation.

23 S 3. Subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of  
24 section 1198 of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 496  
25 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

26 1. Applicability. The provisions of this section shall apply through-  
27 out the state to each person required or otherwise ordered by a court as  
28 a condition of probation or conditional discharge NOT TO OPERATE A MOTOR  
29 VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE, NOT TO OPERATE A MOTOR  
30 VEHICLE WITH A BLOOD ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION ABOVE THE SETPOINT OF THE  
31 IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE AND to install and [operate] MAINTAIN an  
32 ignition interlock device in any vehicle FOR which he or she HAS TITLE,  
33 REGISTRATION, OR OTHERWISE owns or operates, OR IF SUCH PERSON DOES NOT  
34 OWN A MOTOR VEHICLE, IN THE VEHICLE OPERATED BY SUCH PERSON AT THE TIME  
35 OF THE VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE,  
36 OR IN AT LEAST ONE VEHICLE REGISTERED TO SUCH PERSON'S HOUSEHOLD, OR IN  
37 THE ALTERNATIVE ORDERED TO WEAR A TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING DEVICE.

38 2. Requirements. (a) In addition to any other penalties prescribed by  
39 law, the court shall require that any person who has been convicted [of]  
40 OR ADJUDICATED A YOUTHFUL OFFENDER FOR a violation of subdivision two,  
41 two-a [or], three OR PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION FOUR-A of section  
42 eleven hundred ninety-two of this article, or any crime defined by this  
43 chapter or the penal law of which an alcohol-related violation of any  
44 provision of section eleven hundred ninety-two of this article is an  
45 essential element, [to] SHALL NOT OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT AN  
46 IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE, OR WITH A BLOOD ALCOHOL CONCENTRATION ABOVE  
47 THE SETPOINT OF THE IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE AND SHALL install and  
48 maintain, as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, a func-  
49 tioning ignition interlock device OR SHALL IN THE ALTERNATIVE WEAR A  
50 TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING DEVICE in accordance with the provisions  
51 of this section and, as applicable, in accordance with the provisions of  
52 subdivisions one and one-a of section eleven hundred ninety-three of  
53 this article; provided, however, the court may not authorize the opera-  
54 tion of a motor vehicle by any person whose license or privilege to  
55 operate a motor vehicle has been revoked except as provided herein. For  
56 any such individual subject to a sentence of probation, installation and

1 maintenance of such ignition interlock device shall be a condition of  
2 probation.

3 (b) Nothing contained in this section shall prohibit a court, upon  
4 application by a probation department, from modifying the conditions of  
5 probation of any person convicted of any violation set forth in para-  
6 graph (a) of this subdivision prior to the effective date of this  
7 section, to require the installation and maintenance of a functioning  
8 ignition interlock device, and such person shall thereafter be subject  
9 to the provisions of this section.

10 [(c) Nothing contained in this section shall authorize a court to  
11 sentence any person to a period of probation or conditional discharge  
12 for the purpose of subjecting such person to the provisions of this  
13 section, unless such person would have otherwise been so eligible for a  
14 sentence of probation or conditional discharge.]

15 3. Conditions. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, the  
16 commissioner may grant a [post-revocation] conditional license[, as set  
17 forth in paragraph (b) of this subdivision, to a person who has been  
18 convicted of a violation of subdivision two, two-a or three of section  
19 eleven hundred ninety-two of this article and who has been sentenced to  
20 a period of probation or conditional discharge, provided the person has  
21 satisfied the minimum period of license revocation established by law  
22 and the commissioner has been notified that such person may operate only  
23 a motor vehicle equipped with a functioning ignition interlock device]  
24 IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-SIX  
25 OF THIS ARTICLE.

26 (B) No such request shall be made nor shall such a license be granted,  
27 however, if such person has been found by a court to have [committed a]  
28 BEEN CHARGED WITH A violation of section five hundred eleven of this  
29 chapter during the license revocation period, OR A VIOLATION OF SECTION  
30 ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, OR FOR OPERATION OF A MOTOR  
31 VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE WHEN REQUIRED TO HAVE ONE  
32 PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION, or deemed by a court to have violated any  
33 condition of probation or conditional discharge set forth by the court  
34 relating to the operation of a motor vehicle or the consumption of alco-  
35 hol. [In exercising discretion relating to the issuance of a post-revo-  
36 cation conditional license pursuant to this subdivision, the commission-  
37 er shall not deny such issuance based solely upon the number of  
38 convictions for violations of any subdivision of section eleven hundred  
39 ninety-two of this article committed by such person within the ten years  
40 prior to application for such license.] IN ORDER FOR THE REQUEST FOR A  
41 CONDITIONAL LICENSE TO BE DENIED ON THE BASIS OF HAVING BEEN CHARGED  
42 WITH THE ENUMERATED VIOLATIONS, THE COURT MUST FIND PRIOR TO THE CONCLU-  
43 SION OF THE PROCEEDINGS FOR ARRAIGNMENT THAT THE ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT  
44 CONFORMS TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 100.40 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE  
45 LAW AND THERE EXISTS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT SUCH PERSON  
46 VIOLATED THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THIS CHAPTER  
47 OR OPERATED A MOTOR VEHICLE IN VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION ONE, TWO, TWO-A,  
48 THREE, FOUR OR FOUR-A OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTI-  
49 CLE OR OPERATED A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE  
50 WHEN REQUIRED TO HAVE ONE PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION. THE COURT SHALL MAKE  
51 A FINDING AND SET IT FORTH UPON THE RECORD, OR OTHERWISE SET IT FORTH IN  
52 WRITING. THE FINDING SHALL BE FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM  
53 PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER. AT SUCH TIME THE LICENSEE SHALL BE ENTI-  
54 TLED TO AN OPPORTUNITY TO MAKE A STATEMENT REGARDING THE CHARGES AND  
55 ISSUES AND TO PRESENT EVIDENCE TENDING TO REBUT THE COURT'S FINDINGS.  
56 THE LICENSEE MAY PRESENT MATERIAL AND RELEVANT EVIDENCE, HOWEVER, HE OR

1 SHE MAY NOT CAUSE THE LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICERS INVOLVED IN THE UNDERLY-  
2 ING ARREST OR ARRESTS TO BE CALLED TO TESTIFY UNLESS THE LICENSEE FIRST  
3 DEMONSTRATES TO THE SATISFACTION OF THE COURT A GOOD FAITH BASIS TO  
4 BELIEVE SUCH OFFICERS WILL PROVIDE TESTIMONY INCONSISTENT WITH THE  
5 FACTUAL PORTION OF THE ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT WHICH FORMED THE BASIS OF  
6 THE COURT'S FINDING OF COMPLIANCE WITH SECTION 100.40 OF THE CRIMINAL  
7 PROCEDURE LAW AND THERE EXISTS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT THE  
8 HOLDER VIOLATED THE SECTIONS CHARGED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE ARRAIGNMENT  
9 BE ADJOURNED OR OTHERWISE DELAYED MORE THAN THREE BUSINESS DAYS SOLELY  
10 FOR THE PURPOSE OF ALLOWING THE LICENSEE TO REBUT THE COURT'S FINDING.  
11 Upon the termination of the period of probation or conditional discharge  
12 set by the court, the person may apply to the commissioner for restora-  
13 tion of a license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle in accordance  
14 with this chapter.

15 [(b) Notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of this chapter, a  
16 post-revocation conditional license granted pursuant to paragraph (a) of  
17 this subdivision shall be valid only for use by the holder thereof, (1)  
18 enroute to and from the holder's place of employment, (2) if the hold-  
19 er's employment requires the operation of a motor vehicle then during  
20 the hours thereof, (3) enroute to and from a class or course at an  
21 accredited school, college or university or at a state approved institu-  
22 tion of vocational or technical training, (4) to and from court ordered  
23 probation activities, (5) to and from a motor vehicle office for the  
24 transaction of business relating to such license, (6) for a three hour  
25 consecutive daytime period, chosen by the department, on a day during  
26 which the participant is not engaged in usual employment or vocation,  
27 (7) enroute to and from a medical examination or treatment as part of a  
28 necessary medical treatment for such participant or member of the  
29 participant's household, as evidenced by a written statement to that  
30 effect from a licensed medical practitioner, (8) enroute to and from a  
31 class or an activity which is an authorized part of the alcohol and drug  
32 rehabilitation program and at which participant's attendance is  
33 required, and (9) enroute to and from a place, including a school, at  
34 which a child or children of the participant are cared for on a regular  
35 basis and which is necessary for the participant to maintain such  
36 participant's employment or enrollment at an accredited school, college  
37 or university or at a state approved institution of vocational or tech-  
38 nical training.]

39 (c) The [post-revocation] conditional license described in [this  
40 subdivision] SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-SIX OF THIS ARTICLE, may be  
41 revoked by the commissioner for sufficient cause including but not  
42 limited to, failure to comply with the terms of the condition of  
43 probation or conditional discharge set forth by the court, conviction of  
44 any traffic offense other than one involving parking, stopping or stand-  
45 ing [or conviction of] AND SHALL BE REVOKED BY THE COMMISSIONER WHERE  
46 SUCH PERSON IS FOUND BY THE COURT TO HAVE BEEN CHARGED WITH any alcohol  
47 or drug related offense, misdemeanor or felony, ANY VIOLATION OF SECTION  
48 ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, ANY VIOLATION OF SECTION FIVE  
49 HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THIS ARTICLE, OR WITH OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE WITH-  
50 OUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE WHEN REQUIRED TO DO SO, or failure to  
51 install or maintain a court ordered ignition interlock device.

52 (d) [Nothing contained herein shall prohibit the court from requiring,  
53 as a condition of probation or conditional discharge, the installation  
54 of a functioning ignition interlock device in any vehicle owned or oper-  
55 ated by a person sentenced for a violation of subdivision two, two-a, or  
56 three of section eleven hundred ninety-two of this chapter, or any crime

defined by this chapter or the penal law of which an alcohol-related violation of any provision of section eleven hundred ninety-two of this chapter is an essential element, if the court in its discretion, determines that such a condition is necessary to ensure the public safety.] Imposition of an ignition interlock condition shall in no way limit the effect of any period of license suspension or revocation set forth by the commissioner or the court.

(e) Nothing contained herein shall prevent the court from applying any other conditions of probation or conditional discharge allowed by law, including treatment for alcohol or drug abuse, restitution and community service.

(f) The commissioner shall note on the operator's record of any person restricted pursuant to this section UPON SENTENCING OR DATE OF PLEA DISPOSITION IN ADVANCE OF SENTENCING that, in addition to any other restrictions, conditions or limitations, such person may operate only a motor vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

4. Proof of compliance and recording of condition. (a) Following imposition by the court of the use of an ignition interlock device as a condition of probation or conditional discharge it shall require the person to provide proof of compliance with this section to the court and the probation department OR OTHER MONITOR where such person is under probation, SUPERVISION, or conditional discharge [supervision] MONITORING. A CLAIM BY SUCH PERSON THAT HE OR SHE HAS GOOD CAUSE FOR NOT INSTALLING AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE SHALL BE MADE TO THE COURT AT OR BEFORE SENTENCING, IN WRITING IN THE FORM OF A SWORN AFFIDAVIT SIGNED BY SUCH PERSON ASSERTING UNDER OATH THAT SUCH PERSON IS NOT THE REGISTERED OR TITLED OWNER OF ANY MOTOR VEHICLE AND WILL NOT OPERATE ANY MOTOR VEHICLE DURING THE PERIOD OF RESTRICTION, OR THAT SUCH PERSON DOES NOT HAVE ACCESS TO THE VEHICLE OPERATED BY SUCH PERSON AT THE TIME OF THE VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, OR THAT THE REGISTERED OWNER OF THAT VEHICLE OR ANY VEHICLE REGISTERED TO SUCH PERSON'S HOUSEHOLD WILL NOT GIVE CONSENT FOR THE INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE ON HIS OR HER VEHICLE. IN ADDITION, THE AFFIDAVIT MUST ALSO INCLUDE A STATEMENT REGARDING WHETHER SUCH PERSON OWNED ANY MOTOR VEHICLE ON THE DATE OF THE UNDERLYING VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE AND WHETHER OWNERSHIP OF ANY OF THOSE VEHICLES HAS BEEN TRANSFERRED TO ANOTHER PARTY BY SALE, GIFT OR ANY OTHER MEANS SINCE THE DATE OF SAID VIOLATION. THE AFFIDAVIT MUST INCLUDE A STATEMENT FROM SUCH PERSON THAT HE OR SHE HAS NOT AND WILL NOT TRANSFER OWNERSHIP OF ANY VEHICLE TO EVADE INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE. THE AFFIDAVIT MUST ALSO INCLUDE THE ADDRESS OF SUCH PERSON'S EMPLOYMENT (IF ANY) AND HOW SUCH PERSON INTENDS TO TRAVEL TO THAT LOCATION DURING THE PERIOD OF RESTRICTION. THE PERSON MAY ALSO INCLUDE ANY OTHER FACTS AND CIRCUMSTANCES SUCH PERSON BELIEVES TO BE RELEVANT TO THE CLAIM OF GOOD CAUSE. THE COURT MUST MAKE A FINDING WHETHER GOOD CAUSE EXISTS ON THE RECORD AND, IF GOOD CAUSE IS FOUND, ISSUE SUCH FINDING IN WRITING TO BE FILED BY SUCH PERSON WITH PROBATION OR THE IGNITION INTERLOCK MONITOR, AS APPROPRIATE. IN THE EVENT THE COURT DENIES SUCH PERSON'S CLAIM OF GOOD CAUSE ON THE BASIS OF THE AFFIDAVIT FILED WITH THE COURT, SUCH PERSON MUST BE GIVEN AN OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD. SUCH PERSON MAY ALSO WAIVE THE OPPORTUNITY TO BE HEARD. WHERE THE COURT FINDS GOOD CAUSE FOR SUCH PERSON NOT TO INSTALL AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE, THE PERIOD OF INTERLOCK RESTRICTION ON SUCH PERSON'S OPERATING RECORD SHALL REMAIN IN EFFECT FOR THE FULL PERIOD OF SUCH PERSON'S CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE OR PROBATION PURSUANT TO ARTICLE SIXTY-FIVE OF THE PENAL LAW AND THE COURT SHALL SENTENCE SUCH PERSON TO

1 WEAR A TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING DEVICE FOR A PERIOD OF NOT LESS  
2 THAN SIX MONTHS. IN THE EVENT THE COURT ALSO SENTENCES SUCH PERSON TO  
3 ABSTAIN OR RESTRICT HIS OR HER CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL DURING THE TRANS-  
4 DERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING PERIOD, THE DETECTION OF ALCOHOL BY THE TRANS-  
5 DERMAL DEVICE SHALL BE REPORTED BY PROBATION OR THE MONITOR TO THE  
6 COURT. WHERE NO SUCH RESTRICTION IS IMPOSED BY THE COURT, THE TRANSDER-  
7 MAL DATA WILL BE REPORTED TO THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE  
8 COMMISSIONER FOR CONSIDERATION DURING RELICENSING. If [the] A person IS  
9 ORDERED TO INSTALL AND MAINTAIN AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE AND SUCH  
10 PERSON fails to provide [for such] proof of installation TO PROBATION OR  
11 THE MONITOR, AS APPROPRIATE, absent a finding by the court of good cause  
12 for that failure which is entered in the record, the court may revoke,  
13 modify, or terminate the person's sentence of probation or conditional  
14 discharge as provided under law.

15 (b) When a court imposes the condition specified in subdivision one of  
16 this section, the court shall notify the commissioner in such manner as  
17 the commissioner may prescribe, and the commissioner shall note such  
18 condition on the operating record of the person subject to such condi-  
19 tions.

20 (a) The cost of installing and maintaining the ignition interlock  
21 device OR TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING DEVICE shall be borne by the  
22 person subject to such condition unless the court determines such person  
23 is financially unable to afford such cost whereupon such cost [may]  
24 SHALL be imposed pursuant to a payment plan or, IF NO PAYMENT PLAN CAN  
25 BE ESTABLISHED, THE COURT MUST STATE THE REASONS WHY A PAYMENT PLAN IS  
26 NOT FEASIBLE ON THE RECORD AND MAY ORDER THE COST TO BE waived. In the  
27 event of such waiver, the cost of the device shall be borne in accord-  
28 ance with regulations issued under paragraph (g) of subdivision one of  
29 section eleven hundred ninety-three of this article or pursuant to such  
30 other agreement as may be entered into for provision of the device. Such  
31 cost shall be considered a fine for the purposes of subdivision five of  
32 section 420.10 of the criminal procedure law. Such cost shall not  
33 replace, but shall instead be in addition to, any fines, surcharges, or  
34 other costs imposed pursuant to this chapter or other applicable laws.

35 S 4. Subdivision 8 of section 1198 of the vehicle and traffic law, as  
36 amended by chapter 496 of the laws of 2009, is amended to read as  
37 follows:

38 8. Employer vehicle. Notwithstanding the provisions of subdivision one  
39 and paragraph (d) of subdivision nine of this section, if a person is  
40 required to operate a motor vehicle owned by said person's employer in  
41 the course and scope of his or her employment, the person may operate  
42 that vehicle without installation of an approved ignition interlock  
43 device only in the course and scope of such employment and only if the  
44 employer has been notified that the person's driving privilege has been  
45 restricted under the provisions of this article or the penal law and the  
46 person whose privilege has been so restricted has provided the court and  
47 probation department with written documentation indicating the employer  
48 has knowledge of the restriction imposed and has granted permission for  
49 the person to operate the employer's vehicle without the device only for  
50 business purposes. The person shall notify the court and the probation  
51 department, OR THE INTERLOCK MONITOR, AS APPROPRIATE, of his or her  
52 intention to so operate the employer's vehicle. THE COURT MAY GRANT OR  
53 DENY SUCH PERSON'S REQUEST TO OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE, OWNED BY SAID  
54 PERSON'S EMPLOYER, IN THE COURSE AND SCOPE OF HIS OR HER EMPLOYMENT  
55 WITHOUT INSTALLATION OF AN APPROVED IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE. WHERE THE  
56 COURT GRANTS THE REQUEST, IT MUST BE GRANTED IN WRITING IN A FORM



1 PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER TO BE FILED WITH PROBATION OR THE MONI-  
2 TOR, AS APPROPRIATE, AND TO BE CARRIED BY SUCH PERSON WHENEVER SAID  
3 PERSON IS OPERATING THE EMPLOYER'S VEHICLE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS  
4 SECTION AND SUCH PERSON MUST PRODUCE SAID DOCUMENT TO A LAW ENFORCEMENT  
5 OFFICER UPON REQUEST. ADDITIONALLY, THE COMMISSIONER SHALL NOTE ON THE  
6 OPERATOR'S RECORD OF ANY PERSON AUTHORIZED TO OPERATE AN EMPLOYER VEHI-  
7 CLE PURSUANT TO THIS SUBDIVISION THAT SUCH PERSON IS ONLY AUTHORIZED TO  
8 OPERATE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE WHILE DRIVING AN EMPLOYER  
9 VEHICLE WITHIN THE COURSE AND SCOPE OF HIS OR HER EMPLOYMENT. A motor  
10 vehicle owned by a business entity which business entity is all or part-  
11 ly owned or controlled by a person otherwise subject to the provisions  
12 of this article or the penal law is not a motor vehicle owned by the  
13 employer for purposes of the exemption provided in this subdivision. The  
14 provisions of this subdivision shall apply only to the operation of such  
15 vehicle in the scope of such employment.

16 S 5. Subdivision 15-a of section 259-c of the executive law, as  
17 amended by section 38-b of subpart A of part C of chapter 62 of the laws  
18 of 2011, is amended to read as follows:

19 15-a. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, where a person is  
20 serving a sentence for a violation of section 120.03, 120.04, 120.04-a,  
21 125.12, 125.13 or 125.14 of the penal law, or a felony as defined in  
22 paragraph (c) of subdivision one of section eleven hundred ninety-three  
23 of the vehicle and traffic law, if such person is released on parole or  
24 conditional release the board shall require as a mandatory condition of  
25 such release, that such person install and maintain, in accordance with  
26 the provisions of section eleven hundred ninety-eight of the vehicle and  
27 traffic law, an ignition interlock device in any motor vehicle TITLED,  
28 REGISTERED OR OTHERWISE owned or operated by such person during the term  
29 of such parole or conditional release for such crime. THIS MANDATORY  
30 INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE AS A CONDITION OF RELEASE  
31 SHALL RUN CONCURRENTLY WITH ANY REQUIRED INSTALLATION OF AN IGNITION  
32 INTERLOCK DEVICE ORDERED BY THE COURT AS A CONDITION OF A CONSECUTIVE  
33 PERIOD OF CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE OR PROBATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 60.21  
34 OF THE PENAL LAW. MONITORING DURING THE PERIOD OF PAROLE SHALL BE  
35 PROVIDED BY THE DIVISION OF PAROLE. IF THERE IS AN ADDITIONAL PERIOD OF  
36 PROBATION EXTENDING BEYOND THE PERIOD OF PAROLE, MONITORING OF ANY  
37 REMAINING PERIOD OF IGNITION INTERLOCK RESTRICTION SHALL BE TRANSFERRED  
38 FROM THE DIVISION OF PAROLE TO PROBATION AT THE CONCLUSION OF PAROLE.  
39 Provided further, however, the board may not otherwise authorize the  
40 operation of a motor vehicle by any person whose license or privilege to  
41 operate a motor vehicle has been revoked pursuant to the provisions of  
42 the vehicle and traffic law.

43 S 6. Section 60.36 of the penal law, as added by chapter 496 of the  
44 laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

45 S 60.36 Authorized dispositions; driving while intoxicated offenses.

46 Where a court is imposing a sentence for a violation of subdivision  
47 two, two-a, [or] three, OR PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION FOUR-A of  
48 section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law OR FOR  
49 A VIOLATION OF SECTION 120.03, 120.04, 120.04-A, 125.12, 125.13 OR  
50 125.14 OF THIS CHAPTER, OR A FELONY AS DEFINED IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF  
51 SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-THREE OF THE VEHICLE  
52 AND TRAFFIC LAW, pursuant to sections 65.00 or 65.05 of this title and,  
53 as a condition of such sentence, orders the installation and maintenance  
54 of an ignition interlock device, the court may impose any other penalty  
55 authorized pursuant to section eleven hundred ninety-three of the vehi-  
56 cle and traffic law.

1 S 7. Section 60.21 of the penal law, as added by chapter 496 of the  
2 laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

3 S 60.21 Authorized dispositions; driving while intoxicated or aggravated  
4 driving while intoxicated.

5 Notwithstanding paragraph (d) of subdivision two of section 60.01 of  
6 this article, when a person is to be sentenced upon a conviction for a  
7 violation of subdivision two, two-a [or], three OR PARAGRAPH (B) OF  
8 SUBDIVISION FOUR-A of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle  
9 and traffic law, OR FOR A VIOLATION OF SECTION 120.03, 120.04, 120.04-A,  
10 125.12, 125.13 OR 125.14 OF THIS CHAPTER, OR A FELONY AS DEFINED IN  
11 PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-THREE  
12 OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW, OR ANY FELONY FOR WHICH A VIOLATION OF  
13 SUBDIVISION TWO, TWO-A, THREE, PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION FOUR-A OF  
14 SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW IS AN  
15 ESSENTIAL ELEMENT the court may sentence such person to a period of  
16 imprisonment authorized by article seventy of this title and shall  
17 sentence such person to a period of probation or conditional discharge  
18 in accordance with the provisions of section 65.00 of this title and  
19 shall order the installation and maintenance of a functioning ignition  
20 interlock device. Such period of probation or conditional discharge  
21 shall run consecutively to any period of imprisonment and shall commence  
22 immediately upon such person's release from imprisonment NOTWITHSTAND-  
23 ING, SUCH PERSON ALSO HAVING BEEN CONVICTED OF FELONY CHARGES THAT DO  
24 NOT CONTAIN A VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THE  
25 VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC LAW AS AN ESSENTIAL ELEMENT. WHERE A PERSON IS  
26 SENTENCED TO THE MAXIMUM TERM OF INCARCERATION WITH A CONSECUTIVE PERIOD  
27 OF CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE OR PROBATION, AND THE COURT FINDS SUCH PERSON  
28 TO HAVE VIOLATED THE CONDITIONS OF DISCHARGE OR PROBATION, THE COURT IN  
29 ITS DISCRETION MAY SENTENCE THE DEFENDANT TO AN ADDITIONAL PERIOD OF  
30 INCARCERATION NOT TO EXCEED NINETY DAYS FOR EACH VIOLATION. NOTHING  
31 CONTAINED IN THIS SECTION SHALL PROHIBIT A COURT FROM IMPOSING ANY OTHER  
32 SENTENCE OR MODIFICATION PERMITTED BY LAW.

33 S 8. Subparagraph 10 of paragraph b of subdivision 2 of section 1193  
34 of the vehicle and traffic law, as added by chapter 173 of the laws of  
35 1990, is amended to read as follows:

36 (10) Action required by commissioner. Where a court fails to impose,  
37 or incorrectly imposes, a suspension or revocation required by this  
38 subdivision, OR AN INTERLOCK RESTRICTION REQUIRED BY SECTION ELEVEN  
39 HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, the commissioner shall, upon  
40 receipt of a certificate of conviction filed pursuant to section five  
41 hundred fourteen of this chapter OR UPON NOTICE OF AN IGNITION INTERLOCK  
42 REQUIREMENT BEFORE THE SENTENCE DATE AS PART OF A PLEA DISPOSITION,  
43 impose such mandated suspension [or], revocation[, ] OR RESTRICTION which  
44 shall supersede any such order which the court may have imposed.

45 S 9. Section 510 of the vehicle and traffic law is amended by adding a  
46 new subdivision 8-a to read as follows:

47 8-A. PROOF OF COMPLIANCE. A LICENSE OR REGISTRATION MAY BE RESTORED  
48 BY DIRECTION OF THE COMMISSIONER BUT NOT OTHERWISE. WHERE THE SUSPEN-  
49 SION, REVOCATION OR RESTRICTION IS THE RESULT OF A CRIMINAL CONVICTION,  
50 NO LICENSE SHALL BE RESTORED AND NO RESTRICTION SHALL BE REMOVED UNTIL  
51 PROOF OF COMPLIANCE WITH EACH OF THE CONDITIONS OF THE OPERATOR'S  
52 SENTENCE HAS BEEN PROVIDED TO THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE  
53 COMMISSIONER.

54 S 10. Paragraph (h) of subdivision 2 of section 503 of the vehicle and  
55 traffic law, as amended by section 1 of part PP of chapter 59 of the  
56 laws of 2009, is amended to read as follows:

1 (h) An applicant whose driver's license has been RESTRICTED PURSUANT  
2 TO (I) PARAGRAPHS (B) AND (C) OF SUBDIVISION ONE OF SECTION ELEVEN  
3 HUNDRED NINETY-THREE OF THIS CHAPTER AND (II) SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED  
4 NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS CHAPTER OR revoked pursuant to (i) section five  
5 hundred ten of this title, (ii) section eleven hundred ninety-three of  
6 this chapter, [and] (iii) section eleven hundred ninety-four of this  
7 chapter OR, (IV) A FINDING OF DRIVING AFTER HAVING CONSUMED ALCOHOL  
8 PURSUANT TO THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO-A OF  
9 THIS CHAPTER, shall, upon application for issuance of a driver's license  
10 OR REMOVAL OF THE RESTRICTION, pay to the commissioner a fee of one  
11 hundred dollars. [When the basis for the revocation is a finding of  
12 driving after having consumed alcohol pursuant to the provisions of  
13 section eleven hundred ninety-two-a of this chapter, the fee to be paid  
14 to the commissioner shall be one hundred dollars.] Such fee is not  
15 refundable and shall not be returned to the applicant regardless of the  
16 action the commissioner may take on such person's application for rein-  
17 statement of such driving license. Such fee shall be in addition to any  
18 other fees presently levied [but shall not apply to an applicant whose  
19 driver's license was revoked for failure to pass a reexamination or to  
20 an applicant who has been issued a conditional or restricted use license  
21 under the provisions of article twenty-one-A or thirty-one of this chap-  
22 ter].

23 S 11. Subdivision 4-a of section 1192 of the vehicle and traffic law,  
24 as added by chapter 732 of the laws of 2006, is amended to read as  
25 follows:

26 4-a. Driving while ability impaired by the combined influence of drugs  
27 or of alcohol and any drug or drugs. (A) No person shall operate a motor  
28 vehicle while the person's ability to operate such motor vehicle is  
29 impaired by the combined influence of drugs [or].

30 (B) NO PERSON SHALL OPERATE A MOTOR VEHICLE WHILE THE PERSON'S ABILITY  
31 TO OPERATE SUCH MOTOR VEHICLE IS IMPAIRED BY THE COMBINED INFLUENCE of  
32 alcohol and any drug or drugs.

33 S 12. Paragraph (k-1) of subdivision 2 of section 65.10 of the penal  
34 law, as amended by chapter 669 of the laws of 2007, is amended to read  
35 as follows:

36 (k-1) Install and maintain a functioning ignition interlock device, as  
37 that term is defined in section one hundred nineteen-a of the vehicle  
38 and traffic law, in any vehicle owned or operated by the defendant [if  
39 the court in its discretion determines that such a condition is neces-  
40 sary to ensure the public safety. The court may require such condition  
41 only where a person has been convicted of a violation of subdivision  
42 two, two-a or three of section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle  
43 and traffic law, or any crime defined by the vehicle and traffic law or  
44 this chapter of which an alcohol-related violation of any provision of  
45 section eleven hundred ninety-two of the vehicle and traffic law is an  
46 essential element]. The offender shall be required to install and oper-  
47 ate the ignition interlock device [only] in accordance with section  
48 eleven hundred ninety-eight of the vehicle and traffic law.

49 S 13. Paragraph (d) of subdivision 2 of section 1193 of the vehicle  
50 and traffic law, as added by chapter 47 of the laws of 1988 and subpara-  
51 graph 1 as amended by section 34 of part LL of chapter 56 of the laws of  
52 2010, is amended to read as follows:

53 (d) Suspension or revocation; sentencing. [(1)] Notwithstanding  
54 anything to the contrary contained in a certificate of relief from disa-  
55 bilities or a certificate of good conduct issued pursuant to article  
56 twenty-three of the correction law, where a suspension or revocation,

1 other than a revocation required to be issued by the commissioner, is  
2 mandatory pursuant to paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision, the  
3 magistrate, justice or judge shall issue an order suspending or revoking  
4 such license upon sentencing, and the license holder shall surrender  
5 such license to the court. [Except as hereinafter provided, such suspen-  
6 sion or revocation shall take effect immediately.

7 (2) Except where the license holder has been charged with a violation  
8 of article one hundred twenty or one hundred twenty-five of the penal  
9 law arising out of the same incident or convicted of such violation or a  
10 violation of any subdivision of section eleven hundred ninety-two of  
11 this article within the preceding five years, the judge, justice or  
12 magistrate may issue an order making said license suspension or revoca-  
13 tion take effect twenty days after the date of sentencing. The license  
14 holder shall be given a copy of said order permitting the continuation  
15 of driving privileges for twenty days after sentencing, if granted by  
16 the court. The court shall forward to the commissioner the certificates  
17 required in sections five hundred thirteen and five hundred fourteen of  
18 this chapter, along with a copy of any order issued pursuant to this  
19 paragraph and the license, within ninety-six hours of sentencing.]

20 S 14. Paragraphs (b) and (d) of subdivision 1 of section 160.10 of the  
21 criminal procedure law, paragraph (b) as amended by chapter 762 of the  
22 laws of 1971, paragraph (d) as amended by chapter 232 of the laws of  
23 2010, are amended and a new paragraph (e) is added to read as follows:

24 (b) A misdemeanor defined in the penal law OR THE VEHICLE AND TRAFFIC  
25 LAW; or

26 (d) Loitering for the purpose of engaging in a prostitution offense as  
27 defined in subdivision two of section 240.37 of the penal law[.]; OR

28 (E) AN OFFENSE WHICH WOULD CONSTITUTE A MISDEMEANOR IF SUCH PERSON HAD  
29 A PREVIOUS JUDGMENT OR CONVICTION FOR THE SAME OFFENSE.

30 S 15. Paragraphs (e) and (f) of subdivision 7 of section 1196 of the  
31 vehicle and traffic law, paragraph (e) as added by chapter 47 of the  
32 laws of 1988 and paragraph (f) as added by chapter 420 of the laws of  
33 1989, are amended and a new paragraph (i) is added to read as follows:

34 (e) The conditional license or privileges described in this subdivi-  
35 sion may be revoked by the commissioner, for sufficient cause including,  
36 but not limited to, failure to register in the program, failure to  
37 attend or satisfactorily participate in the sessions, conviction of any  
38 traffic infraction other than one involving parking, stopping or stand-  
39 ing or conviction of any alcohol or drug-related traffic offense, misde-  
40 meanor or felony. THE CONDITIONAL LICENSE OR PRIVILEGES DESCRIBED IN  
41 THIS SUBDIVISION SHALL BE REVOKED BY THE COMMISSIONER WHEN THERE HAS  
42 BEEN A FINDING BY A COURT, FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM  
43 PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT THE ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT CONFORMS  
44 TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 100.40 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LAW AND  
45 THERE EXISTS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT THE OPERATOR HAS COMMITTED  
46 A VIOLATION OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THIS CHAPTER DURING A  
47 LICENSE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION PERIOD, HAS COMMITTED A VIOLATION OF  
48 SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, HAS OPERATED A MOTOR  
49 VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE WHEN ONE WAS REQUIRED  
50 PURSUANT TO SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE, OR HAS  
51 VIOLATED ANY CONDITION OF PROBATION OR CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE SET FORTH  
52 BY THE COURT RELATING TO THE OPERATION OF A MOTOR VEHICLE OR THE  
53 CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL. THE COURT'S FINDING MUST CONFORM TO THE PROCE-  
54 DURES SET FORTH IN PARAGRAPH (C) OF SUBDIVISION THREE OF SECTION ELEVEN  
55 HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE DENYING A REQUEST FOR A CONDITIONAL  
56 LICENSE. A REVOCATION OF THE CONDITIONAL LICENSE PURSUANT TO THIS

SECTION SHALL REINSTATE THE UNDERLYING ALCOHOL-RELATED SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION FROM WHICH THE CONDITIONAL LICENSE WAS DERIVED. In addition, the commissioner shall have the right, after a hearing, to revoke the conditional license or privilege upon receiving notification or evidence that the offender is not attempting in good faith to accept rehabilitation. In the event of such revocation, the fee described in subdivision six of this section shall not be refunded.

(f) It shall be a traffic infraction for the holder of a conditional license or privilege to operate a motor vehicle upon a public highway for any use other than those authorized pursuant to paragraph (a) of this subdivision, UNLESS THE OPERATION RESULTS IN A CHARGE FOR A VIOLATION OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THIS CHAPTER DURING A LICENSE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION PERIOD, FOR A VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, OR FOR OPERATION OF A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE WHEN ONE IS REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE AND A COURT, PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (E) OF THIS SUBDIVISION HAS ISSUED A FINDING, FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT THE ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT CONFORMS TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 100.40 OF THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LAW AND THERE EXISTS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE THAT THE OPERATOR HAS COMMITTED THE VIOLATION OR VIOLATIONS CHARGED. WHEN SUCH CHARGES ARE FILED AND SUCH A FINDING BY THE COURT IS MADE, THE CONDITIONAL LICENSE SHALL BE IMMEDIATELY REVOKED. When a [person] HOLDER OF A CONDITIONAL LICENSE OR PRIVILEGE is convicted of [this] THE offense OF OPERATING A MOTOR VEHICLE UPON A PUBLIC HIGHWAY FOR ANY USE OTHER THAN THOSE AUTHORIZED PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF THIS SUBDIVISION, the sentence of the court must be a fine of not less than two hundred dollars nor more than five hundred dollars or a term of imprisonment of not more than fifteen days or both such fine and imprisonment. Additionally, the conditional license or privileges described in this subdivision shall be revoked by the commissioner upon receiving notification from the court that the holder thereof has been convicted of this offense.

(I) NOTWITHSTANDING ANY OTHER PROVISION OF LAW, THE COMMISSIONER MAY GRANT A POST-REVOCATION CONDITIONAL LICENSE TO A PERSON WHO IS OTHERWISE INELIGIBLE TO RECEIVE A CONDITIONAL LICENSE WHEN THAT PERSON HAS BEEN CONVICTED OF A VIOLATION OF SUBDIVISION TWO, TWO-A, THREE OR PARAGRAPH (B) OF SUBDIVISION FOUR-A OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE AND WHO HAS BEEN SENTENCED TO A PERIOD OF PROBATION, PROVIDED THAT PROBATION CONSENTS TO THE ISSUANCE OF A POST-REVOCATION CONDITIONAL LICENSE AND THE PERSON HAS SATISFIED THE MINIMUM PERIOD OF LICENSE REVOCATION ESTABLISHED BY LAW AND THE COMMISSIONER HAS BEEN NOTIFIED THAT SUCH PERSON MAY OPERATE ONLY A MOTOR VEHICLE EQUIPPED WITH A FUNCTIONING IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE. NO SUCH REQUEST SHALL BE MADE NOR SHALL SUCH A LICENSE BE GRANTED, HOWEVER, IF SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN DEEMED BY A COURT TO HAVE VIOLATED ANY CONDITION OF PROBATION OR CONDITIONAL DISCHARGE SET FORTH BY THE COURT RELATING TO THE OPERATION OF A MOTOR VEHICLE OR THE CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OR IF SUCH PERSON HAS BEEN CHARGED WITH A VIOLATION OF SECTION FIVE HUNDRED ELEVEN OF THIS CHAPTER DURING A LICENSE SUSPENSION OR REVOCATION PERIOD, FOR A VIOLATION OF SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-TWO OF THIS ARTICLE, HAS OPERATED A MOTOR VEHICLE WITHOUT AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE WHEN ONE WAS REQUIRED PURSUANT TO SECTION ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-EIGHT OF THIS ARTICLE AND A COURT, PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (E) OF THIS SUBDIVISION HAS ISSUED A FINDING, FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER, THAT THE ACCUSATORY INSTRUMENT CONFORMS TO THE REQUIREMENTS OF SECTION 100.40 OF

1 THE CRIMINAL PROCEDURE LAW AND THERE EXISTS REASONABLE CAUSE TO BELIEVE  
2 THAT THE OPERATOR HAS COMMITTED THE VIOLATION OR VIOLATIONS CHARGED.

3 S 16. Subdivision 7 and paragraph (e) of subdivision 9 of section 1198  
4 of the vehicle and traffic law, subdivision 7 as amended by chapter 669  
5 of the laws of 2007 and paragraph (e) of subdivision 9 as amended by  
6 chapter 496 of the laws of 2009, are amended to read as follows:

7 7. [Use of other vehicles. (a) Any requirement of this article or the  
8 penal law that a person operate a vehicle only if it is equipped with an  
9 ignition interlock device shall apply to every motor vehicle operated by  
10 that person including, but not limited to, vehicles that are leased,  
11 rented or loaned.

12 (b) No person shall knowingly rent, lease, or lend a motor vehicle to  
13 a person known to have had his or her driving privilege restricted to  
14 vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device unless the vehicle  
15 is so equipped. Any person whose driving privilege is so restricted  
16 shall notify any other person who rents, leases, or loans a motor vehi-  
17 cle to him or her of such driving restriction.

18 (c) A violation of paragraph (a) or (b) of this subdivision shall be a  
19 misdemeanor.]

20 VIOLATIONS. (A) ANY FAILED TASK INCLUDING FAILING TO INSTALL A DEVICE,  
21 FAILURE TO APPEAR FOR A SERVICE VISIT OR FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH SERVICE  
22 INSTRUCTIONS, CIRCUMVENTIONS OR TAMPERINGS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE  
23 OFFICE OF PROBATION AND CORRECTIONAL ALTERNATIVES (OPCA) REGULATIONS  
24 UNDER 9 NYCRR 358 SHALL CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF THE CONDITIONS OF A  
25 PERSON'S SENTENCE AND MAY ALSO CONSTITUTE A SEPARATE CRIME. SUCH  
26 VIOLATIONS WILL BE ADJUDICATED BY THE SENTENCING COURT IN ITS  
27 DISCRETION.

28 (B) A FAILED TEST INCLUDING A FAILED START-UP RE-TEST, A MISSED  
29 START-UP RE-TEST, A FAILED ROLLING RE-TEST, A MISSED ROLLING RE-TEST,  
30 THE DEVICE ENTERING LOCKOUT MODE, AND ANY TEST OR RE-TEST WHERE THE  
31 OPERATOR REGISTERS .05 OF ONE PER CENTUM OR MORE BY WEIGHT OF ALCOHOL IN  
32 SUCH PERSON'S BLOOD SHALL CONSTITUTE A VIOLATION OF THE CONDITIONS OF A  
33 PERSON'S SENTENCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE OPCA REGULATIONS UNDER 9 NYCRR  
34 358 AND ALSO MAY CONSTITUTE A SEPARATE CRIME. SUCH VIOLATIONS WILL BE  
35 ADJUDICATED BY THE SENTENCING COURT IN ITS DISCRETION.

36 (C) A FAILED TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING REPORT SHALL CONSTITUTE A  
37 VIOLATION OF THE OFFENDER'S SENTENCE WHERE THE COURT HAS ORDERED THE  
38 OFFENDER TO ABSTAIN FROM THE CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL OR RESTRICT THE  
39 CONSUMPTION OF ALCOHOL TO LEVELS BELOW A CERTAIN BLOOD ALCOHOL LEVEL  
40 DESIGNATED BY THE COURT. ABSTINENCE REQUIRED BY A TREATMENT PROVIDER AS  
41 A RESULT OF COURT-ORDERED TREATMENT SHALL BE CONSTRUED FOR THE PURPOSES  
42 OF THIS SECTION AS COURT-ORDERED ABSTINENCE. AT THE CONCLUSION OF THE  
43 COURT-ORDERED TRANSDERMAL ALCOHOL MONITORING PERIOD, THE TRANSDERMAL  
44 ALCOHOL REPORT OR A SUMMARY OF ITS CONTENTS SHALL BE FORWARDED TO THE  
45 DEPARTMENT BY THE MONITOR IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY THE COMMISSIONER.

46 (e) NO PERSON SHALL KNOWINGLY RENT, LEASE, OR LEND A MOTOR VEHICLE TO  
47 A PERSON KNOWN TO HAVE HAD HIS OR HER DRIVING PRIVILEGE RESTRICTED TO  
48 VEHICLES EQUIPPED WITH AN IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE UNLESS THE VEHICLE  
49 IS SO EQUIPPED. ANY PERSON WHOSE DRIVING PRIVILEGE IS SO RESTRICTED  
50 SHALL NOTIFY ANY OTHER PERSON WHO RENTS, LEASES, OR LOANS A MOTOR VEHI-  
51 CLE TO HIM OR HER OF SUCH DRIVING RESTRICTION.

52 (F) In addition to any other provisions of law, any person convicted  
53 of a violation of paragraph (a), (b), (c), [or] (d), OR (E) of this  
54 subdivision shall be guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.

1 S 17. Subparagraph (i) of paragraph (a) of subdivision 3 of section  
2 511 of the vehicle and traffic law, as amended by chapter 732 of the  
3 laws of 2006, is amended to read as follows:

4 (i) commits the offense of aggravated unlicensed operation of a motor  
5 vehicle in the second degree as provided in subparagraph (ii), (iii) or  
6 (iv) of paragraph (a) of subdivision two of this section OR HAS A CONDI-  
7 TIONAL LICENSE PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH (A) OF SUBDIVISION SEVEN OF SECTION  
8 ELEVEN HUNDRED NINETY-SIX OF THIS CHAPTER and is operating a motor vehi-  
9 cle while under the influence of alcohol or a drug in violation of  
10 subdivision one, two, two-a, three, four, four-a or five of section  
11 eleven hundred ninety-two of this chapter; or

12 S 18. This act shall take effect on the ninetieth day after it shall  
13 have become a law; provided, however, that the amendments to subdivi-  
14 sions 1, 2, 3 and 4 and paragraph (a) of subdivision 5 of section 1198  
15 of the vehicle and traffic law made by section three of this act, the  
16 amendments to subdivision 8 of section 1198 of the vehicle and traffic  
17 law made by section four of this act and the amendments to subdivision 7  
18 and paragraph (e) of subdivision 9 of section 1198 of the vehicle and  
19 traffic law made by section sixteen of this act shall not affect the  
20 repeal of such section and shall be deemed repealed therewith.